

WHEREAS, This last action, according to National Commander Louis A. Johnson of the American Legion, will add to the many thousands of disabled veterans who have been cut off from all disability aid, six thousand more veterans who are employed in the field offices of the Veterans' Administration, plus many more disabled veterans who have been getting lodging and a small wage for light work at hospitals and veterans' homes; and

WHEREAS, In the soldiers' bonus act of 1924, the United States Government promised the men who served this country during the World War, at a wage of one dollar per day, that the pecuniary losses which they sustained through this service would be partially compensated; but this debt, due and owing now for nine years, still remains unpaid; and

WHEREAS, Under the leadership of President Roosevelt the country is now embarking on a policy of stimulating business recovery through the expansion of the currency; and

WHEREAS, Immediate payment of the soldiers' bonus in cash would not only save many veterans whose disability allowances have been taken from them from becoming public charges, but would fall in line with the President's policy of expanding the currency and would stimulate the revival of business activity; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That the Legislature of Wisconsin hereby respectfully memorializes the Congress of the United States to enact legislation for the immediate payment in cash of the soldiers' bonus promised to veterans in 1924, such payment to be made in new currency, which through this method will come into general circulation. Be it further

Resolved, That properly attested copies of this resolution be sent to both houses of the Congress of the United States and to each Wisconsin member thereof.

[Jt. Res. No. 95, A.]

[Deposited May 25, 1933.]

No. 74, 1933.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Relating to federal regulations governing the moisture content of American cheese.

WHEREAS, This legislature has passed a law increasing the maximum moisture content of American cheese from thirty-eight

per cent to thirty-nine per cent, with a tolerance of one per cent ; and

WHEREAS, This increase in the maximum moisture content of American cheese is desirable because it answers a distinct consumer demand and will put the producers of natural cheese on an equality with the producers of process cheese ; and

WHEREAS, Wisconsin produces considerably more than one-half of all of the American cheese produced in the United States ; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That the legislature of Wisconsin respectfully memorializes the Secretary of Agriculture to modify the regulations governing the shipment of cheese in interstate commerce to permit of a moisture content of thirty-nine per cent in American cheese, with a tolerance of one per cent. Be it further

Resolved, That properly attested copies of this resolution be transmitted to Hon. Henry Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, and to Dr. Walter G. Campbell, Chief of the Food and Drug Administration of the Department of Agriculture.

[Jt. Res. No. 105, A.]

[Deposited May 25, 1933.]

No. 75, 1933.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Memorializing the Congress of the United States to pass H. J. Resolution No. 155 by Congressman O'Malley, authorizing Congress to conscript property as well as persons in time of war.

WHEREAS, Congressman Thomas O'Malley of this state has introduced H. J. Resolution No. 155 which proposes to amend the Constitution of the United States to authorize Congress in time of war to conscript both persons and property, but permitting Congress to conscript persons only if at the same time it also conscripts property ; and

WHEREAS, In past wars, while persons have been conscripted property has never been subject to conscription, and the Constitution as it now stands does not permit property to be taken even in war time without full compensation and in accordance with due process of law ; and