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## State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



## 2013 ASSEMBLY BILL 345

August 29, 2013 - Introduced by Representatives Thiesfeldt, Murphy, Krug, Schraa, Pridemore, Kestell, Jacque, Bies and Nass, cosponsored by Senators Grothman and Schultz. Referred to Committee on Energy and Utilities.

- AN ACT to create 196.165 of the statutes; relating to: installation of smart
- 2 meters by certain public utilities and cooperative associations.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill prohibits certain public utilities, and cooperative associations from installing certain meters at the premises of customers who object to the meters. The public utilities and cooperative associations that are subject to the bill are those providing electricity, natural gas, or water to their customers or members. The bill applies to "smart meters," which the bill defines as an electric or battery operated meter capable of measuring, recording, or sending data from a customer or member to a public utility or cooperative association. To qualify as a smart meter under the bill, a meter must also be capable of doing the foregoing in a manner utilizing one-way or two-way communication between any entity or device. Also under the bill, if a public utility or cooperative association installed a smart meter at the premises of a customer or member who objects to the installation, the public utility or cooperative association must remove the smart meter. In addition, the public utility or cooperative association must replace the smart meter with a meter that is neither a smart meter nor a modified smart meter.

The bill also requires public utilities to submit tariffs for PSC approval that specify the procedures for customers to object to smart meters. In addition, the tariffs must specify the charges imposed on customers who object to smart meters. The bill requires the charges to be based on the costs reasonably incurred by public utilities to measure service used by such customers, including the cost of manually collecting usage readings no more frequently than annually and the cost of requiring customers

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to self-report usage readings no more frequently than quarterly. The bill requires public utilities to submit the tariffs to the PSC no later than approximately three months after the bill goes into effect. If a public utility demonstrates to the PSC's satisfaction that the public utility does not intend to install smart meters, the public utility is not required to submit a tariff. However, if such a public utility subsequently determines to install smart meters, the bill prohibits their installation until the public utility files, and the PSC approves, a tariff that complies with the foregoing requirements.

As for cooperative associations, the bill provides that the PSC does not have jurisdiction over them to enforce the bill's requirements. Instead, the bill allows a member of a cooperative association to bring an action in court to enjoin a violation of the bill or compel compliance.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 196.165 of the statutes is created to read:

**196.165 Smart meters.** (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Cooperative association" means a cooperative association organized under ch. 185 for the purpose of providing electricity, natural gas, or water to its members only.
- (b) "Public utility" means a public utility that provides electricity, natural gas, or water to its customers.
- (c) "Smart meter" means an electric or battery operated meter that is capable of measuring, recording, sending, or any combination of measuring, recording, or sending, data from a customer or member to a public utility or cooperative association in a manner utilizing one-way communication, two-way communication, or a combination of one-way and two-way communication, between any entity or device.

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- (2) Installations. (a) No public utility or cooperative association may install a smart meter at the premises of a customer or member who objects to the installation.
- (b) If a public utility or cooperative association has installed a smart meter before the effective date of this paragraph .... [LRB inserts date], at the premises of a customer or member who objects to the installation, the public utility or cooperative association shall remove the smart meter from the customer's or member's premises and replace the smart meter with a meter that is neither a smart meter nor a modified smart meter.
- (3) Public utility tariffs. (a) No later than the first day of the 4th month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph .... [LRB inserts date], each public utility shall file a tariff for commission approval that specifies each of the following:
  - 1. The procedures for customers to make objections under sub. (2).
- 2. The charges imposed on customers who make objections under sub. (2). The charges shall be based on the costs reasonably incurred by the public utility to measure public utility service used by such customers, including the cost of manually collecting usage readings no more frequently than annually and the cost of requiring customers to self–report usage readings no more frequently than quarterly.
- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a public utility that demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commission that the public utility has not installed, and does not intend to install, smart meters at customer premises, except that if the public utility subsequently determines to install smart meters at customer premises, the public utility may not install smart meters until the public utility files, and the commission approves, a tariff that complies with par. (a) 1. and 2.

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	<b>(4)</b>	COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS.	(a)	A cooperative association may impose
charges on members who make objections under sub. (2) that are based on the costs				
reasonably incurred by the cooperative association to measure electricity, natural				
gas, c	or wa	ater that the cooperative asso	ociat	ion provides to such members.

(b) The commission does not have jurisdiction over a cooperative association to enforce the requirements of sub. (2) or par. (a). A member of a cooperative association may bring an action against the cooperative association to enjoin a violation of sub. (2) or par. (a) or compel compliance with sub. (2) or par. (a).

### SECTION 2. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 5th month beginning after publication.

12 (END)