

treasurer shall pay the same out of the general fund. A separate suit need not be filed for each separate payment made by any taxpayer, but a recovery may be had in one suit for as many payments as may have been made, and which are not barred by the limitation of one year herein imposed.

SECTION 2. APPROPRIATION OF RECEIPTS UNTIL JULY 1, 1933, FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES. (1) All moneys paid into the state treasury prior to July 1, 1933, from the emergency occupational tax on fermented malt beverages are appropriated to the emergency board to be allotted as the board may determine to school districts and cities operating under the city school plan which are in such financial distress that they cannot complete the present school year without assistance from the state.

(2) The emergency board is hereby empowered to refund to the state treasurer a sufficient amount of the emergency tax collected to reimburse said treasurer for the expenses incurred in the collection of said tax upon the application of the state treasurer. The state treasurer is empowered to hire any necessary employes for the collection of said emergency occupational tax without compliance with the provisions of chapter 16 of the statutes.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved April 3, 1933.

No. 61, S.]

[Published April 7, 1933.

CHAPTER 60.

AN ACT to create subsection (1m) and to amend subsection (1) of section 256.28 of the statutes, relating to admission to the bar. *The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. A new subsection is added to section 256.28 of the statutes to read: (256.28) (1m) It shall be the duty of the clerk of the supreme court of the state of Wisconsin and he is required within thirty days from the passage of this act to compile a record of all law schools in this state, which are approved by the council of the American bar association on legal education and admission to the bar, together with the date of such approval, and those that are not approved; and such record so compiled shall constitute an official record of the supreme court, and proof of the

fact that the law schools therein stated as approved by the council of the American bar association on legal education and admissions to the bar were so approved and at the times therein stated, and that no further proof need be furnished by any resident graduate to said supreme court upon presentation of his diploma for admission to practice law in all courts of the state of Wisconsin by said supreme court as set forth in subsection (1) of this section.

SECTION 2. Subsection (1) of section 256.28 of the statutes is amended to read: (256.28) (1) Any resident graduate of * * * any law school in this state * * * *which law school was or is at the time of his graduation approved by the council of legal education and admission to the bar of the American bar association, as shown by the records of the clerk of the supreme court, shall be admitted to practice in all the courts of this state by the supreme court upon the production of his diploma, although such diploma may have been issued prior to the passage of this act, and may be so admitted when such court is not in session, by one of the justices thereof upon the production of * * * his diploma so issued as aforesaid, by an order signed by such justice and filed with the clerk of said court.*

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved April 6, 1933.

No. 187, S.]

[Published April 8, 1933.

CHAPTER 61.

AN ACT to create paragraph (e) of subsection (7) of section 67.05 of the statutes, relating to the issuance of bonds by villages.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. A new paragraph is added to subsection (7) of section 67.05 of the statutes to be numbered and to read: (67.05) (7) (e) An initial resolution adopted by the governing body of a village for an issue of bonds to create a revolving fund out of which to advance the cost of any work for which special assessments may be levied, in anticipation of the collection by the village treasurer of the special assessments, special improvement certificates and improvement bonds, made or issued for the cost thereof,