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LRB-0509/1 EHS:amn

# 2021 ASSEMBLY BILL 49

February 10, 2021 - Introduced by Representatives Edming, Armstrong, Callahan, Krug, Milroy, Moses, Mursau, Plumer, Rozar, Skowronski, Spiros, Tauchen and VanderMeer, cosponsored by Senators Petrowski, Bewley, Cowles and Marklein. Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

AN ACT to repeal 29.889 (2) (c), 29.889 (2) (d), 29.889 (3), 29.889 (4) (a), 29.889 (6) (a), 29.889 (7) (b) 4., 29.889 (7) (bm) and 29.89 (3) (a); to renumber 29.889 (7m) (ar) 1. and 2.; to consolidate, renumber and amend 29.889 (5) (b) and (c); to amend 20.370 (5) (fq), 29.889 (2) (a), 29.889 (4) (b), 29.889 (4) (c), 29.889 (5) (a), 29.889 (5) (bm), 29.889 (5) (bs), 29.889 (6) (d), 29.889 (6) (em), 29.889 (6) (f), 29.889 (7) (a), 29.889 (7) (b) (intro.), 29.889 (7) (b) 2., 29.889 (7) (b) 3., 29.889 (7) (d) 2., 29.889 (7m) (a), 29.889 (7m) (ar) (intro.), 29.889 (8g), 29.889 (8r) and 29.89 (5) (b) 2. c.; and to create 29.889 (5) (d) and 29.889 (7m) (ar) 2m. of the statutes; relating to: the wildlife damage abatement program and the wildlife damage claim program.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes changes to the wildlife damage abatement program and the wildlife damage claim program.

Current law authorizes a person who owns, leases, or controls land on which certain wild animals cause damage to crops or livestock (wildlife damage) to apply to the county for wildlife damage claim payments and for wildlife damage abatement

assistance (wildlife damage payments). Wildlife damage for which a person is eligible to receive wildlife damage payments includes damage caused by deer, bears, geese, and cougars, as well as elk and sandhill cranes if hunting those animals is authorized. Current law requires that, to be eligible for wildlife damage payments, the location must be in a county that participates in the administration of these programs. A county must apply to the Department of Natural Resources to administer these programs, including in its application a plan of administration that meets certain requirements. Once approved, DNR provides funding to the county for the costs incurred in administering these programs.

Under current law and DNR rule, a county pays 75 percent of the actual costs of providing wildlife damage abatement assistance, for which it is reimbursed by DNR, and the person receiving the assistance pays 25 percent of the costs. DNR pays wildlife damage claims directly.

Effective January 1, 2022, this bill removes counties from the administration of these programs and requires DNR to administer the programs instead. The bill specifies that, if DNR provides wildlife damage abatement assistance to a person, it must determine the actual cost of providing that assistance and pay 75 percent of that cost, leaving the remaining 25 percent as the responsibility of the recipient. The bill eliminates a \$10,000 limit under current law on the total amount that may be paid to a claimant for each damage claim. The bill maintains the current law requirement that DNR pay claimants on a prorated basis if there is not a sufficient amount appropriated to pay all claims.

The bill also eliminates the requirement under current law that a county participate in the administration of these programs in order to be eligible for reimbursement by DNR for the costs that the county incurs in processing and donating venison from certain deer carcasses and in processing and donating meat from certain wild turkey carcasses.

Under current law, the type of wildlife damage that is eligible for wildlife damage claim payments is limited to damage to commercial seedings or crops growing on agricultural land, damage to crops that have been harvested for sale or further use but that have not been removed from the agricultural land, damage to orchard trees or nursery stock, and damage to apiaries or livestock. This bill adds that damage to commercial seedings or crops growing on agricultural land caused by operating a vehicle in a field in order to place a bear trap under the wildlife damage abatement program is eligible for a wildlife damage claim payment.

Under current law, if the amount of a wildlife damage claim exceeds \$500 but does not exceed \$5,250, the claimant is paid 100 percent of the amount, and if the amount of the claim exceeds \$5,250, the claimant is paid that amount plus 80 percent of the amount that exceeds \$5,250. This bill increases the wildlife damage claim amount threshold from \$5,250 to \$5,500.

Under current law, with certain exceptions, a person may receive wildlife damage payments only if the person opens the land for hunting the type of animal that caused the wildlife damage. Under this bill, this hunting requirement does not apply to a person who receives wildlife damage abatement assistance to acquire a

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bear trap for land the person leases if the person waives any eligibility to receive a wildlife damage claim payment for damage caused by bears.

Under the bill, effective June 30, 2021, DNR must require all bear traps acquired with wildlife damage abatement assistance to be equipped with remote monitors, including traps placed under the program prior to the effective date of the bill.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 20.370 (5) (fq) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.370 (**5**) (fq) *Wildlife damage claims and abatement*. All moneys received under ss. 29.181, 29.559 (1r), and 29.563 (13) and not appropriated under par. (fr) and subs. (1) (hs), (hx), and (Ls) and (5) (fs) to provide state aid for the wildlife damage abatement program under s. 29.889 (5) (e) (b) and the wildlife damage claim program under s. 29.889 (7) (d), for eounty administration costs under s. 29.889 (2) (d), and for payments under s. 29.89.

**SECTION 2.** 29.889 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (2) (a) Assistance <u>Administration</u>. The department shall assist counties in developing develop and administering administer the wildlife damage abatement and wildlife damage claim programs. The department shall provide this assistance through technical aid, program guidance, research, demonstration, funding, plan review, audit and evaluation services.

- **Section 3.** 29.889 (2) (c) of the statutes is repealed.
- **SECTION 4.** 29.889 (2) (d) of the statutes is repealed.
- **SECTION 5.** 29.889 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
- 17 **Section 6.** 29.889 (4) (a) of the statutes is repealed.
- **SECTION 7.** 29.889 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (4) (b) Filing of application. In order to be eligible for wildlife damage abatement assistance, a person is required to file an application with the participating county department in a form acceptable to the county department. An owner or lessee of land, a person who controls land, or an owner of an apiary or livestock may file an application.

**SECTION 8.** 29.889 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (4) (c) Other eligibility requirements. In order to be eligible for wildlife damage abatement assistance, a person is required to comply with eligibility requirements adopted by the department under sub. (2) (b) and with eligibility requirements specified in the plan administration under sub. (3) (c).

**Section 9.** 29.889 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 **(5)** (a) Review. A participating county The department shall review each application for wildlife damage abatement assistance to determine if wildlife damage is occurring or likely to occur.

**SECTION 10.** 29.889 (5) (b) and (c) of the statutes are consolidated, renumbered 29.889 (5) (b) and amended to read:

29.889 (5) (b) Assistance. A participating county The department may provide wildlife damage assistance where wildlife damage is occurring or is likely to occur for the reimbursement of costs associated with wildlife damage abatement measures if the measures are authorized in the plan of administration under sub. (3) (c) 2. (c) State aid. The rules adopted by the department under sub. (2) (b) and are carried out in full compliance with the direction of the department. If the department provides wildlife damage abatement assistance to a person, the department shall determine the actual cost of providing that wildlife damage abatement assistance.

The department shall pay participating counties 75 percent of the actual cost of

providing wildlife damage abatement assistance if wildlife damage abatement
measures are carried out in full compliance with the direction of the county and with
funding requirements adopted under sub. (2) (b) and shall require the recipient to
be responsible for the remaining 25 percent of that cost.
<b>SECTION 11.</b> 29.889 (5) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:
29.889 (5) (bm) Cost-effectiveness of abatement. A participating county The
department may recommend only those wildlife damage abatement measures that
are cost-effective in relation to the wildlife damage claim payments that would be
paid if the wildlife damage abatement measures are not implemented.
<b>Section 12.</b> 29.889 (5) (bs) of the statutes is amended to read:
29.889 (5) (bs) Abatement authorized. Notwithstanding par. (bm), for damage
caused by elk to crops or grasses grown for use by a bird hunting preserve licensed
under ch. 169, a participating county the department may recommend fencing the
affected property as a damage abatement measure.
<b>Section 13.</b> 29.889 (5) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
29.889 (5) (d) Bear traps. The department shall require that any bear trap
acquired with wildlife damage abatement assistance be equipped with a remote
monitor.
SECTION 14. 29.889 (6) (a) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>Section 15.</b> 29.889 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
29.889 (6) (d) Compliance with wildlife damage abatement measures. In order
to be eligible for wildlife damage claim payments for an occurrence of wildlife
damage, a person seeking wildlife damage claim payments shall have complied with
any wildlife damage abatement measures to abate that wildlife damage that were
recommended by the county department.

	SECTION 16.	<b>16.</b> 29.889 (6	3) (6	em) of	the	statutes	is	amended	to	rea	c	1:
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29.889 (6) (em) Type of wildlife damage. The type of wildlife damage that is eligible for wildlife damage claim payments shall be limited to damage to commercial seedings or crops growing on agricultural land, damage to crops that have been harvested for sale or further use but that have not been removed from the agricultural land, damage to orchard trees or nursery stock, or damage to apiaries or livestock. Damage to commercial seedings or crops growing on agricultural land caused by operating a vehicle in a field in order to place a bear trap pursuant to the wildlife damage abatement program is eligible for wildlife damage claim payment.

**Section 17.** 29.889 (6) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (6) (f) Other eligibility requirements. In order to be eligible for wildlife damage claim payments, a person is required to comply with eligibility requirements adopted by the department under sub. (2) (b) and with eligibility requirements specified in the plan of administration under sub. (3) (c).

**Section 18.** 29.889 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (7) (a) *Investigation*. A participating county The department shall investigate each statement of claim and determine the total amount of the wildlife damage that occurred, regardless of the amount that may be eligible for payment under par. (b).

**SECTION 19.** 29.889 (7) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (7) (b) Calculating amount of payment. (intro.) In calculating the amount of the wildlife damage claim payment to be paid for a claim under par. (a), the participating county department shall determine the amount as follows:

**Section 20.** 29.889 (7) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

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29.889 (7) (b) 2. If the amount of claim is more than \$500 but not more than \$5,250 \$5,500, the claimant will be paid 100 percent of the amount of the claim that exceeds \$500.

**SECTION 21.** 29.889 (7) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (7) (b) 3. If the amount of the claim is more than \$5,250 \$5,500, the claimant will be paid the amount calculated under subd. 2., plus 80 percent of the amount of the claim that exceeds \$5,250, subject to subd. 4. \$5,500.

**SECTION 22.** 29.889 (7) (b) 4. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 23.** 29.889 (7) (bm) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 24.** 29.889 (7) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (7) (d) 2. The department shall pay claimants under subd. 1. from the appropriation under s. 20.370 (5) (fq) after first deducting from s. 20.370 (5) (fq) payments made for county administrative costs under sub. (2) (d) and payments made for wildlife damage abatement assistance under sub. (5) (e) (b). If the amount remaining after these deductions from the appropriation under s. 20.370 (5) (fq) are not sufficient to pay the full amount required under subd. 1., the department shall pay claimants on a prorated basis.

**Section 25.** 29.889 (7m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

29.889 (7m) (a) Requirements. A person who receives wildlife damage abatement assistance or wildlife damage claim payments and any other person who owns, leases, or controls the land where the wildlife damage occurred shall permit hunting of the type of wild animals causing the wildlife damage on that land and on contiguous land under the same ownership, lease or control, subject to par. (ae). In order to satisfy the requirement to permit hunting under this subsection, the land shall be open to hunting during the appropriate open season. The county, with the

1	assistance of the department, shall determine the acreage of land suitable for
2	hunting.
3	Section 26. 29.889 (7m) (ar) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	29.889 (7m) (ar) Exemption; land not required to be open to hunting. (intro.)
5	The requirement under par. (a) does not apply to -a- any of the following:
6	1m. A person to whom the department grants a shooting permit for deer
7	causing damage that is issued as an abatement measure recommended under this
8	section if all of the following apply:
9	<b>Section 27.</b> 29.889 (7m) (ar) 1. and 2. of the statutes are renumbered 29.889
10	(7m) (ar) 1m. a. and b.
11	Section 28. 29.889 (7m) (ar) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:
12	29.889 (7m) (ar) 2m. A person who acquires a bear trap with wildlife damage
13	abatement assistance under this section if all of the following apply:
14	a. The person leases the land on which the trap is placed.
15	b. The person waives any eligibility to receive a wildlife damage claim payment
16	under sub. (7) for wildlife damage caused by bears.
17	<b>SECTION 29.</b> 29.889 (8g) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	29.889 (8g) Review. A participating county's The department's determination
19	of the amount of wildlife damage, the amount of a wildlife damage claim, or the
20	amount of wildlife damage abatement assistance shall be treated as $\underline{a}$ final decisions
21	decision for purposes of review.
22	<b>Section 30.</b> 29.889 (8r) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	29.889 (8r) Records; entry to land. (a) Records. A person receiving wildlife
24	damage abatement assistance or wildlife damage claim payments shall retain all
25	records as required by the participating county or the department and make them

1	available to the participating county or the department for inspection at reasonable
2	times.
3	(b) Entry to land. The department or a participating county may enter and
4	inspect, at reasonable times, any land for which a wildlife damage claim has been
5	filed or for which wildlife damage abatement measures have been implemented.
6	(c) Responsibilities. No person may refuse entry or access to or withhold
7	records from the department or the participating county under this subsection. No
8	person may obstruct or interfere with an inspection by the department or a
9	participating county under this subsection. The department or participating county,
10	if requested, shall furnish to the person a report setting forth all of the factual
11	findings by the department or participating county that relate to the inspection.
12	SECTION 31. 29.89 (3) (a) of the statutes is repealed.
13	<b>Section 32.</b> 29.89 (5) (b) 2. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	29.89 (5) (b) 2. c. Moneys are available under s. 20.370 (5) (fq) after first
15	deducting from s. 20.370 (5) (fq) payments made for county administrative costs,
16	payments made for wildlife damage abatement assistance, and wildlife damage
17	claim payments under s. 29.889.
18	Section 33. Initial applicability.
19	(1) Remote monitoring of Bear traps. The treatment of s. 29.889 (5) (d) first
20	applies to a bear trap acquired with wildlife damage abatement assistance on July
21	2, 1983.
22	Section 34. Effective dates. This act takes effect on January 1, 2022, except
23	as follows:
24	(1) Remote monitoring of Bear traps. The treatment of s. 29.889 (5) (d) and

Section  $33\ (1)$  of this act take effect on June  $30,\ 2021.$ 

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(2) Types of eligible damage and hunting land exemption. The treatment of
$s.\ 20.889\ (6)\ (em)\ and\ (7m)\ (ar)\ (intro.),\ 1.,\ 2.,\ and\ 2m.\ takes\ effect\ on\ the\ day\ after the support of the property of the$
publication.

(END)