

ing its condition on the thirty-first day of December preceding its annual meeting, which shall contain the names of all persons then insured, the amount insured by each policy, the whole number of policies issued, the whole number then in force, the aggregate amount then insured, and the aggregate amount of each class of insured property, the amount of losses paid during the year, the whole amount of losses paid by the corporation since its organization, the whole amount insured since its organization, the amount of losses sustained and unpaid, if any, and all such other matters pertaining to the interest of such corporation as by the by-laws he may be required to report upon. Such statement shall be read to the members of such corporation at their annual meeting, and entered at length upon the records, and within fifteen days after such annual meeting, shall be filed in the office of the town clerk of the town in which such corporation has its office, and a certified copy thereof transmitted to the commissioner of insurance.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 24, 1882.

[No. 843, A.]

[Published April 8, 1882.]

CHAPTER 206.

AN ACT to authorize sureties in criminal cases to surrender the principal.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Surrender of
principal.

SECTION 1. Whenever the sureties upon any bond or undertaking given by or on behalf of any person charged with an offense punishable by imprisonment in the state prison shall, for any cause deem themselves insecure, and shall desire to surrender their principal, and be discharged from the obligations of such bond or undertaking, such sureties may arrest and take into custody the said principal and surrender him to the proper officer in the manner hereinafter provided.

May be taken
into custody.

SECTION 2. For the purpose of surrendering the principal as provided in the first section of this act the sureties may take into custody such principal wherever he may be found within this state, and convey and deliver him into the custody of the person or officer having charge of the jail, prison or other place of confinement to which the principal shall have been con-

mitted, and released on bail; or in case such principal shall not have been committed to any such jail, prison or other place of confinement, then he may be so surrendered into the custody of the sheriff or other officer who shall have had the custody of the person of such principal at the time he was admitted to bail.

SECTION 3. Such sureties shall also at the time of surrendering the principal as hereinbefore provided, deliver to the person or officer into whose custody the said principal may be surrendered, a duly certified copy of the original commitment, if any shall have been made, of the order admitting the principal to bail, and of the bond or undertaking thereon, and the delivery of such copies to such person or officer shall be sufficient authority for such person or officer to receive and detain in custody the person of such principal until he shall be otherwise bailed or discharged from custody by due course of law. Certified copy.

SECTION 4. Whenever the sureties shall surrender the principal to any person or officer not having the custody of the jail, prison or other place of confinement in which such principal is to be detained in custody, it shall be the duty of the officer receiving such principal to forthwith convey such principal to the jail, prison or other place of confinement used by the county in which the offense charged against the principal is triable, and he shall be received and detained therein the same as though he had been originally committed there. Principal to be conveyed to jail.

SECTION 5. Upon the surrender and delivery of such principal into the proper jail, prison or other place of confinement, the sureties may apply to the judge or justice having jurisdiction to try the offense charged against the principal, in vacation or otherwise, for an order discharging them from further liability as sureties; and upon satisfactory proof being made to such judge or justice that the provisions of this act have been complied with, such judge or justice may make an order so discharging such sureties from all liability upon their bond or undertaking. May apply to judge for an order.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 24, 1882.