

mine, and shall bear interest not exceeding five per cent. per annum. The said board of supervisors may also levy such taxes upon all taxable property in said county, as may be necessary from time to time to pay for and redeem such bonds.

SECTION 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 19, 1895.

No. 31, A.]

[Published May 1, 1895.

CHAPTER 322.

AN ACT to amend section 27, chapter 288, laws of 1893, entitled "An act to consolidate and revise the statutes of the state relating to general elections, the canvass and returns of the same, and to secure the secrecy and purity of the ballot, and for other purposes."

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Form of election notice.

SECTION 1. That section 27, chapter 288, laws of 1893, be hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 27. In making an official publication of an election notice the county or city clerk, as the case may be, shall precede the same with a statement which shall be substantially in the following form (to be modified or varied according to the nature of the election), the caption to which shall be conspicuously displayed:

ELECTION NOTICE.

Office of — Clerk.
—, 18—.

To the electors of — county (or city).

Notice is hereby given that a general election (or “judicial,” or “municipal,” or “school,” or “special,” or “judicial and municipal” election, as the case may be) is to be held in the several towns, wards and election precincts in the county (or city) of — on the —day of —, 18—, at which the officers named below are to be chosen. The names of the candidates for each office to be voted for, whose nominations have been certified to this office are given under the title of the office and under the appropriate party or other designation, each in its proper column, and the question submitted to a vote are stated below:

Information to Voters.

The following instructions are given for the information and guidance of voters: A voter upon entering the polling place, and giving his name and residence, will receive a ballot from the ballot clerk, which must have endorsed thereon the names or initials of both ballot clerks, and no other can be used. Upon receiving his ballot, voter must retire, alone, to a booth or compartment, and prepare the same for voting. A ballot clerk may inform the voter as to the proper manner of marking a ballot, but he must not advise or indicate in any manner whom to vote for. (If it be a general election these words are to follow: The voter, if he wishes to vote for all the candidates nominated by any party, should make a cross mark, X, under the party designation printed at the top of the ballot in the square made for that purpose. A ballot so marked and having no other mark, will be counted for all of the candidates of that party in the column underneath, unless the names of some of the candidates of the party have been erased, and will be counted

Instructions
and informa-
tion to voters.

for all names written in lieu of one erased or pasted over a printed name. If the voter wishes to vote for some of the candidates of different political parties, he should make a cross mark, X, after the name of each candidate he does desire to vote for. Or if it be a judicial, municipal, or school election, these words are to be employed: The voter must make a cross, X, after the name of each person he desires to vote for.) If he wishes to vote for a person for a certain office, whose name is not on the ballot, he must write the name in the blank space under the printed name of the candidate for the office. The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the ballot be spoiled, it must be returned to the ballot clerk, who must issue another in its stead, but not more than three in all to any one voter. Five minutes time is allowed in booth to mark ballot. Unofficial ballots or memorandum, to assist the voter in marking his ballot, can be taken into the booth, and may be used to copy from. The ballot must not be shown so that any person can see how it has been marked by the voter. After it is marked, it should be folded so that the inside cannot be seen, but so that the printed indorsements and signatures of the ballot clerks on outside may be seen. Then the voter should pass out of the booth, give his name to the inspector in charge of the ballot box, hand him his ballot to be placed in the box, and pass out of the voting place. A voter who declares to the presiding officer that he is unable to read, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, can have assistance of one or two election officers in marking the same, to be chosen by the voter. The presiding officer may administer an oath, in his discretion, as to such person's disability. The party designations and candidates for the different offices are as follows: (Insert list of party designations and candidates.)

_____,
County Clerk.

No other or further publication of an election notice shall be required to be made by any county or city clerk, except that in cities the clerk shall, at the foot of this notice, specify the place of voting in each election precinct and the hours of opening and closing the polls. The compensation for making such publications shall be one dollar per square for a weekly newspaper, and unless otherwise agreed to, two dollars per square to each daily newspaper, which shall cover all the insertions in such paper.

No other publication of election notice, necessary.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 19, 1895.

No. 705, A.]

[Published May 1, 1895.

CHAPTER 323.

AN ACT relating to actions against joint stock companies organized without this state.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Any joint stock company or association organized under the laws of any other state, and doing business in this state, may be sued and the action against the same prosecuted to judgment, in the courts of this state, and the collection of any judgment which may be rendered against the same may be enforced in the name under which such company or association does business in this state; and service upon the defendant in any such action may be made by leaving a copy of the summons therein with any officer, or agent of such company, within this state.

Foreign joint stock companies may be sued in this state by leaving copy of summons with its authorized officer or agent.