March 9, 2010 – Introduced by Representatives Kramer, Petersen, Davis, Knodl, Vos, Zipperer, Huebsch, Townsend, Strachota, Gunderson, J. Ott, Suder and Lemahieu, cosponsored by Senators Kanavas, Carpenter, Lazich, Hopper, Darling, Leibham, Schultz and Olsen. Referred to Committee on Elections and Campaign Reform.

AN ACT to renumber 6.79 (3); to renumber and amend 6.87 (4) and 6.97 (3); to amend 5.35 (6) (a) 4a., 6.29 (1), 6.33 (1), 6.79 (2) (a) and (d), 6.79 (3) (title), 6.82 (1) (a), 6.86 (1) (ac), 6.86 (1) (ar), 6.86 (3) (a) 1., 6.869, 6.87 (3) (d), 6.875 (6) (c) 1., 6.88 (3) (a), 6.97 (title), 6.97 (1) and (2), 6.97 (4), 7.08 (1) (c), 7.08 (8) (title), 7.52 (3) (a) and 10.02 (3) (form) (a); and to create 6.345, 6.36 (2) (d), 6.79 (3) (b), 6.79 (7), 6.87 (4) (b), 6.965 and 6.97 (3) (a) and (c) of the statutes; relating to: an optional identification requirement for voting in elections.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

With certain limited exceptions, before being permitted to vote at any polling place, an elector currently must provide his or her name and address. If the elector is not registered, the elector must provide a specified form of proof of residence in order to register. If an elector is not able to present any required proof of residence, as an alternative, current law permits another qualified elector who resides in the same municipality to corroborate the elector's registration information. In addition, an elector other than a military elector or an overseas elector, as defined by federal law, who registers by mail and who has not voted in an election in this state must provide one of the forms of identification specified by federal law, or a copy thereof if voting by absentee ballot, in order to be permitted to vote. Corroboration may not be substituted for this identification requirement, but an elector who cannot provide

the required identification may cast a provisional ballot. The municipal clerk or board of election commissioners must determine whether electors casting provisional ballots are qualified to vote by 4 p.m. on the day after an election.

With certain limited exceptions, this bill permits any elector, at the time of registration, to elect to be required to provide identification in order to vote in an election. The bill also permits a registered elector to elect to be required to provide identification in order to vote by appearing in person at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of the municipality where the elector resides. The elector must sign a statement making the election and provide identification.

Under the bill, the permissible types of identification are: 1) a valid Wisconsin driver's license issued by the Department of Transportation (DOT); 2) a valid, current identification card issued by a U.S. uniformed service; or 3) a valid Wisconsin identification card issued by DOT. With certain limited exceptions, if an elector decides to be subject to an identification requirement, the bill requires the elector to enclose a copy of his or her identification when voting an absentee ballot by mail. Under the bill, if an elector who votes at a polling place has elected to be subject to the identification requirement and fails to provide identification, the elector may vote provisionally. If an elector who votes by absentee ballot has elected to be subject to the identification requirement and fails to enclose a copy of the identification with his or her ballot, the ballot is treated as a provisional ballot. A provisional ballot is marked by the poll workers, who immediately contact the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners. The elector may then provide the required identification either at the polling place before the closing hour or at the office of the clerk or board. If the elector does not provide the required identification to the clerk or board by 4 p.m. on the day following the election, the person's vote is not counted.

The bill provides that an elector who elects to be subject to an identification requirement may revoke the election by appearing at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of the municipality where he or she resides and filing a written revocation request. Under the bill, an election to be subject to an identification requirement or a revocation of an election must be filed at least 31 days before the election at which it initially applies.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **SECTION 1.** 5.35 (6) (a) 4a. of the statutes is amended to read:
- 5.35 (6) (a) 4a. Instructions prescribed by the board for electors for whom
- 3 <u>identification is required under s. 6.345 or for whom</u> proof of residence under s. 6.34
- 4 is required under s. 6.55(2).

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Section 2. 6.29 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.29 (1) No names may be added to a registration list for any election after the close of registration, except as authorized under this section or s. 6.55 (2) or 6.86 (3) (a) 2. Any person whose name is not on the registration list but who is otherwise a qualified elector is entitled to vote at the election upon compliance with this section, if the person complies with all other requirements for voting at the polling place.

Section 3. 6.33 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.33 (1) The board shall prescribe the format, size, and shape of registration forms. All forms shall be printed on cards and each item of information shall be of uniform font size, as prescribed by the board. The municipal clerk shall supply sufficient forms to meet voter registration needs. The forms shall be designed to obtain from each applicant information as to name; date; residence location; citizenship; date of birth; age; the number of a valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 or the last 4 digits of the elector's social security account number; whether the applicant has resided within the ward or election district for at least 10 days; whether the applicant elects to be subject to an identification requirement under s. 6.345 (1); whether the applicant has been convicted of a felony for which he or she has not been pardoned, and if so, whether the applicant is incarcerated, or on parole, probation, or extended supervision; whether the applicant is disqualified on any other ground from voting; and whether the applicant is currently registered to vote at any other location. The form shall include a space for the applicant's signature and the signature of any corroborating elector. The form shall include a space to enter the name of any special registration deputy under s. 6.26 or 6.55 (6) or inspector, municipal clerk, or deputy clerk under s. 6.55 (2) who obtains the form and a space for the deputy, inspector, clerk, or deputy clerk to sign

his or her name, affirming that the deputy, inspector, clerk, or deputy clerk has accepted the form. The form shall include a space for entry of the ward and aldermanic district, if any, where the elector resides and any other information required to determine the offices and referenda for which the elector is certified to vote. The form shall also include a space where the clerk may record an indication of whether the form is received by mail, a space where the clerk may record an indication of the type of identifying document submitted by the elector as proof of residence under s. 6.34, whenever required, and a space where the clerk, for any applicant who possesses a valid voting identification card issued to the person under s. 6.47 (3), may record the identification serial number appearing on the voting identification card. Each county clerk shall obtain sufficient registration forms for completion by an elector who desires to register to vote at the office of the county clerk under s. 6.28 (4).

Section 4. 6.345 of the statutes is created to read:

6.345 Optional identification requirement. (1) Any elector may, at the time of registration, elect to be required to present identification whenever the elector votes at an election.

(2) Any elector who is registered to vote may, by appearing in person at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of the municipality where the elector resides, elect to be required to present identification whenever the elector votes at an election. The municipal clerk or board of election commissioners shall require an elector who makes a request under this subsection to present identification and sign a request on a form prescribed by the government accountability board.

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(3) Except as provided in ss. 6.79 (7) and 6.87 (4) (b), if an elector has elected to be required to present identification under this section, the elector may not vote in an election unless the elector presents identification. (4) An elector who files an election under sub. (1) or (2) may, by appearing personally at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of the municipality where the elector resides, file a written revocation of the election on a form prescribed by the government accountability board. (5) An election or revocation under this section becomes effective on the 31st day before the next election occurring in the municipality after the election is filed, or if filed later than the 31st day before the next election, on the 31st day before the 2nd succeeding election occurring in the municipality after the election is filed. **(6)** In this section, "identification" means any of the following: (a) A valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343. (b) A valid identification card issued to the elector under s. 343.50. (c) A valid, current identification card issued to the elector by a U.S. uniformed service. **Section 5.** 6.36 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read: 6.36 (2) (d) The list shall contain, next to the name of each elector, an indication of whether the elector has elected to be required to provide identification under s. 6.345. **Section 6.** 6.79 (2) (a) and (d) of the statutes are amended to read: 6.79 (2) (a) Unless information on the poll list is entered electronically, the municipal clerk shall supply the inspectors with 2 copies of the most current official registration list or lists prepared under s. 6.36 (2) (a) for use as poll lists at the polling

place. Except as provided in sub. subs. (6) and (7), each person elector, before

receiving a serial number, shall state his or her full name and address and, if the poll
list indicates that the elector has elected to be subject to an identification
requirement under s. 6.345, present to the officials a valid operator's license issued
to the elector under ch. 343, a valid, current identification card issued to the elector
by a U.S. uniformed service, or a valid identification card issued to the elector under
s. 343.50. The officials shall verify that the name and address provided stated by the
person <u>elector</u> are the same as the <u>person's elector's</u> name and address on the poll list.

- (d) If the poll list, indicates that proof of residence under s. 6.34 is required and any document provided by the elector under par. (a) does not constitute proof of residence under s. 6.34, the officials shall require the elector to provide proof of residence. If proof of residence is provided, the officials shall verify that the name and address on the document submitted as proof of residence provided is the same as the name and address shown on the registration list. If proof of residence is required and not provided, or if the elector does not present a license or identification card under par. (a), whenever required, the officials shall offer the opportunity for the elector to vote under s. 6.97.
 - **Section 7.** 6.79 (3) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 6.79 (3) (title) Refusal to give name and address provide name, address, License, or identification card.
 - **SECTION 8.** 6.79 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 6.79 (3) (a).
- **Section 9.** 6.79 (3) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 6.79 (3) (b) If the poll list indicates that the elector has elected to be subject to an identification requirement under s. 6.345 and identification under sub. (2) is not provided by the elector, or if the name or any photograph appearing on the document that is provided cannot be verified by the officials, the elector shall not be permitted

to vote, except as authorized under sub. (7), but if the elector is entitled to cast a provisional ballot under s. 6.97, the officials shall offer the opportunity for the elector to vote under s. 6.97.

Section 10. 6.79 (7) of the statutes is created to read:

6.79 (7) LICENSE SURRENDER. If an elector is required to provide identification under s. 6.345 and the elector receives a citation or notice of intent to revoke or suspend an operator's license from a law enforcement officer in any jurisdiction that is dated within 60 days of the date of an election and the elector is required to surrender his or her operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 at the time the citation or notice is issued, the elector may present an original copy of the citation or notice in lieu of an operator's license under ch. 343. In such case, the elector shall cast his or her ballot under s. 6.965.

Section 11. 6.82 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.82 (1) (a) When any inspectors are informed that an elector is at the entrance to the polling place who as a result of disability is unable to enter the polling place, they shall permit the elector to be assisted in marking a ballot by any individual selected by the elector, except the elector's employer or an agent of that employer or an officer or agent of a labor organization which represents the elector. The If the elector is required to provide identification under s. 6.345, except as authorized in s. 6.79 (7), the individual selected by the elector shall present to the inspectors a valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343, a valid, current identification card issued to the elector by a U.S. uniformed service, or a valid identification card issued to the elector under s. 343.50 and, if the license or identification card does not constitute proof of residence under s. 6.34, shall also provide proof of residence under s. 6.34 for the assisted elector, whenever required, and all other information

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necessary for the elector to obtain a ballot under s. 6.79 (2). The inspectors shall issue a ballot to the individual selected by the elector and shall accompany the individual to the polling place entrance where the assistance is to be given. If the ballot is a paper ballot, the assisting individual shall fold the ballot after the ballot is marked by the assisting individual. The assisting individual shall then immediately take the ballot into the polling place and give the ballot to an inspector. The inspector shall distinctly announce that he or she has "a ballot offered by (stating person's name), an elector who, as a result of disability, is unable to enter the polling place without assistance". The inspector shall then ask, "Does anyone object to the reception of this ballot?" If no objection is made, the inspectors shall record the elector's name under s. 6.79 and deposit the ballot in the ballot box, and shall make a notation on the poll list: "Ballot received at poll entrance".

Section 12. 6.86 (1) (ac) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.86 (1) (ac) Any elector qualifying under par. (a) may make written application to the municipal clerk for an official ballot by means of facsimile transmission or electronic mail. Any application under this paragraph shall contain a copy of the applicant's original signature. An elector requesting a ballot under this paragraph shall return with the voted ballot a copy of the request bearing an original signature of the elector as provided in s. 6.87 (4) (a).

Section 13. 6.86 (1) (ar) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.86 (1) (ar) Except as authorized in s. 6.875 (6), the municipal clerk shall not issue an absentee ballot unless the clerk receives a written application therefor from a qualified elector of the municipality. The clerk shall retain each absentee ballot application until destruction is authorized under s. 7.23 (1). Except as authorized in s. 6.79 (7), if an elector is required to provide identification under s. 6.345 and the

elector applies for an absentee ballot in person at the clerk's office, the clerk shall not issue the elector an absentee ballot unless the elector presents a valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343, a valid, current identification card issued to the elector by a U.S. uniformed service, or a valid identification card issued to the elector under s. 343.50. Notwithstanding s. 343.43 (1) (f), the clerk shall make a copy of the document presented by the elector and shall enclose the copy in the certificate envelope.

SECTION 14. 6.86 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

6.86 (3) (a) 1. Any elector who is registered and who is hospitalized, may apply for and obtain an official ballot by agent. The agent may apply for and obtain a ballot for the hospitalized absent elector by presenting a form prescribed by the board and containing the required information supplied by the hospitalized elector and signed by that elector and any other elector residing in the same municipality as the hospitalized elector, corroborating the information contained therein. The corroborating elector shall state on the form his or her full name and address. Except as authorized in s. 6.87 (4) (b), if the elector is required to provide identification under s. 6.345, the agent shall present the identification required under sub. (1) (ar). Notwithstanding s. 343.43 (1) (f), the clerk shall make a copy of the document presented by the agent and shall enclose the copy in the certificate envelope.

Section 15. 6.869 of the statutes is amended to read:

6.869 Uniform instructions. The board shall prescribe uniform instructions for absentee voters. The instructions shall include information concerning the procedure for correcting errors in marking a ballot and obtaining a replacement for a spoiled ballot. The procedure shall, to the extent possible, respect the privacy of each elector and preserve the confidentiality of each elector's vote. For electors who

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are subject to an identification requirement under s. 6.345, the instructions shall include information regarding the identification that is required under s. 6.86 (1) (ar) or the copy of the identification that is required under s. 6.87 (4).

Section 16. 6.87 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.87 (3) (d) A municipal clerk may, if the clerk is reliably informed by an absent elector of a facsimile transmission number or electronic mail address where the elector can receive an absentee ballot, transmit a facsimile or electronic copy of the absent elector's ballot to that elector in lieu of mailing under this subsection if, in the judgment of the clerk, the time required to send the ballot through the mail may not be sufficient to enable return of the ballot by the time provided under sub. (6). An elector may receive an absentee ballot under this subsection only if the elector has filed a valid application for the ballot under s. 6.86 (1). If the clerk transmits an absentee ballot under this paragraph, the clerk shall also transmit a facsimile or electronic copy of the text of the material that appears on the certificate envelope prescribed in sub. (2), together with instructions prescribed by the board. The instructions shall require the absent elector to make and subscribe to the certification as required under sub. (4) (a) and to enclose the absentee ballot in a separate envelope contained within a larger envelope, that shall include the completed certificate. The elector shall then affix sufficient postage unless the absentee ballot qualifies for mailing free of postage under federal free postage laws and shall mail the absentee ballot to the municipal clerk. Except as authorized in s. 6.97 (2), an absentee ballot received under this paragraph shall not be counted unless it is cast in the manner prescribed in this paragraph and in accordance with the instructions provided by the board.

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SECTION 17. 6.87 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 6.87 (4) (a) and amended to read:

6.87 (4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in s. 6.875, the elector voting absentee shall make and subscribe to the certification before one witness who is an adult U.S. citizen. The absent elector, in the presence of the witness, shall mark the ballot in a manner that will not disclose how the elector's vote is cast. The elector shall then. still in the presence of the witness, fold the ballots so each is separate and so that the elector conceals the markings thereon and deposit them in the proper envelope. If a consolidated ballot under s. 5.655 is used, the elector shall fold the ballot so that the elector conceals the markings thereon and deposit the ballot in the proper envelope. If proof of residence is required, Except as authorized in par. (b) and notwithstanding s. 343.43 (1) (f), if the elector is required to provide identification under s. 6.345, the elector shall enclose a copy of the identification in the envelope. If proof of residence under s. 6.34 is required and the document enclosed by the elector under this paragraph does not constitute proof of residence under s. 6.34, the elector shall also enclose proof of residence under s. 6.34 in the envelope. Proof of residence is required if the elector is not a military elector or an overseas elector, as defined in s. 6.34 (1), and the elector registered by mail and has not voted in an election in this state. If the elector requested a ballot by means of facsimile transmission or electronic mail under s. 6.86 (1) (ac), the elector shall enclose in the envelope a copy of the request which bears an original signature of the elector. The elector may receive assistance under sub. (5). The return envelope shall then be sealed. The witness may not be a candidate. The envelope shall be mailed by the elector, or delivered in person, to the municipal clerk issuing the ballot or ballots. If the envelope is mailed from a location outside the United States, the elector shall

affix sufficient postage unless the ballot qualifies for delivery free of postage under federal law. Failure to return an unused ballot in a primary does not invalidate the ballot on which the elector's votes are cast. Return of more than one marked ballot in a primary or return of a ballot prepared under s. 5.655 or a ballot used with an electronic voting system in a primary which is marked for candidates of more than one party invalidates all votes cast by the elector for candidates in the primary.

Section 18. 6.87 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

6.87 (4) (b) If the absentee elector is required to provide identification under s. 6.345 and the elector has received a citation or notice of intent to revoke or suspend an operator's license from a law enforcement officer in any jurisdiction that is dated within 60 days of the date of the election and the elector is required to surrender his or her operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 at the time the citation or notice is issued, the elector may enclose a copy of the citation or notice in lieu of an operator's license under ch. 343 if the elector is voting by mail, or may present an original copy of the citation or notice in lieu of an operator's license under ch. 343 if the elector is voting at the office of the municipal clerk.

Section 19. 6.875 (6) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

6.875 (6) (c) 1. Upon their visit to the home or facility under par. (a), the deputies shall personally offer each elector who has filed a proper application for an absentee ballot the opportunity to cast his or her absentee ballot. If an elector is present who has not filed a proper application for an absentee ballot, the 2 deputies may accept an application from the elector and shall issue a ballot to the elector if the elector is qualified, the elector presents identification, whenever required under s. 6.345, and the application is proper. The deputies shall each witness the certification and may, upon request of the elector, assist the elector in marking the

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elector's ballot. All voting shall be conducted in the presence of the deputies. Upon request of the elector, a relative of the elector who is present in the room may assist the elector in marking the elector's ballot. No individual other than a deputy may witness the certification and no individual other than a deputy or relative of an elector may render voting assistance to the elector.

Section 20. 6.88 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.88 (3) (a) Except in municipalities where absentee ballots are canvassed under s. 7.52, at any time between the opening and closing of the polls on election day, the inspectors shall, in the same room where votes are being cast, in such a manner that members of the public can hear and see the procedures, open the carrier envelope only, and announce the name of the absent elector or the identification serial number of the absent elector if the elector has a confidential listing under s. 6.47 (2). When the inspectors find that the certification has been properly executed, the applicant is a qualified elector of the ward or election district, and the applicant has not voted in the election, they shall enter an indication on the poll list next to the applicant's name indicating an absentee ballot is cast by the elector. They shall then open the envelope containing the ballot in a manner so as not to deface or destroy the certification thereon. The inspectors shall take out the ballot without unfolding it or permitting it to be unfolded or examined. Unless the ballot is cast under s. 6.95, the inspectors shall verify that the ballot has been endorsed by the issuing clerk. If the poll list indicates that proof of residence under s. 6.34 is required and no proof of residence is enclosed or the name or address on the document that is provided is not the same as the name and address shown on the poll list, or if the elector is required to provide identification under s. 6.345 and no copy of the identification is enclosed or the name on the document that is provided cannot be verified by the

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<u>inspectors</u>, the inspectors shall proceed as provided under s. 6.97 (2). The inspectors shall then deposit the ballot into the proper ballot box and enter the absent elector's name or voting number after his or her name on the poll list in the same manner as if the elector had been present and voted in person.

Section 21. 6.965 of the statutes is created to read:

6.965 Voting procedure for electors presenting citation or notice in **lieu of license.** Whenever any elector is allowed to vote at a polling place under s. 6.79 (7) by presenting a citation or notice of intent to revoke or suspend an operator's license in lieu of an operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343, the inspectors shall, before giving the elector a ballot, write on the back of the ballot the serial number of the elector corresponding to the number kept at the election on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.965." If voting machines are used in the municipality where the elector is voting, the elector's vote may be received only upon an absentee ballot furnished by the municipal clerk which shall have the notation "s. 6.965" written on the back of the ballot by the inspectors before the ballot is given to the elector. If the municipal clerk receives an absentee ballot from an elector who presents a citation or notice, or copy thereof, under s. 6.87 (4) (b), the clerk shall enter a notation on the certificate envelope "Ballot under s. 6.965, stats." Upon receiving the envelope, the inspectors shall open and write on the back of the ballot the serial number of the elector corresponding to the number kept at the election on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.965." The inspectors shall indicate on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 the fact that the elector is voting by using a citation or notice in lieu of a license. The inspectors shall then deposit the ballot. The ballot shall then be counted under s. 5.85, or under s. 7.51 or 7.52.

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Section 22. 6.97 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.97 (title) Voting procedure for individuals not providing required proof of residence or identification.

SECTION 23. 6.97 (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:

6.97 (1) Whenever any individual who is required to provide proof of residence under s. 6.34 in order to be permitted to vote appears to vote at a polling place and cannot provide the required proof of residence, the inspectors shall offer the opportunity for the individual to vote under this section. Whenever any individual who is required to provide identification under s. 6.345 appears to vote at a polling place and does not present identification, the inspectors or the municipal clerk shall similarly offer the opportunity for the individual to vote under this section. If the individual wishes to vote, the inspectors shall provide the elector with an envelope marked "Ballot under s. 6.97, stats." on which the serial number of the elector is entered and shall require the individual to execute on the envelope a written affirmation stating that the individual is a qualified elector of the ward or election district where he or she offers to vote and is eligible to vote in the election. The inspectors shall, before giving the elector a ballot, write on the back of the ballot the serial number of the individual corresponding to the number kept at the election on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.97". If voting machines are used in the municipality where the individual is voting, the individual's vote may be received only upon an absentee ballot furnished by the municipal clerk which shall have the corresponding number from the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.97" written on the back of the ballot by the inspectors before the ballot is given to the elector. When receiving the individual's ballot, the inspectors shall provide the individual with written

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voting information prescribed by the board under s. 7.08 (8). The inspectors shall indicate on the list the fact that the individual is required to provide proof of residence or identification under s. 6.345 but did not do so. The inspectors shall notify the individual that he or she may provide proof of residence or identification to the municipal clerk or executive director of the municipal board of election commissioners. The inspectors shall also promptly notify the municipal clerk or executive director of the name, address, and serial number of the individual. The inspectors shall then place the ballot inside the envelope and place the envelope in a separate carrier envelope.

Whenever any individual who votes by absentee ballot is required to provide proof of residence in order to be permitted to vote and does not provide the required proof of residence under s. 6.34, the inspectors shall treat the ballot as a provisional ballot under this section. Whenever any individual who is required to provide identification under s. 6.345, other than an individual who is exempted under s. 6.87 (4), votes by absentee ballot and does not enclose a copy of the identification specified in s. 6.86 (1) (ar), the inspectors shall similarly treat the ballot as a provisional ballot under this section. Upon removing the ballot from the envelope, the inspectors shall write on the back of the absentee ballot the serial number of the individual corresponding to the number kept at the election on the poll list or other list maintained under s. 6.79 and the notation "s. 6.97". The inspectors shall indicate on the list the fact that the individual is required to provide proof of residence or a copy of the identification specified in s. 6.86 (1) (ar) but did not do so. The inspectors shall promptly notify the municipal clerk or executive director of the municipal board of election commissioners of the name, address, and serial number of the individual. The inspectors shall then place the ballot inside an envelope on

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which the name and serial number of the elector is entered and shall place the envelope in a separate carrier envelope.

SECTION 24. 6.97 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 6.97 (3) (b) and amended to read:

6.97 (3) (b) Whenever the municipal clerk or executive director of the municipal board of election commissioners is informed by the inspectors that a ballot has been cast under this section, the clerk or executive director shall promptly provide written notice to the board of canvassers of each municipality, special purpose district, and county that is responsible for canvassing the election of the number of ballots cast under this section in each ward or election district. The municipal clerk or executive director then shall determine whether each individual voting under this section is qualified to vote in the ward or election district where the individual's ballot is cast. If the elector is required to provide a license or identification card or copy thereof under s. 6.79 (2) or 6.87 (4) and fails to do so, the elector bears the burden of correcting the omission by providing the license or identification card or copy thereof at the polling place before the closing hour or at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners no later than 4 p.m. on the day after the election. The municipal clerk or executive director shall make a record of the procedure used to determine the validity of each ballot <u>cast under this section</u>. If, prior to 4 p.m. on the day after the election, the municipal clerk or executive director determines that the individual is qualified to vote in the ward or election district where the individual's ballot is cast, the municipal clerk or executive director shall notify the board of canvassers for each municipality, special purpose district and county that is responsible for canvassing the election of that fact.

Section 25. 6.97 (3) (a) and (c) of the statutes are created to read:

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6.97 (3) (a) Whenever an elector who votes by provisional ballot under sub. (1) or (2) because the elector does not provide a license or identification card or copy thereof under s. 6.79 (2) or 6.87 (4) later appears at the polling place where the ballot is cast before the closing hour and provides the license or identification card, the inspectors shall remove the elector's ballot from the separate carrier envelope, shall note on the poll list that the elector's provisional ballot is withdrawn, and shall deposit the elector's ballot in the ballot box. If the inspectors have notified the municipal clerk or executive director of the board of election commissioners that the elector's ballot was cast under this section, the inspectors shall notify the clerk or executive director that the elector's provisional ballot is withdrawn.

(c) A ballot cast under this section by an elector for whom a valid license or identification card or copy thereof is required under s. 6.79 (2) or 6.87 (4) shall not be counted unless the municipal clerk or executive director of the board of election commissioners provides timely notification that the elector has provided a valid license or identification card or copy thereof under this section.

Section 26. 6.97 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.97 (4) Whenever a board of canvassers receives timely notification from the municipal clerk or executive director of the board of election commissioners under sub. (3) (b) that an individual who has voted under this section is qualified to vote in the ward or election district where the individual's ballot is cast, the board of canvassers shall promptly reconvene and, if the ballot cast by the individual is otherwise valid, shall count the ballot and adjust the statements, certifications and determinations accordingly. If the municipal clerk or executive director transmits returns of the election to the county clerk or board of election commissioners, the municipal clerk or executive director shall transmit to the county clerk or board of

election commissioners a copy of the amended returns together with all additional ballots counted by each board of canvassers.

SECTION 27. 7.08 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.08 (1) (c) Prescribe forms required by ss. 6.24 (3) and (4), 6.30 (4), 6.33 (1), 6.345, 6.40 (1) (a), 6.47 (1) (am) 2. and (3), 6.55 (2), and 6.86 (2) to (3). All such forms shall contain a statement of the penalty applicable to false or fraudulent registration or voting through use of the form. Forms are not required to be furnished by the board.

SECTION 28. 7.08 (8) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.08 (8) (title) Electors voting without proof of residence or identification or pursuant to court order.

SECTION 29. 7.52 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

7.52 (3) (a) The board of absentee ballot canvassers shall first open the carrier envelope only, and, in such a manner that a member of the public, if he or she desired, could hear, announce the name of the absent elector or the identification serial number of the absent elector if the elector has a confidential listing under s. 6.47 (2). When the board of absentee ballot canvassers finds that the certification has been properly executed and the applicant is a qualified elector of the ward or election district, the board of absentee ballot canvassers shall enter an indication on the poll list next to the applicant's name indicating an absentee ballot is cast by the elector. The board of absentee ballot canvassers shall then open the envelope containing the ballot in a manner so as not to deface or destroy the certification thereon. The board of absentee ballot canvassers shall take out the ballot without unfolding it or permitting it to be unfolded or examined. Unless the ballot is cast under s. 6.95, the board of absentee ballot canvassers shall verify that the ballot has been endorsed by

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the issuing clerk. If the poll list indicates that proof of residence is required and no proof of residence is enclosed or the name or address on the document that is provided is not the same as the name and address shown on the poll list, or if the elector is required to provide a copy of identification under s. 6.87 (4) and no copy of the identification is enclosed or the name on the document cannot be verified by the canvassers, the board of absentee ballot canvassers shall proceed as provided under s. 6.97 (2). The board of absentee ballot canvassers shall mark the poll list number of each elector who casts an absentee ballot on the back of the elector's ballot. The board of absentee ballot canvassers shall then deposit the ballot into the proper ballot box and enter the absent elector's name or poll list number after his or her name on the poll list.

Section 30. 10.02 (3) (form) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.02 (3) (form) (a) Upon entering the polling place and before being permitted to vote, an elector shall state his or her name and address. If an elector is not registered to vote, an elector may register to vote at the polling place serving his or her residence if the elector provides proof of residence or the elector's registration is verified by another elector of the same municipality where the elector resides. If an elector has elected to be subject to an identification requirement under s. 6.345 (1), and any proof of residence provided by the elector does not constitute identification, the elector shall also present a valid Wisconsin operator's license, a valid, current identification card issued to the elector by a U.S. uniformed service, or a valid Wisconsin identification card unless the elector is exempted from this requirement. Where ballots are distributed to electors, the initials of 2 inspectors must appear on the ballot. Upon being permitted to vote, the elector shall retire alone to a voting booth or machine and cast his or her ballot, except that an elector who is a parent or

guardian may be accompanied by the elector's minor child or minor ward. An
election official may inform the elector of the proper manner for casting a vote, but
the official may not in any manner advise or indicate a particular voting choice.
Section 31. Initial applicability.
(1) This act first applies with respect to voting at the 2011 spring primary
election.
Section 32. Effective date.
(1) This act takes effect on January 1, 2011.

(END)