

districts in such manner as they deem best calculated to promote the interests of the schools.

The board shall also have the power, subject to the powers and regulations of the city service commission, to employ all janitors necessary in the schoolhouses of their city and to fix their compensation, but the principal of each school shall be custodian of all buildings and rooms over which he presides and shall have the general supervision over the same, and shall direct the janitor thereof in relation to the keeping and care of such buildings and rooms.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved March 17, 1921.

No. 25, S.]

[Published March 22, 1921.

CHAPTER 35.

AN ACT to amend and repeal certain sections of the statutes affecting the jurisdiction and duties of the Industrial Commission.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 2394—47 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 2. Subsection (1) of section 2394—52 of the statutes is amended to read:

(Section 2394—52) (1) To employ, promote and remove deputies, clerks and other assistants as needed, to fix their compensation, and to assign to them their duties; and to appoint advisors who shall, without compensation, assist the industrial commission in the execution of its duties * * *.

SECTION 3. Section 2394—54 of the statutes is amended to read:

POWERS AND DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF LABOR CONFERRED ON COMMISSION. Section 2394—54. 1. All duties, liabilities, authority, powers and privileges heretofore or hereafter conferred and imposed by law upon the commissioner of labor and industrial statistics, deputy commissioner of labor and industrial statistics, factory inspector, woman factory inspector and assistant factory inspectors, * * * are hereby imposed and conferred upon the industrial commission and its deputies.

2. All laws relating or referring to the commissioner of labor and industrial statistics, and the deputy commissioner of labor and industrial statistics, except those laws relating or referring to their appointment and qualification and to their membership or service on the industrial accident board, and all laws relating or referring to the factory inspector, the woman factory inspector and assistant factory inspectors, * * * shall apply to and be deemed to relate and refer to the industrial commission, so far as the said laws are applicable.

SECTION 4. Section 1636—135 of the statutes is amended to read:

ENFORCEMENT. Section 1636—135. It shall be the duty of the * * * *industrial commission* to enforce the provisions of sections 1636—131 to 1636—135, inclusive, provided, that nothing therein contained shall be construed to authorize such * * * *industrial commission* to select or compel the adoption of any particular or special safety device, and that the question of the reasonable safety of any such device used by any manufacturer shall be subject to judicial determination.

SECTION 5. Section 1636—139 of the statutes is amended to read:

COMPLAINT. Section 1636—139. Upon complaint to the *industrial commission* * * * it shall be * * * *its* duty to enforce the provisions of sections 1636—136 to 1636—139, inclusive.

SECTION 6. Section 1636—71 of the statutes is amended to read:

APPLICATION TO MANUFACTURING IN DWELLING, ETC.; INSPECTION; LICENSE WHAT TO CONTAIN; SALE OF ARTICLES PROHIBITED, UNLESS. Section 1636—71. No room or apartment in any tenement or dwelling house, or in a building situated in the rear of any tenement or dwelling house, shall be used for the purpose of manufacturing, altering, repairing or finishing therein, for wages or for sale, any coats, vests, knee pants, trousers, overalls, cloaks, hats, caps, suspenders, jerseys, blouses, dresses, waists, waistbands, underwear, neckwear, knit goods of all kinds, furs, fur trimmings, fur garments, skirts, shirts, purses, feathers, cigarettes, cigars, or umbrellas, unless a license is secured therefor as provided in this * * * *section*. Application for such a license shall be made to the * * * *industrial commission* by any family or a mem-

ber thereof or any person, firm or corporation, desiring to manufacture, alter, repair or finish any such articles in any room or apartment in any tenement or dwelling house, or by any person, firm or corporation, desiring to perform such work in any building in the rear of any tenement or dwelling house. Such application shall describe the room or apartment, shall specify the number of persons to be employed therein, and shall be in such form as the * * * *industrial commission* may determine. Blank applications shall be prepared and furnished by the * * * *industrial commission*. Before any such license is granted, an inspection of the room, apartment or building sought to be licensed, must be made by the * * * *industrial commission*. If the * * * *industrial commission* ascertains that such room, apartment or building is in a clean and proper sanitary condition, and that the articles specified in this section may be manufactured therein under clean and healthful condition, * * * it shall grant a license permitting the use of such room, apartment or building for the purpose of manufacturing, altering, repairing or finishing such articles. Each license shall state the maximum number of persons who may be employed in the room or rooms to which such license relates. The number of persons to be so employed shall be determined by the number of cubic feet of air space contained in each room or apartment mentioned in such license, allowing not less than two hundred and fifty cubic feet for each person employed between the hours of six o'clock in the morning and six o'clock in the evening, and unless by a special written permit of the * * * *industrial commission*, not less than four hundred cubic feet for each person employed therein between the hours of six in the evening and six in the morning, but no such permit shall be issued unless such room or apartment has suitable light at all times during such hours, while such persons are employed therein. Such license must be posted in a conspicuous place in the room or apartment to which it relates. It may be revoked by the * * * *industrial commission*, if the health of the community or the employes requires it, or if it appears that the rooms or apartments, to which such license relates, are not in a healthy and proper sanitary condition. Every room or apartment in which any of the articles named in this section are manufactured, altered, repaired or finished, shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition and shall be subject to inspection and examination by the * * * *industrial commis-*

sion, for the purpose of ascertaining whether said garments or articles or any part or parts thereof are clean and free from vermin and every matter of infectious or contagious nature. No person, firm or corporation shall hire, employ or contract with any member of a family or any person, firm or corporation not holding a license therefor, to manufacture, alter, repair or finish any of the articles named in this section in any room or apartment in any tenement or dwelling house or in any room or apartment in any building, situated in the rear of a tenement or dwelling house as aforesaid; and no person, firm or corporation shall receive, handle or convey to others or sell, hold in stock or expose for sale, any goods mentioned in this section unless made under the sanitary conditions and in accordance with this * * * *section*. This section shall not prevent the employment of a tailor or seamstress by any person or family for the purpose of making, altering, repairing or finishing any article of wearing apparel for such person or for family use.

SECTION 7. Section 1636—72 of the statutes is amended to read:

REVOCATION OF LICENSE; APPEAL TO BOARD OF HEALTH. Section 1636—72. Whenever the * * * *industrial commission* in * * * *its* judgment revokes or refuses to grant a license to any person or persons because of the unhealthy or insanitary conditions in or surrounding the place where any of the aforesaid goods are or are to be manufactured, the person or persons aggrieved by such decision may appeal to the board of health of such city, village or town wherein said license was refused or revoked. The board of health after receiving a written notice of the appeal from the person or persons aggrieved, shall immediately investigate the conditions and surroundings of the place wherein any of the goods are or are to be manufactured as mentioned in the aforesaid, and if they find that a license can be granted without injuring or impairing the public health, then such finding shall be immediately reported in writing to the * * * *industrial commission*, who shall thereupon grant such license.

SECTION 8. Section 1636—73 of the statutes is amended to read:

POWER OF INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION AS TO SANITARY CONDITIONS. Section 1636—73. The *industrial commission* * * * may when * * * *it* deems it neces-

sary, require that all rooms or apartments used for the purpose of manufacturing, altering, repairing or finishing therein, any of the aforesaid goods or articles as mentioned in section 1636—71, shall be separate from and have no door, window or other opening into any living or sleeping room of any tenement or dwelling, and that no such rooms or apartments shall be used at any time for sleeping purposes and shall contain no bed, bedding or cooking utensils. * * * *It may further require or direct a separate outside entrance to the room or apartment where the work is carried on, and if such work is carried on above the first floor, then there may be directed a separate and distinct stairway leading thereto, and every such room or apartment shall be well and sufficiently lighted, heated and ventilated by ordinary, or if necessary, by mechanical appliance. * * * It may also require suitable closet arrangements for each sex employed as follows: Where there are ten or more persons and three or more to the number of twenty are of either sex, a separate and distinct water-closet, either inside the building with adequate plumbing connections or on the outside, at least twenty feet from the building, shall be provided for each sex. When the number employed is more than twenty-five of either sex, there shall be provided an additional water-closet for such sex up to the number of fifty persons, and above that number in the same ratio, and all such closets shall be kept strictly and exclusively for the use of the employes * * * and employers. All closets shall be regularly disinfected and the * * * industrial commission may require all other necessary changes or any process of cleaning, painting or white-washing which * * * it may deem necessary, before the issuing of the license.*

SECTION 9. Section 1636—74 of the statutes is amended to read:

MANUFACTURER TO KEEP REGISTER OF WORK GIVEN OUT. Section 1636—74. Any person, firm or corporation by themselves or by their agents or managers, contracting for the manufacturing, altering, repairing or finishing of any of the articles mentioned in section 1636—71, or giving out material from which they or any part of them are to be manufactured, altered, repaired or finished, shall keep a register of the names and addresses, plainly written in English, of the persons to whom such articles or material are given to be so manufactured, altered, repaired or finished or with whom they have contracted to do the

same. Such register shall be subject to inspection on demand, by the * * * *industrial commission*, and a copy thereof shall be furnished at * * * *its* request.

SECTION 10. Section 1636—75 of the statutes is amended to read:

PROCEEDINGS ON DISCOVERY OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASE. Section 1636—75. If the *industrial commission* * * * finds that infectious or contagious diseases exist in a workshop, room or apartment of a tenement or dwelling house or of a building in the rear thereof, in which any of the articles specified in section 1636—71 are being manufactured, altered, repaired or finished, or that articles manufactured or in process of manufacture therein are infected, or that goods used therein are unfit for use, * * * *it* shall report to the local board of health, and such board shall issue such order as the public health may require. Such board may condemn and destroy all such infectious articles manufactured or in the process of manufacture under unclean or unhealthful conditions.

SECTION 11. Section 1636—76 of the statutes is amended to read:

OWNER OF BUILDING, ETC., NOT TO PERMIT UNLAWFUL MANUFACTURE IN; PENALTY. Section 1636—76. The owner, lessee or agent of a tenement or dwelling house or of a building in the rear of a tenement or dwelling house shall not permit the use thereof for the manufacture, repair, alteration or finishing of any of the articles mentioned in sections 1636—71 to 1636—77, inclusive, contrary to the provisions of said sections. If a room or apartment in such tenement or dwelling house or in a building in the rear of a tenement or dwelling house be so unlawfully used, the * * * *industrial commission* shall serve a notice thereof upon such owner, lessee or agent. Unless such owner, lessee or agent shall cause such unlawful manufacture to be discontinued within thirty days after the service of such notice, or within fifteen days thereafter institutes and faithfully prosecutes proceedings for the dispossession of the occupant of a tenement or dwelling house or of a building in the rear of a tenement or dwelling house who unlawfully manufactures, repairs, alters or finishes such articles in any room or apartment therein, he shall be deemed guilty of a violation of said sections as if he himself was engaged in such unlawful manufacture, repair, alteration or finishing.

SECTION 12. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved March 18, 1921.

No. 71, S.]

[Published March 22, 1921.

CHAPTER 36.

AN ACT to amend section 9 of chapter 564 of the laws of 1907, relating to the county court of Fond du Lac county.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 9 of chapter 564 of the laws of 1907 is amended to read: (Ch. 564, laws 1907) Section 9. The person appointed as such clerk may also, in the discretion of said county judge, be appointed phonographic reporter of said county court, as provided by chapter 147, laws of 1903, and in which case he shall, in addition to the compensation hereinbefore provided, also receive the compensation as provided for in said chapter 147, laws of 1903. *The said county judge may, with the approval of the county board of said county of Fond du Lac, appoint a competent clerk in his said office in addition to the register in probate, and in addition to the clerk already provided for in sections 1 and 5. Such additional clerk shall perform such work and render such service in said office as may be required of him by said judge, and shall receive a suitable compensation, to be fixed by said county board and paid out of the county treasury monthly in the same manner as salaries of the county officers are paid.*

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved March 18, 1921.

No. 84, S.]

[Published March 22, 1921.

CHAPTER 37.

AN ACT to amend subsection (2) of section 29.31 of the statutes, relating to dip nets in inland waters.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Subsection (2) of section 29.31 of the statutes is amended to read: (Section 29.31) (2) Dip nets not exceeding eight feet in diameter with meshes of not less than three inches may be used for taking, catching or killing rough fish in the