Chapter Trans 139

MOTOR VEHICLE TRADE PRACTICES

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Note: Chapter MVD 24 as it existed on December, 31, 1982 was repealed and recreated as chapter Trans 139 effective January 1, 1983.

Trans 139.01 Purpose and scope. (1) STATUTORY AUTHORITY. As authorized by ss. 110.06, 218.0152, and 227.11, Stats., the purpose of this chapter is to establish the department's administrative interpretation of ss. 218.0116 (1) (cm), (e), (gm), (im) 2., (j), and (km), 218.0141, and 218.0146, Stats., relating to motor vehicle trade practices.

(2) APPLICABILITY. This chapter applies to any person applying for or holding a Wisconsin motor vehicle salvage dealer, manufacturer, distributor wholesale auction, dealer or salesperson license.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1982, No. 324, eff. 1–1–83; am. (1), Register, May, 1985, No. 353, eff. 6–1–85; correction in (1) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, December, 1987, No. 384; am. (2), Register, May, 1997, No. 497, eff. 9–1–97; corrections in (1) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register July 2002 No. 559.

Trans 139.02 Definitions. Words and phrases defined in ss. 340.01 and 342.01, Stats., apply to this chapter unless a different definition is specified. In this chapter:

- (1) "Business use" means any motor vehicle owned or leased by either of the following:
 - (a) A company, other than a lessor.
 - (b) An individual and primarily operated for business use.
- (2) "Cash price" means manufacturer's suggested retail price, or dealer asking price, including manufacturer installed options and accessories and manufacturer transportation charges, plus dealer installed options and accessories and additional dealer markup, profit and transportation charges, minus the dollar value of cash discounts.
- **(3)** "Damage" means defects caused by reasons other than normal wear through vehicle age and usage.
- **(4)** "Demonstrator" means any untitled or non-privately titled motor vehicle which was used primarily for the purpose of demonstration to the public.
- **(5)** "Executive" means any untitled or non-privately titled motor vehicle which was used primarily by executives of licensed manufacturers, distributors or dealers and not used for demonstration to the public.
- **(6)** "Insurance service plan" means a repair agreement issued by an insurance company and sold by a dealer.
- **(7)** "Lease use" means any motor vehicle leased for a period of time exceeding 4 months.
- **(8)** "Licensee" means any motor vehicle manufacturer, distributor, dealer, or salesperson, or any combination thereof, licensed by the department.
 - (9) "Manufacturer" includes distributor.
- **(9m)** "Manufacturer recall" means a recall inspection or repair which the manufacturer of a vehicle has been ordered to have performed by the national highway traffic safety administration or which the manufacturer has agreed voluntarily to have performed for safety reasons.
- (10) "Material" means that a reasonable person would attach importance to its existence or a seller knows or had reason to know

that a buyer would regard it as important. A seller has reason to know that information is material if a buyer specifically requests the information.

- (11) "New" means any untitled or non-privately titled motor vehicle of the stated model year which has not been a demonstrator and has not been operated more than 100 miles or more than 500 miles if the vehicle's mileage is disclosed on the purchase contract before the buyer signs the contract.
- (12) "Personal use" means any motor vehicle owned or leased by an individual and primarily operated for personal use.
- (13) "Private retail purchaser" or "retail purchaser" means any purchaser not licensed as a motor vehicle manufacturer, distributor, dealer, or wholesaler.
- **(14)** "Privately titled vehicle" means a vehicle titled by a private individual or any party other than a licensed motor vehicle manufacturer, distributor, or dealer.
 - (15) "Reasonable care" means the following:
- (a) For vehicle inspections, a standard that requires an interior and exterior inspection, an under-hood and under-vehicle inspection, and a test drive. It does not require taking the vehicle apart or running tests unless it is necessary to diagnose apparent symptoms. Brakes may require some disassembly to satisfy the requirements in ch. Trans 305.
- (b) For records inspections, a standard that requires providing information the dealership gets from manufacturer and auction notices, prior owner documents and disclosures, and their own vehicle inspection and repair records. It does not require contacting prior owners or obtaining records of previous titles unless necessary to clarify inconsistent or questionable information that is apparent.
- (16) "Rebuilt salvage" means any repaired vehicle that has ever had a salvage notation on its certificate of title from Wisconsin or another jurisdiction.
- (17) "Rental use" means any motor vehicle rented for a period of time not exceeding 4 months.
- (18) "Sale" includes lease with the option of purchase when the option is exercised.
- **(19)** "Service agreement" means any repair agreement sold by a dealer.
- (20) "Used" means any motor vehicle other than a new motor vehicle and includes executive or demonstrator.
- **(21)** "Water damaged vehicle" means a vehicle that has been materially damaged by being covered, in whole or in part, by water, whether by flood or other occurrence and the damage is less than what is required to meet the definition for branding in s. 342.10 (3) (d), Stats.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1982, No. 324, eff. 1–1–83; am. (intro.), renum. (1) to (9) and (11) to (14) to be (2) to (6), (8), (9), (11), (13), (14) and (18) to (20) and am. (11), cr. (1), (7), (9m), (12), (15) to (17) and (21), r. and recr. (10), Register, May, 1997, No. 497, eff. 9–1–97.

Trans 139.03 Advertising and sales representations. (1) TRUTHFUL. The use of false, deceptive or misleading advertising or representations by any licensee to induce the purchase of a motor vehicle constitutes an unfair practice and is prohibited.

- (2) Factual. (a) Any licensee, making any statement of fact to the public in any advertisement or written statement or representation concerning the motor vehicles it offers for sale, the services it provides or other aspects of its business operation, shall possess detailed evidence of the validity and accuracy thereof, which evidence shall be furnished to the department upon request.
- (b) Terms such as "largest" when referring to dealership size shall be based solely on vehicle sales volume and shall clearly state the basis for the claim, including vehicle make, time period if other than entire prior 12 months and geographic area if other than statewide, in the advertisement. Each vehicle make shall be considered separately in determining new vehicle sales volume.
- (3) DISCLOSURES REQUIRED WHEN ADVERTISING PRICE. When the price of a motor vehicle is advertised by a dealer licensee, or a group of dealer licensees are named in a joint advertisement, the advertised price shall include all charges that shall be paid by the purchaser to acquire ownership of the vehicle with the exception of sales tax, title and registration fees. The advertised price does not need to include the amount of the service fee if the advertisement clearly and conspicuously discloses that the advertised price does not include the optional service fee. In the print media, the disclosure of the amount of the service fee or the disclosure that the advertised price does not include the optional service fee shall be printed in not less than 9-point boldface type or not smaller than the largest typeface within the advertisement. In other advertising media, the disclosure of the amount of service fee or the disclosure that the advertised price does not include the optional service fee should be clearly communicated to the intended audience.
- (b) Use of terms such as "invoice," "cost," or similar terms, when advertising the price of a motor vehicle, and accessories, is an unfair practice and prohibited unless the advertisement discloses the dealer's actual cost is less because there are, or may be, factory holdbacks, rebates, incentives, or other discounts to the dealer, if that is the case.
- (c) Whenever a dealer licensee has a promotion on a used motor vehicle and a sales price is stated in an advertisement, the sales price shall be disclosed on the vehicle during the sales promotion period.
- (4) TRADE-IN ALLOWANCE. No specific price shall be stated in an advertisement as an offer for a trade-in, if the price so stated is contingent upon the condition, model, or age of the prospective purchaser's vehicle to be traded. Use of the phrases "up to," "as much as" or similar phrases regarding a trade-in allowance is an unfair practice and prohibited.
- (5) USED VEHICLE COMPARATIVE SAVINGS. The use of manufacturer suggested retail prices, wholesale or retail dealer pricing guides, or similar price guides to advertise comparative savings for used vehicles other than demonstrators or executives is an unfair practice and prohibited.
- (7) FREE MERCHANDISE. It is unfair practice to use the word "free" or any other word or words of similar import, in any advertising, if receipt of the free merchandise, equipment, accessories or service is conditioned by purchase of a vehicle or related accessories
- **(8)** ESTABLISHING PRICE. Use of phrases such as "write your own deal," "name your own price," "appraise your own vehicle," and similar phrases is an unfair practice and prohibited.
- **(9)** SALES. (a) Use of phrases such as "last of the remaining," "close—out," "final clearance," "clearance," and similar phrases when used in reference to used motor vehicles, other than demonstrator and executive vehicles, is an unfair practice and prohibited, unless the dealer licensee is actually discontinuing business.
- (b) Use of phrases such as "last of the remaining," "close-out," "final clearance," "clearance" and similar phrases when used in reference to demonstrator, executive and new motor vehicles is an unfair practice and prohibited, unless the dealer licensee is not

- replacing the vehicles with similar vehicles of the same model year, or is actually discontinuing business.
- (10) VEHICLE AVAILABILITY. It is an unfair practice for a licensee to advertise motor vehicles or types of motor vehicles for sale unless the licensee has available, for delivery within a reasonable time, a quantity of the advertised vehicles sufficient to meet reasonably anticipated demands, unless the advertisement clearly and specifically discloses any limitations as to the quantity available or time of delivery.
- (11) NAME AND ADDRESS. Dealer and salesperson licensees are prohibited from advertising motor vehicle sales at an address or from listing a phone number or electronic mail address other than that of either the licensed business premises, or temporary locations as authorized by s. Trans 138.08, except that a licensee may list the phone number or electronic mail address of the licensee's home in addition to the business phone number and address on a business card. Advertisements shall include the business name.
- (12) New VEHICLES. Franchised new vehicle dealers, distributors and manufacturers are the only licensees permitted to advertise or sell new vehicles.
- (13) MODEL YEAR AND IF USED. When advertising any motor vehicle, a dealer or salesperson licensee shall state the vehicle's model year and, if the vehicle is of the current or previous model year, shall designate the vehicle as used if that is the fact. Reference to "low mileage," "X-miles," "one-owner," "demonstrator," "executive," or other words of similar meaning shall serve to designate the vehicle as used. If all vehicles in an advertisement are used, one reference to designate that they are used is sufficient.
- (14) EXPIRATION TERMS OF SALES OR PROMOTIONS. Whenever a sale or promotion offering gifts, merchandise, equipment, accessories, service, discounts, price reductions, or cash is advertised, the advertisement shall also specifically disclose the expiration terms or date of the sale or promotion.
- (15) TWO OR MORE DAMAGED VEHICLES. Whenever a promotion or sale involving 2 or more vehicles damaged by the same cause as a result of the same incident is offered by a dealer licensee, all accompanying advertising shall disclose the cause of damage, regardless of the extent of damage.
- (16) FLOOD OR WATER DAMAGED VEHICLES. Whenever a dealer licensee offers, promotes the sale of, or sells a flood or water damaged vehicle, all advertising relating to that vehicle shall disclose that the vehicle has been flood or water damaged. Required disclosure of flood or water damage is limited to that which the dealer could find using reasonable care.
- **History:** Cr. Register, March, 1973, No. 207, eff. 4–1–73; am. (5) and (14), Register, June, 1974, No. 222, eff. 7–1–74; am. (2) (a), r. (2) (b), (3) (a) and (8), renum. (9) and (10) to be (8) and (9), (11) and (15) are renum. (10) and (14) and am., renum. (12), (13), (14), (16) and (17) to be (11), (12), (13), (15) and (16), Register, April, 1977, No. 256, eff. 5–1–77; renum. from MVD 24.02 and am., Register, 1982, No. 324, eff. 1–1–83; am. (3) (a), Register, October, 1983, No. 334, eff. 11–1–83; am. (5), (11) and (16), r. (6), Register, May, 1997, No. 497, eff. 9–1–97; CR 02–028: am. (3) (a), Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8–1–01.
- Trans 139.04 Disclosure of the condition of the motor vehicle. (1) MODEL YEAR DESIGNATION. (a) Changing the model year of a motor vehicle is an unfair practice and prohibited. If no model year is designated, the year of manufacture applies.
- (b) Both the chassis model year when determinable and the finished vehicle model year shall be stated on the Wisconsin buyers guide and the motor vehicle purchase contract if the model year of a motor vehicle chassis is different than the model year of the finished vehicle, as designated by the converter–manufacturer or final stage manufacturer under the provisions of s. Trans 137.06 (5) (a).
- (2) New MOTOR VEHICLE DISCLOSURE. (a) The dealer and salesperson licensees shall disclose to the prospective purchaser of any new motor vehicle when any parts, equipment or accessories originally installed have been removed or replaced by a dealer

licensee prior to sale, if the replacement items are not of equal quality, and shall disclose all dealer installed options or accessories and whether or not warranted. The disclosures shall be in writing on the face of the motor vehicle purchase contract as required by s. Trans 139.05 (2) (f) and (h).

- (b) Prior to delivery of a new motor vehicle, the dealer licensee shall furnish to the purchaser a copy of the predelivery test and inspection report made pursuant to the manufacturer's specifications filed under s. 218.0116 (1) (km), Stats. The manufacturer shall file with the department a copy of any amended delivery and preparation obligations of its dealers at least 30 days prior to adoption of changes.
- (3) NEW MOTOR VEHICLE WINDOW STICKER AND DEALER SUP-PLEMENTAL PRICE LABEL. (a) Manufacturer's suggested retail price labels shall remain affixed to motor vehicles as required by federal law, until sold and delivered to the ultimate purchaser.
- (b) Any additions to or deletions from items contained on the label in par. (a) shall be identified by both description and retail price on a dealer supplemental price label affixed to the motor vehicle in a clear and conspicuous location. Items to be disclosed on dealer supplemental labels include, but are not limited to, dealer installed optional equipment or accessories, products or services performed by the dealer beyond the manufacturer's presale delivery obligations, a service fee as allowed by s. Trans 139.05(8)(a), and final dealer asking price.
- (4) USED MOTOR VEHICLE GENERAL CONDITION DISCLOSURE. Dealer and salespersons shall inform prospective retail purchasers of used motor vehicles in writing before purchase contract execution, in the manner and on the form prescribed in sub. (6). This disclosure shall include all significant existing mechanical, electrical and electronic defects and damage and evidence of repair to strut tower, trunk floor plan, frame or structural portion of unibody, including corrective welds. Disclosure of information shall be that which the licensee can find using reasonable care.
- (5) USED MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS AND DISCLOSURE. (a) Dealer and salespersons shall inform prospective retail purchasers of used motor vehicles in writing before purchase contract execution, in the manner and on the form prescribed in sub. (6). This disclosure shall include whether or not the condition of a vehicle for sale is such that it can be legally operated at all times in accordance with ch. 347, Stats., and ch. Trans 305. Disclosure of information shall be that which the dealer can find using reasonable care.
- (b) If a vehicle is inoperable in such a manner as to make compliance impossible to determine, or if the dealer licensee does not correct all defects which prohibit its legal operation prior to delivery of the vehicle to a retail purchaser, the dealer and salesperson licensee shall:
- 1. Make the following disclosure conspicuously on the face of the motor vehicle purchase contract prior to its execution:

"WARNING!

This vehicle cannot be legally operated on Wisconsin highways and may not be safe."

- 2. Specify for the retail purchaser the defects which are in violation of ch. 347, Stats., and ch. Trans 305 as prescribed in sub. (4) and in this subsection.
- (c) If because of the condition of the vehicle at the time of sale it meets the definition of a junk vehicle or a salvage vehicle, the dealer and salespersons shall make one of the following disclosures conspicuously on the motor vehicle purchase contract prior to its execution:
- 1. If the vehicle is a junk vehicle: "WARNING! Sold as junk vehicle. This vehicle may never be retitled." The dealer shall notate the title as "Junk Vehicle" and forward the title to the department within 10 days after determining that the vehicle is a junk vehicle.

2. If the vehicle is a salvage vehicle and sold with a salvage title: "WARNING! This is a salvage vehicle and cannot be registered for use on Wisconsin highways until it passes an authorized inspection which requires payment of a fee. Title will be issued with a rebuilt salvage brand."

Note: A vehicle previously titled in another jurisdiction as junked, or a substantially similar term as used in that jurisdiction, may not be titled or registered in Wisconsin. s. Trans 149.10 (3).

The Department may not issue a certificate of title for a vehicle if the certificate of title for the vehicle was inscribed by a person other than a state with the word "JUNKED" or any other notation clearly indicating that the vehicle was junked unless the owner provides an affidavit stating that the inscription on the title was entered in error and the vehicle passes an inspection under s. Trans 149.05. The Department may refuse to issue a title for such a vehicle if it concludes that the vehicle was intended to be junked at the time the title was noted as junk. s. Trans 149.09 (3).

Note: Only licensed salvage dealers can sell junk vehicles or parts.

- (6) WISCONSIN BUYERS GUIDE. (a) Except as provided in par. (c), each used motor vehicle displayed or offered for sale by a dealer shall display a guide as prescribed by the department. The guide shall be prepared by an authorized employee of either the dealer, another dealer having the same majority ownership as the dealer, or a predecessor dealer at the same location as the dealer. The guide shall be completed in duplicate and contain the printed names of the vehicle inspector and the records inspector. The original guide shall be signed by the dealer or a salesperson prior to separating the copy for display. The copy shall be displayed within the vehicle, attached to a window except where not possible, and shall be readable from the outside, or attached to motor driven cycles, and it shall become the possession of the purchaser upon delivery. The original shall be signed by the purchaser prior to delivery of the motor vehicle and shall be retained by the dealer for 5 years. The guide shall clearly state in simple and concise lan-
- 1. That the vehicle is used. All material history, prior use and title brands shall be clearly and specifically disclosed, for example, rebuilt salvage, flood or water damaged, transferred to insurer upon payment of claim, manufacturer buyback, personal use, business use, lease use, rental use, demonstrator, executive, taxicab or public transportation, police vehicle, driver-education or government vehicle, or history and use unknown. All title brands that appear on the existing certificate of title for the vehicle or that will appear on the new certificate of title for the vehicle as required by s. 342.10, Stats., shall be disclosed. The title brand disclosures shall also include any other jurisdiction in which the vehicle has been previously titled. If the vehicle has not been previously titled in another jurisdiction, this disclosure shall specify Wisconsin. Disclosure of history and prior use is not limited to those conditions which require title branding. Required disclosure of the history, prior use and title brands is limited to that which the dealer could find using reasonable care.
- 2. The odometer reading at the time the vehicle was obtained by the dealer licensee and a disclosure that either the reading is known to be actual miles, or the reading is not the actual miles, or the reading reflects the amount of mileage in excess of the designed mechanical odometer limit, as corroborated by the prior owner's odometer disclosure statement available and subsequently shown to the purchaser, in accordance with sub. (7). The window sticker or disclosure label shall further disclose that the name and address of the vehicle's prior owner are available upon request.
- 3. The vehicle price, model year, make, model, identification number, color, engine size, when determinable, for example, 350 cubic inches or 3.8 liter and number of cylinders, and type of transmission, for example, automatic or manual and number of forward gears, and drive type, for example, front wheel drive, rear wheel drive or 4–wheel drive.

Note: When engine size is not determinable, insert "NA" on the Guide.

4. The availability or existence of dealer warranties, manufacturer warranties and service contracts in the following language:

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

"WARRANTY

IMPORTANT:

Ask for all promises in writing. Spoken promises are difficult to enforce. Warranty terms may be negotiable. Terms agreed to on the purchase contract are final.

Dealer Warranty Manufacturer Warranty ☐ AS IS – No Warranty ☐ Expired Dealer disclaims all warran-☐ Not known ties including implied war-☐ Cancelled due to salvage ranties of merchantability or other vehicle history. and fitness for a particular ☐ Remaining vehicle mfr purpose. warranty - Call the mfr or ☐ Limited Warranty refer to warranty booklet for Refer to separate warranty details. document for coverages and exclusions. Term: Expiration: (months) (date) (miles) (miles) whichever comes first whichever comes first Percent of retail repair costs Deductible to be paid by buyer \$ to be paid by buyer _ Deductible to be paid by Transfer fee to be paid by buyer \$ buyer \$ Pay to: Mfr Dealer

Vehicle Service Contract may be available for purchase. Ask for price, deductibles, coverages, exclusions and cancellability."

5. The inspection disclosures required in subs. (4) and (5). Unless otherwise agreed to in the purchase contract, the inspection disclosures shall neither create any warranties, express or implied, nor affect warranty coverage provided for in the purchase contract. However, it is an unfair practice for a dealer to not remedy an item improperly reported on the guide that the dealer could have found using reasonable care if the buyer has notified the dealer within a reasonable time after the buyer discovered or should have discovered the improperly reported item and the vehicle is made available to the dealership. The dealer shall reasonably remedy or make a good faith effort to reasonably remedy an item improperly reported within 30 days of the buyer's notification.

Note: The form prescribed by the Department is the Wisconsin Buyers Guide. A copy of this form is available, at no charge, from the Division of Motor Vehicles, Dealer Section, located in Madison, Wisconsin.

- (b) The Wisconsin buyers guide required by par. (a) shall also include the following information:
- 1. All equipment requirements as required by ch. Trans 305 shall be maintained in proper working condition for the vehicle to be operated legally on Wisconsin highways.
- 2. Any important consumer information the department identifies as useful to the prospective purchaser, including the department's administrative code authority, address and phone number.
- 3. Written explanations of any detected problems reported in the general condition or equipment requirements areas.
- (c) The written disclosures required by pars. (a) and (b) shall not apply to:
- 1. A used motor vehicle prior to being displayed or offered for sale, providing a written statement "Not inspected for sale" is conspicuously displayed on each vehicle.

- A demonstrator or executive vehicle until removed from executive or demonstrator service and displayed or offered for sale on the sales lot.
- 3. A used motor vehicle which is operated between point of wholesale or point of purchase and the licensee's business premises by the licensee or agent if a valid dealer registration plate is affixed to the vehicle.
- 4. A used motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 16,000 pounds or a motor vehicle which is or has in the past been registered in Wisconsin or another jurisdiction at a gross weight exceeding 16,000 pounds. This exclusion does not apply to motor homes.
- 5. A junk vehicle with a written statement, "This is a junk vehicle", conspicuously displayed.
- 6. An unrepaired salvage vehicle with a written statement, "This is a salvage vehicle", conspicuously displayed.
- 7. A vehicle being sold to a lessee of the vehicle or the lessee's agent or employee who operated the vehicle while under lease.
- (7) MILEAGE DISCLOSURE. Unless exempted from the odometer disclosure statement requirements under s. Trans 154.05, for every motor vehicle offered for sale by a dealer licensee, the dealer licensee shall:
- (a) Establish and maintain for 5 years those mileage and odometer disclosure records specified in s. Trans 154.12. The records shall be maintained and made available in a manner prescribed under s. Trans 154.12.
- (b) Show to each prospective purchaser, prior to sale, all odometer disclosure records or true and legible copies of such records relating to a vehicle since last titled, including the current title and all prior owner odometer disclosure statements.

Note: A dealer may show a prospective buyer a copy of both sides of a title document instead of the original if the prospective buyer is shown the original document when requested prior to execution of a purchase contract.

- (c) Upon transfer of motor vehicle, disclose the odometer reading to the purchaser in a manner and form as prescribed under s. Trans 154.04.
- **(8)** WHOLESALE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS. Sellers in wholesale transactions shall make the disclosures required in s. Trans 139.04 (6) (a) 1. to wholesale purchasers of motor vehicles in writing before purchase.

Note: Sellers include licensed wholesale auctions which are required to collect and pass along the information from the seller to the buyer. Wholesale auctions are responsible for disclosing vehicles owned by dealers, manufacturers or distributors in other jurisdictions.

- **(9)** Manufacturer recalls. Before delivering to a retail purchaser any used vehicle of a line make for which the dealer holds a franchise, the dealer shall do all of the following that are applicable:
- (a) Determine from the vehicle's manufacturer whether or not the vehicle is the subject of any unperformed manufacturer recalls.
- (b) If the vehicle is the subject of any unperformed manufacturer recalls for which the manufacturer will reimburse the dealer for performing, perform all such recalls or agree in writing to perform such recalls at a time convenient to the customer not later than 20 days after delivery, unless the unavailability of parts or other circumstances beyond the control of the dealer prevents performance within that time.
- (c) Disclose in writing to the purchaser any unperformed manufacturer recalls with regard to the vehicle that have been disclosed to the dealer upon inquiry of the manufacturer.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1973, No. 207, eff. 4–1–73; r. and recr. (4) and (7); am. (6) (a) 2., Register, June 1974, No. 222, eff. 7–1–74; r. and recr. (5), Register, June, 1974, No. 222, eff. 10–1–74; am. (4) (intro.), (4) (f), (5) (a) and (6) (a) 1., renum. (5) (b) to be (5) (c), cr. (5) (b), am. (6) (a) 1., renum. (6) (c) to be (6) (d) and am., cr. (6) (c), renum. (7) to be (8) and cr. (7), Register, April, 1977, No. 256, eff. 5–1–77; renum. from MVD 24.03 and am., Register, December, 1982, No. 324, eff. 1–1–83; am. (6) (a) (intro.), Register, October, 1983, No. 334, eff. 11–1–83; am. (5) (b) and (c) 3., r. (5) (c), renum. (5) (d) to be (5) (c), Register, May, 1985, No. 353, eff. 6–1–85; am. (6) (a) 4. and (b), Register, May, 1986, No. 365, eff. 6–1–86; am. (6) (a)

Manufacturer Warranty

(intro.) and 2., r. and recr. (7), Register, January, 1996, No. 481, eff. 2–1–96; corrections in (5) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, August, 1996, No. 488; am. (1) (b), (4), (5) (a), (b) 2., (6) (a) (intro.), 1., 3. and (7) (b), r. and recr. (5) (c), (6) (a) 4. and (b), r. (6) (a) 5., renum. (6) (a) 6. to be (6) (a) 5. and am., cr. (6) (c) 4. to 7., (8) and (9), Register, May, 1997, No. 497, eff. 9–1–97; correction in (2) (b) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register July 2002 No. 559, CR 02–028: am. (3) (b), Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8–1–02.

Trans 139.05 Motor vehicle purchase contract. (1) USAGE. All dealer and salesperson licensees shall furnish retail purchasers with a copy of a document clearly entitled "Motor Vehicle Purchase Contract" that clearly notifies the prospective retail purchaser on its face that the purchaser is making an offer to purchase that shall become a binding motor vehicle purchase contract if accepted by the dealer licensee, that the dealer licensee shall accept or reject the offer within 2 working hours or the offer is automatically voided and that the offeror may rescind the offer unless and until accepted by the dealer licensee. Until acceptance or rejection of the offer, the licensee shall be prohib-

ited from selling the vehicle to any other party.

- (a) An exact copy of the motor vehicle offer to purchase shall be provided to the purchaser at the time the offer is signed by the purchaser except in the case where the offer has not left the presence of the purchaser and is accepted by the dealer licensee in the presence of the purchaser. In addition, whenever a motor vehicle offer to purchase is signed and accepted by a dealer licensee, becoming a binding motor vehicle purchase contract, an exact copy of the purchase contract shall be provided to the purchaser. Any changes to the offer to purchase after signing by the purchaser, or to the purchase contract subsequent to dealer acceptance, shall be notated and initialed by all parties on all copies.
- (b) A motor vehicle offer to purchase or purchase contract shall be executed whenever the dealer licensee accepts a down payment, deposit or title for trade—in unit from a prospective retail purchaser.
- (2) CONTRACT FACE REQUIREMENTS. A contract or offer to purchase shall, on its face:
- (a) Clearly identify the names and addresses of the dealer licensee and purchaser.
- (b) Describe both the motor vehicle purchased and the trade-in vehicle by year, make, model, identification number and specify whether the purchased vehicle is new, used, or executive or demonstrator.
 - (c) State the date and time each necessary signature is affixed.
- (d) Include the salesperson's name and license number in an area other than where signed by the purchaser and dealer or authorized representative.
- (e) Specify an anticipated delivery date on the face of the contract and state further in bold face type next to the anticipated delivery date that: "REGARDLESS OF REASON, IF THE VEHICLE ORDERED BY THE PURCHASER IS NOT AVAIL-ABLE FOR DELIVERY WITHIN 15 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER ANTICIPATED DELIVERY DATE, THE PUR-CHASER MAY CANCEL THIS ORDER AND SHALL WITHIN ONE BUSINESS DAY, RECEIVE A FULL REFUND OF ANY DOWN PAYMENT AND RETURN OF TRADE-IN VEHICLE, OR TITLE FOR TRADE-IN VEHICLE, OR BOTH. IF THE TRADE-IN IS NOT AVAILABLE, THE PURCHASER SHALL RECEIVE THE TRADE-IN ALLOWANCE. UNLESS DELIVERY DATE IS OTHERWISE QUALIFIED ON THE PURCHASE CONTRACT BY THE PURCHASER, IF THE ORDERED VEHICLE BECOMES AVAILABLE FOR DELIV-ERY PRIOR TO THE STATED ANTICIPATED DELIVERY DATE, THE DEALER LICENSEE MAY REQUIRE ACCEPT-ANCE NOT LESS THAN 21 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER HAV-ING NOTIFIED THE PURCHASER OF AVAILABILITY OF DELIVERY AND MAY SUBSEQUENTLY VOID THE CON-TRACT IF THE PURCHASER REFUSES TO TAKE DELIV-ERY, IN WHICH CASE NO PENALTY SHALL BE ASSESSED BY THE DEALER LICENSEE FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE OF

DELIVERY PRIOR TO THE STATED ANTICIPATED DELIV-ERY DATE." Notification of availability of delivery and penalty for non-acceptance by the dealer licensee to the purchaser shall be by registered or certified mail, return receipt required.

(f) Reference all warranties and service contracts in the following language:

"WARRANTY INFORMATION"

Check applicable boxes. Refer to separate document for coverages and exclusions.

Dealer Warranty

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☐ AS IS – No Warranty Dealer disclaims all warranties including implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. ☐ Limited Warranty Refer to separate warranty document for coverages and exclusions.	 □ New Vehicle Warranty □ Expired □ Not known □ Cancelled due to salvage or other vehicle history. □ Remaining vehicle mfr warranty – Call the mfr or refer to warranty booklet for details. 	
Term:	Expiration:	
(months)	(date)	
(miles)	(miles)	
(miles) whichever comes first	whichever comes first	
Percent of retail repair costs to be paid by You%	Deductible to be paid by You \$	
Deductible to be paid by You \$	Transfer fee to be paid by You \$	
	Pay to:	
ervice Agreement Information		
Service Agreement		
Term: (months) (miles), whichever comes first.		
Percent of retail repair costs to be paid by You:%		
Deductible to be paid by You \$		

- (g) Reference price due on delivery and the known components of that price, including but not limited to, cash price, sales tax, license and title fees, downpayment, trade—in allowance, and a service fee as allowed by s. Trans 139.05(8)(a). Rebates shall be referenced separately by dollar amount and assignment.
- (h) Specify all disclosures required in s. Trans 139.04 (1) (b), (2) (a), and (5) (b).
- (i) Make specific reference to any penalty which may be assessed to the purchaser for non-acceptance of the vehicle. The penalty shall not exceed 5% of the cash price as provided by s. 218.0141, Stats.
- (j) Clearly state whether or not the contract is subject to the purchaser obtaining acceptable financing through the dealer or at the creditor of the purchaser's choice and how long the purchaser has to obtain financing. If the purchaser is unable to obtain acceptable financing, the purchaser may cancel the contract and shall, within one business day, receive a full refund of any down-payment, and return of trade—in vehicle, or title for trade—in vehicle, or both, and no penalty shall be assessed. If the trade—in vehicle is not available, the purchaser shall receive the trade—in allowance.
- (k) Specify all other separately negotiated conditions of sale not stated elsewhere on the contract.

A. 🗌

- (3) RETURN OF DEPOSIT MONIES OR TRADE-IN TITLE. Any down payment, deposit, or title shall be returned to the prospective retail purchaser within 2 working hours from the time the offer to purchase was made if the offer to purchase is not accepted by the dealer licensee. If the prospective purchaser is not present or available during the 2 hour period, those items shall be returned in person or mailed during the following business day.
- (4) MOTOR VEHICLE PRICE PROTECTION. A motor vehicle manufacturer, importer or distributor which accepts dealer orders placed on behalf of private retail purchasers shall furnish dealer licensees with price lists upon which retail motor vehicle purchase contracts may be executed. Price lists shall set forth the base prices of the various models along with the prices of all optional equipment, accessories and destination or transportation charges. The prices set forth in the price lists shall remain in effect until receipt by the dealer licensees of written official price change notification which shall contain the specific dollar amounts of increases or revised prices applicable to the various models, optional equipment, accessories and destination or transportation charges.
- (a) Price increases imposed by these motor vehicle manufacturers, importers or distributors, are prohibited on those vehicles for which dealers had orders written with private retail purchasers prior to the dealer's receipt of the written official price change notification
- (b) A motor vehicle purchase contract signed by a private retail purchaser and accepted by a dealer licensee shall constitute evidence of an existing order written with a private retail purchaser.
- (c) Price increases in instances cited in sub. (5) (b) and (c) 1. shall not be subject to the provisions of this subsection.
- (5) MOTOR VEHICLE PRICE CHANGES. A motor vehicle manufacturer, importer or distributor which has adopted a formal policy of not accepting dealer orders placed on behalf of private retail purchasers shall notify franchised dealer licensees and the department of that fact in writing. If the policy is not clearly set forth to franchised dealer licensees, price increases imposed by the motor vehicle manufacturer, importer or distributor are prohibited on those vehicles for which dealers had orders written with private retail purchasers prior to the dealer's receipt of the official price change notification referred to in sub. (4).
- (a) In the event of motor vehicle manufacturer, importer or distributor price reduction the amount of any reduction received by a dealer licensee shall be passed on to the private retail purchaser by the dealer if the retail price was negotiated on the basis of the previous higher price to the dealer.
- (b) Price increases in the following instances shall not be subject to the price protection and price change provisions of sub. (4) and this subsection:
- The addition of new equipment as required by state or federal law.
- 2. In the case of foreign make vehicles, revaluation of the U.S. dollar by the U.S. government.
 - 3. State or federal tax rate changes.
- (c) Any increase in price to a retail purchaser after the dealer has accepted an offer to purchase from the purchaser is an unfair practice and prohibited except as follows:
- 1. Motor vehicle dealer licensees who accept offers to purchase from private retail purchasers for new vehicles not yet in the dealer's inventory shall, in the following statement to be completed on the purchase contract, check box A where the manufacturer, importer or distributor has a formal policy of not accepting retail orders as described in this subsection, or where the manufacturer's suggested retail price of an ordered vehicle of the upcoming model year is unknown; or check box B where the manufacturer's suggested retail price is unknown as in the case of a newly introduced model: "

 Order—out vehicle not price protected. (Check A or B)

er's suggested retail price increa	ses before venicle delivery, the
final cash price shall be the curre	ent contract cash price, plus the
increase in the manufacturer's su	ggested retail price adjusted by
% discount or	% markup of said increase
B. ☐ Price of newly introdu	iced model currently unknown
The final cash price shall be the	total of the manufacturer's sug
gested retail price upon delivery	y plus the price of any deale
installed options set forth in this c	contract with% dis
count subtracted from or	% markun added to the

Current model year price known. If the manufactur-

However, if the final cash price of either A or B exceeds, the purchaser may cancel the contract without penalty. Also the dealer is not obligated to deliver unless the purchaser agrees to pay the final cash price."

- 2. A trade-in vehicle may be reappraised if it suffers damage as defined by s. Trans 139.02 (2), or parts or accessories have been removed after purchase contract execution. Reappraisal by the dealer licensee shall be limited to an amount equal to the retail repair costs of damages incurred, or to the value of parts or accessories removed. Reappraisal for mileage/kilometers is not allowed unless the dealer has stated on the contract that "The appraisal is based on an odometer reading of up to _____ miles/kilometers, and the trade-in vehicle may be reappraised if it exceeds this limit."
- **(6)** Damage disclosure. On any new vehicle or demonstrator or executive vehicle, any corrected damage exceeding 6% of the manufacturer's suggested retail price, as measured by retail repair costs, and all uncorrected damage shall be disclosed in writing to the purchaser prior to delivery. Damage to glass, tires, or bumpers is excluded from the 6% rule when replaced by identical manufacturer's original equipment.
- (7) ORDER LIMITATIONS. It is an unfair practice and prohibited for a dealer licensee to execute a purchase contract for a vehicle or type of motor vehicle unless the dealer licensee reasonably expects to have the ordered vehicle available for delivery by the anticipated delivery date.
- (8) Service fees. (a) A dealer may assess a purchaser or lessee an additional service fee for completing any sales—related or lease—related vehicle inspection or forms which are required by law or rule if the dealer has made full disclosure of the service fee to the prospective retail customer. The service fee may not be increased after this disclosure but may be reduced. Dealers that choose to charge a purchaser or lessee a service fee shall include the following disclosure on the purchase or lease contract: "A service fee is not required by law, but may be charged to motor vehicle purchasers or lessees for services related to compliance with state and federal laws, verifications and public safety, and must be reasonable." Upon request from a purchaser, the selling dealer shall provide a written disclosure of the services included in this service fee. The Department reserves the right to audit fees to determine whether they are reasonable.
- (b) A dealer licensee who has contracted with the department in accordance with the provisions of s. 341.21, Stats., may charge a purchaser a fee in the amount contained in the contract for the dealer's services relating to the processing or distribution of an original or renewal registration or a certificate of title.
- **(9)** WAIVER. The use of a motor vehicle purchase contract which requires the purchaser to waive any claims the purchaser may have for breach of contract by the licensee is an unfair practice and prohibited.
- (10) ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES. The motor vehicle purchase contract shall clearly state "Motor vehicle dealer sales are governed by ch. 218, Stats., and ch. Trans 139 administered by the Motor Vehicle Dealer License Section, Wisconsin Department of Transportation, P.O. Box 7909, Madison, Wisconsin 53707."

- (11) CONTRACT PROHIBITED. A purchase contract for a used motor vehicle shall not be executed with the retail purchaser until the vehicle has been inspected and findings disclosed as required by s. Trans 139.04 (4) and (5).
- (12) ORDER CHANGES. A dealer licensee shall notify a retail purchaser of any information changing the order or delivery of a vehicle, such as a change in options, equipment, price, or anticipated assembly and delivery date. Notification shall be within 3 business days from the date the dealer receives the information.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1973, No. 207, eff. 4–1–73; am. (1), (3) (e) and (4); r. and recr. (6); cr. (9), Register, June, 1974, No. 222, eff. 7–1–74; am. (7), r. (8), renum. (9) to be (8) and am., cr. (9), Register, April, 1977, No. 256, eff. 5–1–77; renum. from MVD 24.04 and am., Register, December, 1982, No. 324, eff. 1–1–83; emerg. am. (5) (c) 1., eff. 7–22–83; am. (5) (c) 1., Register, May, 1985, No. 353, eff. 6–1–85; renum. (8) to be (8) (a) and am., cr. (8) (b), Register, January, 1997, No. 493, eff. 2–1–97; r. and recr. (2) (f), am. (10) (intro.) and (a), r. (10) (b) to (d), Register, May, 1997, No. 497, eff. 9–1–97; correction in (2) (i) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register July 2002 No. 559; CR 02–028: am. (2) (g) and (8) (a), Register July 2002 No. 559, eff. 8–1–02.

Trans 139.06 Warranties. For the purpose of this chapter, service agreements are not considered warranties, but for the purposes of disclosure and performance as provided in subs. (1) through (7) and in sub. (10) the term"warranty" shall include service agreements.

- (1) CONTENTS. If a sale of a motor vehicle by a licensee is made subject to a warranty, the warranty shall be in writing and shall be provided to the purchaser at the time of delivery of the vehicle and shall include the following items:
- (a) Clear identification of the names and addresses of the warrantors.
- (b) Clear identification of the purchaser to whom the warranty is extended.
- (c) Parts covered. Use of the terms "power train" or "drive train" to describe parts or systems covered is prohibited.
 - (d) Exceptions and exclusions from the terms of the warranty.
- (e) A statement of what the warrantor shall do in the event of a defect or malfunction, at whose expense and for what period of time.
- (f) A statement of what the purchaser shall do and expenses the purchaser shall bear.
- (g) The procedure the purchaser should take in order to obtain performance of any obligation under the warranty, including the identification of any class of persons authorized to perform the obligations set forth in the warranty.
- (2) DISCLOSURE. The elements of the warranty shall be stated in words or phrases which clearly disclose the nature or scope of the warranty.
- (3) IMPLIED WARRANTY. No implied warranty of merchantability or fitness shall be excluded in the sale of a motor vehicle unless the sale is explicitly negotiated between the purchaser and dealer licensee on an "AS IS—NO WARRANTY" basis and is in conformity with s. Trans 139.04 (6) (a) 5. No implied warranty of merchantability or fitness shall be modified or limited, except that implied warranties may be limited to the duration of a written limited warranty of reasonable duration.
- (4) ADVERTISING. Warranties shall not be advertised unless the basic terms and conditions of the warranty are disclosed in the advertisement.
- (5) WITHOUT CHARGE. The use of the words "without charge" and other similar words or phrases in connection with the warrantor's services or responsibilities under a warranty constitutes an unfair practice and is prohibited unless the warrantor does not assess any costs or charges in connection with the required repair or replacement of a warranted item or services.
- **(6)** EXTENDED WARRANTY. If a valid warranty claim made during the warranty period, as evidenced by a dealer repair order indicating date and mileage, cannot be remedied until after expiration

- of the warranty period, the warrantor shall continue to be obligated for the claim until properly remedied.
- (7) REPLACEMENT PARTS. Parts repaired or replaced by a dealer licensee on a new vehicle which was received from the manufacturer or distributor in a damaged condition shall carry the same warranty as the original parts, provided the parts are approved for use by the vehicle manufacturer or distributor for repair or replacement.
- (8) Warranty reimbursement. (a) Manufacturers shall reimburse dealers for warranty repairs at the dealer's effective labor rate charged all customers as required by s. 218.0116 (1) (km), Stats., and at a reasonable allowance for parts replaced. Manufacturers shall notify dealers of the acceptance or denial of a warranty claim within 30 days of receipt of the claim, and shall make payment to the dealer within 30 days of acceptance of the claim, except for instances beyond the manufacturer's control.
- (b) The "effective labor rate charged all customers" by the dealer is determined by dividing the total non-warranty charges by the total non-warranty repair hours billed by the dealership for each class of repairs for same make vehicles during the same period.
- (c) Manufacturers may audit a dealer's non-warranty repair records for various classes of repairs for same make vehicles to determine the "effective labor rate charged all customers." In the event an audit by the manufacturer reveals an actual labor rate at variance with the labor rate established by the dealer, any liability of the dealer to the manufacturer is limited to the period of time covered by the audit.
 - (d) Manufacturers may not:
- 1. Audit dealer repair records written more than 2 years prior to the audit, unless there is evidence of criminal fraud.
- 2. Require the dealer to perform geographic or other surveys of hourly labor rates charged or received by other dealers.
- (e) The same labor time computations shall be used, for example, Chilton's, the manufacturer's guidelines, straight time averages, for both warranty and non-warranty repairs for same make vehicles. Same make vehicles which are being compared for labor time computations may be up to 5 years old or have been driven up to 50,000 miles.
- (f) Manufacturers shall increase a dealer's warranty labor reimbursement rate not later than 30 days following a dealer's notifying the manufacturer of a repair labor rate increase, unless an audit discloses the dealer's claimed labor rate is not the "effective labor rate charged all customers."
- **(9)** Warranty labor reimbursement complaints. Any department determination or licensing action based on a warranty labor complaint shall be based upon the information submitted to the department by the parties involved. The department shall not be required to conduct any on–site investigations or informational hearings.
- (10) WARRANTOR BASIC OBLIGATION. It is an unfair practice and prohibited for a warrantor to fail to service or repair a motor vehicle in accordance with the terms and conditions of the warranty or service agreement.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1973, No. 207, eff. 4–1–73; cr. (9), Register, June, 1974, No. 222, eff. 7–1–74; renum. MVD 24.06 (2) to be MVD 24.05 (10), Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1–1–76; am. (3), Register, April, 1977, No. 256, eff. 5–1–77; renum. from MVD 24.05 and am., Register, December, 1982, No. 324, eff. 1–1–83; am. (1) (c), Register, May, 1986, No. 365, eff. 6–1–86; correction in (3) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register, May, 1997, No. 497; correction in (8) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register July 2002 No. 559.

Trans 139.07 Waiver. Waiver of any requirements of this chapter, except as specifically provided for in this chapter, is prohibited and void.

History: Cr. Register, March, 1973, No. 207, eff. 4–1–73; renum. from MVD 24.07 to MVD 24.06, Register, December, 1975, No. 240, eff. 1–1–76; renum. from MVD 24.06 and am., Register, December, 1982, No. 324, eff. 1–1–83.