November 29, 2017

Assembly Committee on Health

Testimony on Assembly Bill 627 – relating to dental reimbursement pilot for MA program

Good morning Chairman Sanfelippo and committee members. Thank you for scheduling Assembly Bill 627 for this public hearing and allowing me an opportunity to present testimony.

With AB 627 we seek to build on progress made in recent years towards increasing access to dental services for Medicaid patients. In the 2015-17 Biennial Budget, the Legislature approved the creation of a dental reimbursement pilot project within the Medical Assistance program. The budget provided \$13.8 million in new funding for the program (\$5.4 million GPR, \$8.4 million FED). This funding is to be used to increase reimbursement rates, at an amount determined by DHS, for dental procedures in four targeted counties: Brown, Marathon, Polk and Racine Counties.

AB 627 builds on this progress by giving DHS greater flexibility in the use of those funds, specifically excess funds. Since the legislature instituted this program it's appropriate that we authorize DHS, if there are remaining funds available, to expand the MA dental reimbursement program to other counties with need. If the funds allocated for the reimbursement increase exceed \$100,000, after providing the reimbursement increase for the initial four counties, DHS would be allowed to use those funds to increase rates in a county or counties it determines has a need.

The historically low reimbursement rate for medicaid dental services has caused two significant challenges that the pilot program is designed to address: 1) Not enough providers willing to accept medicaid patients; and 2) Those that do accept medicaid patients are challenged to recruit dentists due to the direct impact on wages of the low reimbursement rates. DHS has indicated anecdotally that the pilot program has made progress in both of these areas and we expect several of the providers testifying to share more information on that front.

Mr. Chairman, AB 627 is a simple and forward looking bill that lays a framework by authorizing DHS to expand the pilot program, should there be excess funds, to other counties in need. Thank you.

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The Arc Wisconsin P.O. Box 201 Stoughton, WI 53589

T 608.422.4250 Lisa Pugh, State Director pugh@thearc.org arcwi.org

November 21, 2017

To:

Representative Sanfelippo, Chair

Members, Assembly Committee on Health

From:

Lisa Pugh, Executive Director

Re:

Assembly Bill 627, expands a pilot program to increase Medicaid reimbursement

rates for dental services

Position:

Support AB 627

The Arc Wisconsin is a statewide organization that advocates for people with intellectual and developmental disabilities (I/DD). We have 15 Wisconsin chapters and are connected to a network of more than 650 chapters across the country. The Arc is the oldest and largest disability rights advocacy organization in the nation.

Recently our Arc chapter in Richland County reported a dental crisis for people with I/DD living in their communities. They indicate there is more than a three year wait for root canal procedures for Medicaid recipients. They say, "We just can't get the services for a very painful and dangerous condition, so we pull teeth creating more care needs for the future."

People with disabilities in Wisconsin experience significant difficulties in obtaining regular dental care, resulting in many preventable extractions, a high incidence of periodontal disease, and other reduced health outcomes. Data provided by the Wisconsin State Health Plan, *Healthiest Wisconsin 2020*, indicates that 29% of adults with disabilities reported having at least one permanent tooth removed over the past year, and 26% said they had not visited a dentist within the past year. Adults with a disability are also less likely to visit the dentist for a cleaning, check-up, or exam than people without disabilities (47% and 76%, respectively). They are more likely, however, to visit the dentist when something was wrong or causing pain (29% and 12%, respectively), as compared to adults without a disability.

The DHS Medicaid Plan for Monitoring Access to Fee-for-Service Health Care gives us a sense for dental care access in Medicaid, which a majority of people with I/DD rely upon for their dental care. Their data shows that only 37% of licensed dentists are available to serve the Medicaid population, lower than rates for other provider types. 53% of these dentists enrolled as providers in Medicaid were either inactive (not accepting new patients) or reported limited participation in the program. Utilization of dental services in Medicaid varies widely by region, particularly for children.

One major cause of the oral health care gaps for people with disabilities is the low reimbursement rates for dental procedures in Medicaid, and the resulting small number of dentists willing to accept these rates.

<u>Assembly Bill 627</u>, would expand a pilot program to increase Medicaid reimbursement rates for dental services provided to children and emergency dental services for adults. This bill also requires the Department of Health Services to write a report about dental reimbursement rates, including whether they should be increased for additional groups of people.

The Arc Wisconsin and the Survival Coalition support Assembly Bill 627 because we believe the new report will highlight the significant barriers people with disabilities in Wisconsin experience in accessing dental care. This could lead the state to increase dental rates for dental services that people with disabilities need.



Date: Wednesday November 29, 2017

Time: 10am CT

From: Familia Dental

Re: Wisconsin Public Hearing - Assembly Health Committee hearing on AB 627

- The Familia Story
 - o Familia History
 - Founded in 2008
 - 42 Clinics
 - General and Ortho
 - Accept all forms of payments insurance, Medicaid and private pays
 - Accept walk in appointments
 - Headquartered in Schaumburg, IL
 - Familia's mission is to provide convenient, affordable, and quality dentistry to under-served areas to provide needed access to care
 - o History in Wisconsin
 - Opened first clinic in December 2015
 - Today we have 10 clinics in Wisconsin
 - Kenosha
 - Racine
 - 3 Milwaukee Area
 - 2 Madison
 - 2 Green Bay
 - Janesville
- Importance of dental care to one's overall health
- Treating Medicaid patients is an important public service, but it comes with inherent challenges
 - o Lower reimbursements
 - o Patient population sometimes lack sufficient preventive care which results in more difficult clinic cases and health issues
 - o Higher no-show rates for our patients
 - Recruiting challenges for staff and providers
- The benefits of increased rates
 - o They directly impact wages and enhance recruiting efforts
- Why do we support adding more counties to the Medicaid dental reimbursement pilot project and this Bill?
 - o To provide high quality dental care, we need high quality dentist and the dental reimbursement pilot project allows us to provide this care to areas that are most in need of high quality dental work
 - o It can be challenging for providers to provide this access to dentistry with the low reimbursement levels associated with the state Medicaid dental program.
 - We are focused to continue to grow our presence in Wisconsin providing dental care to the underserved communities of this state and this project helps facilitate that care



Date: Wednesday November 29, 2017

Time: 10am CT

From: Familia Dental

Re: Wisconsin Public Hearing – Assembly Health Committee hearing on AB 627

Dr. Mujtaba Khan – Familia, Wisconsin Clinical Regional Manager Testimony for Wisconsin Public Hearing

Good Afternoon,

Thank you for inviting me for an opportunity to speak about this bill. I started working in Green Bay in December of last year. When I came, there were no other providers that accepted Medicaid insurance within a 100 mile radius. I saw firsthand how deprived the community was of oral healthcare. Children were victims of something they had no control over. They were born into misfortune and have had no options to manage or control their pain. Since the previous bill has been introduced, our clinic has expanded and recruitment has increased. Several of my friends have joined our practices in Green Bay. We have worked together with the community, including oral surgeons from Bay Oral Clinic, Oral Health Partnership, and North West Technical College to help patients suffering from no other recourse to their pain. These specialties are now accepting Medicaid insurance for children up to 20 years old. Familia goes a step further. Pain is pain, and age is not a factor that hinders our capability to serve the underserved.

Our mission is to provide comprehensive care to the community regardless of demographics and we need your help in doing so. We have been able to diagnose patients with conditions caused by methanphetamine abuse to saving lives by detecting oral cancers. Even with the increased help from the joint efforts of the community, we have so many patients that are not able to receive the services that we provide. Distance is a major factor inhibiting travel. Patients call Forward Health from all over the state, and we are typically the first providers to answer their call. I have met patients that have traveled more than three hours from Wasau, Stevens Point, and Marinette, to see us since no one accepts Medicaid. Familia Dental is the sole provider for denture work for Medicaid patients. When we need to refer to specialists, providers are so overbooked that patients need to wait over four months to schedule an appointment over two hours away in Milwaukee. These patients are suffering and we need more providers to help end their suffering. Familia Dental strongly supports this bill to increase the number of providers and to better serve our communities.

Thank you, Dr. Khan



P.O. Box7222, Madison, Wisconsin 53707

DATE: November 29, 2017

TO: Representative Sanfelippo, Chair, and Assembly Committee on Health FROM: The Survival Coalition of Wisconsin Disability Organizations

RE: Support for Assembly Bill 627, dental reimbursement rates

The Survival Coalition of Wisconsin Disability Organizations is comprised of over 30 statewide groups representing people with all disabilities and all ages, their family members, advocates and providers of disability services. We would like to voice our support for Assembly Bill 627, which seeks to address the serious dental care access issues within Medicaid.

Survival Coalition appreciates the Legislature's efforts to address oral health care disparities in Wisconsin, and we thank Representative Bernier and Senator Moulton for bringing this legislation forward. AB 627 will expand the dental reimbursement rate pilot program within Medicaid and require a report on the program's effectiveness. Survival supports the new reporting requirement created by this legislation that will draw attention to areas of the state where Medicaid recipients have the greatest need for dental care and services and those who may benefit from the pilot project, as we believe it will highlight the serious access issues faced by people with disabilities.

People with disabilities in Wisconsin experience difficulties in obtaining regular dental care, resulting in many preventable extractions, a high incidence of periodontal disease, and other reduced health outcomes. Data provided by the Wisconsin State Health Plan, *Healthiest Wisconsin 2020*, indicates that 29% of adults with disabilities reported having at least one permanent tooth removed over the past year, and 26% said they had not visited a dentist within the past year. Adults with a disability are also less likely to visit the dentist for a cleaning, check-up, or exam than people without disabilities (47% and 76%, respectively). They are more likely, however, to visit the dentist when something was wrong or causing pain (29% and 12%, respectively), as compared to adults without a disability.

One major cause of the oral health care gaps for people with disabilities is the low reimbursement rates for dental procedures in Medicaid, and the resulting small number of dentists willing to accept these rates. The Department of Health Services issued a Medicaid Plan for Monitoring Access to Fee-for-Service Health Care in 2016, which highlighted this issue. DHS found that only 37% of licensed dentists in Wisconsin were enrolled in the Medicaid program. Of those dentists that were enrolled as Medicaid providers, the majority (53%) were either inactive or had only limited participation. As a result of this report, DHS said they would make improving access to dental services a priority within Medicaid. The report created by AB 627 will help highlight the

ongoing need to prioritize dental care and provide additional data to help guide state decision-making.

Survival Coalition is also concerned by the lack of specialty clinics and providers, specifically in the area of sedation dentistry, which is a critical issue facing people with disabilities. This problem was most recently brought to light by the closure of the Max W. Pohle Dental Clinic in Madison, Wisconsin in 2015. Due to the lack of specialty providers in Wisconsin, the only option for many former Max Pohle patients was to travel to the University Of Minnesota School Of Dentistry in Minneapolis, which had a months-long waiting list. Meriter Hospital hired one community dentist position and resumed offering limited sedation dentistry services to special needs patients in the summer of 2016. While this is an important development, there is still a significant need to build capacity throughout Wisconsin.

Building provider capacity and improving access to oral health care are complicated issues, and we applaud the Legislature for continuing this important dialogue. Several potential strategies for improving access to oral health care for people with disabilities recommended by Survival Coalition include:

- Correcting the current inequity in the SSI Managed Care Program (dental care is included in SSIMC in some southeast Wisconsin counties but not in the other SSI MC counties);
- Expanding the availability of dental care at community health clinics;
- Increasing the number of dentists and facilitates that accommodate sedation dentistry; and
- Improving the Medicaid reimbursement rates for dental care.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide input on this legislation. We look forward to working with you in the future on ways to improve access to quality dental care for people with disabilities.

Sincerely,

Survival Co-Chairs:

Maureen Ryan, moryan@charter.net; (608) 444-3842; Beth Swedeen, beth.swedeen@wisconsin.gov; (608) 266-1166; Kristin M. Kerschensteiner, kitk@drwi.org; (608) 267-0214; Lisa Pugh, pugh@thearc.org; (608) 422-4250

Survival Coalition Issue Teams: education, employment, housing, long term care for adults, long term care for children, mental health, transportation, workforce, voting, Medicaid and health care.

Real Lives, Real Work, Real Smart, Wisconsin Investing in People with Disabilities

Scott Walker Governor

Linda Seemeyer

Secretary



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November 29, 2017

To:

Members of the Assembly Committee on Health

From: Michael Heifetz, Medicaid Director

Re:

Assembly Bill 627

Access to dental care is a critical challenge for Wisconsin Medicaid members - children and adults. Wisconsin ranks 50th in the nation in dental utilization among Medicaid children according to a 2014 report by the Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). In Federal Fiscal Year 2016, Wisconsin had a dental utilization rate of 31 percent for Medicaid children versus the national average of 48 percent.

The Wisconsin Medicaid program has faced substantial challenges in enrolling private dentists to serve Medicaid members. In 2014, only 37% of licensed Wisconsin dentists enrolled to participate in the Wisconsin Medicaid program. This compares to 85% of licensed Wisconsin primary care physicians. Moreover, among enrolled dentists, few had high levels of actual participation. Only 47 percent of Medicaid-enrolled dentists served 26 or more members in 2014 and 20 percent of Medicaid-enrolled dentists did not serve any Medicaid members in 2014. The limited participation of private dentists has significantly shifted dental service delivery in the Medicaid program to safety net providers and volunteer clinics.

As you are aware, Medicaid payment rates have often been cited as the main cause of low provider participation; however, it is important to note that while Wisconsin's dental utilization rates were lower than neighboring states, Wisconsin Medicaid's payment rates for dental care prior to the targeted rate increase program ranged from 89 percent to 155 percent of those of neighboring states. Thus, reimbursement rates alone are not necessarily the only barrier to access to care.

In October 2016, the Department implemented the targeted rate increase authorized by 2015 Wisconsin Act 55 (the 2015-17 Biennial Budget), with the goal of using select counties to test the hypothesis that enhanced Medicaid payment rates will substantively improve provider participation and, therefore, access to care for our members. This program demonstrates the Legislature's leadership and recognition that dental access is an important challenge, and that funding may be an important piece of this puzzle.

Under the targeted rate increase, the Department increased Medicaid payment rates for pediatric dental services and adult emergency dental services provided in Brown, Marathon,

Polk, and Racine counties. In the first year of the program, a total of 62 new dentists and 8 new dental hygienists enrolled as Medicaid providers within the aforementioned counties. Approximately 30,000 children and 10,000 adults received dental services eligible for the increased dental rates. These services were provided by a combination of new providers and existing providers enrolled in these 4 counties.

It is premature to reach broad conclusions regarding the long-term impact of the dental targeted rate increase program. The Division of Medicaid Services is working with the Division of Public Health and the UW Population Health Institute to generate a formal evaluation to assess and evaluate the successes and limitations of such an approach. This report is expected to be completed in Fall of 2018.

Within this context, Assembly Bill 627 (AB 627) would require the Department to add additional counties to the targeted rate increase program if the 2015-2017 authorized budget amount exceeds \$100,000 of actual program expenditures. While this legislation is well-intended, the payment rates for the targeted rate increase were established to equal the authorized budget amount; thus, expenditures for the targeted rate increase have equaled or exceeded the authorized budget amounts to date. Therefore, the funding necessary to expand the targeted rate increase to additional counties, as articulated in AB 627, would need to be allocated by the legislature. Perhaps more importantly, any decisions to expand this program should be based on the data and analytic results that will be provided by the formal evaluation referenced above.

Although the preliminary results of the dental rate increase program are encouraging, improving access to dental care will require policy solutions that go beyond simply increasing payment rates to dentists. Clearly, private dental practices are critical to improving access to dental care in the Medicaid program, and we look forward to continuing our partnership with the dental community to provide care to Medicaid members as part of their normal business. However, if participation by private dental practices in the program remains largely unchanged and access to dental care remains problematic for Medicaid members, other care models that leverage emerging types of dental practitioners, such as dental therapists and expanded functions for dental hygienists, will likely be needed to fill the gap for Medicaid members. Similarly, alternative dental managed care models utilized in other states will also need to be explored.

The Department continues its commitment to improving dental access for Medicaid members, while recognizing that Medicaid funding is only one part of this challenge. The Department looks forward to continuing to work with the Legislature to meet the needs of our members and ensure taxpayer resources are being utilized appropriately.