

No. 89, S.]

[Published May 13, 1933.]

**CHAPTER 116.**

AN ACT to amend section 14 of chapter 23, laws of 1895, as amended, relating to the salaries of the judge, reporter and clerk of the western municipal court of Waukesha county.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 14 of chapter 23, laws of 1895, as last amended by chapter 58, laws of 1927, is amended to read: (Chapter 23, Laws of 1895) Section 14. The salary of the judge of said municipal court shall be the sum of \* \* \* *two thousand four* hundred dollars per annum, to be paid as follows: Three-fourths of the same to be paid out of the county treasury of Waukesha county, and one-fourth to be paid out of the treasury of the city of Oconomowoc, to be paid monthly at the end of each month, out of said county and city treasuries respectively. The salary of the clerk of said court shall be \* \* \* *twelve* hundred dollars per annum, to be paid in like manner and in like proportions as the salary of the judge; which said salaries shall be in full for all services rendered by said judge and clerk of said municipal court. \* \* \* The said court is authorized to tax and collect fees as follows: For all services rendered by said court in civil and criminal actions when exercising the powers of a justice of the peace, the fees allowed to justices of the peace, except as hereinafter provided. For hearing and deciding any motion, fifty cents each; for issuing each venire, fifty cents; for making and recording all necessary orders, fifty cents each; for receiving and recording verdict of the jury, fifty cents; taking and approving bail, fifty cents; each commitment, fifty cents; drawing jury in every case, fifty cents; for services of clerk, one dollar in each criminal case, and one dollar in each civil case; and the same shall be paid as other costs in civil or criminal cases are paid; and the said clerk shall pay the same into the county and city treasuries, to apply on the salary of the judge and clerk as follows: All costs imposed and collected in bastardy and criminal cases, arising under the laws of the state, shall be paid into the county treasury, and all costs imposed and collected in cases arising under the charter and ordinances of any city or village, shall be paid into the treasury of the city or village under whose charter, by-laws or or-

dinances said case arose, and all costs collected in civil cases shall be paid as follows: Three-fourths of the same into the county treasury of Waukesha county, and one-fourth into the treasury of the city of Oconomowoc. The clerk of said court shall keep an accurate statement of all such costs thus collected, and file the same in the county clerk's office at the end of each month under his hand and the seal of said court; and shall, at the same time, pay over all such moneys as provided for in this act.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 1933.

Approved May 11, 1933.

No. 268, S.]

[Published May 13, 1933.]

### CHAPTER 117.

AN ACT to create section 241.135 of the statutes, relating to the foreclosure of chattel mortgages.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. A new section is added to the statutes to read: 241.135 AN EMERGENCY EXISTS; FORECLOSURE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGES. (1) It is declared that the provisions of this section are made necessary by a public emergency growing out of the present financial and economic conditions resulting, among other things, in numerous foreclosures of chattel mortgages and other instruments intended as security on personal property of the farmer, which condition endangers agriculture, the basic industry of the state, and seriously affects so many of our citizens as to imperil the public welfare, health and morals and the peace and security of the people of the state.

(2) No private or public sale of any live stock, machinery, grain, feed, growing crops or other equipment or produce of any farmer taken by virtue of any chattel mortgage, lease, or other instrument intended as security, except instruments covered by chapter 122, shall be made until at least twenty days notice of such sale shall have first been given to the mortgagor, his personal representatives, or his assigns, by registered mail addressed to his last known address.

(3) Such notice shall contain prominently displayed a statement in substantially the following form: You are further notified that you have twenty days from the receipt of this notice