

income, franchise, gift or sales and use tax; the taxable period (s); the taxpayer's social security number, if available, in the case of returns relating to individuals; and a statement indicating that the district attorney requesting such examination understands the provisions of ss. 77.11 (44) and 77.61 (5) that any persons who use or permit the use of any information directly or indirectly so obtained beyond the duties imposed upon them by law or by the duties of their office shall be deemed in violation of said subsections.

(5) No information may be divulged to employes of this state under ss. 77.11 (44) (c)7, or 77.61 (5) (b)8 unless the following requirements are first complied with:

(a) The public officer of the department, division, bureau, board or commission of this state must specify in writing the purpose for each requested examination, the statutory or other authority showing the duties of the office, the relation of such purpose to the duties of the office, and the name, address and title of the employe of this state authorized to examine returns. Further, such person must provide evidence that he or she is a "public officer" under the constitution and the statutes.

(b) With each requested examination under paragraph (a) there must also be submitted in writing the following: name and address of each taxpayer whose return is requested; type of tax return, such as income, franchise, gift or sales and use tax; the taxable period (s); the taxpayer's social security number, if available, in the case of returns relating to individuals; and a statement indicating that the public officer and employe of this state authorized to examine returns understand the provisions of ss. 77.11 (44) and 77.61 (5) that any persons who use or permit the use of any information directly or indirectly so obtained beyond the duties imposed upon them by law or by the duties of their office shall be deemed in violation of said subsections.

(c) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b), the department of revenue must deem the examination necessary for the employe to perform his or her duties under contracts or agreements between the department of revenue and the department, division, bureau, board or commission of this state relating to the administration of tax laws or child support enforcement under s. 46.25.

(6) The department may, when satisfied that the restrictions imposed by ss. 77.11 (44) and 77.61 (5) will be adequately safeguarded and a beneficial tax purpose is demonstrated, enter into agreements with governmental officials whereby information is disclosed or exchanged. In such instances the requirements of this rule may be modified in the discretion of the department.

(7) The information required to be submitted to the department under subsections (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) shall be submitted on forms provided by the department and shall be open to inspection by the public for a period of 2 years from the date such information is filed with the department. If a public officer, the attorney general, or a district attorney responsible for enforcement of the criminal laws, in the statement required under subsection (1) (a), 3(a), 4(b) or 5(a) declares that a return is being examined for the purpose of a criminal investigation, the department shall accept that declaration as prima facie evidence of the fact that making such knowledge public would result in harm to the public interest which outweighs any benefit that would result from making

it public, and the department shall not make such knowledge public for a period of 30 days from date of filing the statement.

(8) A public officer, for purposes of this rule, is any person appointed or elected according to law, who has continuous duties, has taken an oath of office and who is responsible for the exercise of some portion of the sovereign power of this state, or of the sovereign power of another state or of the United States, in which the public has a concern. One, but not the sole, indicium of responsibility for exercising the sovereign power is the authority to make final policy with regard to those duties of a public officer requiring access to tax files under this rule.

(9) Section 71.11 (44) (a) and (c) to (h) and this rule apply to all information obtained from any person on an inheritance or estate tax return filed under subchs. II and III of ch. 72, Stats., and to any reports, schedules, exhibits, writings, audit reports or other documents pertaining to the tax return.

History: Cr. Register, August, 1975, No. 236, eff. 9-1-75; am. (4) and cr. (5), Register, January, 1976, No. 241, eff. 2-1-76; am. (1) (intro.) and (a) and (2), r. (1) (b), renum. (1) (c) to be (1) (b) and am., renum. (3) to (5) to be (6) to (8) and am. (7) and (8), cr. (3) to (6), Register, January, 1979, No. 277, eff. 2-1-79; cr. (9), Register, March, 1979, No. 279, eff. 4-1-79.

Tax 1.13 Power of attorney. (ss. 71.11 (44) (c)5 and 71.61 (5) (b) 5a, Stats.) (1) **POWER OF ATTORNEY REQUIREMENT.** (a) A power of attorney or other written authorization executed by the taxpayer shall be required by the Wisconsin department of revenue for the taxpayer's representative, on behalf of the taxpayer, to:

1. Inspect confidential information (e.g., tax returns and audit reports).
2. Receive notices, communications and correspondence containing confidential information.
3. Represent the taxpayer at conferences.
4. Execute a waiver to extend the statutory period for assessment or collection of a tax.
5. Execute any other waivers or agreements in behalf of the taxpayer.

(b) The power of attorney requirement applies to income, franchise, withholding, gift, sales and use tax matters of individuals, partnerships and corporations and homestead credit matters.

(2) **EXCEPTIONS.** (a) A power of attorney is not required for a taxpayer's representative to inspect confidential information or to represent the taxpayer at conferences, if the representative is accompanied by the taxpayer or, if a corporation, by an officer or authorized employe of the corporation.

(b) Generally a power of attorney is not required in the case of a trustee, receiver, guardian, personal representative or special administrator of an estate, or a representative appointed by a court.

(3) **FILING OF POWER OF ATTORNEY.** (a) One power of attorney form shall be filed with the Wisconsin department of revenue, with one additional copy for each additional tax matter. For example, if a power of attorney covers 2 tax matters, (e.g., income tax and sales tax), 2 power of attorney forms shall be filed.

Register, March, 1979, No. 279

(b) One power of attorney form shall be filed in each office of the department in which the taxpayer's representative, in connection with the matter under consideration, intends performing one or more of the acts enumerated in sub. (1).

(4) FORM OF POWER OF ATTORNEY. (a) Power of attorney forms are available from any Wisconsin department of revenue office. The Wisconsin form (Form A-222) is similar to the federal power of attorney form (Form 2848).

(b) Use of the Wisconsin power of attorney form is not mandatory. However, the department prefers that this form or another similar form be used. The form shall clearly express the scope of the authority granted the taxpayer's representative, the Wisconsin tax matters (e.g., income, sales, or gift tax) covered and the tax year or period to which it relates.

Note: A supply of forms may be obtained from the department at 4638 University Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53708 or by mail request to P.O. Box 8903, Madison, Wisconsin 53708.

History: Cr. Register, February, 1978, No. 266, eff. 3-1-78.