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## **2007 SENATE BILL 165**

April 25, 2007 – Introduced by Senators Hansen, Lassa, Breske, Taylor, Lehman, Erpenbach and Miller, cosponsored by Representatives Sinicki, Soletski, Sheridan, Van Akkeren, Pocan, Grigsby, Vruwink, Pope-Roberts, Travis, Shilling, Berceau, Black, Boyle, Fields, Hintz, Mason, Turner, Sherman, Benedict, Smith, Richards, Zepnick, Garthwaite, Young, A. Williams, Nelson, Steinbrink, Kreuser, Colon, Hubler, Parisi, Seidel, Jorgensen, Toles and Schneider. Referred to Committee on Labor, Elections and Urban Affairs.

AN ACT to create 20.445 (1) (gr), 111.397, 814.75 (28) and 893.995 of the statutes; relating to: authorizing the circuit court to order a person who engages in discrimination in employment to pay compensatory and punitive damages and a surcharge, directing the secretary of workforce development to appoint a committee to study wage disparities between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members, and making an appropriation.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under the current fair employment law, if the Department of Workforce Development (DWD) finds that a person has refused to hire an individual, terminated an individual's employment, or discriminated against an individual in promotion, in compensation, or in terms, conditions, or privileges of employment on the basis of the individual's age, race, creed, color, disability, marital status, sex, national origin, ancestry, arrest or conviction record, membership in the national guard or military reserves, or use or nonuse of a lawful product during nonwork hours, DWD may order the person to take such action as will effectuate the purpose of the fair employment law. That action may include reinstating the employee, providing back pay for not more than two years before the filing of the complaint, and paying costs and attorney fees. Current law, however, does not authorize DWD to

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order the payment of compensatory or punitive damages or any other surcharges or penalties in a case of employment discrimination.

This bill permits a person who has been discriminated against or DWD to bring an action in circuit court to recover damages caused by the act of discrimination. Under the bill, if the circuit court finds that a defendant has committed an act of discrimination, the circuit court must order the defendant to pay to the person discriminated against compensatory and punitive damages in an amount that the circuit court finds appropriate and to pay to the circuit court a surcharge equal to 10 percent of the amount of compensatory and punitive damages ordered. Surcharges collected under the bill must be transmitted to the secretary of administration, deposited into the general fund, and credited to an appropriation account of DWD, which must use those surcharges for the administration of the fair employment law.

The bill also directs the secretary of workforce development (secretary) to appoint a committee to study the issue of wage disparities between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members and to recommend solutions and policy alternatives, including proposed legislation, to eliminate and prevent those wage disparities. The committee must consist of representatives of business and industry, organized labor, and organizations whose objectives include the elimination of wage disparities, and employees of institutions of higher education or research institutions who have experience and expertise in the collection and analysis of data concerning wage disparities. The committee must report its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the secretary by the first day of the 15th month beginning after publication of the bill, and the secretary must submit that report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature and to the governor by the first day of the 16th month beginning after publication of the bill.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 20.445 (1) (gr) of the statutes is created to read:

20.445 (1) (gr) *Employment discrimination surcharges*. All moneys received from surcharges collected under s. 111.397 (1), for the administration of subch. II of ch. 111.

**Section 2.** 111.397 of the statutes is created to read:

111.397 Civil action. (1) A person discriminated against or the department may bring an action in circuit court against an employer, labor organization,

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employment agency, or licensing agency to recover damages caused by a violation of s. 111.321 after the completion of an administrative proceeding, including judicial review, concerning that violation. If the circuit court finds that a defendant has committed a violation of s. 111.321, the circuit court shall order the defendant to pay to the person discriminated against compensatory and punitive damages in an amount that the circuit court finds appropriate and to pay to the court a surcharge equal to 10 percent of the amount of compensatory and punitive damages ordered. except that if the circuit court orders any payment under this subsection because of a violation of s. 111.321 by an individual employed by an employer, the employer of that individual is liable for the payment. The clerk of circuit court shall collect and transmit the amount of any surcharge ordered under this subsection to the county treasurer under s. 59.40 (2) (m). The county treasurer shall then make payment to the secretary of administration under s. 59.25 (3) (f) 2. The secretary of administration shall deposit all moneys received under this subsection into the general fund to be credited to the appropriation account under s. 20.445 (1) (gr).

- (2) An action under sub. (1) shall be commenced within the later of the following periods, or be barred:
- (a) Within 60 days after the completion of an administrative proceeding, including judicial review, concerning the violation.
- (b) Within 2 years after the violation occurred, or the department or person discriminated against should have reasonably known that the violation occurred.
- **Section 3.** 814.75 (28) of the statutes is created to read:
- 23 814.75 (28) The employment discrimination surcharge under s. 111.397 (1).
- **SECTION 4.** 893.995 of the statutes is created to read:

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**893.995** Employment discrimination; civil remedies. Any civil action arising under s. 111.397 is subject to the limitations of s. 111.397 (2).

## **SECTION 5. Nonstatutory provisions.**

- (1) Wage disparity study.
- (a) Definition. In this subsection, "minority group member" has the meaning given in section 560.036 (1) (f) of the statutes.
- (b) *Committee*. By the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph, the secretary of workforce development shall appoint a committee consisting of the members specified in paragraph (c) to study the issues specified in paragraph (d) and report its findings, conclusions, and recommendations as provided in paragraph (e).
  - (c) *Membership*. The committee shall consist of the following members:
- 1. Two members who are representatives of business and industry, who shall be appointed from a list of candidates submitted by an association that represents the interests of businesses and industries in this state.
- 2. Two members who are representatives of organized labor, who shall be appointed from a list of candidates submitted by a labor organization that is chartered by a federation of national or international labor organizations, admits to membership local labor organizations, and exists primarily to carry on educational, legislative, and coordinating activities.
- 3. Two members who are representatives of organizations whose objectives include the elimination of wage disparities between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members and who have undertaken advocacy, educational, or legislative initiatives in pursuit of that objective.

- 4. Three members who are employees of an institution of higher education or a research institution and who have experience and expertise in the collection and analysis of data concerning wage disparities between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members and whose research has been used in efforts to eliminate those disparities.
  - (d) *Study*. The committee shall study all of the following:
- 1. The extent to which wage disparities exist, in both the public and private sectors, between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members.
- 2. The factors that cause, or that tend to cause, those wage disparities, including segregation between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members, both within and across occupations; the payment of lower wages in occupations dominated by women or by minority group members; disparities between men and women in child-rearing responsibilities; and disparities in education and training between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members.
- 3. The consequences of those wage disparities on the economy and on individual families.
- (e) Recommendations. The committee shall recommend solutions and policy alternatives, including proposed legislation, to eliminate and prevent wage disparities between men and women and between minority group members and nonminority group members. By the first day of the 15th month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph, the committee shall report its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the secretary of workforce development who shall submit that report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature in the manner

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provided under section 13.172 (3) of the statutes and to the governor by the first da	ıy
of the 16th month beginning after publication.	

## SECTION 6. Initial applicability.

(1) Employment discrimination damages. The treatment of sections 111.397, 814.75 (28), and 893.995 of the statutes first applies to acts of employment discrimination committed on the effective date of this subsection.

## **SECTION 7. Effective date.**

(1) This act takes effect on the day after publication, or on the 2nd day after publication of the 2007–09 biennial budget act, whichever is later.

10 (END)