

dicted for murder, to report the same in full, and write the same out in full and deliver the same to the clerk of the court in which said trial is had, who shall file the same; and whenever on the trial of a murder case the evidence or testimony shall be so reported, the judge presiding at the trial shall not be required to keep minutes of the evidence or testimony, as required by section four (4), chapter one hundred and eighty two of the revised statutes, entitled "of pardons."

SECTION 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 3, 1869.

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## CHAPTER 57.

[Published March 5, 1869.]

AN ACT to impose a penalty for prize fighting.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Every person who shall, by previous arrangement or appointment, engage in a fight with another person for the possession of any prize, belt or other evidence of championship or for any other cause, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a term not exceeding five years nor less than one year, or by fine not exceeding three thousand dollars nor less than one thousand dollars.

Penalty for prize fighting.

SECTION 2. Every person who shall be present at such fight as aid, second or surgeon, or shall encourage, advise or promote such fight, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison, for a term not exceeding three years nor less than six months, or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars nor less than three hundred dollars.

Persons present and encouraging fight, to be punished.

SECTION 3. Every person being an inhabitant or resident of this state, who shall, by previous arrangement or appointment, made therein, leave this state and engage in a fight with another person without the limits of this state, shall be punished by imprisonment in the

Penalty when persons leave the state to engage in fight.

state prison for a term not exceeding three [years] nor less than six months or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars nor less than three hundred dollars.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 8, 1869.

## CHAPTER 58.

[Published March 6, 1869.]

AN ACT to more effectually protect lands belonging to counties from the depredations of trespassers.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

Penalty for taking timber or mineral from lands belonging to counties.

SECTION 1. Any person who shall wilfully cut down or destroy, or by girdling or otherwise, shall injure any trees growing or situated on any lands owned by any county in this state, or who shall wilfully cut or take, carry or haul away from any such lands any wood or timber previously cut or severed from said lands; or who shall dig, take or carry away any mineral or other thing of value which would depreciate the value of such lands, without first having obtained a license therefor from the county board of supervisors, shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

Actions against trespassers may be commenced by sheriffs, justices, etc.

SECTION 2. It is hereby made the duty of all sheriffs, justices of the peace, constables, supervisors of towns and county supervisors, who may have knowledge of, or who may receive information of any offense mentioned in section one of this act, committed within the county in which they are officers, and any other person, may forthwith commence an action in the county in which said offense was committed, in the name of the state of Wisconsin, for the recovery of the fine mentioned in section one of this act.

Justices shall have jurisdiction.

SECTION 3. Justices of the peace shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit court in all actions