

39.32 Any state license or state certificate may be revoked by the state superintendent for incompetency or immoral conduct on the part of the holder thereof, but before any such revocation the holder shall be served with a written statement of the charges against him and shall have an opportunity for defense.

39.325 The validity of licenses and certificates issued prior to September 1, 1919, shall in no way be affected by the provisions of this act except as provided in section 39.32.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect September 1, 1919.

Approved July 18, 1919.

No. 448, S.]

[Published July 24, 1919.

CHAPTER 602.

AN ACT to create section 40.635 and amend subsection (2) of 20.26 of the statutes, relating to junior high schools, and making an appropriation.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. A new section is added to the statutes to be numbered and to read: 40.635 (1) High school as used in this section is defined as a distinct organization composed of not less than four successive grades, the highest of which is twelfth grade. Junior high school as used in this section is defined as a distinct organization composed of grades seven to nine, or seven to ten inclusive. Senior high school as used in this section is defined as a distinct organization composed of grades ten to twelve inclusive.

(2) Any district maintaining a district free high school, a union free high school, or a graded school in which five or more teachers are employed may establish and maintain one or more junior high schools in the manner hereinafter provided. The laws relating to district and union free high schools shall govern in the establishment and maintenance of junior high schools in so far as such laws are applicable except as hereinafter provided.

(3) (a) No junior high school shall be organized in a district where the aggregate enrollment of pupils in the seventh and eighth grades for the preceding year shall have been less than forty.

(b) A junior high school organized in a district maintaining a district or union free high school or the equivalent thereof shall be composed only of grades seven to nine inclusive.

(c) A junior high school shall employ at least three teachers,

one of whom shall be qualified to teach manual training or agriculture and one of whom shall be qualified to teach domestic science.

(4) (a) No general or special state aid shall be granted to a junior high school maintained in a district containing a senior high school, a district or union free high school, or the equivalent thereof, except that for the purposes of determining the amount of state aid to be granted a high school the junior high school may be included with the senior high school; and satisfactory work in manual training, domestic economy, or agriculture in the seventh and eighth grades of the junior high school may be accepted as compliance with the requirements relating to these special courses in the two upper grades next below the high school and entitle a district to aid as is provided in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 20.29 of the statutes.

(b) Any district not containing a district or union free high school or the equivalent thereof which shall establish and maintain a junior high school in accordance with the provisions of this section and the requirements of the state superintendent of public instruction shall be entitled to state aid as provided in subsection (2) of section 20.26 of the statutes.

SECTION 2. Subsection (2) of section 20.26 is amended to read: (20.26) (2) Annually, on July first, not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars for special state aid to state graded schools *and junior high schools* to be distributed as follows: (a) On or before the first day of August next after each school year the school board applying for such aid shall report to the state superintendent under oath that the district has maintained a graded school during such school year in compliance with section * * * 40.41 * * * of the statutes, *or a junior high school in compliance with section 40.635 of the statutes, or both as the case may be.*

(b) If, in the judgment of the state superintendent, such graded school *or junior high school* has been maintained as prescribed in sections * * * 40.41 * * * *and 40.635* respectively, he shall fix the amount accruing to the district pursuant to paragraph (c) and certify the same to the secretary of state.

(c) The amount of state aid for each graded school *or junior high school* shall be computed upon the following basis: for a graded school of the first class, three hundred dollars; for a graded school of the second class, two hundred dollars; *for a junior high school, one-half the cost of instruction not to*

*exceed five hundred dollars; for a graded school of either class or a junior high school in which special instruction in agriculture * * * and other industrial subjects, as may be prescribed by the state superintendent, shall have been offered and presented in an efficient manner by a competent teacher and approved by the state superintendent, an additional one hundred dollars. Provided a district receiving aid on account of a junior high school may also receive aid for a state graded school if such school shall have been maintained in accordance with the provisions of the statutes and requirements of the state superintendent.*

(d) If the aggregate of the amounts so certified does not exceed this appropriation the secretary of state shall draw his warrants for the several amounts so certified; otherwise he shall deduct from each amount an equal proportion so as to reduce the aggregate to this appropriation, and draw his several warrants for such reduced amounts.

(e) There is hereby levied an annual state tax sufficient to cover the warrants drawn pursuant to paragraph (d).

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon passage and publication.

Approved July 18, 1919.

No. 684, A.]

[Published July 24, 1919.

CHAPTER 603.

AN ACT to create section 40.675 of the statutes, relating to the powers of school boards in cities of the second and third classes. *The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. A new section is added to the statutes to read: 40.675 (1) The board of directors, school board, school commissioners, or board of education of each city of the second or third class, however organized, shall establish and organize so many public schools as may be necessary for the accommodation of the children of the city entitled by constitution and laws of the state to instruction therein. The selection of sites for school buildings and adoption of plans for the erection of school buildings shall be determined by the board of school directors, or other governing school body. The schoolhouses now erected and the lots on which they are situated and the lots now or hereafter purchased for school purposes and the schoolhouses thereon erected shall be the property of the city. No lot shall be purchased or leased, nor shall any schoolhouse be erected without resolution duly passed by the board of school directors. Deeds of convey-