

[No. 74, S.]

[Published April 14, 1887.]

CHAPTER 383.

AN ACT to amend chapter 351, of the laws of 1883, entitled, "an act to incorporate the city of Nicolet," as amended by chapter 52, of the laws of 1885.

(See Vol. 2.)

[No. 8, S.]

[Published April 26, 1887.]

CHAPTER 384.

AN ACT to provide for the subdivision and platting of lands owned in severalty.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Whenever any congressional subdivision of land of forty acres or less, or any government fractional lot, situated outside the limits of any incorporated city, is owned by two or more persons in severalty, and the description of one or more of the different parts or parcels thereof cannot, in the judgment of the county clerk, be made sufficiently certain and accurate for the purposes of assessment and taxation, without noting the metes and bounds of the same, said county clerk shall notify such owners and proprietors, by mail or personally, and if any of such owners and proprietors are non-residents of the county, and their residence is unknown, by publication of such notice once a week for three successive weeks in any newspaper published in the county where such lands are situate, that they are required to make or cause to be made, certified, acknowledged and recorded, a plat thereof in the manner and subject to all the conditions of law mentioned in sections 2268, and 2269, of the revised statutes. If such owners

Platting of lands owned in severalty for purpose of assessment and taxation—how made when situated outside of limits of incorporated city.

or proprietors, whether so notified or not, fail or neglect to execute and file for record such plat for thirty days after the issuance of said notice the county clerk shall cause such plat to be made and filed for record, and for such purpose may cause to be done all necessary surveying, and make and sign all the certificates and acknowledgements in said sections mentioned to be made, signed by the owners; but in lieu of the statement by the owners required in section 2269, said clerk shall annex a statement to the plat, giving the names of the owners of record of the several subdivisions, and his certificate that such plat has been executed by him by reason of the failure of the owners or proprietors so named to do so. In any such plat so made by the county clerk no subdivision shall be recognized or marked thereon unless the same shall appear of record in the office of the register of deeds, and no street, alley, lane or roadway, or dedication to public or special use shall be marked thereon unless the same shall be reserved or provided for in some conveyance of record. Said clerk shall file said plat for record, and when so filed for record it shall have the same effect for all purposes as if executed, acknowledged and recorded by the owners or proprietors themselves. A correct statement of the costs and expenses of such plat surveying and recording, verified by oath, shall be laid before the first session of the board of supervisors next to be held; said board shall audit and allow the same, and order its payment out of the county treasury. Before the first day of May in each year the county clerk shall notify the town clerks of the making and recording during the preceding year of any such plats affecting land in their several towns.

How made
when situated
within limits of
incorporated
city.

SECTION 2. Whenever any congressional subdivision of land, as mentioned in section 1, of this act, situated within the limits of any incorporated city, is owned by two or more persons in severalty, and the description of one or more of the different parts or parcels thereof cannot, in the judgment of the common council, be made sufficiently certain and accurate for the purposes of assessment and taxation, without noting the metes and bounds of the same, said common council may so declare by resolution, and in and

by said resolution shall direct its clerk, tax commissioner, assessor, comptroller, auditor, board of public works, or any other officer or board of said city, designated in said resolution, to cause the same to be platted. And upon the passage of said resolution, such officer or board, shall proceed to give notice as provided in section 1, of this act, and in default of compliance therewith, may cause such land to be platted and acknowledge the same, and have the same recorded, in the same manner and with the same effect as mentioned in the preceding section. The resolution of the council, certified by the clerk, shall in such cases be recorded with the plat. The expenses of making and recording such plat shall be paid out of the general fund of such city.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 8, 1887.

[No. 273, S.]

[Published April 23, 1887.]

CHAPTER 385.

AN ACT to provide for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged ex-union soldier, sailor, or marine who shall hereafter die a resident of this state, not leaving means sufficient to defray funeral expenses, and to repeal chapter 18, of the laws of Wisconsin for the year 1885, relating thereto.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the town boards of supervisors of the several towns, the trustees of each village, and the aldermen of each ward in every city, in this state, to look after and cause to be interred in a decent and respectable manner, in any cemetery or burial ground within this state, other than those used exclusively for the burial of the pauper dead; at an expense to the county not to exceed thirty-five dollars, the

Providing for burial of ex-union soldier, sailor or marine—duty of town boards.