

*exceed five hundred dollars; for a graded school of either class or a junior high school in which special instruction in agriculture * * * and other industrial subjects, as may be prescribed by the state superintendent, shall have been offered and presented in an efficient manner by a competent teacher and approved by the state superintendent, an additional one hundred dollars. Provided a district receiving aid on account of a junior high school may also receive aid for a state graded school if such school shall have been maintained in accordance with the provisions of the statutes and requirements of the state superintendent.*

(d) If the aggregate of the amounts so certified does not exceed this appropriation the secretary of state shall draw his warrants for the several amounts so certified; otherwise he shall deduct from each amount an equal proportion so as to reduce the aggregate to this appropriation, and draw his several warrants for such reduced amounts.

(e) There is hereby levied an annual state tax sufficient to cover the warrants drawn pursuant to paragraph (d).

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 18, 1919.

No. 684, A.]

[Published July 24, 1919.

CHAPTER 603.

AN ACT to create section 40.675 of the statutes, relating to the powers of school boards in cities of the second and third classes. *The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. A new section is added to the statutes to read: 40.675 (1) The board of directors, school board, school commissioners, or board of education of each city of the second or third class, however organized, shall establish and organize so many public schools as may be necessary for the accommodation of the children of the city entitled by constitution and laws of the state to instruction therein. The selection of sites for school buildings and adoption of plans for the erection of school buildings shall be determined by the board of school directors, or other governing school body. The schoolhouses now erected and the lots on which they are situated and the lots now or hereafter purchased for school purposes and the schoolhouses thereon erected shall be the property of the city. No lot shall be purchased or leased, nor shall any schoolhouse be erected without resolution duly passed by the board of school directors. Deeds of convey-

ance and leases shall be made to the city. The said board may establish and define from time to time the boundaries of all common and high school districts in such manner as they may deem best calculated to promote the interests of the schools. The board shall employ all engineer janitors necessary in the school-houses of their city and fix their compensation. The principal of each school, unless some other person is designated by the school board, shall be custodian of all buildings and rooms occupied by the school over which he presides and shall have the general supervision over the same and shall direct the janitor thereof in relation to the keeping and care of such buildings and rooms.

(2) All laws or parts of laws conflicting with any of the provisions of this section are repealed in so far as they are inconsistent therewith.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 18, 1919.

No. 615, S.]

[Published July 24, 1919.

CHAPTER 604.

AN ACT to submit to the people an amendment to the constitution.

WHEREAS, At the biennial session of the legislature of Wisconsin in the year 1917, an amendment to the constitution was proposed by joint resolution No. 74, A. and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That section 6, article VII, and section 7, article VII, of the constitution, be amended to read: (Article VII) Section 6. The legislature may alter the limits, *decrease* or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding them by county lines; but no such alteration, *decrease* or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this constitution and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be chosen by the qualified electors thereof one *or more* circuit judges, * * * as the legislature may, from time to time, authorize. * * * Every circuit judge shall reside in the circuit from which he is elected, and shall hold his office for such term and receive such compensation as the legislature shall prescribe;” and