

[Jt. Res. No. 30, S.]

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 29.

Relating to the death and public services of Honorable Lyman Wellington Thayer.

WHEREAS, In the death of Lyman Wellington Thayer, Ripon has lost one of its most valued and most respected citizens, who had been a life long resident of Wisconsin. He was born at Wausau, October 30, 1854, and was educated in the Wausau common schools and Jones' Commercial College at St. Louis, Missouri. He moved in 1886 from Wausau to Ripon, where he spent the remainder of his life. He was honored with the confidence of his neighbors and acquaintances to an unusual degree. He was many times elected chairman of the town of Ripon, and was at one time chairman of the county board of supervisors of Fond du Lac county. He was elected to the assembly in 1892, and to the state senate in 1894 to fill an unexpired term. He was reelected to the senate, where he was honored first by being appointed as chairman of the joint committee on apportionment, and later by being elected president pro tempore of the senate for two successive sessions. His public services did not cease with his retirement from the legislature. He was later mayor of Ripon; and he remained one of Ripon's most honored citizens until his death, which was a distinct loss not only to his family but to his city and his state as well. Therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That this legislature express its appreciation of the public services of Honorable Lyman Wellington Thayer and its sympathetic recognition of the loss to his state and to his community occasioned by his death. Be it further

Resolved, That this resolution be spread upon the journals of this day, and that copies thereof, suitably engrossed and duly attested, be transmitted to the city clerk of the city of Ripon and to the family of Mr. Thayer.

[Jt. Res. No. 34, S.]

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 30.

Relating to the death of Honorable Ole Christopher Lee.

Ole C. Lee, a member of the legislature of Wisconsin in 1895 and for forty years a prominent figure in the civic affairs of his community, peacefully went to his eternal sleep on Tuesday, February 11, 1919. In his death this state has lost a true citizen, one of those who have contributed so much to the upbuilding of this commonwealth. From his community have passed the in-

fluence and inspiration of a modest, unassuming, sincere gentleman, who won and held the respect and esteem of his business associates and his fellow townsmen. His was a life of upright and conscientious devotion to public affairs, of firm and lasting friendships, of honorable dealings with his fellowmen. Such a life can ill be spared, yet leaves its lasting impress for good upon all whom it has touched.

Ole C. Lee was born in Norway on September 27, 1847. He came to this country in 1850 and in 1852 to Wisconsin where he had since made his home. He received his education at the academies in Albion, Marshall and Waterloo, and came to Stoughton in Dane county in 1879. He was the first clerk of the city in 1882 and served in that office till 1887 except for one year. He was mayor of the city in 1888 and member of the county board of supervisors from 1889 to 1893. In 1894 he was elected to the assembly.

For nearly thirty years he had been a member of the city school board, the greater part of that time as president of the board.

Straightforward and true, the memory of his real worth will long be cherished by his fellows; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, That this expression by this legislature of respect for his memory and of sympathetic appreciation of his services to this state and to his community be entered upon the journals of this day and that copies thereof, suitably engrossed and duly attested, be transmitted to the family of Mr. Lee and to the city clerk of the city of Stoughton.

[Jt. Res. No. 36, S.]

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 31.

Commending the Wisconsin National Guard for its conspicuous part in the World War.

WHEREAS, in the world war just brought to a victorious end, the Wisconsin National Guard, incorporated in the Thirty Second and Forty Second Army Divisions, were among the first American troops to land in France and confront the German enemy, and

WHEREAS, in Alsace, and in the advance from the Oureq to the Vesle, at Soissons, at St. Mihiel, in the Argonne Forest, and the advance to Sedan and the Meuse, in fact in every major operation and victory of the American Army in France, these two Divisions had glorious and vital part, and