

State of Misconsin 2021 - 2022 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1650/1 EVM:amn

2021 ASSEMBLY BILL 114

February 18, 2021 – Introduced by Representatives BRANDTJEN, ARMSTRONG, KNODL, MOSES and WICHGERS, cosponsored by Senators WANGGAARD, L. TAYLOR, DARLING, COWLES, FEYEN and JACQUE. Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety.

1	AN ACT to renumber 62.13 (3); to renumber and amend 62.13 (1), 62.50 (1h)
2	and 62.50 (6); <i>to amend</i> 19.42 (7w) (c), 60.57 (2), 61.65 (3g) (d) 1. a., 62.13 (2)
3	(a), 62.13 (6m) (intro.), 62.50 (21) and 62.51 (1) (a); <i>to repeal and recreate</i>
4	62.50 (1e); and to create 62.13 (1b), 62.13 (1m) (a) 2., 62.13 (1m) (d),
5	(e),62.13(3)(b),62.13(3)(c),62.13(3)(d),62.13(3m),62.50(1h)(b),62.50(1h)
6	(f) 1., 62.50 (1h) (f) 3., 62.50 (5g), 62.50 (5m), 62.50 (6) (b), 62.50 (6) (c) and 62.50 (c)
7	(21m) of the statutes; relating to: boards of police and fire commissioners and
8	protective services departments in populous cities.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes a number of changes that affect the board of fire and police commissioners of a first class city (presently only Milwaukee), the board of police and fire commissioners of a second class city with a population of 200,000 or more (presently only Madison) (jointly referred to as affected PFC boards), and the protective services departments of first class cities and second class cities with a population of 200,000 or more (jointly, populous cities). The changes include altering the makeup of affected PFC boards, requiring certain training for affected PFC board members, establishing certain requirements related to hiring and oversight of chiefs of protective services departments in populous cities, creating an executive director

or independent monitor position in populous cities, and altering the judicial review process for police and fire department disciplinary cases in a first class city.

Under current law, the board of fire and police commissioners of a first class city consists of seven or nine members selected by the mayor. Boards of police and fire commissioners of other cities, including a second class city, consist of five members selected by the mayor. Under this bill, a board of fire and police commissioners of a first class city consists of nine members selected by the mayor, and confirmed by the common council. The board of a police and fire commission of a second class city with a population of 200,000 or more consists of seven members selected by the mayor. Each of these boards must contain at least one member selected from a list provided by each of 1) the employee association that represents nonsupervisory law enforcement officers and 2) the employee association that represents fire fighters.

This bill provides a method for selecting members of affected PFC boards when the mayor fails to make an appointment to a vacant position. If the mayor fails to make an appointment within 120 days of the occurrence of a vacancy, the common council may make the appointment, except when the vacant position is one that must be filled from one of the lists described above. In this case, the association that provided the list may make the appointment without confirmation by the common council.

In a first class city, a three-member panel of the board of fire and police commissioners may conduct and decide a trial to evaluate a complaint against a member of the police or fire department. This bill specifies that when a three-member panel conducts such a trial, at least one member of the panel must have professional law enforcement experience if the accused is a police officer, and at least one such member must have professional fire fighting experience if the accused is a fire fighter.

The bill also requires each member of an affected PFC board to take a training class provided by the city in which it operates. The training class must cover the mission and role of the board, the procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings, the conduct policies of the police and fire departments, and use of force guidelines of the police department. A member may not participate in any action of the board until he or she completes the training class and any other training required by the city.

The bill also creates the office of executive director in a first class city and the office of independent monitor in a second class city with a population of 200,000 or more. Despite the different titles, these positions have the same duties and requirements. This person acts as the principal staff of an affected PFC board, reviews certain situations or investigations involving the police or fire department, evaluates police and fire department policies and practices, and issues periodic reports to the public relating to the status and outcome of complaints that have been filed. The executive director or independent monitor is appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the common council and serves a four-year term, at the pleasure of the board.

This bill also specifies the following related to affected PFC boards:

1. When an affected PFC board appoints a protective services chief, the board must meet in closed session with representatives of the employee association whose members will serve under the proposed chief.

2. When an affected PFC board appoints a protective services chief, the board must hold at least two public meetings to hear comments from residents of the city and other interested persons.

3. When a member is appointed to an affected PFC board, the common council must hold two public hearings that include public comment periods with regard to the appointments.

4. If an affected PFC board accepts an additional application for chief of police after the application period for accepting these applications has closed, the board must reopen the application period for an additional seven days.

5. If the common council adopts a resolution by a two-thirds majority to conduct a performance review of a protective services chief, an affected PFC board must conduct the review and provide a written report to the common council.

6. A PFC board member may not continue in office after the expiration of his or her term, unless reappointed and, in a first class city, confirmed.

Currently, if a board of fire and police commissioners of a first class city discharges, suspends, or reduces in rank an officer or member of the police or fire department, the disciplined person may appeal that decision to a circuit court. This bill specifies the scope of review under which a court is to review an appeal of this sort. Under the bill, a court must review the evidence independently and without deference to the board's findings; must reverse the board's decision if it finds that fairness or correctness of the action has been impaired by material or procedural errors; and must set aside or modify the board's decision if it finds that the board erroneously interpreted a provision of law, or may remand the case to the board for further action that is consistent with current law. The bill also requires the court to reverse the board's decision if it finds that the board's exercise of discretion is outside of its delegated powers; is inconsistent with a board rule, policy, or practice, unless the board's deviation is adequately explained; or violates the constitution or the statutes. The bill also authorizes a court to take additional testimony, depositions, and interrogatories, and to grant requests for additional discovery.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 19.42 $(7w)$ (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	19.42 (7w) (c) An appointive office or position of a local governmental unit

3 which an individual serves for a specified term, including a member of a board

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1	created under s. 60.57, 61.65, 62.13, or 62.50, except a position limited to the exercise
2	of ministerial action or a position filled by an independent contractor.
3	SECTION 2. 60.57 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	60.57 (2) A board created under this section shall be organized in the same
5	manner as boards of police and fire commissioners under s. $62.13 (1) (1m) (a) 1$.
6	SECTION 3. 61.65 (3g) (d) 1. a. of the statutes is amended to read:
7	61.65 (3g) (d) 1. a. A board created under this section shall be organized in the
8	same manner as boards of police and fire commissioners under s. 62.13 (1) (1m) (a)
9	<u>1</u> .
10	SECTION 4. 62.13 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 62.13 (1m) (a) 1. and
11	amended to read:
12	62.13 (1m) (a) 1. Except as provided in <u>subd. 2. and</u> subs. (2g), (2m), (2s), and
13	(8) (b), each city shall have a board of police and fire commissioners consisting of 5 $$
14	citizens, 3 of whom shall constitute a quorum.
15	(b) The mayor shall annually, between the last Monday of April and the first
16	Monday of May, appoint in writing to be filed with the secretary of the board, one
17	member <u>of a board under par. (a)</u> for a term of 5 years. <u>For a 2nd class city with a</u>
18	population of 200,000 or more in a year in which the terms of 2 members expire, the
19	mayor may appoint a 2nd member of a board under par. (a) 2. in the same manner
20	for a term of 5 years. Except as provided in par. (a) 2. a., if the mayor of a 2nd class
21	city with a population of 200,000 or more fails to make an appointment within 120
22	days of a vacancy occurring, the common council may make the appointment. No
23	appointment shall <u>may</u> be made which <u>that</u> will result in more than 3 members of
24	the board belonging to the same political party. <u>The common council of a 2nd class</u>

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1	city with a population of 200,000 or more shall hold 2 public hearings that include
2	public comment periods with regard to each appointment to the board.
3	(c) The <u>A</u> board shall keep a record of its proceedings.
4	SECTION 5. 62.13 (1b) of the statutes is created to read:
5	62.13 (1b) DEFINITION. In this section, "board" means a board of police and fire
6	commissioners under sub. (1m) (a) or a joint board of police and fire commissioners
7	under sub. (2) (b) or (2m) (b).
8	SECTION 6. 62.13 $(1m)$ (a) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
9	62.13 (1m) (a) 2. a. Each 2nd class city with a population of 200,000 or more
10	shall have a board of police and fire commissioners consisting of 7 members,
11	including at least one member selected from a list submitted by the employee
12	association that represents nonsupervisory law enforcement officers and at least one
13	member selected from a list submitted by the employee association that represents
14	fire fighters. Lists of individuals submitted for selection under this subd. 2. a. shall
15	contain 5 names. Individuals included in a list submitted under this subd. 2. a. by
16	an employee association that represents nonsupervisory law enforcement officers or
17	fire fighters shall have professional law enforcement experience or professional fire
18	fighting experience, respectively, and shall be at least 5 years removed from service
19	as a professional law enforcement officer or fire fighter, respectively. If the mayor
20	fails to make an appointment that is required to be selected from a list under this
21	subd. 2. a. within 120 days of a vacancy occurring, the association that provided the
22	list may make the appointment. Notwithstanding par. (b), the initial term of the
23	member selected from a list submitted by the employee association that represents
24	nonsupervisory law enforcement officers shall be 2 years and the initial term of the
25	member selected from a list submitted by the employee association that represents

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1	fire fighters shall be 5 years. The members selected from lists submitted by employee
2	associations that represent nonsupervisory law enforcement officers and fire
-	fighters shall comply with any residency requirements that apply to current
4	members of the police or fire department, respectively, of the city.
5	b. A board member of a 2nd class city with a population of 200,000 or more may
6	not continue in office after the expiration of his or her term, unless the member is
7	reappointed to the board.
8	c. Five members constitute a quorum of a board under this subdivision.
9	SECTION 7. 62.13 (1m) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
10	62.13 (1m) (d) 1. The city shall provide a training class for members of the
11	board. The city may provide this class directly or in another manner, including by
12	contracting with another person. The training class shall cover all of the following:
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13	a. The mission and role of the board.
$\frac{13}{14}$	a. The mission and role of the board.b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section,
14	b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section,
$14\\15$	b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section, including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract
14 15 16	b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section, including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract between the city and employee associations that represent nonsupervisory law
14 15 16 17	b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section, including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract between the city and employee associations that represent nonsupervisory law enforcement officers or fire fighters.
14 15 16 17 18	 b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section, including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract between the city and employee associations that represent nonsupervisory law enforcement officers or fire fighters. c. The conduct policies of the police and fire departments.
14 15 16 17 18 19	 b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section, including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract between the city and employee associations that represent nonsupervisory law enforcement officers or fire fighters. c. The conduct policies of the police and fire departments. d. Use of force guidelines of the police department.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section, including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract between the city and employee associations that represent nonsupervisory law enforcement officers or fire fighters. c. The conduct policies of the police and fire departments. d. Use of force guidelines of the police department. 2. Not later than the first day of the 7th month beginning after the mayor files
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section, including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract between the city and employee associations that represent nonsupervisory law enforcement officers or fire fighters. c. The conduct policies of the police and fire departments. d. Use of force guidelines of the police department. 2. Not later than the first day of the 7th month beginning after the mayor files the appointment of a member of the board with the secretary of the board, the

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1	3. Notwithstanding sub. (5), no member may participate in any board action
2	until he or she completes the training class under subd. 1. and any other training
3	required by the city.
4	4. This paragraph applies only in a 2nd class city with a population of 200,000
5	or more.
6	SECTION 8. 62.13 (1m) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
7	62.13 (1m) (e) All employees of the board of a 2nd class city with a population
8	of 200,000 or more shall be nonpartisan.
9	SECTION 9. 62.13 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	62.13 (2) (a) Except as provided under sub. (6m), subs. (1) (1m) to (6) shall not
11	apply to cities of less than 4,000 population except by ordinance adopted by a
12	majority of all the members of the council. A repealing ordinance may be adopted
13	by a like vote.
14	SECTION 10. 62.13 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 62.13 (3) (a).
15	SECTION 11. 62.13 (3) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
16	62.13 (3) (b) Before appointing a chief of police, chief of the fire department, or
17	chief of a combined protective services department under this subsection, the board
18	of a 2nd class city with a population of 200,000 or more shall do all of the following:
19	1. Meet in closed session under s. 19.85 (1) (c) with representatives of the
20	nonsupervisory employee association whose members will serve under the proposed
21	chief.
22	2. Hold at least 2 public meetings to hear comments from residents of the city
23	and other interested persons.
24	SECTION 12. 62.13 (3) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	62.13 (3) (c) If the board of a 2nd class city with a population of 200,000 or more
2	accepts an additional application for chief of police after the application period for
3	accepting these applications has closed, the board shall reopen the application period
4	for an additional 7 days beginning on the date it accepted the late application.
5	SECTION 13. 62.13 (3) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
6	62.13 (3) (d) 1. If the common council adopts a resolution by a two-thirds vote
7	of the members-elect, as defined in s. 59.001 (2m), to conduct a performance review
8	of the chief of police, the chief of the fire department, or the chief of a combined
9	protective services department, the board shall conduct the review and provide a
10	written report to the common council.
11	2. At least once each year, the chief of police and the chief of the fire department,
12	or the chief of a combined protective services department, shall meet with the
13	members of the common council at a regular meeting of the council.
14	3. Upon request by the common council or any committee of the common
15	council, the chair of the board, the vice chair of the board, or the independent monitor
16	under sub. (3m) shall attend a meeting of the common council or a committee of the
17	common council.
18	4. This paragraph applies only in a 2nd class city with a population of 200,000
19	or more.
20	SECTION 14. 62.13 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
21	62.13 (3m) INDEPENDENT MONITOR. (a) No later than the 2nd Monday in June
22	occurring after the effective date of the paragraph [LRB inserts date], the 2nd
23	Monday in June immediately preceding the expiration of the regular term of office
24	of the independent monitor, or within 60 days of a vacancy in the position, the board
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shall submit to the mayor a list of 3 qualified candidates for the position of

1 independent monitor. Before submitting the list of candidates to the mayor, the $\mathbf{2}$ board shall publicly announce the proposed list and hold a public hearing that 3 includes a public comment period with regard to the list. No later than 30 days after 4 receiving the list, the mayor shall appoint an individual selected from the list as $\mathbf{5}$ independent monitor. The individual appointed is subject to confirmation by the 6 common council.

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(b) The common council shall fix the salary or other compensation of the 8 independent monitor.

9 (c) The initial regular term of office of the independent monitor is 4 years from 10 the 2nd Monday in July occurring after the effective date of this paragraph [LRB 11 inserts date]. Thereafter, the regular term of office is 4 years from the 2nd Monday 12in July following appointment of an independent monitor to a regular term under this subsection. An independent monitor appointed under this subsection may 1314 continue to hold office until a successor is appointed and confirmed.

15(d) 1. An independent monitor may be removed by a majority vote of the board 16 in open session.

172. Notwithstanding s. 17.12 (1) (c), an independent monitor may not be 18 removed by the mayor.

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(e) The independent monitor shall do all of the following:

20 1. Act as the principal staff of the board in exercising the board's functions and 21powers under this section.

222. Review situations or investigations when an individual is dissatisfied with 23the outcome of an investigation or situation involving the police, fire, or combined 24protective services department.

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1	3. Evaluate the policies, practices, and patterns, including staff deployments,
2	crime and fire prevention training, use of force, search, seizure, citizen interaction,
3	and communication of the police and fire departments or the combined protective
4	services department.
5	4. Issue reports to the public at least annually relating to the status and
6	outcome of complaints that have been filed, the timeliness of complaint resolution,
7	trends and patterns of concern pertaining to complaint investigations, the nature
8	and frequency of complaints, and other performance indicators.
9	(f) If the independent monitor is an attorney, no attorney-client privilege exists
10	between the independent monitor and the mayor or common council.
11	(g) This subsection applies only to a 2nd class city with a population of 200,000
12	or more.
12 13	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
$\frac{13}{14}$	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance
13 14 15	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) (1m) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and
13 14 15 16	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) (1m) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, combined protective services chief, or other law
13 14 15 16 17	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) (1m) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, combined protective services chief, or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary, and for whom there is no valid and
13 14 15 16 17 18	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) (1m) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, combined protective services chief, or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary, and for whom there is no valid and enforceable contract of employment or collective bargaining agreement which
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) (1m) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, combined protective services chief, or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary, and for whom there is no valid and enforceable contract of employment or collective bargaining agreement which provides for a fair review prior to that suspension, reduction, suspension and
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) (1m) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, combined protective services chief, or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary, and for whom there is no valid and enforceable contract of employment or collective bargaining agreement which provides for a fair review prior to that suspension, reduction, suspension and reduction or removal, unless the city does one of the following:
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 SECTION 15. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) (1m) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, combined protective services chief, or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary, and for whom there is no valid and enforceable contract of employment or collective bargaining agreement which provides for a fair review prior to that suspension, reduction, suspension and reduction or removal, unless the city does one of the following: SECTION 16. 62.50 (1e) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

24 SECTION 17. 62.50 (1h) of the statutes is renumbered 62.50 (1h) (a) and 25 amended to read:

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62.50 (1h) (a) In all 1st class cities, however incorporated, there shall be a board
of fire and police commissioners, consisting of either 7 or 9 citizens, not more than
3, if the board has 7 members, or 4, if the board has 9 members, of whom shall at any
time belong to the same political party.

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(c) The staff and members of the board shall receive the salary or other compensation for their services fixed by the common council. The salary shall be fixed at the same time and in the same manner as the salary of other city officials and employees. <u>All employees of the board shall be nonpartisan</u>.

9 Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a majority of the (d) 10 members-elect, as that term is used in s. 59.001 (2m), of the board shall constitute a guorum necessary for the transaction of business. A 3-member panel of the board 11 12may conduct, and decide by majority vote, a trial described under sub. (12) or may 13 hear and decide, by majority vote, charges filed by an aggrieved person under sub. 14 (19). It shall be the duty of the mayor of the city, on or before the 2nd Monday in July, 15to appoint 7, or 9, members of the board, designating the term of office of each, one to hold one year. 2 to hold 2 years. 2 to hold 3 years, one to hold 4 years if the board 16 17has 7 members, and 2 to hold 4 years if the board has 9 members, and one to hold 5 years if the board has 7 members, and 2 to hold 5 years if the board has 9 members, 18 19 and until their respective successors shall be appointed and gualified. Thereafter 20 the For a trial of a member of the police force, at least one member of the panel shall 21have professional law enforcement experience, and for a trial of a member of the fire 22department, at least one member of the panel shall have professional fire fighting 23experience.

(e) The terms of office for members of the board shall be 5 years from the 2nd
 Monday in July, and until a successor is appointed and qualified. The mayor may

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1 reduce the size of the board from 9 to 7 members by failing to appoint 2 successors $\mathbf{2}$ for individuals whose terms expire at the same time. Every person appointed a 3 member The mayor shall appoint members of the board shall be subject to confirmation by the common council and every. Except as provided in par. (b), if the 4 mayor fails to make an appointment within 120 days of a vacancy occurring, the 5 common council may make the appointment. Before confirmation, the common 6 7 council shall hold 2 public hearings that include public comment periods with regard 8 to appointment. Every appointed member shall, before entering upon the duties of 9 the office take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by article IV, section 28, of 10 the constitution, and file the same duly certified by the officer administering it, with the clerk of the city. A member of the board may not continue in office after the 11 12expiration of his or her term, unless the member is reappointed to the board and 13confirmed by the common council.

14(f) 2. Not later than the first day of the 7th month beginning after a member 15of the board appointed by the mayor is confirmed by the common council, the member 16 shall enroll in a the training class that is related to the mission of the board under 17subd. 1. and, not later than the first day of the 13th month beginning after a member appointed by the mayor is confirmed by the common council, the member shall 18 19 complete the class. The training class shall be conducted by the city. Appointments 20made prior to the time this subchapter first applies to a 1st class city shall not be 21subject to confirmation by the common council.

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SECTION 18. 62.50 (1h) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

62.50 (1h) (b) At least one member of the board shall be selected from a list
submitted by the employee association that represents nonsupervisory law
enforcement officers and at least one member selected from a list submitted by the

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1 employee association that represents fire fighters. Lists of individuals submitted for $\mathbf{2}$ selection under this paragraph shall contain 5 names. Individuals included in a list 3 submitted under this paragraph by an employee association that represents 4 nonsupervisory law enforcement officers or fire fighters shall have professional law 5enforcement experience or professional fire fighting experience, respectively, and shall be at least 5 years removed from service as a professional law enforcement 6 7 officer or fire fighter, respectively. If the mayor fails to make an appointment that 8 is required to be selected from a list under this paragraph within 120 days after the 9 a vacancy occurs, the association that provided the list may make the appointment 10 without confirmation by the common council. Notwithstanding the other 11 requirements regarding length of terms in this subsection, the initial term of the 12 member selected from a list submitted by the employee association that represents 13 nonsupervisory law enforcement officers shall be 2 years and the initial term of the 14 member selected from a list submitted by the employee association that represents fire fighters shall be 5 years. The members selected from lists submitted by employee 1516 associations that represent nonsupervisory law enforcement officers and fire 17fighters shall comply with any residency requirements that apply to current 18 members of the police or fire department, respectively, of the city.

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SECTION 19. 62.50 (1h) (f) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

62.50 (1h) (f) 1. The city shall provide a training class for members of the board.
The city may provide this class directly or in another manner, including by
contracting with another person. The training class shall cover all of the following:
a. The mission and role of the board.

b. The procedures that apply to disciplinary hearings under this section,
including applicable rules of evidence and applicable provisions of any contract

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1 between the city and employee associations that represent nonsupervisory law $\mathbf{2}$ enforcement officers or fire fighters.

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- 3 c. The conduct policies of the police and fire departments.
- 4 d. Use of force guidelines of the police department.
- 5 **SECTION 20.** 62.50 (1h) (f) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

6 62.50 (1h) (f) 3. No member may participate in any board action until he or she 7 completes the training class under subd. 1. and any other training required by the 8 city.

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SECTION 21. 62.50 (5g) of the statutes is created to read:

10 62.50 (5g) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR. (a) No later than the 2nd Monday in June occurring after the effective date of the paragraph [LRB inserts date], the 2nd 11 12Monday in June immediately preceding the expiration of the regular term of office 13of the executive director, or within 60 days of a vacancy in the position, the board 14shall submit to the mayor a list of 3 gualified candidates for the position of executive 15director. Before submitting the list of candidates to the mayor, the board shall publicly announce the proposed list and hold a public hearing that includes a public 16 17comment period with regard to the list. No later than the 30 days after receiving the 18 list, the mayor shall appoint an individual selected from the list as executive director. 19 The individual appointed is subject to confirmation by the common council.

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(b) The common council shall fix the salary or other compensation of the 21executive director.

22(c) The initial regular term of office of the executive director is 4 years from the 232nd Monday in July occurring after the effective date of this paragraph [LRB $\mathbf{24}$ inserts date]. Thereafter, the regular term of office is 4 years from the 2nd Monday 25in July following appointment of an executive director to a regular term under this

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1	section. An executive director appointed under this section may continue to hold
2	office until a successor is appointed and confirmed.
3	(d) 1. An executive director may be removed by a majority vote of the board in
4	open session.
5	2. Notwithstanding s. 17.12 (1) (c), an executive director may not be removed
6	by the mayor.
7	(e) The executive director shall do all of the following:
8	1. Act as the principal staff of the board in exercising the board's functions and
9	powers under this section.
10	2. Review situations or investigations when an individual is dissatisfied with
11	the outcome of an investigation or situation involving the police or fire department.
12	3. Evaluate the policies, practices, and patterns, including staff deployments,
13	crime and fire prevention training, use of force, search, seizure, citizen interaction,
14	and communication of the police and fire departments.
15	4. Issue reports to the public at least annually relating to the status and
16	outcome of complaints that have been filed, the timeliness of complaint resolution,
17	trends and patterns of concern pertaining to complaint investigations, the nature
18	and frequency of complaints, and other performance indicators.
19	5. Attend any regular meeting of the common council or meeting of council
20	committee where his or her presence is requested by the council.
21	(f) If the executive director is an attorney, no attorney-client privilege exists
22	between the executive director and the mayor or common council.
23	SECTION 22. 62.50 (5m) of the statutes is created to read:
24	62.50 (5m) COMMON COUNCIL OVERSIGHT. (a) If the common council adopts a
25	resolution by a two-thirds vote of the members-elect, as defined in s. 59.001 (2m),

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1	to conduct a performance review of the chief of police or the chief engineer of the fire
2	department, the board shall conduct the review and provide a written report to the
3	common council.
4	(b) At least once each year, the chief of police and the chief engineer of the fire
5	department shall meet with the members of the common council at a regular meeting
6	of the council.
7	(c) Upon request by the common council or any committee of the common
8	council, the chair of the board, the vice chair of the board, or the executive director
9	under sub. (5g) shall attend a meeting of the common council or a committee of the
10	common council.
11	SECTION 23. 62.50 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 62.50 (6) (a) and amended
12	to read:
13	62.50 (6) (a) If a vacancy exists in the office of chief of police or in the office of
14	chief engineer of the fire department, the board by a majority vote shall appoint
15	proper persons to fill such offices respectively. When filling a vacancy in the office
16	of chief of police or in the office of chief engineer of the fire department occurring after
17	June 15, 1977, the board shall appoint the person to a term of office the number of
18	years and commencement date of which shall be set by the city of the 1st class by
19	ordinance and which may not exceed 10 years, or for the remainder of an unexpired
20	term.
21	SECTION 24. 62.50 (6) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
22	62.50 (6) (b) Before appointing or reappointing a chief of police or chief engineer
9 9	of the fire department under this subsection, the beard shall do all of the following

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23 of the fire department under this subsection, the board shall do all of the following:

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1	1. Meet in closed session under s. 19.85 (1) (c) with representatives of the
2	nonsupervisory employee association whose members will serve under the proposed
3	chief.
4	2. Hold at least 2 public meetings to hear comments from residents of the city
5	and other interested persons.
6	SECTION 25. 62.50 (6) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
7	62.50 (6) (c) If the board accepts an additional application for chief of police
8	after the application period for accepting these applications has closed, the board
9	shall reopen the application period for an additional 7 days beginning on the date it
10	accepted the late application.
11	SECTION 26. 62.50 (21) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	62.50 (21) CERTIFICATION AND RETURN OF RECORD; HEARING. Upon the service of
13	the demand under sub. (20), the board upon which the service is made shall within
14	5 days thereafter certify to the clerk of the circuit court of the county all charges,
15	testimony, and everything relative to the trial and discharge, suspension or
16	reduction in rank of the member. Upon the filing of the return with the clerk of court,
17	actions for review shall be given preference. Upon application of the discharged
18	member or the board, the court shall fix a date for the trial which shall be no later
19	than 15 days after the date of the application except upon agreement between the
20	board and the discharged or suspended member. The action shall be tried by the
21	court without a jury and shall be tried upon the return made by the board. In
22	determining the question of fact presented, the court shall be limited in the review
23	thereof to the question: "Under the evidence is there just cause, as described in sub.
24	(17) (b), to sustain the charges against the accused?" The court may require

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1	additional return to be made by the board, and may also require the board to take
2	additional testimony and make return thereof.
3	SECTION 27. 62.50 (21m) of the statutes is created to read:
4	62.50 (21m) DE NOVO REVIEW OF DISCIPLINARY DECISIONS. (a) The court shall
5	conduct its review without regard to any action taken or decision made by the board
6	and shall determine whether there is just cause, as described in sub. (17) (b). In
7	making that determination, the court shall review the evidence independently and
8	without deference to the board's findings of fact and conclusions of law. The court
9	may take into account the credibility determinations of the board, but is not bound
10	by those determinations.
11	(b) The court shall remand the board's decision if it finds that either the fairness
12	of the proceedings or the correctness of the action has been impaired by a material
13	error in procedure or a failure to follow prescribed procedure.
14	(c) The court shall set aside or modify the board's decision if it finds that the
15	board has erroneously interpreted a provision of law and a correct interpretation
16	compels a particular result, or it shall remand the case to the board for further action
17	that is consistent with current law.
18	(d) The court shall reverse the board's decision if it finds that the board's
19	exercise of discretion is one of the following:
20	1. Outside the range of discretion delegated to the board by law.
21	2. Inconsistent with a board rule, a board policy, or a board practice, unless such
22	deviation is satisfactorily explained by the board in its ruling.
23	3. In violation of a constitutional or statutory provision.
24	(e) The court's decision shall provide appropriate relief irrespective of the
25	original form of the petition. If the court sets aside the board's decision or remands

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- 1 the case to the board for further proceedings, it may make such interlocutory order $\mathbf{2}$ as it finds appropriate to preserve the interests of any party.
- 3

(f) The review described in this subsection shall be conducted without a jury. 4 (g) A review under this subsection shall be confined to the record, except that 5in cases of alleged irregularities in procedure before the board, the court may take 6 additional testimony. If leave is granted to take additional testimony, depositions 7 and written interrogatories may be taken before the date set for hearing in the 8 manner provided in ch. 804. The court may allow for discovery, or require additional 9 return to be made by the board, and may also require the board to take additional 10 testimony and make return thereof. The court shall grant requests for discovery if 11 there is credible evidence that it is necessary to further the appeal and provide the 12 accused with due process.

13 **SECTION 28.** 62.51 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 62.51 (1) (a) "Public office" means the following positions or their equivalent: 15city engineer; city purchasing agent; commissioner of building inspection, of city 16 development, of health or of public works; director of administration, of budget and 17management, of community development agency, of employee relations, of office of telecommunications, or of safety; emergency management coordinator; employee 18 19 benefits administrator; executive director of the commission on community 20 relations; municipal port director; commissioner of assessments; director of liaison; 21city personnel director; executive director of the retirement board; executive director 22of the city board of election commissioners; city librarian; city labor negotiator; 23executive secretary of the board of fire and police commissioners; and supervisor of 24the central electronics board.

25**SECTION 29. Initial applicability.** 2021 - 2022 Legislature - 20 -

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1 (1) This act first applies to a vacancy on the board of fire and police 2 commissioners, a vacancy on a board of police and fire commissioners, a vacancy in 3 the office of chief of either department, a vacancy in a public office, or an action by 4 an officer or member of either department that gives rise to the need for a disciplinary 5 proceeding that occurs on the effective date of this subsection.

6

(END)