

State of Misconsin 2011 - 2012 LEGISLATURE



2011 ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 6

April 14, 2011 – Introduced by Representatives SINICKI, RICHARDS, MASON, DANOU, MILROY, TURNER, KESSLER, TOLES, BARCA, ROYS, SEIDEL, PASCH, POPE-ROBERTS, STASKUNAS, YOUNG, GRIGSBY, E. COGGS, CLARK, BERNARD SCHABER, BEWLEY, POCAN, HINTZ, BERCEAU, MOLEPSKE JR, RINGHAND, HULSEY, ZAMARRIPA, ZEPNICK, JORGENSEN and FIELDS. Referred to Committee on Rules.

1	Relating to: commemorating the Bay View labor strike and massacre.
2	Whereas, Wisconsin workers and reformers made important contributions to
3	the history of labor in the United States, helping to enact legislation such as Worker's
4	Compensation and Unemployment Insurance, models which, in turn, were adopted
5	by other states; and
6	Whereas, in the 1880s workers in Milwaukee began to advocate for the
7	eight-hour workday, which we now take for granted; and
8	Whereas, until that time workers generally labored at physically punishing
9	jobs for many hours each day; and
10	Whereas, on May 1, 1886, a national campaign to require that all employers
11	adopt a standard eight-hour day culminated when workers' unions urged all
12	American workers to cease labor until their employers met the demand; and
13	Whereas, in Milwaukee, civil parades and demonstrations followed as striking
14	workers shut down factories peaceably and without violence during the first five
15	days of May 1886; and

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1	Whereas, the morning of May 2nd revealed the turmoil among Milwaukee's
2	laborers, as more than a dozen strikes had begun in the city, involving the carpenters,
3	coal heavers, sewer diggers, iron moulders, teamsters, common laborers, and other
4	workmen striking for better pay; and
5	Whereas, during this period, the good citizens of Milwaukee began to receive
6	word of the bloody conflict in Chicago's Haymarket Square, where police had killed
7	demonstrators; and
8	Whereas, news of the bloodshed at Haymarket Square elevated tensions among
9	the citizenry of Milwaukee and many of Milwaukee's workers and businessmen
10	began to prepare for armed confrontation; and
11	Whereas, the last grand factory to remain open was the North Chicago Railroad
12	Rolling Mills Steel Foundry, in Bay View; and
13	Whereas on May 5th, a crowd of demonstrators went to the rolling mill to enjoin
14	the workers to participate in the general strike; and
15	Whereas, the assemblage of striking workers was fired upon by National Guard
16	forces, under the order of Governor Jeremiah Rusk, killing seven people and
17	wounding four; and
18	Whereas, the events of that day will remain in the historic and cultural legacy
19	of Wisconsin forever, serving as a reminder of the sacrifices our forebearers made so
20	that we might lead happier, more prosperous lives; now, therefore, be it
21	Resolved by the assembly, That the Wisconsin state assembly
22	commemorates this pivotal series of events and recognizes May 2nd as the
23	anniversary of the Bay View labor strike and tragedy.
24	(END)

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