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Chapter Tax 2

INCOME TAXATION, RETURNS, RECORDS AND GROSS INCOME

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Tax 2.01 Residence. (s. 71.01, Stats.) Individuals claiming a change of residence, i.e., domicile, from Wisconsin to another state shall file form I-827, "Residence Questionnaire", with the Wisconsin department of revenue by attaching it to their Wisconsin income tax return for the year they claim to have changed residence, and shall furnish other information the department may require.

Note: Form I-827 may be obtained from the department at 4638 University Avenue, Madison, or from any other department of revenue office located throughout the state, or by mail request to Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8903, Madison, Wisconsin 53708.

History: 1-2-56; r. (1); renum. (2) to be (1); renum. (3) to be (2) and am., Register, September, 1964, No. 105, eff. 10-1-64; am. Register, February, 1975, No. 230, eff. 3-1-75; r. (1), renum. (2) and am., Register, July, 1987, No. 379, eff. 8-1-87.

- Tax 2.02 Reciprocity. (s. 71.03(2)(c), Stats.) (1)GENERAL. (a) In this rule, "residence" and "resident" are synonymous with "domicile" and "domiciliary", respectively, except when referring to the reciprocity agreement with Illinois. A person may be a resident of Illinois while domiciled in Wisconsin or a person may be domiciled in Illinois but not be a resident of Illinois. The Illinois Income Tax Act defines a resident as "an individual (i) who is in this state for other than a temporary or transitory purpose during the taxable year; or (ii) who is domiciled in this state but is absent from the state for a temporary or transitory purpose during the taxable year".
- (b) Income earned by a nonresident individual for performing personal services in Wisconsin shall be excluded from Wisconsin gross income to the extent the individual's state of residence imposes an income tax on such personal service income if that state allows:
- 1. A similar exclusion for personal service income earned by individuals domiciled in Wisconsin while working in that state; or

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- (c) Income tax paid to a county, city, village, town or foreign country.
- (4) How to claim a credit. The amount of income tax credit claimed shall be entered on the line entitled "Net income tax paid to other states" on Wisconsin income tax return form 1. The credit shall not exceed the Wisconsin net tax. To verify the credit claimed, the following information shall be attached to Form 1 or 1A in the following situations:
- (a) If the credit is based entirely on tax withheld and a refund is due from the other state, attach a copy of the wage statement and that state's income tax return.
- (b) If there is a tax due on the other state's return or if estimated tax payments were made to that state, attach proof of payment of such amounts along with a copy of the wage statement and that state's income tax return. Proof of payment is not required to be attached to Form 1 or 1A if either the tax due or estimated tax payments do not exceed \$50.
- (5) YEAR IN WHICH TO CLAIM INCOME TAX CREDIT. The credit for income tax paid to another state shall be claimed on the Wisconsin return for the year in which the out-of-state income is considered taxable Wisconsin income.

Note: An example of the time for claiming the credit referred to in sub. (5) of s. Tax 2.955 follows:

A Wisconsin resident receives income of \$4,000 in 1980 from rental property located in Iowa. The person files a 1980 declaration of estimated tax of \$200 with Iowa, with \$150 of declaration payments being made in 1980 and the fourth quarter payment of \$50 being made in January 1981. The Iowa income of \$4,000 is reported as income on the 1980 Iowa and Wisconsin returns. The 1980 Iowa income tax return shows the following:

	1980 Iowa Return
Iowa Rental Income	\$ <u>4,000</u>
Iowa Net Tax (amount to be claimed as a credit on 1975 Wisconsin return)	\$ 185
Declaration Payments	\$ <u>200</u>
Refund	\$ <u>15</u>

The taxpayer may claim a "Credit for net income tax paid to other states" of \$185 on the 1980 Wisconsin return, even though a part of such tax was paid in 1981.

History: Cr. Register, December, 1978, No. 276, eff. 1-1-79; am. (4) (b), Register, January, 1981, No. 301, eff. 2-1-81; r. (2) (a) and (b), (3) (b), am. (2) (c), (3) (d) and (4), renum. (3) (c) to be (3) (b), r. and recr. (5), Register, September, 1983, No. 333, eff. 10-1-83.

Tax 2.96 Extension of time to file corporation franchise or income tax returns. (s. 71.10 (5) (a), Stats.) (1) GENERAL. Corporation franchise or income tax returns, forms 4 and 5, are due on or before the 15th day of \$2/28/88 the 3rd month following the close of a corporation's taxable year unless an extension of time for filing has been granted. The returns may be filed within the same extension period allowed for filing corresponding federal income tax returns under the internal revenue code. In the alternative, a corporation may obtain an extension from the department for a period not to exceed 30 days, or not to exceed 6 months in the case of a cooperative filing a return or a domestic international sales corporation, if the extension is requested prior to the original due date of the return.

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- (2) PROCEDURE. (a) The 30-day or 6-month extension from department. A request for a 30-day or 6-month extension, Form IC-830, from the department shall be filed in duplicate by the taxpayer prior to the original due date of the tax return. A payment submitted with the extension request will be acknowledged on the copy of the extension request which is returned to the taxpayer.
- (b) The 3-month federal extension. 1. A copy of federal extension Form 7004 shall be attached to a Wisconsin franchise or income tax return filed under the federal automatic 3-month extension provision for the Wisconsin return to be considered timely filed.
- 2. A taxpayer using a federal extension who desires to minimize interest charges during the extension period may pay any estimated tax liability on or before the 15th day of the 3rd month following the taxable year. This may be done by attaching a remittance either to an amended "Wisconsin Declaration of Estimated Corporation Franchise or Income Tax" form or to a copy of the federal extension (Form 7004) and mailing them to the department of revenue.
- (c) Additional federal extensions. If an additional extension of time has been granted by the internal revenue service, a copy of both sides of the extension, Form 7005, showing the action and signature of the district director, shall be attached to the Wisconsin franchise or income tax return for that return to be considered timely filed.
- (d) Federal termination or refusal to grant extension. If the internal revenue service terminates or refuses to grant an extension, the corresponding Wisconsin franchise or income tax return shall be filed on or before the date of termination fixed by the internal revenue service.
- (3) INTEREST CHARGES AND LATE FILING FEES. (a) Any additional tax due with the complete return which is not paid by the original due date is subject to interest at 12% per year during the extension period and 1½% per month from the end of the extension period until the date of payment.
- (b) Any required installments of estimated tax unpaid as of the original due date of the return are subject to interest at 1½% per month until paid regardless of any extensions granted for filing the return.
- $\left(c\right)$ A corporation return filed after the extension period is subject to a \$10 late filing fee.
- (4) Consolidated returns. Because Wisconsin does not permit the filing of consolidated returns, a copy of the automatic federal extension, form 7004, and any additional federal extension, form 7005, shall be attached to the Wisconsin franchise or income tax return of each member of an affiliated group filing a Wisconsin tax return.
- (5) DOMESTIC INTERNATIONAL SALES CORPORATIONS. Since a Domestic International Sales Corporation's (DISC's) federal annual information return, Form 1120 DISC, is not due for federal purposes until the 15th day of the 9th month following the end of the taxable year and the DISC's Wisconsin return, Form 4 or 5, is due on or before the 15th day of the 3rd month following the end of the taxable year, a federal extension for a DISC cannot apply to the Wisconsin return. If a complete Wisconsin return cannot be filed by the due date, the corporation may obtain an