

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 2, 1917.

No. 24, S.]

[Published May 5, 1917.

### CHAPTER 150

AN ACT to create section 1959—22n and subsection 5 of section 172—14 of the statutes, relating to the valuation of fraternal benefit societies by the commissioner of insurance, and making an appropriation.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 1959—22n. Any domestic fraternal benefit society may request the commissioner of insurance to have a valuation of its outstanding certificates and an apportionment of its surplus made by the insurance department. Such society shall pay to the commissioner of insurance a fee not to exceed ten dollars per day for the time actually spent by each employee in making a valuation and apportionment of its surplus. The commissioner of insurance shall pay such valuation fees into the state treasury.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 2, 1917.

No. 63, S.]

[Published May 5, 1917.

### CHAPTER 151

AN ACT to create section 4423d of the statutes, relating to imposters.

*The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 4423d. Any person engaged in soliciting, procuring or attempting to solicit or procure money or other thing of value, by falsely pretending and representing himself to be blind, deaf, dumb, without arms or legs, or to be otherwise physically deficient or to be otherwise suffering from any physical defect or infirmity shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not more than ninety days or by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or both such imprisonment and fine.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved May 2, 1917.

No. 132, S.]

[Published May 5, 1917.

## CHAPTER 152

AN ACT to renumber chapter 44 of the statutes to be chapter 19 thereof; to renumber and amend sections 984 to 990a, inclusive, of the statutes; and to amend sections 2619, 4223, and 4281a of the statutes, relating to actions on official bonds.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Chapter 44 of the statutes is renumbered to be chapter 19 thereof.

SECTION 2. All of section 984 of the statutes down to the semicolon in the last sentence thereof is renumbered to be section 19.01, and amended to read:

19.01 ACTIONS BY THE STATE OR A MUNICIPALITY. Whenever the state or any county, town, city, village, or school district \* \* \* is entitled to recover any damages, money, penalty or forfeiture on any official bond, it shall be the duty of the attorney-general, \* \* \* county chairman \* \* \* town chairman, \* \* \* mayor, \* \* \* village president \* \* \* or school director \* \* \* respectively, to prosecute or cause to be prosecuted all necessary actions \* \* \* in the name of the state, \* \* \* or such municipality, \* \* \* against the officer giving such bond and his sureties for the recovery of such damages, money, penalty, or forfeiture.

SECTION 3. Section 4223 of the statutes, and all of section 984 of the statutes after the semicolon in the last sentence thereof, are consolidated and amended to read:

Section 4223. Within three years:

(1) An action against a sheriff, coroner, town clerk, or constable upon a liability incurred by the doing of an act in his official capacity and in virtue of his office or by the omission of an official duty, including the nonpayment of money collected upon execution; but this subsection shall not apply to an action for an escape.

(2) \* \* \* An action by any county, town, village, city or school district to recover any sum of money by reason of the breach of an official bond; such period to commence running when such municipality receives knowledge of the fact that a default has occurred in some of the conditions of such bond and that it was damaged because thereof.