## 2007 ASSEMBLY BILL 248

April 10, 2007 - Introduced by Representatives Molepske, Ballweg, Hahn, Berceau, Cullen and Mursau, cosponsored by Senators Lassa and Grothman. Referred to Committee on Corrections and Courts.

AN ACT to amend 757.69 (1) (b) of the statutes; relating to: powers and duties of part-time court commissioners.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law confers upon a part-time or full-time court commissioner many of the same powers and duties of a judge in a criminal case, such as the power to issue a summons or conduct an initial appearance, but only a full-time court commissioner may conduct the preliminary examination and arraignment and, with the consent of both the state and the defendant, accept a guilty plea. This bill allows a part-time court commissioner to conduct the preliminary examination and arraignment and accept a guilty plea.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

## The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 757.69 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
757.69 (1) (b) In criminal matters issue summonses, arrest warrants or search warrants, determine probable cause to support a warrantless arrest, conduct initial appearances of persons arrested, set bail, inform the defendant in accordance with

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s. 970.02 (1), and refer the person to the authority for indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07 (1). A circuit court commissioner employed on a full-time basis may, conduct the preliminary examination and arraignment, and, with the consent of both the state and the defendant, accept a guilty plea. If a court refers a disputed restitution issue under s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4., the circuit court commissioner shall conduct the hearing on the matter in accordance with s. 973.20 (13) (c) 4.
(END)

