

State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



2013 ASSEMBLY BILL 482

November 1, 2013 – Introduced by Representatives BIES, BALLWEG, T. LARSON, A. OTT, RICHARDS and THIESFELDT, cosponsored by Senators Petrowski, L. TAYLOR and LEHMAN. Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice.

1	AN ACT to repeal 165.85 (4m); to renumber 62.09 (15); to renumber and
2	<i>amend</i> 61.28; <i>to amend</i> 29.921 (5), 40.02 (48) (b) 4., 60.22 (4), 110.07 (1) (a)
3	(intro.), 110.07 (6), 165.85 (2) (d), 165.85 (3) (cm), 165.85 (3) (d), 165.85 (5) (title),
4	165.85 (5) (b), 165.86 (1) (c), 165.92 (2) (a), 175.41 (3) (c), 895.46 (1) (b) 1. and
5	939.22 (37); to repeal and recreate 165.85 (4) and 165.85 (5) (a); and to create
6	$61.28\ (2),\ 61.29\ (3),\ 62.09\ (15)\ (a),\ 165.85\ (2)\ (bv),\ 165.85\ (2)\ (bx),\ 165.85\ (2)\ (cm),$
7	165.85 (2) (e) and 165.85 (2) (f) of the statutes; relating to: law enforcement
8	standards and requiring the exercise of rule–making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, the Law Enforcement Standards Board (board) is attached to the Department of Justice. There are 15 members on the board who serve four-year terms and, among other duties, establish minimum educational and training standards for law enforcement officers, tribal law enforcement officers, jail officers, juvenile detention officers, and constables.

This bill separates the training standards into three distinct categories: 1) the standards for law enforcement officers and tribal law enforcement officers; 2) the standards for jail officers; and 3) the standards for juvenile detention officers. Under the bill, constables and marshals who are given law enforcement duties are subject

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to the same training standards as law enforcement officers and tribal law enforcement officers.

The bill makes several changes to the training and education standards, including setting forth a training and education protocol for law enforcement students, recruits, and temporary or probationary employees. Under the bill, law enforcement officer students and tribal law enforcement officer students are required to submit fingerprints and undergo a criminal background check. Any person who has been convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor related to domestic violence may not participate in a student training program for becoming a law enforcement officer or a tribal law enforcement officer. Under the bill, under most circumstances a recruit or a temporary or probationary employee must complete his or her training program within the original period of his or her temporary or probationary employment, not to exceed 12 months, except that the board may extend that period if the recruit or employer shows good cause for the board to do so.

The bill eliminates specific hour requirements for training and education and allows the board to determine the specific outcome criteria and training curricula, including the required subjects, number of hours, objectives, and measures of performance for the training and education protocol for each category of officer. The bill requires the board to develop model standards for use by law enforcement agencies to show handgun proficiency and to include handgun proficiency in the preparatory program and recertification training. The bill allows the board more flexibility than exists under current law for determining how law enforcement agencies are reimbursed for expenses related to training and educating officers.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 29.921 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 29.921 (5) ADDITIONAL ARREST POWERS. In addition to the arrest powers under 3 sub. (1), a warden who has completed a program of law enforcement training 4 approved by the law enforcement standards board, has been certified as qualified to 5 be a law enforcement officer under s. 165.85 (4) (b) (<u>a</u>) 1. and has complied with any 6 applicable requirements under s. 165.85 (4) (bn) 1. (<u>a</u>) 7. while on duty and in uniform 7 or on duty and upon display of proper credentials may assist another law 8 enforcement agency as defined under s. 165.83 (1) (<u>b</u>) 165.85 (2) (<u>bv</u>) including

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1 making an arrest at the request of the agency, may arrest a person pursuant to an $\mathbf{2}$ arrest warrant concerning the commission of a felony or may arrest a person who has 3 committed a crime in the presence of the warden. If the warden makes an arrest without the presence of another law enforcement agency, the warden shall cause the 4 5 person arrested to be delivered to the chief of police or sheriff in the jurisdiction 6 where the arrest is made, along with the documents and reports pertaining to the 7 arrest. The warden shall be available as a witness for the state. A warden may not 8 conduct investigations for violations of state law except as authorized in ss. 23.11 (4), 9 29.924 (1) and 41.41 (12). A warden acting under the authority of this subsection is 10 considered an employee of the department and is subject to its direction, benefits and legal protection. The authority granted in this section does not apply to county 11 conservation wardens or special conservation wardens. 1213**SECTION 2.** 40.02 (48) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read: 14 40.02 (48) (b) 4. A "member of the state traffic patrol" includes one division 15administrator in the department of transportation who is counted under s. 230.08 16 (2) (e) 12. and whose duties include supervising the state traffic patrol, if the division 17administrator is certified by the law enforcement standards board under s. 165.85 18 (4) (b) (a) 1. as being qualified to be a law enforcement officer. 19 **SECTION 3.** 60.22 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.22 (4) JURISDICTION OF CONSTABLE. Shall determine the jurisdiction and
duties of the town constable. The town board may also require the town constable
to complete training under s. 165.85 (4m) A town constable who is given law
enforcement duties by the town board, and who meets the definition of a law
enforcement officer under s. 165.85 (2) (c), shall comply with the minimum

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1	employment standards for law enforcement officers established by the law
2	enforcement standards board and shall complete training under s. 165.85 (4) (a) 1.
3	SECTION 4. 61.28 of the statutes is renumbered $61.28(1)$ and amended to read:
4	61.28 (1) The village marshal shall execute and file an official bond. The
5	marshal shall possess the powers, enjoy the privileges and be subject to the liabilities
6	conferred and imposed by law upon constables, and be taken as included in all writs
7	and papers addressed to constables. The marshal shall obey all lawful written orders
8	of the village board ; and arrest with or without process every person found in the
9	village engaged in any disturbance of the peace or violating any law of the state or
10	ordinance of the village. The marshal may command all persons present in that case
11	to assist, and if any person, being so commanded, refuses or neglects to render
12	assistance the person shall forfeit not exceeding \$10. The marshal is entitled to the
13	same fees prescribed for sheriffs in s. 814.70 for similar services, unless a higher fee
14	is applicable under s. 814.705 (1) (c); for other service rendered the village,
15	compensation as the board fixes.
16	SECTION 5. 61.28 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
17	61.28 (2) A village marshal who is given law enforcement duties by the village
18	board, and who meets the definition of a law enforcement officer under s. $165.85(2)$
19	(c), shall comply with the minimum employment standards for law enforcement
20	officers established by the law enforcement standards board and shall complete
21	training under s. 165.85 (4) (a) 1.
22	SECTION 6. 61.29 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
23	61.29(3) A village constable who is given law enforcement duties by the village

61.29 (3) A village constable who is given law enforcement duties by the village
board, and who meets the definition of a law enforcement officer under s. 165.85 (2)
(c), shall comply with the minimum employment standards for law enforcement

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1	officers established by the law enforcement standards board and shall complete
2	training under s. 165.85 (4) (a) 1.
3	SECTION 7. 62.09 (15) of the statutes is renumbered 62.09 (15) (b).
4	SECTION 8. 62.09 (15) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
5	62.09 (15) (a) A constable who is given law enforcement duties by the common
6	council, and who meets the definition of a law enforcement officer under s. 165.85 (2)
7	(c), shall comply with the minimum employment standards for law enforcement
8	officers established by the law enforcement standards board and shall complete
9	training under s. 165.85 (4) (a) 1.
10	SECTION 9. 110.07 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	110.07 (1) (a) (intro.) The secretary shall employ not more than 399 traffic
12	officers. The state traffic patrol consists of the traffic officers, the person designated
13	to head them whose position shall be in the classified service and, if certified under
14	s. 165.85 (4) (b) (a) 1. as qualified to be a law enforcement officer, the division
15	administrator who is counted under s. 230.08 (2) (e) 12. and whose duties include
16	supervising the state traffic patrol. The division administrator may not be counted
17	under this paragraph. Members of the state traffic patrol shall:
18	SECTION 10. 110.07 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	110.07 (6) The division administrator who is counted under s. 230.08 (2) (e) 12.
20	and whose duties include supervising the state traffic patrol shall be designated
21	superintendent of the state traffic patrol, if he or she is certified under s. 165.85 (4)
22	(b) (a) 1. as qualified to be a law enforcement officer.
23	SECTION 11. 165.85 (2) (bv) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	165.85 (2) (bv) "Law enforcement agency" means a governmental unit of this
2	state or a political subdivision of this state that employs one or more law enforcement
3	officers.
4	SECTION 12. 165.85 (2) (bx) of the statutes is created to read:
5	165.85 (2) (bx) "Law enforcement instructor" means a person who is certified
6	by the board to deliver board-approved program outcomes, course competencies,
7	performance standards, and learning objectives in training programs and training
8	schools for law enforcement officers, tribal law enforcement officers, jail officers, and
9	juvenile detention officers.
10	SECTION 13. 165.85 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
11	165.85 (2) (cm) "Police pursuit" has the meaning given in s. 85.07 (8) (a).
12	SECTION 14. 165.85 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	165.85 (2) (d) "Political subdivision" means counties, cities, villages, towns,
14	town sanitary districts and, public inland lake protection and rehabilitation
15	districts, and technical college districts.
16	SECTION 15. 165.85 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
17	165.85 (2) (e) "Preservice student" means any person who meets the minimum
18	recruitment qualifications set by the board and who enrolls in preparatory training
19	under sub. (4) (a) 1. (b) 1., or (c) 1. prior to employment as a law enforcement officer,
20	tribal law enforcement officer, jail officer, or juvenile detention officer.
21	SECTION 16. 165.85 (2) (f) of the statutes is created to read:
22	165.85(2)(f) "Recruit" means a law enforcement officer, tribal law enforcement
23	officer, jail officer, or juvenile detention officer employed on a probationary or
24	temporary basis, in compliance with the minimum recruitment qualifications set by
25	the board.

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SECTION 17. 165.85 (3) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 165.85 (3) (cm) Decertify law enforcement, tribal law enforcement, jail or 3 juvenile detention officers who terminate employment or are terminated, who violate or fail to comply with a rule, policy, or order of the board relating to curriculum 4 5 or training, who falsify information to obtain or maintain certified status, who are 6 certified as the result of an administrative error, who are convicted of a felony or of 7 any offense that, if committed in Wisconsin, could be punished as a felony, who are 8 convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, or who fail to pay 9 court-ordered payments of child or family support, maintenance, birth expenses. 10 medical expenses, or other expenses related to the support of a child or former 11 spouse, or who fail to comply, after appropriate notice, with a subpoena or warrant 12issued by the department of children and families or a county child support agency 13 under s. 59.53 (5) and related to paternity or child support proceedings. The board 14shall establish procedures for decertification in compliance with ch. 227, except that 15decertification for failure to pay court-ordered payments of child or family support, maintenance, birth expenses, medical expenses, or other expenses related to the 16 17support of a child or former spouse or for failure to comply, after appropriate notice, 18 with a subpoena or warrant issued by the department of children and families or a 19 county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) and related to paternity or child 20 support proceedings shall be done as provided under sub. (3m) (a).

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SECTION 18. 165.85 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

165.85 (3) (d) Establish minimum curriculum requirements for preparatory
 courses and programs, and recommend minimum curriculum requirements for
 recertification and advanced courses and programs, in schools <u>approved by the board</u>
 and operated by or for this state or any political subdivision of the state for the

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specific purpose of training law enforcement recruits, law enforcement officers, 1 2 tribal law enforcement recruits, tribal law enforcement officers, jail officer recruits, 3 jail officers, juvenile detention officer recruits, or juvenile detention officers in areas 4 of knowledge and ability necessary to the attainment of effective performance as an 5 officer, and ranging from subjects such as first aid, patrolling, statutory authority, 6 techniques of arrest, protocols for official action by off-duty officers, firearms, and 7 recording custodial interrogations to subjects designed to provide a better understanding of ever-increasing complex problems in law enforcement such as 8 9 human relations, civil rights, constitutional law, and supervision, control, and 10 maintenance of a jail or juvenile detention facility. The board shall appoint a 11 13-member advisory curriculum advisory committee consisting of 6 chiefs of police 12and 6 sheriffs to be appointed on a geographic basis of not more than one chief of 13 police and one sheriff from any one of the 8 state administrative districts together 14with the director of training of the Wisconsin state patrol. This committee shall 15advise the board in the establishment of the curriculum requirements.

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SECTION 19. 165.85 (4) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

17165.85 (4) REQUIRED STANDARDS. (a) Law enforcement and tribal law 18 enforcement officers. 1. The board shall establish program outcomes for a preparatory program of law enforcement and tribal law enforcement officer training. 19 20 which shall include not less than 600 hours of training. The board shall establish 21criteria for the general program outcomes for the preparatory program. Specifics of 22the training curriculum, competencies, student learning and performance 23objectives, particular subjects, and the minimum number of hours for each subject $\mathbf{24}$ shall be established by written policy of the board. In establishing the preparatory training program, the board shall give due consideration to recommendations made 25

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by the curriculum advisory committee. The board may amend the criteria and policies governing the preparatory training program as needed to respond to technological changes affecting law enforcement, additional recommendations made by the curriculum advisory committee, or other conditions affecting the public interest in maintaining training standards of a proper professional character. Notwithstanding s. 227.10 (1), the criteria and policies established under this paragraph need not be promulgated as rules under ch. 227.

8 2. Except as provided in subd. 3. or 8., no person may be employed as a law 9 enforcement or tribal law enforcement officer, except on a temporary or probationary 10 basis, unless the person has satisfactorily completed the preparatory training 11 program established under subd. 1. and has been certified by the board as being 12 qualified to be a law enforcement or tribal law enforcement officer.

3. A recruit may exercise law enforcement powers during an original period of
temporary or probationary employment that, except as provided in subd. 6. or as
otherwise authorized by law, may not exceed 12 months from the recruit's first date
of employment.

3h. A person may be certified by the board under subd. 2. only if the person has
successfully completed the preparatory program established under subd. 1. within
the person's original period of temporary or probationary employment established
in subd. 3.

3m. Except as provided in sub. (3m) (a), and in addition to certification procedures under this paragraph, the board may certify any person as being a tribal law enforcement officer on the basis of the person's completion of the training requirements for law enforcement officer certification prior to May 6, 1994. The

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officer must also meet the agreement requirements under sub. (3) (c) prior to certification as a tribal law enforcement officer.

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3 4. Preservice students taking part in the preparatory program of law 4 enforcement or tribal law enforcement officer training established by the board 5 under subd. 1. shall be fingerprinted on 2 fingerprint cards, each bearing a complete set of the student's fingerprints, or by other technologies approved by the department 6 7 of justice. The fingerprints shall be submitted to the department of justice for verification of the identify of the person fingerprinted and to obtain records of his or 8 9 her criminal arrests and convictions in Wisconsin. The department of justice shall 10 provide for the submission of the fingerprint cards or fingerprints by other 11 technologies to the federal bureau of investigation for the purpose of verifying the 12person fingerprinted and obtaining records of his or her criminal arrests and 13 convictions on file with the federal bureau of investigation.

14 5. No person who has been convicted of any federal felony, any crime of domestic
15 violence, or of any offense that, if committed in Wisconsin, could be punished as a
16 felony may take part in the preparatory training program established under subd.
17 1. unless he or she has been granted an absolute and unconditional pardon for the
18 crime.

19 6. Upon a showing of good cause by a recruit or a recruit's employer, the board
20 may extend the recruit's original period of temporary or probationary employment
21 for a period of time it deems appropriate.

7. a. Except as provided in subd. 8., no person may continue as a certified law
enforcement or tribal law enforcement officer unless that person maintains law
enforcement or tribal law enforcement employment and completes annual
recertification training. Any officer who is subject to this subdivision shall complete

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at least 24 hours of recertification training each fiscal year beginning in the fiscal 1 2 vear following the fiscal vear in which he or she is certified as a law enforcement or 3 tribal law enforcement officer by the board.

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b. Each officer who is subject to this subdivision shall biennially complete at 5 least 4 hours of training from curricula based upon model standards promulgated by 6 the board under par. (d). Hours of training completed under this subd. 7. b. shall 7 count toward the hours of training required under subd. 7. a.

8 c. Each officer who is subject to this subdivision shall annually complete a 9 handgun qualification course from curricula based upon model standards 10 established by the board under par. (e). Hours of training completed under this subd. 11 7. c. shall count toward the hours of training required under subd. 7. a.

128. Sheriffs are not required to satisfy the requirements under subd. 2., 3., or 13 7. as a condition of tenure or continued employment.

14(b) Jail officers. 1. The board shall establish a preparatory program of jail 15officer training, which shall include not less than 160 hours of training. The board 16 shall establish criteria for the general program outcomes for the preparatory 17program. Specifics of the training curriculum competencies, student learning and performance objectives, particular subjects, and the minimum number of hours for 18 19 each subject shall be established by written policy of the board. In establishing the 20 preparatory training program, the board shall give due consideration to 21recommendations made by the curriculum advisory committee. The board may 22 amend the criteria and policies governing the preparatory training program as 23needed to respond to technological changes affecting jail administration, additional 24recommendations made by the curriculum advisory committee, or other conditions affecting the public interest in maintaining training standards of a proper 25

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professional character. The board may provide that any part of the training program
under this subdivision and the training program under par. (c) 1. are identical and
count toward either training requirement under this paragraph or par. (c).
Notwithstanding s. 227.10 (1), the criteria and policies established under this
paragraph need not be promulgated as rules under ch. 227.

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- Except as provided in subd. 7., no person may be employed as a jail officer,
 except on a temporary or probationary basis, unless the person has satisfactorily
 completed the preparatory training program established under subd. 1. and has been
 certified by the board as being qualified to be a jail officer.
- 3. A recruit may exercise jail officer powers only during an original period of
 temporary or probationary employment that, except as provided in subd. 5. or as
 otherwise authorized by law, may not exceed 12 months from the recruit's first date
 of employment.
- 4. A person may be certified by the board under subd. 2. only if the person has
 successfully completed the preparatory program established under subd. 1. within
 the person's original period of temporary or probationary employment established
 in subd. 3.
- 18 5. Upon a showing of good cause by a recruit or a recruit's employer, the board
 19 may extend the recruit's original period of temporary or probationary employment
 20 for a period of time it deems appropriate.
- 6. No person may continue as a certified jail officer, unless that person maintains employment with a jail and completes annual recertification training. The officer shall complete at least 24 hours of recertification training each fiscal year beginning in the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which he or she is certified as a jail officer by the board.

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7. Subdivision 2. does not apply to a jail officer serving under permanent 1 $\mathbf{2}$ appointment prior to July 2, 1983. The failure of any such officer to fulfill those 3 requirements does not make that officer ineligible for any promotional examination 4 for which he or she is otherwise eligible. Any such officer may voluntarily participate $\mathbf{5}$ in programs to fulfill those requirements.

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6 (c) Juvenile detention officers. 1. The board shall establish a preparatory 7 program of juvenile detention officer training, which shall include not less than 160 8 hours of training. The board shall establish criteria for the general program 9 outcomes for the preparatory program. Specifics of the training curriculum, 10 competencies, student learning and performance objectives, particular subjects, and 11 the minimum number of hours for each subject shall be established by written policy 12of the board. In establishing the preparatory training program, the board shall give 13due consideration to recommendations made by the curriculum advisory committee. 14 The board may amend the criteria and policies governing the preparatory training 15program as needed to respond to technological changes affecting juvenile detention 16 administration, additional recommendations made by the curriculum advisory 17committee, or other conditions affecting the public interest in maintaining training 18 standards of a proper professional character. The board may provide that any part 19 of the training program under this subdivision and the training program under par. 20 (b) 1. are identical and count toward either training requirement under this 21paragraph or par. (b). Notwithstanding s. 227.10 (1), the criteria and policies 22established under this paragraph need not be promulgated as rules under ch. 227.

232. No person may be employed as a juvenile detention officer, except on a 24temporary or probationary basis, unless the person has satisfactorily completed the

program established under subd. 1. and has been certified by the board as being
 qualified to be a juvenile detention officer.

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3 3. A recruit may exercise juvenile detention officer powers only during an
4 original period of temporary or probationary employment that, except as provided
5 in subd. 5. or as otherwise authorized by law, may not exceed 12 months from the
6 recruit's first date of employment.

- 4. A person may be certified by the board under subd. 2. only if the person has
 successfully completed the preparatory program established under subd. 1. within
 the person's original period of temporary or probationary employment established
 in subd. 3.
- 5. Upon a showing of good cause by a recruit or a recruit's employer, the board
 may extend the recruit's original period of temporary or probationary employment
 for a period of time it deems appropriate.

6. No person may continue as a certified juvenile detention officer, except on a temporary or probationary basis, unless that person maintains employment with a juvenile detention facility and completes annual recertification training. The officer shall complete at least 24 hours of recertification training each fiscal year beginning in the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which he or she is certified as a juvenile detention officer by the board.

20 7. Any person employed and certified as a jail officer on July 1, 1994, is certified
21 as a juvenile detention officer and remains certified as a juvenile detention officer
22 subject to annual recertification requirements under subd. 6. and the board's
23 decertification authority under sub. (3) (cm).

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(d) *Police pursuit*. The board shall promulgate rules that do all of the following:

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1. Establish model standards that could be used by any law enforcement agency 1 2 to determine whether to initiate or continue police pursuit, to establish police pursuit 3 driving techniques employed by that agency, and to inform its officers of its written 4 guidelines provided under s. 346.03 (6). The board shall review and, if considered $\mathbf{5}$ appropriate by the board, revise the model standards established under this 6 subdivision not later than June 30 of each odd-numbered year thereafter. The rules 7 promulgated under this subdivision are advisory only, are not required to be included 8 as a law enforcement training standard under this subsection, and are inadmissible 9 as evidence, except to show compliance with this subdivision.

2. Establish the preparatory program and biennial recertification training
 curricula required under par. (a) relating to police pursuit standards, guidelines, and
 driving techniques.

(e) *Firearms*. The board shall establish criteria for firearm training.
Notwithstanding s. 227.10 (1), the criteria need not be promulgated as rules under
ch. 227 and shall do all of the following:

Establish model standards that could be used by any law enforcement agency
 to show handgun proficiency.

2. Establish the preparatory program and annual recertification training
curricula required under par. (a) relating to an officer's ability to operate and fire a
handgun.

(f) Local or agency standards. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude any
law enforcement or tribal law enforcement agency or sheriff from setting recruit
training, employment, and recertification training standards that are higher than
the minimum standards set by the board.

SECTION 20. 165.85 (4m) of the statutes is repealed.

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SECTION 21. 165.85 (5) (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 165.85 (5) (title) Schools and programs; Grants training reimbursements. 3 **SECTION 22.** 165.85 (5) (a) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read: 165.85 (5) (a) All training programs and training schools for law enforcement, 4 5 tribal law enforcement, jail, and juvenile detention officers and law enforcement 6 instructors must be authorized and approved by the board as meeting standards 7 established by the board. The board may authorize and approve a training program 8 or training school only if it is operated by an agency of the state or of a political 9 subdivision of the state. The authority granted in this paragraph does not authorize 10 the board to select a site for a state police, jail, or juvenile detention officer academy 11 or to expend funds thereon. 12**SECTION 23.** 165.85 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 13165.85 (5) (b) The board shall authorize the reimbursement to each political

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14 subdivision of approved expenses incurred by officers recruits who satisfactorily 15complete training at schools certified by the board. Reimbursement of these 16 expenses for law enforcement officer, jail officer and juvenile detention officer 17preparatory training shall be for board approved tuition, living, and travel expenses 18 for the first 400 hours of law enforcement preparatory training and for the first 120 19 hours of jail or juvenile detention officer preparatory training. Reimbursement of 20approved expenses for completion of annual recertification training under sub. (4) 21(bn) shall include at least \$160 per officer thereafter. Funds may also be distributed 22for attendance at other training programs and courses or for training services on a 23priority basis to be decided by the department of justice.

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SECTION 24. 165.86 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	165.86 (1) (c) Identify state agencies and political subdivisions that employ law
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Z	enforcement officers in the state and notify the appropriate officials of the model law
3	enforcement pursuit standards established by the board under s. 165.85 (4) (cm) 2.
4	a. <u>(d).</u>
5	SECTION 25. 165.92 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	165.92 (2) (a) A tribal law enforcement officer who meets the requirements of
7	s. 165.85 (4) (b) 1., (bn) 1. and (c) <u>(a) 1., 2., and 7.</u> shall have the same powers to enforce
8	the laws of the state and to make arrests for violations of such laws that sheriffs have,
9	including powers granted to sheriffs under ss. 59.27 and 59.28 and under the
10	common law, and shall perform the duties accepted under s. 165.85 (3) (c).
11	SECTION 26. 175.41 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	175.41 (3) (c) The commission warden meets the requirements of s. 165.85 (4)
13	(b) 1., (bn) 1., and (c) (a) 1., 2., and 7. and has agreed to accept the duties of a law
14	enforcement officer under the laws of this state.
15	SECTION 27. 895.46 (1) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
16	895.46 (1) (b) 1. Satisfactorily completed or are currently enrolled in the
17	preparatory program of law enforcement training under s. 165.85 (4) (b) (a) 1. and,
18	if applicable, the recertification programs under s. 165.85 (4) (bn) 1. (a) 7., or have
19	provided evidence of equivalent law enforcement training and experience as
20	determined by the law enforcement standards board; or
21	SECTION 28. 939.22 (37) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	939.22 (37) "State-certified commission warden" means a commission warden
23	who meets the requirements of s. 165.85 (4) (b) 1., (bn) 1., and (c) (a) 1., 2., and 7. and

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- 1 has agreed to accept the duties of a law enforcement officer under the laws of this
- 2 state.
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(END)