APPENDIX A

FIRST CLASS CITIES

The material contained in the appendix is for clarification purposes only. The notes, illustrations, etc. are numbered to correspond to the number of the rule as it appears in the text of the code.

A-50.10 to 50.25 Forms. The forms on the following 10 pages (SBD-2;, SBD-8, SBD-8A and SB-8-B; SBD-118; SBD-198; SBD-224; SBD-5686; and SBD-9720) are referred to in ss. ILHR 50.18, 50.25, 50.12, 50.14, 50.18, 50.12 and 50.10, respectively. Copies of these forms are

available from the Division of Safety and Buildings, P.O. Box 7969, Madison, Wisconsin 53707

A-50.21 CERTIFIED MUNICIPALITIES. The following municipalities have been certified by the department to review plans and conduct inspections under s. ILHR 50.21. These lists are current as of the date of printing this code. Additions and deletions may occur during the effective period of this code. For information regarding the current status of a municipality, call 608-267-7586.

Milwaukee COUNTIES Eau Claire CITIES Antigo Glendale Middleton Stevens Point Appleton Green Bay Muskego Sun Prairie Augusta Greenfield Neenah Superior Beloit Janesville New Berlin Two Rivers **Brookfield** Kaukauna New Richmond Waukesha Burlington Kenosha Oak Creek Waupun Cudahy La Crosse Oconomowoc Wausau Delafield Lake Geneva Oshkosh Wauwatosa Eau Claire Madison Racine West Allis Fond du Lac Manitowoc Rhinelander West Bend Fort Atkinson Marshfield Seymour Wisconsin Franklin Mequon Sheboygan Rapids

THE T ACTES

TOWNS

		VILLAGES			
Clinton	Grafton	Johnson Creek	Sussex		
Dousman	Hartland	Plover	Walworth		
Elm Grove	Hortonville	Shicton	Waterford		
Fall Creek					

Bloomfield (Walworth)
Delavan (Walworth)
Geneva (Walworth)
Grand Chute (Outagamie)

Grand Rapids (Wood) Hull (Portage) LaGrange (Walworth) Norway (Racine) Plover (Portage) Sugar Creek (Walworth) Waterford (Racine) Waukesha (Waukesha)

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

ILHR 50-64 Appendix A

Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor & Human Relations

INSPECTION REPORT AND ORDERS

Safety and Buildings Division P.O. Box 7969, Madison, WI 53707

An inspection of the occupancy shown below discloses violations of orders of the Dept. of Industry, Labor and Human Relations promulgated under authority of Chapter 101, Wis. Stats. SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR APPLICABLE WISCONSIN STATUTES. Report when orders are completed. Avoid delay. Forfeiture for unresolved violations are \$10.00 to \$100.00 each day for each violation. Keep the Department informed.

"Failure of an employer to reasonably enforce compliance by employes with such statute or order of the Department shall constitute failure by the employer to comply with such statute or order." (s. 102.57, Wis. Stats.)

inspection Date	Plankeport Number	File Rumber	rage
	a anti-orden de production de production de la constantion de la constantion de la constantion de la constantion La constantion de la co	Inspection Type	Marin Control
o de la Militaria de la compaña de la Calenda de la Ca La compaña de la Calenda d	en e	Located At (number and street address)	
man merekan dengan kembuaya. Tida		City	County
en e		Violations Explained To	
		Compliance Date	
Note Item	Orders and Requirements	/ Done X Not Done	
	A CANADA Maria		
5 5 0 m		PLE	
1963 1987	120	William Control	
	6/4/14	NE CONTRACTOR	
State and the state of the stat			
		r en	
Deputy Name	Deputy's Office Hou	rs and Telephone Number	
SBD-2 (R. 09/90)			

Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations

Please type or print.

PETITION FOR VARIANCE APPLICATION

Safety and Buildings Division P.O. Box 7969 Madison, Wisconsin 53707 (608) 266-1542

OFFICE USE ONLY Amount	Paid Receipt Number	Petition No. E-Number
Owner/Petitioner's Name	Building Or Project	Agent, Architect or Engineering Firm
ompany	Tenant's Name, If Any	Street Address
treet Address	Location - Street Address	City, State, Zip Code
ity, State, Zip Code	City, County	Telephone Number
elephone Number	Plan Number, If Known	Contact Person's Name
. The rule being petitioned re	ads as follows (cite specific rule number and	language; one rule per application):
		And the second s
		. ·
The rule being petitioned ca	nnot be entirely satisfied because:	K.
	llan	JE
	CUMP	
	6110	
The following alternative(s) a degree of health, safety or w	and supporting information are proposed as elfare as addressed by the rule:	a means of providing an equivalent
The following alternative(s) a degree of health, safety or w	and supporting information are proposed as elfare as addressed by the rule:	a means of providing an equivalent
The following alternative(s) a degree of health, safety or w	and supporting information are proposed as elfare as addressed by the rule:	a means of providing an equivalent
The following alternative(s) a degree of health, safety or w	and supporting information are proposed as elfare as addressed by the rule:	a means of providing an equivalent
The following alternative(s) a degree of health, safety or w	and supporting information are proposed as elfare as addressed by the rule:	a means of providing an equivalent
degree of health, safety or w	elfare as addressed by the rule:	
degree of health, safety or w	elfare as addressed by the rule: s, plans, sketches or required position statem TION IS VALID ONLY IF NOTARIZED WITH A	nents. FFIXED SEAL AND ACCOMPANIED BY REVIEW FEE
te: Please attach any pictures ERIFICATION BY OWNER - PETI te: Petitioner must be the ow	s, plans, sketches or required position statem TION IS VALID ONLY IF NOTARIZED WITH A See Section ILHR 2.52 for complete fee	nents. FFIXED SEAL AND ACCOMPANIED BY REVIEW FEE information ents. designers, contractors, attorneys, etc., shall
te: Please attach any pictures ERIFICATION BY OWNER - PETI te: Petitioner must be the ow	s, plans, sketches or required position statem TION IS VALID ONLY IF NOTARIZED WITH A See Section ILHR 2.52 for complete fee	nents. FFIXED SEAL AND ACCOMPANIED BY REVIEW FEE information ents. designers, contractors, attorneys, etc., shall
te: Please attach any pictures ERIFICATION BY OWNER - PETI te: Petitioner must be the ow	s, plans, sketches or required position statem TION IS VALID ONLY IF NOTARIZED WITH A See Section ILHR 2.52 for complete fee yner of the building or project. Tenants, ago being duly sworn. I state as no	nents. FFIXED SEAL AND ACCOMPANIED BY REVIEW FEE information ents. designers, contractors, attorneys, etc., shall
te: Please attach any pictures ERIFICATION BY OWNER - PETI te: Petitioner must be the ownot sign petition unless Po	s, plans, sketches or required position statem TION IS VALID ONLY IF NOTARIZED WITH A See Section ILHR 2.52 for complete fee yner of the building or project. Tenants, ago being duly sworn. I state as no	nents. FFIXED SEAL AND ACCOMPANIED BY REVIEW FEE information ents, designers, contractors, attorneys, etc., shall ion For Variance Application
ote: Please attach any pictures VERIFICATION BY OWNER - PETI Ote: Petitioner must be the ownot sign petition unless Po	elfare as addressed by the rule: 5, plans, sketches or required position statem TION IS VALID ONLY IF NOTARIZED WITH A See Section ILHR 2.52 for complete fee yner of the building or project. Tenants, ago bwer of Attorney is submitted with the Petit , being duly sworn, I state as pe	nents. FFIXED SEAL AND ACCOMPANIED BY REVIEW FEE information ents, designers, contractors, attorneys, etc., shall ion For Variance Application etitioner that I have read the foregoing the subject building or project.

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

ILHR 50-64 Appendix A

Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations

POSITION STATEMENT

Safety and Buildings Division P.O. Box 7969 Madison, Wisconsin 53707

Labor and Human Kelations	1 OSHION SIATEME	Madiso	n, Wisconsin 53707
Instructions: This form is to be completed shown above. Please print	d by the fire department chief or de or type all responses.	signee and sent promptl	y to the address
Owner's Name	Building Occupancy Or Facility Description	Agent, Architect o	r Engineering Firm
Company	Tenant's Name, If Any	Street Address	
Street Address	Location - Street Address	City, State, Zip Co.	de
City, State, Zip Code	City, County	Telephone Numbe	:F
Telephone Number	Plan Number, If Known	Contact Person's N	lame
1. I have read the application for variance	e of rule ILHR	•	
2. I recommend (check appropriate box):	Approval Conditional A	pproval 🔲 Denial	☐ No Comment *
3. Explanation For Recommendation:			
and the second s			
enterente de la companya de la comp La companya de la co	a Region of the second) 2	
	A RIGINAL S		
	6 FIMIN		
The second of th	200 m		
The second se			

* If desired, Fire Departments may indicate barrier free environments, etc.	e "No Comment" on non-fire safety	issues such as sanitation	energy conservation,
4. I find no conflict with local rules and	d regulations		
☐ I find the petition is in conflict with	local rules and regulations		
Explanation:			
	raj Karamana (n. 1948). 18 maja - Historia Karamana, marangan kabupaten kalangan kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten ka 18 maja - Karamana Karamana, marangan kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten kabupaten kab		
	Anglija Geografija		and the second of the second o
Fire Department Name And Address:			
Name Of Fire Chief Or Designee (type or print):		Telephone Number	
Signature Of Fire Chief Or Designee:		Date Signed:	
and the control of th	and the second of the second o		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

SBD-8A (R 09/92)

POSITION STATEMENT
To Be Completed By:
Dept. of H&SS
Division of Health
SR&B (R. 10/84)

Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations DIVISION OF SAFETY & BUILDINGS P.O. Box 7969, Madison, Wi. 53707

35-6-5 (N. 10/64)				•			
Name of Owner of Building			Title				
Street			City		State	Zip	Phone No.
Building Identification			Street 8	No. (Bldg Locatio	n)	City & Cou	inty
Architect or Engineer	<u> </u>		Street &	No.		City & Stat	e
1. I have read the Petition for Modification of Rule:	: IND.						<u></u>
2.1 recommend (check appropriate box) Den	nial	Approva	ı	Conditional App	roval	No Comme	nt
3. Our files or inspection indicate that this building		fire-resist	ive-type 1	or 2 (see Ind. 51.0	3(1) or (2).	<u> </u>	
Salah Sa	is not						
4. Explanation for Recommendation:							
NOTE - If the answer to I tem 3 is NO, and your re	ecommenda	tion is app	roval, an e	explanation is requi	red.		
	A					e de la companya de l	
		.0	V				
		Ux					
	· P .						
	7			÷ .			
							en en seksitet. Noor
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and the second
5. I find no conflict with H & SS Rules and Re		and Regula	itions as s	et forth below			
EXPLANATION:							
					# 1 ps	er artalien Gebeure	1
					<u> </u>	ar filozofik et e e e e e	
Signature and Title					e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Date	in in the second of the second
				, 			

Please complete and submit PROMPTLY to DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRY, LABOR AND HUMAN RELATIONS at the address shown above.

BUILDING/STRUCTURE/HVAC PLANS APPROVAL APPLICATION

Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor & Human Relations Safety & Buildings Division Bureau of Buildings & Structures

- Complete Both Sides -		
cheduling Information - complete	E-File	
when calling to schedule review:	 Plan No.	

INSTRUCTIONS: Fill in all applicable data. Caution: Failure to complete the form entirely may cause additional delay. Submittal of this Plans Approval Application is required for each building. Submit this form with at least 4 sets of plans which include details and data as required by ILHR 50.12. Plans may be submitted to any of the plan review offices listed on the reverse side. Projects are scheduled for review. Please call the selected office prior to submitted. Any components submitted independently from the building plans must be submitted to the office which did the project's initial review.

1. Owner Information	2. Project Information	3. Building or Structure Designer Information			
Name	Building Occupancy Chapter(s) And Use:	Designer	Registration #		
Сотрапу Name	Tenant Name (if Any)	Design Firm	Project #		
Number & Street	Building Location (Number & Street)	Number & Street			
City, State, Zip Code	☐City ☐Village ☐ Township Of	City, State, Zip Code			
Contact Person	County Of	Contact Person			
Telephone Number	Property ID No. (tax parcel no contact county)	Telephone Number ()	Fax Number ()		
Fax Number	Government Owned Yes No	Return Plans To: Owne	r 🖸 Designer		
A Duilding Nicke	Government Leased Or Operated Tyes No	Other: (specify)			
4. Building History	5. Construction Class Requested	6. HVAC Designer In	formation		
Previous Owner(s) (if any)	Fire Resistive Type A Fire Resistive Type B	Designer	Registration #		
	3. Metal Frame - Protected 4. Heavy Timber	Design Firm	Project #		
Previous Plan or File No.	5A. Exterior Masonry - Protected 5B. Exterior Masonry - Unprotected	Number & Street			
Variance No. Preliminary No.	Metal Frame - Unprotected Wood Frame - Protected Wood Frame - Unprotected Wood Frame - Unprotected	City, State, Zip Code			
Other Information (previous use, last submission)	If plans do not show compliance with requested Construction class but are approvable at a lower	Contact Person			
	class, do you wish approval at the lower class?	Telephone Number	Fax Number		
	☐ YES ☐ NO		()		
7. Building Information	8. Submittal Request	9. Supervising Profes	sional Information		
Complete Sprinkler : NFPA		☐ For Building			
Partial Sprinkler - NFPA	Project Review Requested	Same As Building Design	ier i s		
] Unlimited Area	☐ New ☐ Footing/Foundation☐ Alteration☐ ☐ Building	☐ For HVAC	and the second		
Fire Alarm Emergency Power	☐ Addition ☐ Permission to Start				
] Smoke Detection Hazard Enclosure	Revisions HVAC	Same As HVAC Designer			
otal Number of Stories	☐ Use Change ☐ Truss	Supervising Prof (if different from designer)			
	☐ ILHR 70 Hist Code ☐ Precast				
uilding Footprint Areasq ft	☐ Variance ☐ Structual	Registration #			
oil Rearing Canacity	☐ Preliminary ☐ Laminated Wood	M			
oil Bearing Capacitypsf	☐ Canopy ☐ Metal Building ☐ Bleacher ☐ Joist/Girder	Number & Street			
☐ Verified ☐ Presumed	Tower	City, State, Zip Code			
rosion Control Information	Other:(specify)				
Less Than 5 Acres Distributed		Telephone Number			
☐ 5 or More Acres Distributed		()			
). Related Business Systems - Please call	the respective Program for clarification a	nd plan submittal requ	irements.		
☐ Elevators (608-267-3576) includes: ☐ Fire Service Provided ☐ Limited Use/Access ☐ Passenger elevator ☐ Freight elevator ☐ Part 5 (residential lift) ☐ Part 20 (wheelchair lift)	☐ Flammable/Combustible Liquid (608-267-1379) Will any portion of this building be used for storage or dispensing of flammable / combustible liquids as covered by ILHR 10? ☐ Yes ☐ No	9			
Tartzo (wneerdian m.c)					

12.,	columns wi floors, mez cantilevere summation	f a floor is the area bot here there is no wall. zanines, balconies, lot d canopies on the buil n of all floor areas.	Area includes all fts, all stories and lding wall. Use t	I floor levels such as su I all roofed areas inclu the roof area for free s	bbasements, ding porches	basements and garag	s, ground es, except for
		heet if necessary for the					
	Floor Level (specify	r) Len		Width	=	A	irea
1 1	e <u>te la diagni, i</u>	<u> </u>	X	1,75	_ = _		
	South Mill 1921 - 1		X		70 - 20 7		
			×		- = -	······································	
					- = -		
	A STATE OF THE STA						
			^		_ = _		
				Total Area	= _		
13.	Project located in (See Fee Schedul Building and Building Onl HVAC Only Revision To F Permission To Pre-July 1992 Other OWNER'S STATEMI forth in Chapters IL	ted in certified municin certified municipality of certified municipal	y (go to Fee Schenunicipalities.) an	Total Fee De reviewed for complete. I recognize that I a	Fee \$	e for comp	liance with
•	will retain a superv	nts and any conditions ising professional as re nce Statement by the s	equired by ILHR!	50.10 throughout cons	truction to pi	ubic feet ir roject com	pletion and the
	Owner's Signature	Original	1	Name & Title	Print		
14.	more than 50,000 o Wisconsin registere	MENT: DESIGN (ILHR tubic feet in total volu ed engineer or archite	me, plans are rec ct (ILHR 50.07(2))	quired to be prepared, . Signatures and seal	, signed, seale s shall be orig	ed and dat jinal	ed by a
	compliance with the component design	pects, and requires, the general design conc ers for compliance wit lume of the building u	ept. The project h the codes as th	t designer, and depart ey apply to their desig	ment, will rel Ins.	y on the se	eal of the
	Firewall schematic All applicable item	been indicated <u>on the</u> plan has been include s required by ILHR 50. bmitted plans were pr	d. 12 have been inc	luded.			Yes NA Yes NA
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	comply with the ap	plicable codes of the I	Department of Ir	ndustry, Labor and Hui	man Relation	S.	
	nal Signature of Building	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Date Signed	Original Signature of HV	AC Designer		Date Signed
Origin	nal Signature of Building	Designer (Component Submittal)	Date Signed	Name of Component Fab	oricator		
15.	professional per ILI the construction is construction, I will	ESSIONAL'S STATEME HR 50.10 for the perform in substantial complia file a written statemen has or has not been p	rmance or super nce with the app nt with the depa	vision of reasonable or proved plans and speci intment certifying that	n-the-site obs fications. Up , to the best o	ervations to on comple of my knov	to determine if etion of vledge and
Origi	nal Signature of Professio	onal Supervising The Buildin	ng Date Signed	Original Signature of Pro	fessional Supervi	ising The HVA	AC Date Signed
2 R H	ayward Office 09 W. 1st Street t 8. Box 8072 ayward, WI 54843 hone (715) 634-4870 ax (715) 634-5150	La Crosse Office 2226 Rose Street La Crosse, WI 54603 Phone (608) 785-9334 Fax (608) 785-9330	Madison Office 201 E. Washingt P.O. Box 7969 Madison, WI 53 Phone (608) 266 Fax (608) 267-95	Shawano, Wi 707 Phone (715) 5 5-8735 Fax (715) 524	Bay Street 54166 24-3626	401 Pilot Waukes Phone (4	ha Office Court, Suite C ha, WI 53188 114) 548-8600) 548-8614

Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations

PERMISSION TO START CONSTRUCTION

Safety and Buildings Division

Today's Date

NOTE: This permission is applicable only to projects having below grade foundation work.

Additional fees are required. Contact one of the locations listed below for more information.

HAYWARD OFFICE Route 8 P.O. Box 8072 Hayward, WI 54843 Tele: (715) 634-4870 FAX: (715) 634-5150 LA CROSSE OFFICE 2226 Rose Street La Crosse, Wi 54603 Tele: (608) 785-9334 FAX: (608) 785-9330

MADISON OFFICE 201 E. Washington Ave. PO. Box 7969 Madison, WI 53707 Tele: (608) 266-8735 FAX: (608) 267-9566 SHAWANO OFFICE 1053A E. Green Bay Street P.O. Box 434 Shawano, WI 54166 Tele: (715) 524-3626 FAX: (715) 524-3633 **WAUKESHA OFFICE** 401 Pilot Court Waukesha, WI 53188 Tele: (414) 548-8600 FAX: (414) 548-8614

Project Location:	
Street:	E-File:
City:	Plan Number:
County:	Date Plans Rec'd:
Occupancy:	
We, the undersigned, request to begin footing and foundation ILHR 50.14.	work prior to approval of the plans in accordance with
Plans have been submitted to the Department of Industry, Lab all information requested by Code ILHR 50.12 or ILHR 50.13 ha	
We have reviewed the specific code requirements for the build where applicable, have shown compliance on the drawings.	ling or structure and its use, as set forth in ILHR 50-64, and,
We agree to make any changes required after the plans have be complying parts of the foundation and/or footings.	een reviewed and to remove or replace non-code
We agree to proceed with the footings and foundation only a structure until approval has been received.	nd will not continue with the remainder of the building or
We understand that, prior to the start of construction, a Buildi having jurisdiction in accordance with their laws and ordinanc	
We understand that if this project is in an unsewered area, a sa a local building permit (ss 101.12 (3) (h)).	nitary permit must be obtained prior to the issuance of
Owner's Signature: (Original Signature in Ink)	Designer's Signature: (Original Signature in Ink)
Date Signed:	Date Signed:
Owner's Name:	Designer's Name:
Street:	Street:
City: State: Zip:	City: State: Zip:
Department Action: Approved Not Approved	 And Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-Anti-
Review Comments:	

Reviewed By:

SBD-198 (R. 08/92)

Wisconsin Department of Industry INSPEC Labor & Human Relations	TION PROGRESS	S REPORT	Safety and Bui P.O. Box 7969	Idings Division , Madison, WI 53707
RE:	F	ile Number	Plan No.	
		E		<u> </u>
		spection Date:	Person (Contacted
	N	lo. 1.		
	 	2. 3.		
	B	ldg. Final	_	
and the second of the second o		& V Final		
		ther Final		
	ļ	ompliance Date:		
TO:	ļ	office Instruction (Check	cone):	Supervisory Review
		☐ Voluntary Comp	liance	Heview
and the second of the second o		☐ Process SB-2		
		☐ Violations expla	ined to owner	
INSPECTION ✓ Order Corrected	INSPECTIO	ON FINDINGS		
X Order Not Corrected X Order Not Corrected Items listed below should be corrected	Production of the second		se items are violations	of the Building
1 2 3 Final Code sections noted.				
	Adjust 1			
	and the second of the second o	the state of the state of		
	and Talking and			
			* *	
10.76 126 3 10.76				
	SAME	•		
	V 14.		4	
	5 '			
the state of the s		According to the second		
		Carry all the second	1.51	
				- 1
	<u></u>			
Owner's Name and Address (if different from above):	Dep	uty's Name:		
	Dep	uty's Signature:		
			Tolonbono Numb	ar.
	рер	uty's Office Hours and	reightions ianumo	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

SBD-224 (R. 07/88)

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRY, LABOR AND HUMAN REL SAFETY & BUILDINGS DIVISION	ATIONS		FILE NO. E-		
BUREAU OF BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES			PLAN NO		
201 E. WASHINGTON AVE P.O. Box 7969			VOLUME _		
MADISON, WISCONSIN 53707	PLAN EXAMINATION L	ETTER	L		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Note: This Prepr	inted Plan Re	view letter is being use	d at the discre-
DATE:	.1		examiner to	expedite the plan revi	
			iew concespo	illence.	
		Occupancy Fenant			
		Owner		2 · · · · · · · · ·	
		_ocation			
		Municipality			
		County			
	. [Supervising Pro	essional		
Plans have been reviewed for compliance with the impor	tant code requirements in Chanters II	HP 50 through 6	A of the rules	of the Department	
rians have been reviewed to compliance with the impor	tant code requirements in onapiers i	Link 30 un cogn c	40. life foles	of the Department.	
The	plans are:				
	П <u>-</u>		[7	
CONDITIONALLY APPROVED	WITHHELD	•	L	NOT APPROVE	.D
	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin tate St	es is responsi		de requirements not spe local building inspector	
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10. The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, pro-	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin trate Station. The owner short notify a station	es is responsi-	ctor and the		r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10. The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, pro-	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner shall notify a station of the station of t	te building inspe	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10. The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prostamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 10.	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner shall notify a stationed station of the st	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10. The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 10.	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	01.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsin state Station. The owner sharing if you station of the owner sharing it was stational en income the signer, buildings of the Plumbia	es is responsi te building inspe er or owner shal	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prostamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 and 12 and 13 and 14 and 15 and 15 and 16 and 1	on.01(2)(i) of the Wisconsine tate Station. The owner short nearly station of the owner short nearly station	es is responsite building insperence or owner shalling Rules of the D	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prestamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 of the presence	on one of the wisconsine tate Station. The owner short notify a station of the owner short notification of the	es is responsite building insperence or owner shalling Rules of the D	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prostamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 THIS BUILDING HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED AS NO. COMMENTS:	on one of the wisconsine tate Station. The owner short notify stated the station. The owner short notify stated the state of the state	es is responsite building insperence or owner shalling Rules of the D	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prostamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 THIS BUILDING HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED AS NO. COMMENTS: Plans for the following shall be submitted to this office and Trusses Precast Concrete Heat & Verification 11 Trusses Precast Concrete Heat & Verification 12 State Inspector – Region	on one of the wisconsine tate Station. The owner short notify stated the station. The owner short notify stated the state of the state	es is responsite building insperent or owner shalling Rules of the D	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prostamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 THIS BUILDING HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED AS NO. COMMENTS: Plans for the following shall be submitted to this office and Trusses Precast Concrete Heat & Ver	on one of the state of the stat	es is responsite building insperent or owner shalling Rules of the D	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking
before commencing that part of the work. You are advised that the owner as defined in Chapter 10 The building will be inspected during and after construct possession of the building. ILHR 50.15 EVIDENCE OF APPROVAL. The architect, prostamp of approval. This plan has not been reviewed for compliance with Chapter 11 THIS BUILDING HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED AS NO. COMMENTS: Plans for the following shall be submitted to this office and Trusses Precast Concrete Heat & Verification 11 Trusses Precast Concrete Heat & Verification 12 State Inspector – Region	on one of the Wisconsine tate Station. The owner short notify state of the station. The owner short notify state of the st	es is responsite building insperent or owner shalling Rules of the D	ctor and the	local building inspector	r before taking

SBD-5686 (R. 06/85)

Compliance Statement

This form is required to be submitted by the architect, engineer, or HVAC designer (supervising professional) observing construction of projects within buildings with total volumes exceeding 50,000 cubic feet and construction of antennas, towers and bleachers (ILHR 50.10). Failure to submit this form may result in penalties as specified in ILHR 50.26 and/or local ordinances.

General Instructions: Prior to the initial occupancy of new buildings or additions and the final occupancy of altered existing buildings, submit this completed and signed form to:

The municipal building inspection office and

DILHR, Safety and Buildings, P.O. Box 7969, Madison, WI 53707 1. PROJECT INFORMATION: (Use the DILHR or municipal project label, or type or print the information.) **Project Information Owner Information** Name Building Occupancy Chapter(s) & Use Α Company Name Tenant Name (if any) В Number and Street Building Location (number & street) F L □Village ☐ City □ Town of State and Zip Code County of Ε Plan or Reference Number Property Identification Number R Name and Registration Number of the Building Supervising Professional Building Project # Name and Registration Number of the HVAC Supervising Professional **HVAC Project #** 2. PURPOSE OF THIS STATEMENT: (Check Box A, B, or C to indicate purpose and complete any other applicable boxes and information. Attach additional pages if necessary.) ☐ Building and HVAC ☐ Building Only ☐ HVAC Only ☐ Partial Completion **Description of Portion Completed** A)

Statement of Substantial Compliance To the best of my knowledge, belief, and based on onsite observation, construction of the following building and/or HVAC items applicable to this project have been completed in substantial compliance with the approved plans and specifications. □ BUILDING ITEMS ☐ HVACITEMS 1. Structural system including submittal and erection of all 1. HVAC system including final test building components (trusses, precast, metal building, etc.) (ILHR 64.53) 2. Fire protection systems (sprinklers, alarms, smoke detectors, fire extinguishers) 3. Exits including exit and directional lights 2. All conditions of HVAC plan approval 4. Shaft and stairway enclosures and applicable variances 5. Fire-resistive construction, enclosure of hazards, fire walls, labeled doors, class of construction 6. Sanitation system (toilets, sinks, drinking facilities) 7. Barrier-free access and circulation 8. All conditions of building plan approval and applicable variances The following items are not in compliance and must be addressed: B)

Statement of Noncompliance Due to the following listed violations, this project is not ready for occupancy: ☐ Supervising Professional Withdrawn From Project **Date Withdrawn** (Use A or B above to indicate project status as of this date.) 3. SIGNATURES:

Date

HVAC Supervising Professional

Building Supervising Professional

SBD-9720 (R. 07/93)

Date

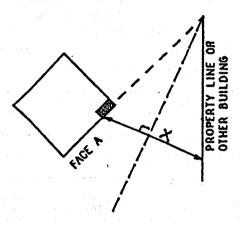
A-51.01 (12) BUILDING. The intent was to consider permanent awnings as part of a building.

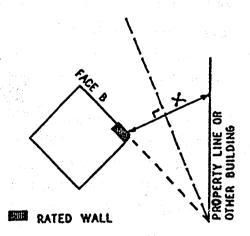
A-51.01 (42) FAMILY. The intent of this definition is to clarify the use of the word "family" in reference to s. ILHR 51.01 (102a); it is not intended as a variance to the definition stated under s. ILHR 51.01 (102a) (b).

A-51.01 (67a) HABITABLE ROOM. It is the intent that rooms designated as recreation, study, den, family room, office, etc. and providing the only space for living and/or sleeping are considered habitable rooms.

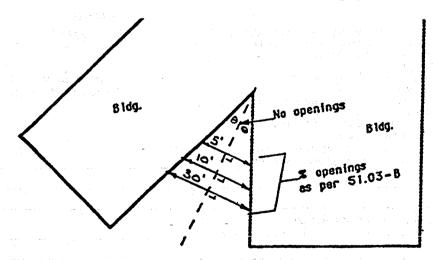
A-51.01 (115) SETBACK. The intent was to not include gutters, downspouts, outdoor lighting fixtures, signs and similar attachments as part of a building.

To determine the portion of a wall (A) that is within a distance X from a property line or another building, extend the wall face to its intersection with the property line or other building. Bisect the angle formed by the intersection. Measure X perpendicular to the bisector. Repeat these steps for wall face B.





The following sketch shows setback measurements between intersecting or projected intersection of building faces.



A-51.01 (121) STORIES, NUMBER OF. For further clarification, refer to A-51.02 (14).

A-51.01 (144) WALL (DIVISION).

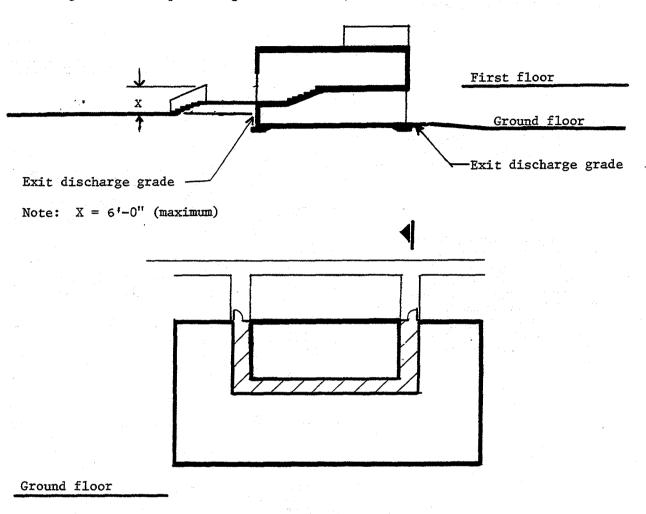
(a) Building division wall is intended to denote a wall constructed in a manner sufficient to meet requirements for a party wall [see "Wall (Party)"] and is acceptable as a dividing wall or enclosing wall when determining the volume of a building as referred to in ss. ILHR 50.07, 50.10 and 50.12.

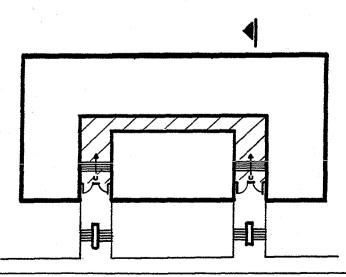
(b) Fire division wall is intended to relate to construction that provides separation between portions of a building to satisfy allowable floor area limitations, separation between 2 classes of construction, or separation of hazardous occupancies. For other separations, see "occupancy separations" and isolation of hazards sections of this code.

A-51.01 (151) WALL (PARTY). It is intended that a property consisting of joining plotted subdivisions owned by one individual, that can be owned by separate individuals, is included in the definition of party wall.

Register, December, 1995, No. 480

A-51.02 (14) DETERMINATION OF NUMBER OF STORIES to this rule and the definition of s. ILHR 51.01 (121) Sto-The following illustrations are provided to give visual aid ries, Number of.





First floor

following Figures 1, 2, 3, 4, 5A and 5B illustrate typical sonry Construction. details for various wall construction alternatives, which

A-51.03 (5) (a) EXTERIOR MASONRY CONSTRUCTION. The satisfy the intent of this rule for Type 5 — Exterior Ma-

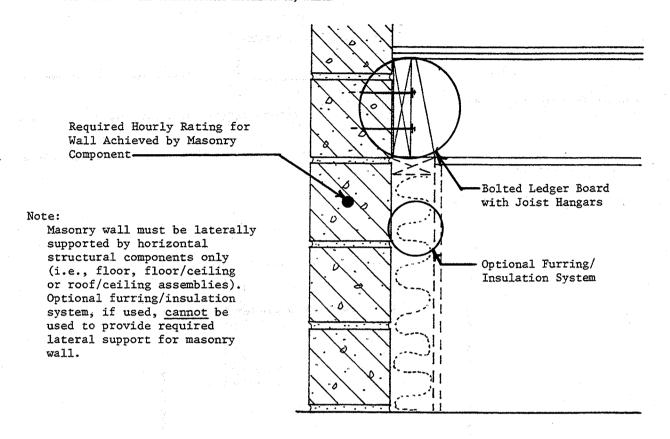


FIGURE 1 Single Wythe Masonry Wall (Bearing Condition)

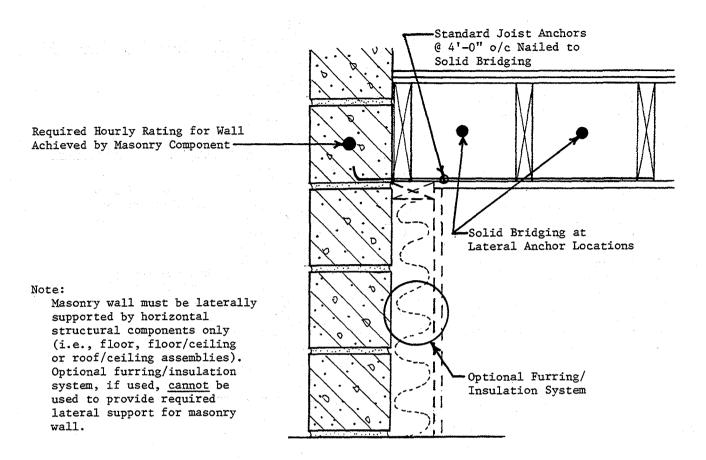


FIGURE 2 Single Wythe Masonry Wall (Non-Bearing Condition)

Required Hourly Rating for Wall Achieved by Masonry

Masonry wall must be

laterally supported by

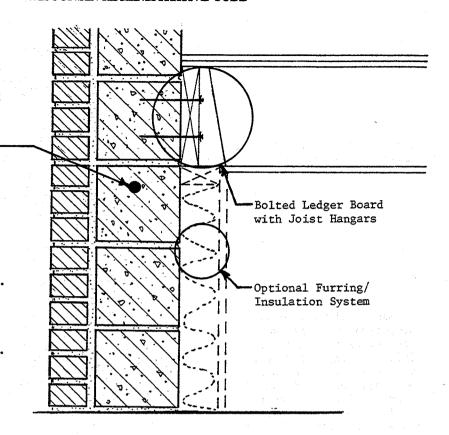


FIGURE 3 Multi-Wythe Masonry Wall (Bearing Condition)

Note:

Component -

horizontal structural components only (i.e., floor, floor/ceiling or roof/ceiling assemblies). Optional furring/ insulation system, if used, cannot be used to provide required lateral support for masonry wall.

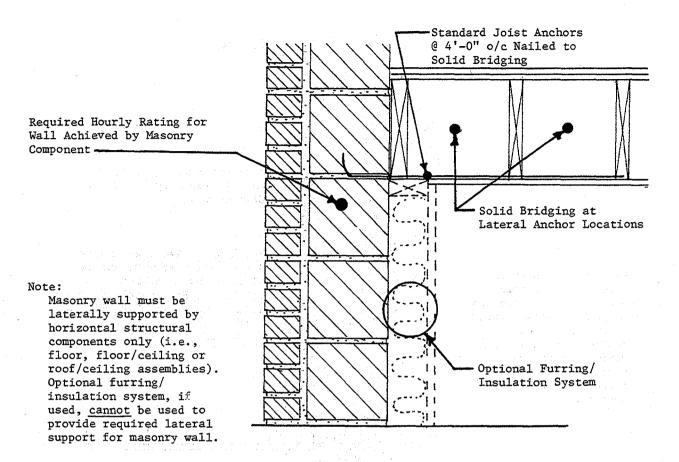


FIGURE 4 Multi-Wythe Masonry Wall (Non-Bearing Condition) Note:

support.

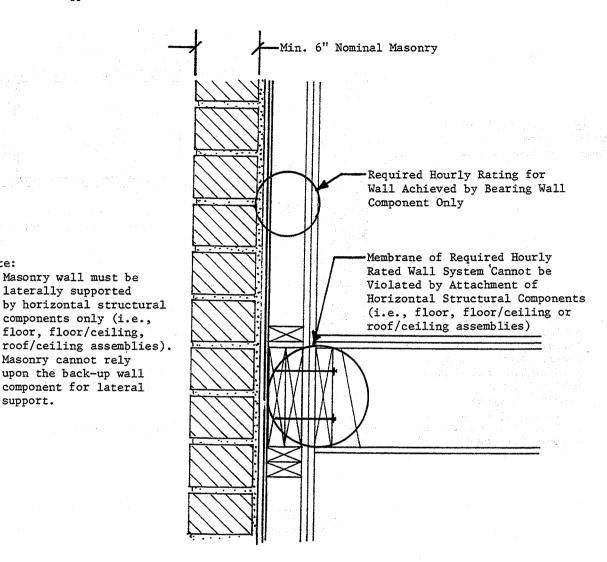


FIGURE 5A Combination Masonry/Frame Wall (Bearing and Non-Bearing Condition)

Note:

Masonry wall must be

the back-up wall component for lateral support.

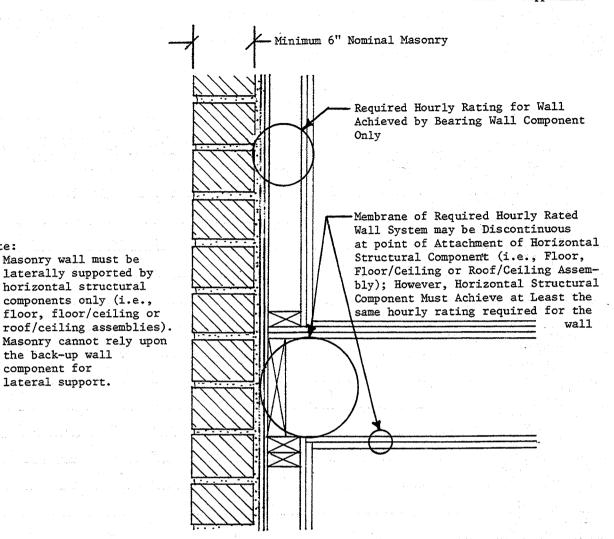


FIGURE 5B Combination Masonry/Frame Wall (Bearing and Non-Bearing Condition)

A-51.044 APPROVED TESTING LABORATORIES. The following laboratories have been approved by the department under s. ILHR 50.19. This list is current as of the date of printing this code. Additions and deletions may occur dur-

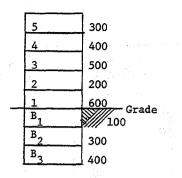
ing the effective period of this code. For information regarding the current status of a testing laboratory, call 608-266-1542.

TABLE A-51.044
APPROVED TESTING LABORATORIES

		ASTM STANDARD TEST							
Name of Recognized Laboratory		E-84	E-108	E-119	E-136	E-152	E-163	E-648	
1. Applied Research Laboratories, Inc., Miami, FL		х	х	X	X	х	x	X	
2. Commercial Testing Co., Inc., Dalton, GA		x	-	x	x	x	_	x	
3. Construction Technologies, Laboratories, Skokie, IL				x			_		
4. Factory Mutual Research Corp., Norwood, MA		x	x	x	x	x	x	×	
5. Forest Product Laboratories, Madison, WI*	: :		1000	x		x		x	
6. Hardwood Plywood Mfgrs. Assoc., Reston, VA		x		_				x	
7. Northwest Testing Lab., Inc., Portland, OR			_	x		x	x	_	
8. Omega Point Laboratories, Inc. San Antonio, TX		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
9. PFS Corporation Madison, WI		x		x		x			
10. Radco Carson, CA		x							
11. Southwest Research Inst., San Antonio, TX		x	x	x	x	х	x	x	
12. Underwriters Lab., Inc., Northbrook, IL		x	x	x	x	x	×	x	
13. Univ. of Calif. — Berkeley, Richmond, CA		_	x	x					
14. U.S. Testing Co. Fairfield, NJ		x	x	_	x			x	
15. U.S. Testing Co. Los Angeles, CA	:	x	x		x	_		x	
16. VTEC, Inc., Bronx, NY		x	x	x	x	_		x	
17. Warnock Hersey Intal-Inc., Pittsburg, CA		х	x	x	······································	x	x		

^{*} Reference based on research and development data. Facility is not available for conducting routine rating tests.

A-51.15 (6) Example to determine total aggregate exit width



Type No. 1 sprinklered construction.

Aggregate exit width required from a floor into the stairwell is 30 inches per 100 people on that floor; i.e.,

5th floor to stairwell = $3 \times 30 = 90$ "

4th floor to stairwell = $4 \times 30 = 120^{11}$

3rd floor to stairwell = 5 x 30 = 150"

etc.

Total stair width required:

5th to 4th - 300 persons (100%) x 30"/100 persons = 90"

4th to 3rd - [400 persons (100%) + 300 persons (50%)] 30"/100 persons = 165"

3rd to 2nd - [500 persons (100%) + 400 persons (50%) + 300 persons (25%)]

30"/100 persons = 232.5"

2nd to 1st - [200 persons (100%) + 500 persons (50%) + 400 persons (25%)] 30"/100 persons = 165" (Use 232.5")

1st to exterior - [600 persons (100%) + (200 persons + 100 persons) (50%) +

(500 persons + 300 persons) (25%)] 30"/100 persons = 285"

 B_1 to 1st - [100 persons (100%) + 300 persons (50%) + 400 persons (25%)] 30"/100 persons = 105" (Use 150")

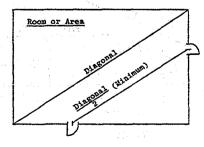
 B_2 to B_1 - [300 persons (100%) + 400 persons (50%)] 30"/100 persons = 150"

 B_3 to B_2 - 400 persons (100%) x 30"/100 persons = 120"

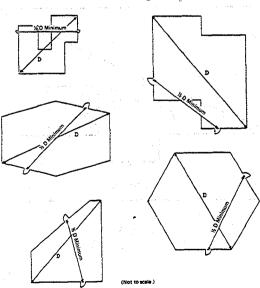
Stair width required from B₁ to 1 is 150" as stair cannot decrease in width along path to exit [ILHR 51.16 (2) (c)].

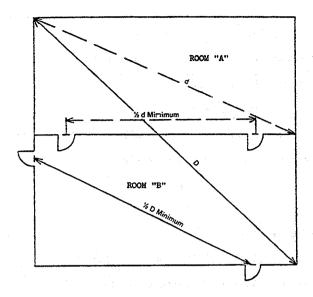
A-51.151 EXIT DISTRIBUTION. The following diagrams are provided to aid building designers in determining proper exit distribution:

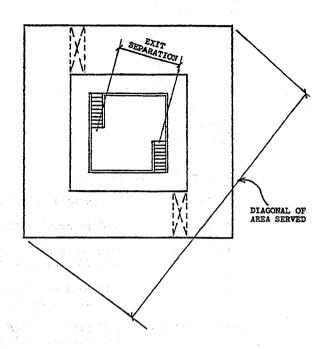
ARRANGEMENT OF EXITS



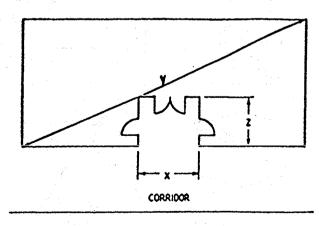
Minimum Distance - One-half of Diagonal

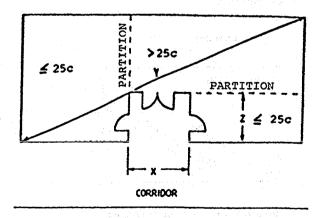






A-51.152 EGRESS CONFIGURATIONS. The following diagrams are provided to aid building designers in determining proper egress configurations:





A-51.22 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS. The following information is taken from the National Fire Protection Association Standard #10-1988 - Portable Fire Extinguishers. The information is provided to assist building designers in determining the number, type and location of fire extinguishers needed to comply with the provisions of the standard.

- 1-4 Classification and ratings of fire extinguishers.
- 1-4.1 Portable fire extinguishers are classified for use on certain classes of fires and rated for relative extinguishing effectiveness at a temperature of plus 70°F by testing laboratories. This is based upon the preceding classification of fires and the fire-extinguishment potentials as determined by fire tests.
- 1-4.2 The classification and rating system described in this standard is that used by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., and Underwriters Laboratories of Canada and is based on extinguishing preplanned fires of determined size and description as follows:

Class A Rating - Wood and excelsior.

Class B Rating — Two-inch depth n-heptane fires in square pans.

Class C Rating — No fire test. Agent must be a non-conductor of electricity.

Class D Rating — Special tests on specific combustible metal fires.

- 1-5 CLASSIFICATION OF HAZARDS.
- 1-5.1 Light (low) hazard. Light hazard occupancies are locations where the total amount of Class A combustible materials, including furnishings, decorations and contents, is of minor quantity. This may include some buildings or rooms occupied as offices, classrooms, churches, assembly halls, etc. This classification anticipates that the majority of contents items are either noncombustible or so arranged that a fire is not likely to spread rapidly. Small amounts of Class B flammables used for duplicating machines, art departments, etc., are included provided that they are kept in closed containers and safely stored.
- 1-5.2 Ordinary (moderate) hazard. Ordinary hazard occupancies are locations where the total amount of Class A combustibles and Class B flammables are present in greater amounts than expected under light (low) hazard occupancies. These occupancies could consist of offices, classrooms, mercantile shops and allied storage, light manufacturing, research operations, auto showrooms, parking garages, workshop or support service areas of

light (low) hazard occupancies and warehouses containing Class I or Class II commodities as defined by NFPA 231, Standard for General Storage.

- 1-5.3 Extra (high) hazard. Extra hazard occupancies are locations where the total amount of Class A combustibles and Class B flammables present, in storage, production use, and/or finished product is over and above those expected and classed as ordinary (moderate) hazards. These occupancies could consist of woodworking, vehicle repair, aircraft and boat servicing, individual product display showrooms, product convention center displays, storage and manufacturing processes such as painting, dipping, coating, including flammable liquid handling. Also included is warehousing of, or in-process storage of other than Class I and Class II commodities.
- 3-2 FIRE EXTINGUISHER SIZE AND PLACEMENT FOR CLASS A HAZARDS.
- 3-2.1 Minimal sizes of fire extinguishers for the listed grades of hazards shall be provided on the basis of Table 3-2.1 except as modified by 3-2.3. Extinguishers shall be located so that the maximum travel distances shall not exceed those specified in Table 3-2.1, except as modified by 3-2.3.
- 3-2.1.1 Certain smaller extinguishers which are charged with multipurpose dry chemical or Halon 1211 are rated on Class B and Class C fires, but have insufficient effectiveness to earn the minimum 1-A rating even though they have value in extinguishing smaller Class A fires. They shall not be used to meet the requirements of 3-2.1.
- 3-2.2 Up to one-half of the complement of extinguishers as specified in Table 3-2.1 may be replaced by uniformly spaced 1½ inch hose stations for use by the occupants of the building. When hose stations are so provided they shall conform to NFPA 14, Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems. The location of hose stations and the placement of fire extinguishers shall be in such a manner that the hose stations do not replace more than every other extinguisher.
- 3-2.3 Where the floor area of a building is less than that specified in Table 3-2.1, at least one extinguisher of the minimum size recommended shall be provided.
- 3-2.4 The protection requirements may be fulfilled with extinguishers of higher rating provided the travel distance to such larger extinguishers shall not exceed 75 feet.

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

ILHR 50-64 Appendix A

Table 3-2.1

	Light (Low) Hazard Occupancy	Ordinary (Moderate) Hazard Occupancy	Extra (High) Hazard Occupancy
Minimum rated single extinguisher	2-A	2-A	4-A*
Maximum floor area per unit of A Maximum floor area	3,000 sq. ft.	1,500 sq. ft.	1,000 sq. ft.
for extinguisher Maximum travel dis-	11,250 sq. ft.	11,250 sq. ft.	11,250 sq. ft.
tance to extin- guisher	75 ft.	75 ft.	7 5 ft.

^{*}Two 2 % gal water type extinguishers can be used to fulfill the requirements of one 4-A rated extinguisher.

A-52.011 HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS. The following information is provided to assist building owners and designers in determining the hazard classifications of typical building usage or occupancy:

HAZARD				
CLASSIFICATION	DESCRIPTION OF FUEL LOAD	TYPICAL EXAMPLES		
Low has a second	Buildings or structures used for the manufacture or storage of noncombustible or low hazard materials, that do not ordinarily burn rapidly, such as but not limited to: asbestos; chalk; non-alcoholic beverages; brick and masonry; ceramic products; gypsum; glass and metals; foods in noncombustible containers; fresh fruits and vegetables in non-plastic containers; dairy products in non-wax coated paper containers; beer or wine in metal or glass containers; electrical motors and coils; and fertilizer.	freezer warehouses; storage in closed front metal cabinets; storage of noncombustible or low hazard materials on wood pallets or in pa- per cartons without significant amounts of combustible wrappings; and similar occupan- cies with slight combustibles.		
Moderate Hazard	Buildings and structures used for the manufacture or storage of moderate hazard materials, which are likely to burn with moderate rapidity, but which do not produce either poisonous gases, fumes or explosives, such as but not limited to: cloth, burlap and paper bags; bamboo and rattan; canvas and leather belting; baskets; books and paper in rolls or packs; boots and shoes; cardboard and cardboard boxes; clothing; cordage; furniture; furs; glue, mucilage, paste and size; linoleum; silk; soap; sugar; tobacco products; wax candles; athletic equipment; musical instruments; beverages containing more than 12% alcohol; furniture other than metal; business machines; electronics; and plastic products not classified as high hazard.	Mercantile storage and display; offices; school-rooms; auto showrooms; aircraft storage; light manufacturing; school shop areas; leather enameling or japanning operations; grain elevators with less than one million bushel bulk storage capacity; livestock shelters; fertilizer bagging operations; feed, flour and grist mills; lumber yards; motor vehicle repair shops; petroleum warehouses for storage of lubricating oils with a flash point of 200°F. or higher; photo engraving operations; public garages; stables; upholstering and mattress manufacturing; aircraft servicing; woodworking and millworking; bakeries; boat building operations; food processing; condensed and powdered milk manufacturing; paper mills or products; printing or publishing; refuse incinerators; and textile mills.		
High Hazard	Buildings and structures used for the storage, manufacture or processing of: highly combustible or explosive products or materials, which are likely to burn with extreme rapidity or which may produce poisonous fumes or explosions; highly corrosive, toxic or noxious alkalies, acids or other liquids or chemicals producing flame, fumes, poisonous, irritant or corrosive gases; materials producing explosive mixtures or dusts or which result in the division of matter into fine particles subject to spontaneous ignition.	Ammunition, explosive and firework manufacture; artificial flowers and synthetic leather manufacture; celluloid and celluloid products; cotton batting and waste processes; dry cleaning establishments using or storing more than 3 gallons of flammable liquids with a flash point below 100°F. or more than 60 gallons of flammable liquids with a flash point between 100°F. and 140°F.; feather renovating; fruit ripening processes; grain elevators with one million bushel or more bulk storage capacity; hydrogenation processes; match manufacture and storage; metal enameling and japanning; nitro-cellulose film exchanges and laboratories paint and varnish manufacture; petroleum manufacture; processing of paper or cardboard in loose form; pyroxylin product storage and manufacture; smoke houses; factories or warehouses where loose combustible fibers or dust are manufactured, processed, generated or		

under conditions involving possible release of flammable vapors; and fabrication facilities and research and development areas in which hazardous production materials are used.

A-52.07 (11) ACCEPTANCE OF THE ATRIUM SMOKE CONTROL SYSTEM. The following is a reprint of an approved test procedure:

Acceptance test procedure for the atrium smoke management system.

- 1. All testing shall be in the presence of a representative from the department.
- 2. All exhaust and supply-air systems shall be operationally balanced and tested. Complete air-balance reports shall be recorded on each piece of equipment, all exhaust inlets, and all supply outlets.
- 3. Each automatic initiating device shall be tripped to observe proper function. This test shall be performed on both normal and emergency power.
- 4. Each manual switch and override shall be tripped to observe proper function. This test shall be performed on both normal and emergency power.
- 5. All indicator lights shall display the appropriate detection and operating status.
- 6. Select a location on the first floor approximately 5 ft. outside the perimeter of the atrium opening. The location shall be acceptable to the department's representative.
 - 7. Prepare three two-minute smoke bombs.
- 8. Ignite all three smoke bombs. When they become fully active, manually activate the atrium smoke-management system.

- 9. Observe and record the results.
- 10. After all smoke has been cleared, select an additional location on an upper level acceptable to the department's representative.
 - 11. Prepare three more two-minute smoke bombs.
- 12. Ignite all three smoke bombs. When they become fully activated, again manually activate the atrium smoke-management system.
 - 13. Observe and record the results.
- 14. Acceptable performance shall be movement of the smoke from the source into the atrium and out through exhaust at the top of the atrium. Smoke migration down the corridors shall be limited to no more than a light haze at a point 25 ft from the source. Furthermore, the balconies around the perimeter of the atrium shall maintain a smoke-free zone.
- 15. Upon the successful completion of these tests, a signed and dated copy of the department's acceptance shall be filed with the test records and a copy shall be maintained with the quarterly test log.
- 16. A copy of this acceptance test procedure and all plans, specifications, and calculations for the building shall be maintained with the quarterly test log.

A-52.20 Chapter ILHR 16, Wisconsin State Electrical Code, Volume 2, requires the installation of standby emergency power for certain occupancies; the following is a reprint of s. ILHR 16.46 (1):

(1) WHERE REQUIRED. Standby emergency power of a type recognized by NEC 700-12 (a), (b), (c) or (f) shall be

provided as a source of supply for required exit lights, emergency lighting or power in occupancies where people are housed, assembled or confined with a capacity or area equal to or greater than those listed in Column B of Table 16.46.

TABLE 16.46 OCCUPANCIES REQUIRING STANDBY EMERGENCY POWER

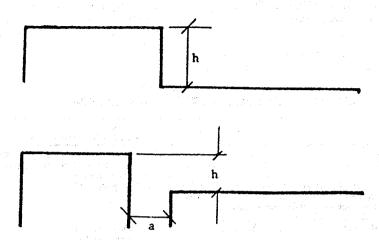
	Column A	Column B
	Occupancy	Calculated Capacity or Area
1.	Apartment buildings	50 bedrooms, including efficiency units
2.	Arenas	800 square feet (Use seated space only)
3.	Art galleries	20,000 square feet
4.	Assembly halls such as church dining rooms and fellowship	2,000 square feet
	halls, dance halls, banquet halls, dining rooms, restaurants, taverns, night clubs, school and day care center multi-pur- pose rooms, and similar occupancies	
5.	Assembly halls with stage	1.400 square feet
6.	Auditoriums	
7.	Banks	
8.		
-		tator seats and 10 square feet per person for bar and dining areas
9.	Centers for developmentally disabled	20 inmate beds
10.	Children's homes	
11.	Community-based residential facilities	
12.	Convents	
13.	Dormitories, including those used in detention schools	200 beds
14.		12.000 square feet
15.	Factories	30,000 square feet
16.	Field houses	
17.		200 persons based on 6 square feet per person for seated space
		and 15 square feet per person for unseated space
18.	Hospitals	20 patient beds
19.	Hotels	200 rooms
20.	Jails	20 inmate beds
21.	Lecture halls	1,400 square feet
22.	Libraries	200 persons based on 20 square feet per person for reading rooms and 100 square feet per person for balance
23.	Lodge halis	200 persons based on 6 square feet per person for seated space
		and 15 square feet per person for unseated space
24.	Motels	100 rooms
25.	Museums	20,000 square feet
26.	Nursing homes	
27.	Office buildings	
28.	Rooming houses	
29.	Skating rinks	
30.	Stores	200 persons based on 30 square feet per person for first floor
		and 60 square feet per person for second floor and above
31.	Swimming pools (indoor)	450 square feet
32.	Theaters and theater lobbies	1,400 square feet (Theater and lobby must be combined in de-
		termining total area)
33.	Warehouses	120,000 square feet

A-52.60 (1) Water closets. The following is a reprint of s. ILHR 84.20 (5) (m) 7. from the plumbing code:

7. A water closet may not be located closer than 15 inches from its center to any side wall, partition, vanity, or other obstruction, nor closer than 30 inches center to center, between water closets. There shall be at least 24

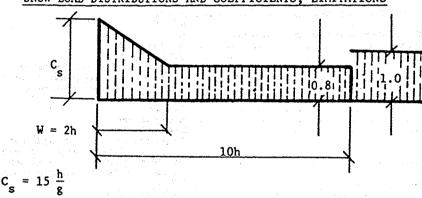
inches clearance in front of a water closet to any wall, fixture or door.

A-53.11 (4) (c) Increase in roof loads. The following design provisions may be used to determine the increase in roof loads as required by this section.



Lower level of multi-level roofs (when upper roof is part of the same building or on an adjacent building not more than 15 feet away).

SNOW LOAD DISTRIBUTIONS AND COEFFICIENTS, LIMITATIONS



when 15
$$\frac{h}{g}$$
 < 1.0 use $C_s = 1.0$

when
$$15 \frac{h}{g} > 3.0 \text{ use } C_s = 3.0*$$

$$W = 2 h$$

when h < 5 ft use W = 10 h > 15 ft use W = 30

h = difference of roof heights in ft.

g = roof live load in psf [ILHR 53.11 (4)]

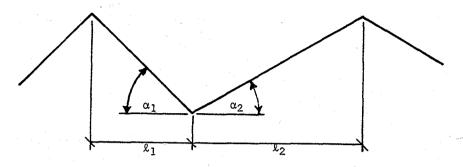
w = width of drift from higher building in ft.

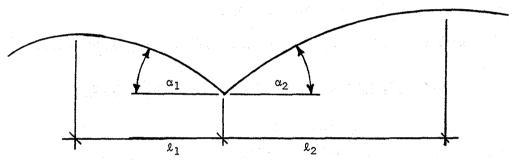
a = distance between buildings < 15 ft.

Design upper roof for loads applicable to single-level roofs.

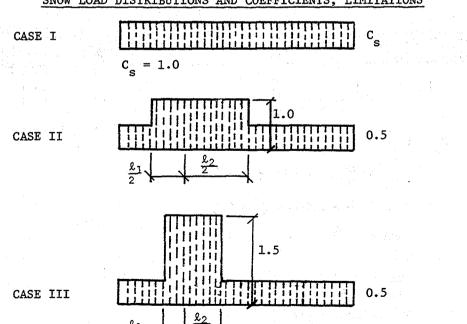
*An upper limit of 3 times the basic roof load has been suggested. It should be noted, however, that higher loads have been observed where an upper roof was very long (measured perpendicularly to the step between the upper and lower roofs). On the other hand, for relatively short upper roofs (say less than 50 ft), a reduction below the calculated C_s value may be judged adequate by the designer.

Valley areas of two-span and multi-span sloped or curved roofs

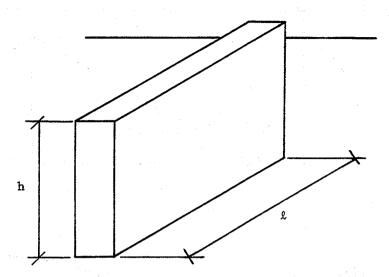




SNOW LOAD DISTRIBUTIONS AND COEFFICIENTS, LIMITATIONS

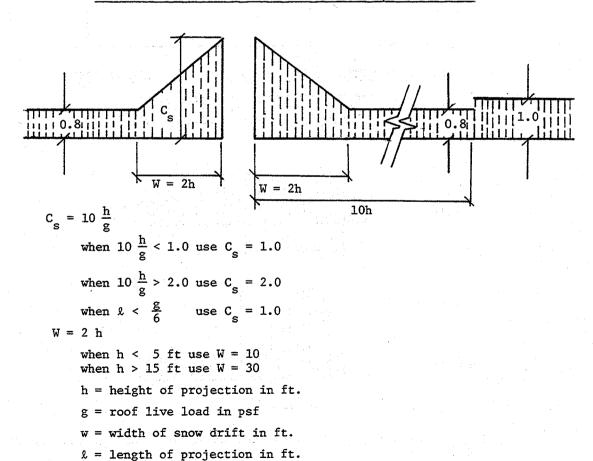


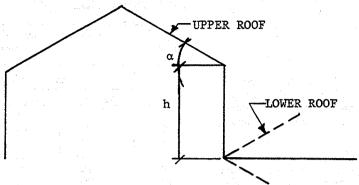
For both α_1 and $\alpha_2 \leq 10^\circ$ use Case I only; otherwise use Case I, II and III



Roof areas adjacent to projections and obstructions on roofs

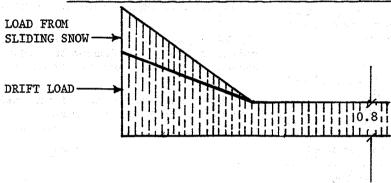
SNOW LOAD DISTRIBUTIONS AND COEFFICIENTS, LIMITATIONS





Lower of multi-level roofs with upper roof sloped towards lower roof, where α exceeds 10° .

SNOW LOAD DISTRIBUTIONS AND COEFFICIENTS, LIMITATIONS



Design lower roof for loads applicable to multi-level roof plus a portion of the sliding snow from the upper roof.*

Design upper roof for loads applicable to single-level roofs.

*Where snow is likely to slide onto a lower roof from an upper roof, the lower roof should be designed for the load as provided for multi-level roofs plus an additional load produced by the snow that may slide from the upper roof. It is not possible to provide coefficients for this situation, but the following guide is recommended. Because of the remote probability that both upper and lower roofs will have their full load over the full areas simultaneously when sliding occurs, it may be assumed that the lower roof would be carrying its full load and that sliding of 50% of the total weight of the applicable uniformly distributed snow load from the upper roof would occur.

A-53.11 (4) (d) ROOF DESIGNED FOR CONTROL FLOW DRAINAGE. This section refers to the requirements of the Plumbing Code (ch. ILHR 82) for storm drain sizes where control flow drainage roof design is used. The following information from the plumbing code is provided for use by the building designer:

Partial Reprint of s. ILHR 82.36 (4) and (5)

- (4) LOAD ON DRAIN PIPING. (a) Storm water drainage. The load factor on storm water drain piping shall be computed in terms of gallons per minute or on the square footage of the horizontal projection of roofs, paved areas, yards and other tributary areas.
- (b) Continuous flow devices. Where there is a continuous or semicontinuous discharge into the storm building drain or storm building sewer, as from a pump, air conditioning unit, or similar device, each gallon per minute of such discharge shall be computed as being equivalent to 26 square feet of roof area.
- (5) SELECTING SIZE OF STORM AND CLEAR WATER DRAIN PIPING. (a) Horizontal storm water drain piping. The pipe size for horizontal drain piping for storm water shall be determined from Tables 82.36-1 to 82.36-4.

Table 82.36-1

MINIMUM SIZE OF STORM WATER HORIZON-TAL DRAIN PIPING SERVING ROOF AREAS

Pipe Diameters (in inches)	Maximum Roof Areas (in square feet)								
	Pit	Pitch of Piping Per Foot							
	1/16 inch	1/16 inch 1/2 inch 1/2 inch							
3	650	910	1,300	1,820					
4	1,300	1,950	2,990	3,770					
5	2,470	3,640	5,070	7,020					
6	4,160	5,980	8,320	11,700					
8	9,320	13,000	18,200	26,000					
10	17,680	24,700	33,800	50,440					
12	27,300	41,080	57,200	81,900					
15	52,000	72,800	105,300	146,640					
18	85,800	121,550	174,200	247,000					
21	156,520	179,660	256,880	374,400					
24	187,200	261,560	382,200	546,000					

Note: Divide square footage by 26 to obtain flow in gpm.

Table 82.36-4

MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF STORM WATER
HORIZONTAL DRAIN PIPING FLOWING FULL

Pipe Diameters (in inches)	Maximum Capacities in Gallons Per Minute Pitch of Piping Per Foot			
*				
	1/16 inch	% inch	¼ inch	½ inch
3	25	35	50	70
4	50	75	115	145
5	97	140	195	270
6	160	230	320	450
8	355	500	700	1,000
10	680	950	1,300	1,940
12	1,050	1,580	2,200	3,150
15	2,000	2,800	4,050	5,640
18	3,300	4,675	6,700	9,500
21	6,020	6,910	9,880	14,400
24	7,200	10,060	14,700	21,000

- (b) Vertical conductors for storm water. 1. A vertical conductor for storm water shall not be smaller than the largest horizontal branch connected thereto.
- 2. Vertical conductors shall be sized in accordance with Table 82.36-5 or the diameter D, where

$$D=1.128 \sqrt{\frac{A}{X}}$$

Where, A = the area of the roof in square feet

- X = 300 square feet per square inch for a roof covered with gravel or slag and with a pitch not exceeding ¼ inch per foot; or
 - = 250 square feet per square inch for a roof covered with gravel or slag and with a pitch of greater than % inch per foot; or
- = 200 square feet per square inch for a roof with a metal, tile, brick or slate covering and of any pitch.

Ta	ble 82.36-5		
MINIMUM DIAMETER	OF VERTICAL	CONDUCTOR	S

	Maximum Roof Areas (in square feet) Pipe Diameters (in inches)					
Type of Roof						
	2½	3	4	5	6	8
Roofs covered with gravel, slag, or similar material and with a pitch of "" per foot or less.	1,645	2,120	3,780	5,885	8,490	15,125
Roofs covered with gravel, slag or similar material and with a pitch greater than %" per foot.	1,220	1,770	3,150	4,905	7,075	12,600
Roofs covered with metal, tile, orick, slate or similar material and of any pitch.	975	1,415	2,520	3,925	5,660	10,080

Note: Divide square footage by 26 to obtain flow in gpm.

A-53.15 Load Combinations. It is the intent of this section that the loads specified in ss. ILHR 53.10 through 53.14 be considered to act in the following combinations, whichever is critical, for the design of the building frame, foundation or structural member:

- 1. Dead load plus live load.
- 2. Dead load plus wind load.
- 3. Dead load plus live load plus wind load.
- 4. Dead load plus live load plus crane loads.

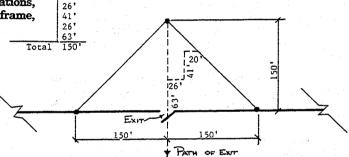
Distribution of live loads which would cause the maximum shear, bending moment or stress in structural members should be investigated.

A-54.02 (4) EXIT DISTANCE. The following illustrations and text are provided to explain the procedure and intent of using the triangulation method of exit distance determination.

Exit travel must terminate at one of the following types of exits:

- 1. Standard exit to grade (ILHR 51.15)
- 2. Enclosed stairways (ILHR 51.17 and 51.18)
- 3. Horizontal exits (ILHR 51.19)
- 4. Fire escapes (ILHR 51.20)

Therefore, exit distance must be measured from one of these exit types. All exits must lead to a street, alley or open court which is connected to a street or alley.



Procedure:

- 1. Beginning at designated exit type, measure required exit distance (150 feet, for example) at right angles to and parallel with (on both sides) the exit.
 - 2. Connect end points to form the "exit triangle".
- 3. All areas within the triangle are within the required exit distance when traveling toward or at right angles to the exit.
- 4. All the interior space of a building must fall within the "exit triangles" formed by using the required exits for the building.
- 5. When measuring exit distance in stairways, only the horizontal travel distance is included in the determination.

A-54.02 (4) (c) The use of the term "high hazard" as referred to in this section is intended to apply to the following list of operations and occupancies:

- 1. Aircraft hangars.
- 2. Dry cleaning establishments: using gasoline or other volatile flammable liquids.
 - 3. Enameling or japanning.

Register, December, 1995, No. 480

- 4. Mills: sugar, starch cereal, feed, flour and grist mills.
- 5. Paint and varnish: manufacturing, storing, handling, spraying, and other related operations.
 - 6. Proxylin products: manufacture and storage.
 - 7. Repair garages.
 - Smoke houses.
- 9. Storage of: explosive gases under pressure (15 psi and over 2500 cubic feet) such as acetylene, hydrogen, natural gas, etc.
- 10. Storage of materials with a flash point under 200° F. such as celluloid products, kerosene, oils, etc.
 - 11. Woodworking establishments.
- A-57.02 (2) (b) VERTICAL DIVISION WALLS. See drawings and illustrations in s. A 51.03 (5) (a) for typical floor/ ceiling-wall connection details for vertical division walls. Disregard masonry components shown in drawings when masonry is not used in the construction of the vertical division wall.
- A-57.07 (3) CHANGES OF ELEVATION WITHIN INDIVIDUAL LIVING UNITS. Section ILHR 57.07 (3) permits the steps, stairs and ramps within individual living units to conform with s. ILHR 21.04 of the Uniform Dwelling Code. The following is a reprint of the applicable portions of that
- ILHR 21.04 Stairs. Every exterior or interior stairs, except those leading to attics or crawl space or similar nonhabitable spaces, shall conform to the requirements of this section.
- (1) LANDINGS. (a) Intermediate landings. Intermediate landings located in a flight of stairs shall be at least as wide as the stairs and shall measure at least 3 feet in the direction of travel. Trim and handrails may project no more than 3½ inches into the required width.
- (b) Landings at the top and base of stairs. A level landing shall be provided at the top and at the foot of every stairs. The landing shall be at least as wide as the stairs and shall measure at least 3 feet in the direction of travel.
- (c) Doors at landings. Except as provided in subds. 1 to 4, level landings shall be provided on each side of any door located at the foot or head of a stairway, regardless of the door swing. In the application of the exceptions given in subds. 1 to 4, stairways to attached garages or porches are considered to be interior stairways.
- 1. Exception. A landing shall not be required between the door and the head of interior stairs, provided the door does not swing over the stairs.
- 2. Exception. A landing shall not be required between the door and the head of an interior stairway of 2 or fewer risers, regardless of doorswing.
- 3. Exception. A landing shall not be required between a sliding glass door and the head of an exterior stairway of 3 or fewer risers.
- 4. Exception. The exterior landing, platform or sidewalk at an exterior doorway shall be located not more than 8 inches below the interior floor elevation. The landing plat-

- form shall have a length at least equal to the width of the
- (2) HANDRAILS AND GUARDRAILS (a) Handrails. Every stairs of more than 3 risers shall be provided with at least one handrail. Handrails shall be provided on all open sides of stairways.
- (b) Guardrails. All openings between floors, open sides of landings, platforms, balconies or porches which are more than 24 inches above grade or a floor, shall be protected with guardrails.
- (c) Handrail and guardrail details. 1. Height. Handrails shall be located at least 30 inches, but not more than 34 inches, above the nosing of the treads. Guardrails shall be located at least 36 inches above the upper surface of the
- 2. Open railings. Open guardrails or handrails shall be provided with intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern to prevent the passage of a sphere with a diameter larger than 9 inches.
- 3. Clearance. The clearance between the handrail and the wall surface shall be at least 11/2 inches.
- 4. Loading. Handrails and guardrails shall be designed and constructed to withstand a 200 pound load applied in any direction.
- 5. Exterior rails. Exterior handrails and guardrails shall be constructed of metal, decay resistant or pressure treated wood or shall be protected from the weather.
- (3) STAIR DETAILS. Stairs shall meet the following requirements:
- (a) Minimum width. Every stairs shall measure at least 3 feet in width.
- (b) Headroom. Every stairs shall be provided with a minimum headroom clearance of 6 feet 4 inches. The minimum clearance shall be measured vertically from a line parallel to the nosing of the treads to the ceiling or soffit directly above that line.
- (c) Treads and risers. Risers shall not exceed 8 inches in height, measured vertically from tread to tread. Treads shall be at least 9 inches wide, measured horizontally from nosing to nosing. There shall be no variation in uniformity exceeding 3/16 inch in the width of tread or in the height of risers. No flight of stairs shall exceed 12 feet in height unless landings are provided.
- (d) Winders. Winder steps may be used in stairs where the length of the tread is at least 3 feet and the winder tread measures at least 7 inches in width from nosing to nosing at a point one foot from the narrow end of the tread.
- (e) Spiral stairs. Spiral stairs may be used as an exit stairs. The tread shall measure at least 26 inches from the outer edge of the supporting column to the inner edge of the handrail and at least 7 inches in width from nosing to nosing at a point one foot from the narrow end of the
- A-57.11 The intent of this section is to apply to floor levels not more than one story below grade (at building).

Register, December, 1995, No. 480

A-57.11 (1) (f) It is the intent of this subsection that each living unit needs only one means of exit from within the unit and that the entire building be provided with no less than 2 exits.

A-59.14 (2) (c) EXIT DISTANCE. See the information and illustration contained in A-54.02 (4).

A-60.19 (4) The standard is available from the National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, Massachusetts 02269

A-60.35 Class A fires are fires in ordinary combustible materials

such as wood, cloth, paper, rubber, and many plastics. Class B fires are fires in flammable liquids, gases and greases

A-60.36 (1) (a) See A-60.19 (4).

A-62.25 (1) CLEARANCE LIMITATIONS The intent is to require the minimum 7 feet 0 inches clearance only in traffic lanes and in all areas normally used by the public to leave from and return to their vehicles.

A-62.50 Fire extinguishers. See A-51.22 for related information.



CHAPTERS ILHR 63 & 64 PLAN CHECK WORKSHEETS

SECTION I. ENERGY/HVAC FORM INDEX

SECTION II. BUILDING ENVELOPE

SECTION III. LIGHTING

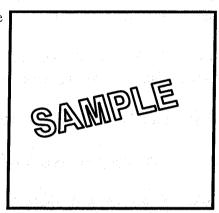
SECTION IV. HVAC

SBD-10373 (R.11/96)

INDEX		I-1
	Project Plan #	Submitter's Name
Wisconsin	Owner's Name	Date
Department of Commerce	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City ☐ Village ☐ Township of

All constructions or installations under s. ILHR 50.07 (2) and (3) shall be supervised by a Wisconsin registered architect or engineer, except that a Wisconsin registered HVAC designer may supervise the installation of heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems, and a registered electrical designer may supervise the installation of illumination systems. The plans, specifications, and calculations require the signature and seal or stamp of the appropriate professional listed above. ILHR 50.08.

The Division of Safety & Buildings was associated with the Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations (DILHR). As of July 1, 1996, the Division has been relocated to the Department of Commerce (COMM). Code References involving the prefix ILHR will be changed to COMM upon approval of the Revisors Office. An exact date for this change to occur has not yet been established.



Registration Stamp & Signature

ENERGY EFFICIENCY PLAN CHECK WORKSHEETS

I. ENERGY/HVAC FORM INDEX	William Company of the Com-	Check below if included with submittal
I-1: Index		
II. BUILDING ENVELOPE PLAN CHECK WORKS	SHEETS	en in the second particles
E-1: Building Envelope Summary E-2: Fenestration Worksheet	en jaron kan kan kan kan kan kan kan kan kan ka	
E-3: Opaque Surfaces Worksheet	and the second of the second	
E-4: Skylight Exemption Worksheet	The Control of the Spart Spart	
E-5: Opaque Trade-Off Worksheet	alah beramakan da	
III. LIGHTING PLAN CHECK WORKSHEETS		
	and the second of the second	sa ng kindya garang
L-1: Lighting Summary		
L-2: Exterior Lighting Power Worksheet		
L-3: Installed Interior Lighting Power Wo		
L-4: Complete Building/Area Category M	ethods Worksheet	
L-5: Activity Method Worksheet		·
IV. HVAC PLAN CHECK WORKSHEETS		n santing yated of
H-1: HVAC Summary		en kol <u>ak jetito je na je</u> je ili
H-2: HVAC Prescriptive Worksheet		
H-3: HVAC Equipment Summary		
The information you provide may be used by other agency programs [Privacy I or	$a_{i} \in 15.04 (1)(m) I$	PD 10512 (N 11/06)

II. BUILDING ENVELOPE PLAN CHECK DOCUMENTS

This section describes the forms and procedures for documenting compliance with the building envelope energy efficiency requirements of the code. It does not describe the details of the requirements; these are presented in the code. Determination of code compliance will be based on the actual code section. The following discussion is addressed to the designer preparing construction documents and compliance statements and to the plan reviewers who are examining those documents for compliance with the code.

The use of each form is briefly described below. The complete instructions for each form are presented in the following subsections.

E-1: Building Envelope Summary.

This information is required for every project involving the building envelope.

E-2: Fenestration Worksheet.

Used only for the Component Standards and System Standards methods. This worksheet produces area-weighted average values for the Fenestration U-Value and Shading noefficient (SC_x). For the System Standards method of s. ILHR 63.16, one of these worksheets should be completed for each orientation. (It is not necessary to fill this out if there is only one Fenestration U-Value and Shading Coefficient for the entire project.)

E-3: Opaque Surfaces Worksheet.

This worksheet is used only for the Component Standards method and System Standards method. This worksheet produces the area-weighted average values for the U-values of roof, walls (including opaque doors), and floor assemblies. For the System Standards method, one of these worksheets should be completed for each orientation.

E-4: Skylight Exemption Worksheet.

This information will only be required when skylights are to be exempt from the roof area thermal performance calculation.

E-5: Opaque Trade-Off Worksheet.

This information will only be required when opaque trade-offs are used per the requirements of ILHR 63.15 (3) & (4).

SBD-10373 (R.11/96)

BUILDING ENVELOPE SUMMARY E-1

This worksheet is applicable to all projects involving the building envelope.

Project Information

This information asks for the project name and address and those people responsible for the building design and compliance forms.

Compliance Approach

Check one of the three boxes:

<u>Component Standards</u>: If this box is checked, provide the number of the region in

which the building is located from Figure 63.15-2 of the code and the Alternate Component Package (ACP) Table letter.

System Standards: If this box is checked, provide the computer printout or other

documentation of envelope compliance and E-1 form, or or appropriate thermal performance calculations for factories and

warehouses as listed in ILHR 63.14 (2)(3).

System Analysis Design: If the project is demonstrating compliance through the System

Analysis Design method, check this box. A complete analysis

must be provided.

Basic Requirements

Fill the boxes in this column with either a check mark or "X" to indicate a positive response or "N/A" to indicate a negative response. If the skylight exemption is marked (see "Special Considerations"), attach the Skylight Exemption Worksheet (E-4).

Prescriptive/Performance Requirements

If the project is demonstrating compliance through the Component Standards method, all of these items must be completed. The area-weighted properties such as components U-values and fenestration SC_x are obtained from the Fenestration Worksheet (E-2) and Opaque Surfaces Worksheet (E-3). The items under "Requirements" are obtained from the ACP Table.

If the System Standards method is used (e.g., ASHRAE's ENVSTD Program), only the items in the "Design" column need to be completed. Where there is more than one of a particular assembly, enter all of the values.

If the Opaque Trade-Off is used, provide the design information and demonstrate that the Total Design U•Area is equal to or less than the Total Required U•Area.

If the System Analysis Design method (e.g., ASHRAE's Energy Cost Budget method) is used, the items in the design column should be filled in, where applicable, to speed the plan review.

This column serves as a reference for additional building envelope forms and calculations. If Worksheets E-2 through E-5 are submitted, it should be indicated on Form I-1. Boxes are provided for other submittal data. An additional blank is provided to indicate attached calculations such as calculation of mass wall heat capacity or interpolations of tables.

designation of the problem of the entropy of the foreign specific designation of the control posts.

en digekratige gjenja ferditare eliktered tije olik omber och anne elektrik elek juligamet en av i Dige gjellag at merekjärende sem tillan og erekin linkere elikurusen allager at stora sem i stationer.

tago vidas esta esta esta esta esta en la compania en la

FENESTRATION WORKSHEET E-2

This worksheet is applicable to projects that demonstrate compliance through the Component Standards method or the System Standards method. It is not applicable to projects that demonstrate compliance through the System Analysis Design method.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Basic Project Information section of the Building Envelope Summary (E-1) form.

Area-Weighted Properties

Assembly ID:

Insert a descriptor of the particular assembly. A separate ID must be supplied for each group of assemblies that have unique U-values or shading coefficients.

Area

Enter the Total Area (in ft²) for that fenestration assembly (glazing and frame) on a project-wide basis. For the System Standards method, this would be the area for that assembly on an orientation basis. The values from all entries in this column should be summed into the box marked "Total Area" at the bottom of the column.

U-Value (or shading coefficient, SC_x):

Enter the appropriate property for each fenestration assembly (glazing and frame).

U (or SC_x) • Area:

This column is the product of the assembly area (second column) by the fenestration U-value (or SC_x from the third column). The values from all entries in this column should be summed into the box marked "Total U•Area" at the bottom of the column.

The area-weighted U-value (or SC_x) is calculated by dividing the value in "Total U•Area" by the value in "Total Area."

OPAQUE SURFACES WORKSHEET E-3

This worksheet is applicable to projects that demonstrate compliance through either the Component Standards method or System Standards method. It is not applicable to projects that demonstrate compliance through the System Analysis Design method.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Basic Project Information section of the Building Envelope Summary (E-1) form.

Assembly ID:

Insert a descriptor of the particular assembly. This may be a descriptor or number from the appropriate schedule in the plans. A separate item must be supplied for each group of assemblies that have unique U-values.

Area:

Enter the Total area (in ft²) for that assembly (roof, wall, or floor) on a project-wide basis. For the System Standards method, this would be the area for that assembly on an orientation basis. The values from all entries in this column should be summed into the box marked "Total Area" at the bottom of the column.

U-Value:

Enter the appropriate property for each assembly. Overall thermal transmittance of assemblies must be calculated in accordance with s. ILHR 63.18. The calculation procedure must consider the effect of framing.

If skylights are installed, they must be included in the overall U-value calculation of the roof unless an exemption is obtained under s. ILHR 63.12. A skylight exemption worksheet (E-4) must be included.

U•Area:

This column is the product of the assembly area (second column) by the assembly U-value. The values from all entries in this column should be summed into the box marked "Total U•Area" by the value in "Total Area."

The area-weighted U-value is calculated by dividing the value in "Total U•Area" by the value in "Total Area."

SKYLIGHT EXEMPTION WORKSHEET E-4

This worksheet is applicable when skylights are exempt from the roof area overall U-value calculation per the requirements of ILHR 63.12. It may be used with any method of compliance.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Basic Project Information section of the Building Envelope Summary (E-1) form.

Skylight Exemption Worksheet

All of the boxes except the item marked "Special Consideration" (50% shading device credit) must be filled in with a check or "X" to indicate affirmation. The 50% shading device credit box must be filled in with either a check, "X," or "N/A."

All of the "Design" and "Requirement" information must be completed. The skylight-to-roof ratio requirement is the maximum percent of skylight area taken from ASHRAE 90.1, Tables 8-3a and 8-3b of Table A63.12. the maximum area will depend on the visible light transmittance (VLT) and whether or not shading is provided for the skylight.

The lighting power density may be taken from the allowed lighting power density from s. ILHR 63.47, 63.48, or 63.49, or the actual installed lighting power density adjusted for controls under s. ILHR 63.45 (2) may be used.

The design lighting level, in foot-candles, is the judgment of the designer, but should be in general agreement with the recommendations of the Illuminating Engineering Society. (Refer to the IES Lighting Handbook, application volume, 1987.) The designer should choose the lighting level in the table closest to the condition in the proposed building. Interpolation or extrapolation for lighting level is not permitted.

gil. Vince e governi se ovstil se stjarennice i stjaren 😘

OPAQUE TRADE-OFF WORKSHEET E-5

This worksheet is applicable to projects that demonstrate compliance through Opaque Trade-Offs as used with the requirements of ILHR 63.15 (3) & (4).

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Basic Project Information section of the Building Envelope Summary (E-1) form.

Assembly ID:

Insert a descriptor of the particular assembly. This may be a descriptor or number from the appropriate schedule in the plans. A separate item must be supplied for each group of assemblies that have unique U-values.

Area

Enter the Total area (in ft²) for that assembly (roof, wall, or floor) on a project-wide basis. For the System Standards method, this would be the area for that assembly on an orientation basis. The values from all entries in this column should be summed into the box marked "Total Area" at the bottom of the column.

U-Value:

Enter the appropriate property for each assembly. Overall thermal transmittance of assemblies must be calculated in accordance with s. ILHR 63.18. The calculation procedure must consider the effect of framing.

If skylights are installed, they must be included in the overall U-value calculation of the roof unless an exemption is obtained under s. ILHR 63.12. A skylight exemption worksheet (E-4) must be included.

U•Area:

This column is the product of the assembly area (second column) by the assembly U-value.

Total Design U•Area:

Add all U•Area values associated with the Design column. The U•Area values are to be derived from the designed roofs, walls adjacent to unconditioned spaces, above grade exterior walls, and floors over unconditioned spaces.

Total Required U•Area:

Add all U•Area values associated with the Requirement column. The U•Area values are to be derived from code required roofs, walls adjacent to unconditioned spaces, above grade exterior walls,

and floors over unconditioned spaces

Compliance is shown when the "Total Design U-Area" is less than or equal to the "Total Required U•Area."

	Вί	JILDING ENVEL	OPE SU	MMARY					E-1
		sa Nieri sa.							
			Project 1		л 🖂	Submit	ter's Name		
		Viccomolin	Owner's Na	~\$ <u>^</u> \\\		Date			
	1	Department of Commerce	Building Lo	cation (Number & Street)	ر ال	City	√ □ Villag	e [Township of
				,		,			
		-	Component S	•	em Standa				ysis Design
			Sec ILHR 63	,	ILHR 63	16)	(See IL	HR 6	3.70-72)
		Region_ (See Fig.		Table					
	Ba	sic Requirements	50110 2)	Prescriptive/Perform	ance Req	uiremei	nts	A	dditional Data
		U-values reported on this form	are area.		De	ign F	Requirement		Fenestration
	ليا	weighted averages ILHR 63.1		Fenestration Properties	2000 0	Ć	f using Component		Worksheet (E-2)
		Windows and doors meet the a requirements. ILHR 63.11	ir infiltration	Window Area (WA) ILHR 63.05 (79)		— è	itandards, see ICP Table		
	_	•	Godhu NTDO	Gross Wall Area (GWA)		F	ig. 63.15-2		Opaque Surfaces Worksheet
	🌙	Fenestration U-values are certi- or from Table 63 18-3 ILHR	53.18 (2)(b)	ILHR 63.05 (27) ILHR 63.18 (2)(b) & (3)		_			(E-3)
		Fenestration shading coefficien		Window-Wall Ratio (WA/GWA	٨١				Skylight Exemption Worksheet
		from either the 1989 ASHRAE Fundamentals or manufacturer		ILHR 63 05 (80)	- ·	_			(E-4)
		ILHR 63.18 (4)		Window U-value					Opaque Trade-off Worksheet (E-5)
		Exterior joints, cracks, and hole building envelope are caulked,		ILHR 63.18 (2)(b)	·				
	_	weather stripped, or otherwise s ILHR 63 11		Window SCx ILHR 63-18 (4)					Marked Up ACP Table Included?
-			ual abaaluif	Skylights Installed	-	_			Marked Up
		Double entry vestibule? (Option provided)	talcheck it		Y	es -	No	u	COMCheck-EZ Prescriptive Table
		Windows with reflective glazin	g? (Optional						Included?
	_	-check if provided)			Desi		Requirement		001401 177
	Ш	U-values reported on this form a weighted averages ILHR 63 18		Wall Design	<i></i>	5 ''.	xequirement	لسا	COMCheck-EZ Report Included?
İ		An approved method which acc	ounts for the	U-value ILHR 63 18 (2)(a)				П	ENVSTD Output
		thermal bridging of framing is u calculate U-values for envelope		Heat Capacity (HC)		_			Included?
		ILHR 63.18 (2)		ILHR 63.05 (34) Appendix A63.15 (3)(b)			·		
		Exterior joints, cracks, and hole building envelope are caulked,		Insulation position					
		weather stripped, or otherwise se ILHR 63.11		(interior or exterior) ILHR 63 05 (44)					
	*	Vapor barriers are installed to p	revent	U-Values	6002500150	2000 P	420 00 00 00 00 00 00		
l		deterioration of insulation perfor ILHR 63.11 (4)		Roof	Desi	an ≤	Requirement		
				ILHR 63 18 (2)(a)		_			
		Special Consideration The skylight exemption is applied The skylight exemption is applied The skylight exemption is applied.	»d	Walls adjacent to unconditioned space	-	_ ≤			
		ILHR 63.12		ILHR 63.18 (2)(a)	*				
		(Attach Skylight Exemption Worksheet E-4)		Floors over unconditioned space		_ ≤	·		
ŀ	<u></u>	D volume removated as this form for	releb or	ILHR 63.18 (2)(a)	Desig	n	Requirement		
l		R-values reported on this form for grade floors and walls below gra	de include	R-Values		tas 15			
		only the insulating material ILF and (6)	1K 0.5.15 (5)	Wails below grade ILHR 63 18 (2)(a)		_ ≥			
		Insulation continuity is maintain	ed	Slab-on-grade		_ ≥			
F		ILHR 63.15 (5)		ILHR 63.18 (2)(a)		· ·			

The information you provide may be used by other agency programs [Privacy Law, s. $15\,04\,(1)(m)$]

SBD-10373 (R 11/96)

en e	i. Bistorio di Assenti Communicati di Assenti di Salata di Salata di Salata di Salata di Salata di Salata di Salat	Na salah salah salah <u>salah salah /u>
FENESTRATION	N WORKSHEET	E-2
	Project Plan #	Submitter's Name
Wisconsil	Owner's Name SAMPL	Date
Department of Commerc	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City ☐ Village ☐ Township of
		nestration Orientation: r System Standards Method
Area-Weighted P	roperties - ILHR 63.18	
Fenestration U-Val	lue (U _{of}) see ILHR 63.18 (2)(b)	
	Area U-Value U-Area	
the water that a second that	X = =	
	X = ,	
The second secon	X =	
	x	
	x = = =	
	x =	
	x =	
gran the second	x =	Total Lie Area
Total Area→	Total U•Area→	$\frac{\text{Total } \mathbf{U} \cdot \mathbf{Area}}{\text{Total Area}} = \phantom{AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA$
Demonstration Chadin	og Coofficient (CC) see II IIP 62.19	
	ng Coefficient (SC _x) see ILHR 63.18 Area SC _x SC _x •Are	ANTONIO DE CONTRA DE
	x = .	
3 (1.52 (1.54 (1.5	<u>, </u>	
the state of the s	- 1/2 A 2/2 X	
	× , - =	The Control of the State of the
	X gas en la 😑 electricit	
	X =	
	X	
1.2	X ==	

Total SC_x•Area→

Total Area→

OPAQUE SURF	ACES WORKSHEET	E-3
	Project Plan #	Submitter's Name
Wisconsin	Owner's Name	Date
Department of Commerc	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City ☐ Village ☐ Township of
		Wall Orientation:em Standards Method
Area-Weighted Pr	roperties - ILHR 63.18	The Southern as 14 colors
Roofs see ILHR 63.18	R (2)(a)	en de la companya de La companya de la co
tada da da atala karang da maga da atala da ata	Area U-Value U-Area	
	X =	
	x =	
	X =	
	X =	
Total Area→	Total U•Area→	Total U•Area
Total Aica	Total O'Alca	Total Area
Walls Adjacent to Un	aconditioned Spaces see ILHR 63.18 (2)(a)	
	Area U-Value U•Area	
	X =	
	x =	
	X =	
A STATE OF THE STA	X =	Total U•Area
Total Area→	Total U•Area→	Total Area =
Above Cuede Estavio	Wells as II IID (2.19 (2))	
occimicos de cicado a como como como como como como como c	r Walls see ILHR 63.18 (2)(a) Area U-Value U-Area	
	X =	
	X =	
	X =	
	X = ***	<u> </u>
Total Area→	Total U•Area→	Total U•Area
Total Aica	Total O'Alca	Total Area =
Floors Over Uncondit	ioned Spaces see ILHR 63.18 (2)(a)	
Assembly ID A	Area U-Value U•Area	
	X =	
	X =	
	X =	
	(1941) A X	Total U•Area
Total Area→	Total U•Area→	Total Area =

SKYLIGHT EXEM	PTION WORKSHEET	E-4
Wissonsin	Project Plan # Owner's Name	Submitter's Name Date
Wisconsin Department of Commerce	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City ☐ Village ☐ Township of

Sk	vlight Exemption Requirements	see ILHR 63.12				Additional Data
	U-values of skylight curbs are less than 0.21 Btu/hr•ft²•°F.	Skylight Design Data		Design	Requirement	ENVSTD output
	Overall thermal transmittance of skylight assemblies is less than 0.70 Btu/hr•ft²•°F.	Skylight Area (SA) Gross Roof Area (GRA)	tion of the second of the seco			Calculation of allowed skylight percent.
		Skylight-to-Roof Ratio (S	SA/GRA)		. ≤	
	Air leakage is less than 0.5 cfm/ft ² of skylight.	e sanger				Sketch of shading devices.
	Automatic daylighting controls installed to reduce electric lighting by 50%.	Skylight U-value Skylight VLT				
_	Special Consideration	Lighting Power Density	(LPD/ft²)			
U	Shading devices used to block 50% of the solar gain during peak cooling conditions.	Design lighting level (fc)	en e		A STATE OF THE STA	

		Owner's	ct Plan #	MIDII—I	Submitter's N			
Wisco	nsin	Owners			D ate			
Department of	Commerce	Building	g Location (Number &	Street)	☐ City ☐	Village [Township	of
		IGN		 		QUIREME		
Design	- Roofs S				Required -			4)
Assembly ID	Area	U-V	/alue U•Area	Tot	al Area Re	equired U-V	alue	J•Area
		Χ	=		X		=	
		Χ	=					
		Χ	= .					
-1		Х	=					*
Total Area→						1.4		
		,						
Design - A	Above Gra See ILHR 6		erior Walls	K	equired - Abo	ve Grade I ILHR 63.15		Valls
ssembly ID	Area		alue U*Area	Tot		quired U-Va	<u> </u>]•Area
		X		100		quirea e-ra	_	
1			=	1 1 .	X		<u> </u>	<u>' : </u>
					T			
		х	=					
		X .	=		4			
Total Area→		X	=					
Γotal Area→		X	=	Rea	nired - Walls	Adiacent to	o Uncond	itione
Total Area→ esign - Walls		X X to Unco	= = enditioned Space	Requ	pired - Walls A			itione
「otal Area→ esign - Walls	Adjacent	X X to Unco	= = inditioned Space		Space S	Adjacent to See ILHR 63. quired U-Va	.15 (4)	itione •Area
「otal Area→ esign - Walls	Adjacent See ILHR 6	X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-Vi	= = inditioned Space		Space S	See ILHR 63.	.15 (4)	
otal Area→ esign - Walls	Adjacent See ILHR 6	x x to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-Vi	=		Space S	See ILHR 63.	15 (4) lue E	
「otal Area→ esign - Walls	Adjacent See ILHR 6	X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-Va X	=		Space S	See ILHR 63.	15 (4) lue E	
「otal Area→ esign - Walls	Adjacent See ILHR 6	X X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-V ₂ X X	=		Space S	See ILHR 63.	15 (4) lue E	
Cotal Area→ esign - Walls ssembly ID	Adjacent See ILHR 6	X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-Va X	=		Space S	See ILHR 63.	15 (4) lue E	
otal Area→ esign - Walls sembly ID	Adjacent See ILHR 6	X X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-V ₂ X X	=		Space S	See ILHR 63.	15 (4) lue E	
otal Area→ esign - Walls ssembly ID otal Area→ Design - Floo	Adjacent See ILHR 6 Area	X X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-Vi X X X	=	Tota	Space Space State Area X Triangle Area X ired - Floors C	See ILHR 63. quired U-Va	.15 (4) lue t	*Area
otal Area→ esign - Walls sembly ID otal Area→ Design - Floo	Adjacent See ILHR 6 Area Ors Over U See ILHR 63	x x to Unco 3.18 (2)(a	=	Requ	Space S Area Rec X ired - Floors C Scc I	Over Unco	15 (4) lue	*Area
otal Area→ esign - Walls sembly ID otal Area→ Design - Floo	Adjacent See ILHR 6 Area	X X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-Vi X X X	= enditioned Space U*Area = = = = tioned Space	Requ	Space S Area Rec X ired - Floors C Scc I	See ILHR 63. quired U-Va	15 (4) lue	*Area
otal Area→ esign - Walls sembly ID otal Area→ Design - Floo	Adjacent See ILHR 6 Area Ors Over U See ILHR 63	x x to Unco 3.18 (2)(a	=	Requ	Space S Area Rec X ired - Floors C Scc I	Over Unco	15 (4) lue	*Area
otal Area→ esign - Walls sembly ID otal Area→ Design - Floo	Adjacent See ILHR 6 Area Ors Over U See ILHR 63 Area	X X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U.V. X X X X Jncondi 3.18 (2)(a) U.V.	=	Requ	Space Space State Area Record	Over Unco	.15 (4) lue I. = nditioned 4) ue U	*Area
otal Area→ esign - Walls sembly ID otal Area→ Design - Floo	Adjacent See ILHR 6 Area Ors Over U See ILHR 63	X X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a	=	Requ	Space Space State Area Record	Over Unco	.15 (4) lue I. = nditioned 4) ue U	*Area
Fotal Area→ Design - Walls Seembly ID Cotal Area→ Design - Floor	Adjacent See ILHR 6 Area Ors Over U See ILHR 62 Area	X X X to Unco 3.18 (2)(a U-Va X X X X Uncondi 3.18 (2)(a) U-Va X X X	= conditioned Space Other Utarea Other Utarea Other Other	Requ	Space Space State Area Record	Over Unco	.15 (4) lue I. = nditioned 4) ue U	*Area

III. LIGHTING PLAN CHECK DOCUMENTS

This section describes the forms and procedures for documenting compliance with the lighting energy efficiency requirements of the code. It does not describe the details of the requirements; these are presented in the code. The following discussion is addressed to the designer preparing construction documents and compliance statements and to the plan reviewers who are examining those documents for compliance with the code.

The use of each form is briefly described below. The complete instructions for each form are presented in the following subsections.

L-1: Lighting Summary.

This information is required for every project involving lighting and lighting controls.

L-2: Exterior Lighting Power Worksheet.

This information is also required for every project involving lighting and lighting controls.

L-3: Installed Interior Lighting Power Worksheet.

This information is also required for every project involving lighting and lighting controls.

L-4: Complete Building/Area Category Methods Worksheet

This information will only be required when calculating the Interior Lighting Power Allowance using either the Complete Building Method or the Area Category Method.

L-5: Activity Method Worksheet.

This information will only be required when calculating the Interior Lighting Power Allowance using the activity method.

SBD-10377 (R 11/96)

LIGHTING SUMMARY L-1

The Lighting Summary (L-1) form is in four parts. A copy of these forms must be submitted to the Division along with the rest of the compliance submittal at the time of building plan review.

A. Lighting Summary (L-1) Part 1

Project Information

Part 1 of the Lighting Summary form asks for the project name and address and those people responsible for the lighting design and compliance forms. The project name and address should be the same as on the Building Envelope forms for the project.

Method of Interior Lighting Compliance

Check one of the four boxes:

Complete Building: If this box is checked, the Complete Building/Area Category Methods Worksheet

(L-4) must be provided.

Area Category: If this box is checked, the Complete Building/Area Category Methods Worksheet

(L-4) must be provided.

Activity: If this box is checked, the Activity Method Worksheet (L-5) must be provided.

Other: If compliance for the project is demonstrated through the System Analysis Design

method of ss. ILHR 63.70-72 where all energy-using systems are considered

together, check this box. A complete analysis must be provided.

Basic Requirements

All of the boxes in this column must be filled with either a check or "X" to indicate affirmation or "N/A" to indicate not applicable. For exterior lighting, enter the Exterior Lighting Power (ELP) and the Exterior Lighting Power Allowance (ELPA). These are obtained from the Exterior Lighting Power Worksheet (L-2).

Prescriptive/Performance Requirements

Enter the Installed Interior Lighting Power (ILP) and the Interior Lighting Power Allowance (ILPA). The ILP is obtained from the Interior Lighting Power Allowance Worksheet (L-3). The ILPA is obtained from the Complete Building/Area Category Methods Worksheet (L-4) if either the Complete Building Method or the Area Category Method is used. The ILPA is obtained from the Activity Method Worksheet (L-5) if the if the Activity Method is used. The lighting power control credits box is filled with a check or "X" when control credits are taken, otherwise enter "N/A."

Worksheets

Indicate which worksheets are attached.

B. Lighting Summary (L-1) Parts 2 to 4

Parts 2 to 4 of the Lighting Summary should be used to describe the installed lighting schedule, and the control devices associated with the building design. If necessary, make extra copies of the forms. The information on the L-1 parts 2 to 4 forms may be incorporated into equipment schedules on the plans along with light fixture information, rather than presented on the forms. If this is done, however, the same information should be included in one schedule and in a similar format as the forms.

Lighting Summary (L-1) Part 2

<u>Luminaire Name</u>: Record the description by name or type.

<u>Lamp Type:</u> Record the type of lamp (Incandescent, Fluorescent or High-Intensity

discharge).

Watts/Lamp: Record the listed watts per lamp. For track and incandescent medium base socket fixture, see s. ILHR 63.45 (4) for how to determine the watts of these types of luminaires. If track lighting is used and the fixtures are not shown on the Installed Lighting Schedule, 45 watts per foot of track is

entered in this column.

<u>Ballasts Type</u>: Record the ballast type -- Standard Energy-Saving Magnetic (S), Electronic

High Frequency* (E) or Other* (O). If Electronic High Frequency or Other ballast types are used, the exact ballast type and model number should be

specified.

Number/Luminaire: Record the number of ballasts installed in each Luminaire.

Mandatory Automatic Controls (L-1) Part 3

The Mandatory Automatic Controls portion is where those devices to meet the mandatory control requirements are listed. This would include devices for building shut-off, individual room control, and control of exterior lights. If some mandatory controls meet the requirements of s. ILHR 63.45 (2), the information should also be recorded on Part 4, Controls for Credit, if control credits are taken in the ILP calculation.

Control Location: Record the location of the control on the plans.

Control Identification: Record the symbol of the control on the plans.

<u>Control Type</u>: Record the type of certified control device used to meet the mandatory automatic

control requirement.

<u>Space Controlled</u>: Record the location of controlled lights.

Typical controls may be covered by general notation.

Controls for Credit (L-1) Part 4

The Control for Credit portion is similar to the Mandatory Automatic Controls portion. The only difference is the last column.

<u>Luminaires Controlled</u>: Record the luminaire type and quantity controlled for credit.

Type: Record the same name as on the plans.

Number of Luminaires: Record the number of luminaires of that type that are controlled by the control type.

Typical controls may be covered by general notation.

Reviewer Notes

This space is used by the Department Plan Examiner during review of the submitted information.

EXTERIOR LIGHTING POWER WORKSHEET L-2

This worksheet is applicable to all projects.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Project Information section of the Lighting Summary (L-1) form.

Exterior Lighting Power Allowance -- ELPA

Area Description:

This is a descriptor of each line. These descriptors match those in

ILHR Table 63.43.

Allowance:

This is the allowance in either W/ft² or watts of lineal feet. These

allowances match those in ILHR Table 63.43.

Area or Lineal Feet in Proposed Design:

Record the area (ft²) or lineal footage (lf) as appropriate. These

values should be project-wide values.

ELPA:

Multiply the allowance from Column B by the area (or lineal

footage) from Column C. Record the resultant ELPA in

Column D. The values should be summed into the box marked

"Total ELPA" at the bottom of the column.

Installed Exterior Lighting Power

Do not include luminaires that are exempted under s. ILHR 63.42.

Fixture Type:

Record the description of the luminaires that are included.

Number of Luminaires:

Record the total number of similar luminaires in the project.

Watts per Luminaire:

Record the input wattage for each luminaire, including the ballast.

Installed Wattage:

Multiply the number of luminaires from Column B by the wattage per luminaire from Column C. Enter the resultant installed

wattage in Column D. The values from all entries in the column should be summed into the box marked "Total ELP" at the bottom

of the column.

INSTALLED INTERIOR LIGHTING POWER WORKSHEET L-3

The Installed Interior Lighting Power Worksheet (L-3) will be completed and submitted with all applications. Either the Complete Building/Area Category Method Worksheet (L-4), the Activity Method Worksheet (L-5), or System Analysis Design documentation will be included with L-3, depending on the ILPA calculation method chosen.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Project Information section of the Lighting Summary (L-1) form.

Installed Interior Lighting Power

The calculated interior lighting power to be installed is determined by completing this form. <u>Do not include luminaires that are exempted under s. ILHR 63.45</u>. If necessary, make extra copies of this form. Use as many sheets as needed for the project.

<u>Luminaire Name or ID No.</u>: Record the name or symbol. It should be consistent with what is used in

the lighting schedule.

<u>Description</u>: Record a short list of the technical features (i.e., luminaire size and type,

lamp type and number, ballast type, lens/louver type).

Number of Luminaires: Record the quantity of each fixture type in the building. If track lighting

is used and the fixtures are not shown on the plans, the length of the track

is entered in this column

(Tip: If control credits are to be used and all of any type of luminaires are not controlled or used with the same control, split the luminaries up over several lines, one for each control type.)

Watts per Luminaire: Record the total wattage of each luminaire type (including ballasts for

fluorescent or high intensity discharge fixtures). For track and

incandescent medium base socket fixtures, see s. ILHR 63.45 (4) for how to determine the watts of these types of luminaires. If track lighting is used and the fixtures are not shown on the Installed Lighting Schedule, 45 watts per foot of track is entered in this column. The wattage may be a standard value from the data in Table A63.45. Nonstandard values not from Table A63.45 must be substantiated with manufacturer's data

sheets.

Total Watts: Record the product of the quantity of each luminaire listed times its watts

per luminaire. If credit for automatic lighting controls is not sought, the

interior lighting power is the sum of this Column E.

<u>LPAF for Automatic Controls</u>: If lighting power control credits are used, enter the appropriate lighting

power adjustment factor from Table 63.45. If this credit is not used, leave

Columns F, G, and H blank.

<u>Control Credit:</u> Multiply the total watts of luminaires associated with the control of

Column E by the LPAF of Column F. Record the resultant control credit

in Column G.

Adjusted Watts: Subtract the control credit of Column G from the total watts of Column E.

Record the remainder in Column H.

The sum of Column E (or Column H if control credits are used) is the calculated interior lighting power for the building. If more than one sheet is used, enter the total for all sheets. This total cannot be greater than the Interior Lighting Power Allowance calculated on worksheet L-4 or L-5.

COMPLETE BUILDING/AREA CATEGORY METHODS WORKSHEET L-4

This worksheet will be attached to L-3 whenever the Complete Building Method or the Area Catgegory Method is used to calculate the Interior Lighting Power Allowance.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Project Information section of the Lighting Summary (L-1) form.

Interior Lighting Power Allowance

The Interior Lighting Power Allowance (ILPA) is determined by calculating the maximum total watts of lighting that may be installed. As noted on the Lighting Summary, L-1, there are four different methods that may be used. These methods may not be mixed in the same building permit application. This form is used when the ILPA is calculated by the Complete Building or Area Category Method.

Complete Building Method

This method may only be used when plans and specifications for the entire building are included in the application.

Building Type of Use:

This is taken from Table 63.47 for the type of use of the building. If the building has a mixture of uses, the major use must be at least 80 percent of the conditioned floor area. If there is no major use, this method may

Watts per Square Foot:

Record the allowed lighting power density in watts per square foot for this

building type taken from ILHR Table 63.47.

Complete Building Area:

Record the conditioned floor area of the entire building, including the conditioned floor area of minor occupancies. See 63.05 (6) for the

definition of conditioned floor area.

Allowed Watts:

Record the product of the watts per square foot times the complete building area. This becomes the Interior Lighting Power Allowance for

the building.

Area Category Method

This method may be used when different primary function areas of a building are included in the application.

Primary Function:

This is taken from ILHR Table 63.48 for the primary function of the area.

If the building has a mixture of functions, each function area must be

listed separately.

Watts per Square Foot:

Record the allowed lighting power density watts per square foot for this

building type taken from ILHR Table 63.48.

<u>Area:</u>

Record the conditioned floor area (in square feet) of the primary function

area measured from the inside of partitions.

Allowed Watts:

Record the product of the watts per square foot times the primary function

area. This becomes the allowed lighting power for the area.

The sum of the allowed lighting power for each primary function area is the Interior Lighting Power Allowance for the building.

ACTIVITY METHOD WORKSHEET L-5

This worksheet is applicable to all projects including those that use the Activity Method of s. ILHR 63.49. If necessary, make extra copies of this form. Use as many sheets as needed for the project.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Project Information section of the Lighting Summary (L-1) form.

Interior Lighting Power Allowance -- ILPA

- Column A: Record the room number or room name. A range of similar rooms may also be entered.
- Column B: Record the average ceiling height of the room in feet.
- Column C: Record a description of each line item. The description shall match the appropriate description from Table 63.49.
- Column D: Record the appropriate unit lighting power density (UPD) from Table 63.49.
- Column E: Record the floor area of the room (inside wall to inside wall, ft²). Where multiple rooms are included in single line, this is the average area of each type of room and not the total area of all rooms.
- Column F: Record the area factor from either s. ILHR 63.49, Figure 63.49, or an applicable footnote from Table 63.49.
- Column G: Record the number of similar spaces.
- Column H: Multiply the UPD from Column D by the floor Column E by the area factor from Column F by the number of similar rooms from Column G. Record the resultant lighting power budget in Column H. The values from all entries in this column should be summed into the box marked "ILPA" at the bottom of the column.

LIGHTING SUMMA	ARY]	1 Pa	rt 1 of 4
	Project	(O)			Submitter's Name		
Wisconsin Department of Commerce	Owner's N Building L	ocation (Number	er & Street)		Date City Villa	ge 🗆 Tow	rnship of
Method of Interio	r Lightin	g Complian	ce (check	one)			<u></u>
Complete Bui	ilding s. ILF	IR 63.47	. 5				
Area Calegory	y s ILl	HR 63.48					
Activity	s. ILF	HR 63.49					
Other	s. ILF	IR 63.70-72					and the grade of the state of
. -					e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
Basic Requirements		Prescripti	ve/Perfor	mance		Addition	ial Data
Exterior lighting not intended for controlled by photocell ILHR 63		Installed ELP	≤ ELPA ILHR	63 43		Exterior Lig Worksheet	ghting Power (L-2)
Shut-off control in each space enc ceiling-high partitions ILHR 63.3							
Controls to reduce lighting by 509 ILHR 63 50 (2)	%					2	
Controls to reduce lighting in day ILHR 63.50 (3)	lit areas.					İ	
Shut-off controls. ILHR 63.50 (4)					and section		Million and Del Turk
Display lighting separately switch ≤ 20 amps. ILHR 63 50 (5)	ed on circuits		e a te				
Hotel/motel guest rooms have mass at the main door to turn off lights a receptacles. ILHR 63.50 (7)							
Exit signs have installed wattage o	of 20 watts or	ILP	≤ ILPA ILH	IR 63 47, 63 48,	or 63 49	Interior Ligh Worksheet (
Fluorescent lamps use multiple lan		Lighting	Power Control	Credits Applied I	LHR 63.45	Interior Ligh	hting Power

Daylight Sensing Controls

Programmable Timing Controls

Lumen Maintenance Controls

Occupancy Sensors

Activity Method Worksheet

(L-5)

	Project F	Plan #		Submitter's Name		3,
Wisconsin	Owner's Na			Date		.:
Department of Commerce	Building Lo	cation (Number & Str	eet)	□ City □ Vill	age Township	of
ISTALLED LIGHTING	SCHEDIII	F				
Luminaire Name		Lamps			llasts	Note
or ID Number g., Type 1, Type 2, etc.)	Type I F H	No. of Lamps	Watts/Lamp	Type S E* O*	No./Luminaire	to Fiel
5)						
]				
			·			
]				
*						
		1				
]				
]				
A STATE OF THE STA						
The state of the s						
in the second of			·			
			1 7			
			:			
			*			
The second secon						
1.00		7 -				
		-				
ide Supporting Documentation for	total watts for lam	n and hallast				

LIGHTING SUMM	ARY	L-1 Part 3 of 4
	Project Plan #	Submitter's Name
Wisconsin	Owner's Name	Date
Department of Commerce	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City ☐ Village ☐ Township of

MANDATORY AUTOMATIC CONTROLS

(Optional if included on plans - Use as many sheets as necessary)

Control Location	Control	Control Type	1	Note to
(Room #)	Identification	(Occupancy Sens., Daylight, etc.)	Space Controlled	Field
		,		
				-
				1
h.]
				-
		4.5		
The second of the second of			<u> </u>	
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
and the second s				
			an a second of	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
The second second				
Karaja da				
and the second of the second of the second of	208 2 2 2	age of the first of the control of t		

REVIEWER NOTES - For	Department Use Only	

LIGHTING SUMM				L-1 Pa	rt 4 of 4
	Project Pla	an #O A DATOIL	Submitter's	s Name	
Wisconsin	Owner's Name	SAMPL	Date		
Department of Commerce	Building Locat	ion (Number & Street)	☐ City	□ Village □ Tov	vnship of
CONTROLS FOR			·		
		e as many sheets as n			
	Control entification (Control Type Occupant, Daylight, Dimmi	The second of the second second	ninaires Controlle e # of Lumin	
The second secon			-		
		,			
			-		
	1.0			i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
		- 541			
	y Adda k				
			4 .		
		-1-	4		

EXTERIOR LIGHT	ING POWER WORKSHEET		L-2
	Project Plan #	Submitter's Name	·
Wisconsin	Owner's Name SAMPLE	Date	
Department of Commerce	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City ☐ Village	☐ Township of

EXTERIOR LIGHTING POWER ALLOWANCE - ELPA (s. ILHR 63.43)

\mathbf{A}	В	C	D
Area Description	Allowance (Table 6-1)	Area or Lineal Feet in Proposed Design	ELPA (B•C)
Exit (with or without canopy)	25 W/lf of door opening		
Entrance (without canopy)	30 W/lf of door opening		2.00
High Traffic Entrance (with canopy)	10 W/ft ² of canopied area		
Light Traffic Entrance (with canopy)	4 W/ft ² of canopied area		
Loading Area	0.40 W/ft ²		
Loading Door	20 W/lf of door opening		
Building Exterior Surfaces or Facades	0.25 W/ft ² of illuminated surface		
Storage and Nonmanufacturing Work	0.20 W/ft ²		
Casual Use Areas (gardens, etc.)	0.10 W /ft ²		
Private Driveways or Walkways	0.10 W /ft²		
Public Driveways or Walkways	0.15 W/ft ²		
Private Parking Lots	0.12 W/ft ²		
Public Parking Lots	0.18 W /ft ²		
a way a maning bow	0.1.0 11/11	Total El P∆	

.

INSTALLED EXTERIOR LIGHTING POWER - FLP (s. II HR 63.42)

\mathbf{A}	${f B}$	\mathbf{C}	D
Fixture Type	Number of Luminaires Installed	Watts per Luminaire (including ballast)	Installed Watts (B•C)
			<u> </u>
		Δ.	
	1000	Total Installed ELP →	

INSTALLED INTE	RIOR LIGHTING POWER WOR	KSHEET	L-3
	Project Plan #	Submitter's Name	400
Wisconsin	Owner's Name SAMPLE	Date	
Department of Commerce	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City ☐ Village	☐ Township of

INSTALLED INTERIOR LIGHTING POWER (s. ILHR 63.45)

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
Luminaire Name or ID No.	Luminaire Description	Number of Luminaires	Watts per Luminaire	Total Watts (C*D)	LPFA for Auto Controls	Control Credit (E•F)*	Adjusted Watts (E-G)
						1 1	
	energia de la companya						
	A SECTION	and the second	· / .	1 1 1 1 1 W		water and the same	
ger en e		·					
		·					
		_					
				*:	·		
			,				
					<u> </u>		
		:					
	,						
							,
1							
					14		
		*					
		Total for th	is Sheet -		Total for this	Sheet -	
Note: If control credits are -1, Part 3 must be complet ust be indicated on the pla	ed or controls		l Sheets →		Total for all		

1						
COMPLETE BUILI			ORY ME	Submitter's		L-4
	Project Plan		MPL	Date	Name	
VISCONSIN Department of Commerce		on (Number & S	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	! 	□ Village □ T	'ownship of
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-
INTERIOR LIGHTING (Choose one method of					HR 63.47 o	r 63.48)
Complete Building Mo	ethod	-				
Building Type of Use 1	From Table 6.	3.47		Watts/ft²	Complete Bldg. Area	Allowed Watts
Area Category Metho	nd		·			
Primary Function Fro		}		Watts/ft ²	Area (ft sq.)	Allowed Watts
					(11 Sq.)	Mato
	:					
						-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
			1		,	

Totals ·

Watts

ft² Area

Register, March, 1997, No. 495

	nt of Commerc	Building Location (Nu	mber d					
NTERIC		L		& Street)		City 🗆 V	illage 🗆 To	ownship of
		TING POWER AL ts as necessary)	LO'	WANCI	E (ILPA)	(s. ILHF	R 63.49)	
A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I
Room Number or Name	Ceiling Height (ft)	Area/Activity Description (Table 63.49)	Note	UPD (W/ft²)	Floor Area (ft²)	Area Factor*	# of Identical Spaces	LPB (W) (E•F•G•H
				-				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
				1 1	* + *			
						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
								1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
						1 1 1 1	Agrico V	i
		·						
							- 18	

* Note b: Office Categories 2 & 3 AF shall not exceed 1.00
Note d: Office Category 1 AF shall not exceed 1.55
Area Factors less than 1.0, equal 1.0
Area Factors greater than 1.8 shall equal 1.8

Sheet Total ILPA	
Total ILPA from	
all sheets	

IV. HVAC SYSTEMS PLAN CHECK DOCUMENTS

This section describes the forms and procedures for documenting compliance of Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) systems with the energy efficiency requirements of the code. It does not describe the details of the requirements; these are presented in the code. Determination of compliance will be based on the actual code section. The following discussion is addressed to the designer preparing construction documents and compliance statements, and to the plan reviewers who examine those documents for compliance with the code.

Note: These forms cannot be used to demonstrate compliance with the Ch. ILHR 64 ventilation requirements. That information must be provided separately.

The use of each form is briefly described below. The complete instructions for each form are presented in the following subsections.

H-1: HVAC Systems Summary.

This information is required for every project involving heating, ventilation and air conditioning equipment & systems.

H-2: HVAC Prescriptive Worksheet.

This information is applicable to projects that demonstrate compliance through a prescriptive means by following the requirements of Subchapter IV. It is not applicable to projects that demonstrate compliance through the System Analysis Design method of ss. ILHR 63.70-72.

H-3: HVAC Equipment Summary.

This information is required for every project.

SBD-10375 (R.11/96)

HVAC SYSTEMS SUMMARY H-1

This worksheet is applicable to all projects

Project Information

This information asks for the project name and address and those people responsible for the HVAC design and compliance forms. The project name and address must match the information given on the building envelope forms. Check the box as indicated if the System Analysis Design method will be used to show compliance.

Basic Requirements Check List

All of the boxes in this column must be filled with either a check or "X" to indicate affirmation or "N/A" to indicate that the item or issue is not applicable.

Worksheet

If using the System Analysis Design method, the HVAC Prescriptive worksheet (H-2) does not need to be completed. Fill in the box with a check or "X" if it is included.

Special Considerations

Fill in these boxes with a check or "X" where applicable.

HVAC PRESCRIPTIVE WORKSHEET H-2

This worksheet provides detailed information on zone controls and economizer controls. It is not required if the System Analysis Design method is used.

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Basic Project Information section of the HVAC Systems Summary (H-1) form.

Prescriptive Requirements

Each of the requirements is organized in a similar fashion. A major check box certifies compliance with each requirement. Each one of these is followed by a series of minor check boxes that are used to identify exceptions to that requirement. All of the major check boxes must be filled in with either a check, "X," or "N/A." In addition, a check or "X" should be placed in each applicable exception box. On the line adjacent to these exception descriptions, identify the systems or equipment to which the exception applies.

HVAC EQUIPMENT SUMMARY H-3

Project Information

A box for basic project information and identification of the document author is provided in the upper part of this form. This should match the information contained in the Basic Project Information section of the HVAC Equipment Summary (H-1) form.

Equipment Efficiency Information

Each piece of HVAC equipment that has efficiency requirements under ASHARE 90.1 should be listed here. See Code Appendix A63.20 for reprinted standards.

System ID Number:

List the system identification number or zone identification number

or other descriptor.

Unit Type and Category:

List the unit type and category from the appropriate table.

Table Number:

Give the table number, Table A63.20-1 through A63.20-15 of the

Code Appendix, on which the equipment and its required

efficiency are listed.

Rated Output (Btu/h):

This is the unit capacity (heating or cooling as appropriate) at rated conditions. The rating conditions should match those from

the reference column of the corresponding table.

Unit Efficiency:

For each unit, list the efficiency of the selected unit at rated

conditions on the left and the required minimum efficiency from the corresponding table on the right. Under "Rating Units" place

"EER," "IPLV," "ET," etc., as applicable.

	ΞV	AC SYSTEMS	WURKSHEET		
			Project Plan #	Submitter's Name	
	-		Project Plan #		
	1	Visconsin	Owner's Name SAMPLE	Date	
	[Department of Commerce	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ Cîty ☐ Village	☐ Township of
			Check here if using System Analysis	Design (see ILHR 63.	70-72)
	Ba	sic Requirements Che			Additional Data
		Load calculations using htg/cla values or annualized 0.2%/0.5	g outside design temperatures given in code or no lower/greater the walues. ILHR 63:23 (3)	han ASHRAE's 99%/2.5%	HVAC Prescriptive
			k-up loads were either calculated or did not exceed 10%/30% of	design load	Worksheet (H-2)
		ILHR 63.23 (7) Equipment is properly sized.	II.HR 63 24		
			parate systems from comfort conditioning loads ILHR 63.25		
	ľ				
		HVAC (an and pumping system	m motors meet efficiency standards ILHR 63.32		
		Temperature controls are provi	ded as required: one for each HVAC system and individual cont	rols for each thermal zone	
		Thermostatic controls meet the deadbands of 5°F minimum. If	setpoint adjustment requirements: heating down to 55°F, coolin LHR 63 26	g setpoints up to 85°F, and	<u> </u>
		Systems do not reheat, recool of	r mix air. ILHR 63.27*		
		Variable volume systems have	minimum stops adjusted as required. ILHR 63.27*		
		Each system that does not need 63.27 (3)	to operate continuously is provided with either automatic time or	r setback/setup controls. ILHR	
		Ventilation supply systems and infiltration during off hours. IL	exhaust systems are provided with either gravity or motorized da HR 64.19 (5)	ampers as required to limit	
		Combustion air dampers provid	led per ILHR 64 09 (2)		
		A humidistat shall be provided in a zone or zones. ILHR 63.28	f a system is equipped with a means for adding moisture to main	tain specific humidity levels in	
		Fan cooling systems employ air	or water economizer controls ILHR 63.31*		
		Heat pumps with supplementary ILHR 63.22	heaters have controls to prevent heater operation when heating leaves	oad can be met by heat pump.	
		Pipe insulation meets the require Table 63.29-2 ILHR 63.29	ements of ILHR Table 63.29-1. Duct insulation meets the requir	ements of	
		The plans or specifications state	the requirements for duct sealing. ILHR 64.34		
		Low and medium pressure suppl SMACNA Seal Class C ILHR	ly ductwork which is located outside of the conditioned space is s 64.34	sealed in accordance with	
		Complying air and water system	balancing procedures are spelled out on the plans or in the speci	fications. ILHR 64.53	
		Testing, adjusting and calibration 64.53	n of control systems is spelled out on the plans or in the specifica	ntions. ILHR 64.43 and ILHR	
		Plans or specifications require th ILHR 64.52	at equipment is provided with operation and maintenance manua	ls and system schematics.	
S		ial Considerations:	☐ Heat recovery utilized ☐ Cont.	inuous system operati	on required
*	-		est Budget method is used for system analysis design, the	•	*
	Com	plete documentation must b	pe provided.		-
1	he info	ormation you provide may be use	ed by other agency programs [Privacy Law, s. 15.04 (1)(m)]	SBD-1037	5 (R.11/96)

HVAC PR	ESCRIP	TIVE WORKS	SHEET			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	H-2
- /		Project Plan #	<i>‡</i>		Submitter's	Name	
Wisco	onsin	Owner's Name			Date		
Department o	of Commerce	Building Location	(Number & Street)		☐ City	☐ Village	☐ Township of
Zone Contr	ols - Const	ant Volume Sys	tems ILHR 63.	27	-		
including	: reheat, rec	s which prevent sing ool, mixing of heat and cooling by sep	ted and cooled airs	treams, a	nd	Teach of	
Exception	. <u> </u>	3 1	,			System or	z Zone Number or ID
75% (gy is from site-recov	vered or solar energ	y (provide			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
System	n serves zone	s with process-drive	en humidity requires	ments.			
	one systems	tems serving multip with controls to rese					
		upply of 150 cfm or ng limited to 5,000					
Before ref minimum airflow, 0.	neating or mi which is no 4 cfm/ft ² , or	ble Volume Systems of airstreams, larger than all of the minimum ventilat	, zone controls red ne following: 30% ion flow requirem	uce air su of the pe ents of IL	ak zone	System or	Zone Number or ID
Pressu		g or mixing of airst			le		
75% of		y is from site-recove	ered or solar energy	(provide		- x-	
System	serves zones	with process-driver	n humidity requiren	ients.		/	
		apply of 150 cfm or ag limited to 5,000 c					
Economizer Fan-coolin		LHR 63.31 e equipped with co	omplying air or wa	ter econor	mizers		
Exceptions	2					System	n Number or ID
System	capacity is le	ess than either 2,000 han 55,000 Btuh for		h total coo	ling for a		
Econon	nizers would	not save energy (pro	vide documentation	1).	· .		
Benefit control.		nizer would be offse	t by increased energ	gy use for l	humidity -	<u>, </u>	

HVAC EQUIPMEN	T SUMMARY			H-3	
	Project Plan # A DUDI C	Submitter	's Name		
Wisconsin	Owner's Name SAMPLE	Date		ar , the second	
Department of Commerce	Building Location (Number & Street)	☐ City	☐ Village	☐ Township of	

System	Unit Type and Category	Table	Rated Output		Unit Efficiency
ID Number	From Tables A63.20-1 to 15 of Ch. 63 Appendix	Number	(Btu/hr)	Rating Units	Rated Min Required
	L			<u> </u>	2
					>
					≥
					≥
			N.		≥
-					2
					≥
	and the second s		-		. ≥
•				1 1111	2
		r .			
		:			2
					≥
					2
					2
					2
					. ≥
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2
					≥
					2
					A
					2
	:				e i ege ≥n vilosi
					2
				·	2
					2 2 2
					≥
			14		≥ ***

Note: Where more than one requirement is made for a single piece of equipment (such as full-load and part-load ratings), provide information on subsequent lines.

A63.05 (14) Daylit Area is the space on the floor that is the larger of (a) or (b);

- (a) 1. For areas daylit by vertical glazing, the daylit area has a length of 15 feet, or the distance on the floor, perpendicular to the glazing, to the nearest 60-inch or higher opaque partition, whichever is less; and a width of the window plus either 2 feet on each side, the distance to an opaque partition, or one-half the distance to the closest skylight or vertical glazing, whichever is least.
- 2. For areas daylit by horizontal glazing, the daylit area is the footprint of the skylight plus, in each of the lateral and longitudinal dimensions of the skylight, the lesser of the floor-to-ceiling height, the distance to the nearest 60-inch or higher opaque partition, or one-half the horizontal distance to the edge of the closest skylight or vertical glazing.
- (b) The daylit area calculated using a method acceptable to the department. Such methods include DOE 2.1D and E, Superlite, Quicklite and other computer-based models that determine the daylit area based on modeling the features of the space.

Figures A63.05-A and A63.05-B illustrate the determination of daylit areas. The dimensions given in Figure A63.05-B are for demonstration only and will vary with each space.

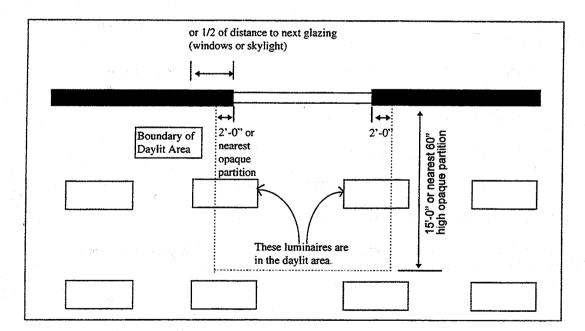
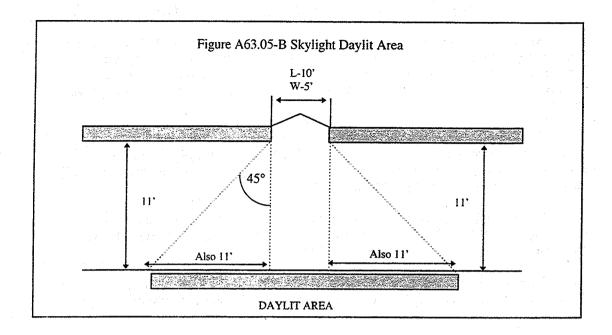


Figure A63.05-A Window Daylit Area



- A63.12 Section 8.4.8 of ASHRAE Standard 90.1 requires the following criteria to be met for exemption of skylights:
- 1) The U-value of the opaque portion of the roof must be less than the criteria given in Figure 63.15;
 - 2) Automatic daylighting controls are required;
 - 3) The skylight U-value must be less than 0.70 Btu/hr°F;
 - 4) The skylight curb U-value must be less than 0.21 Btu/hr°F;
 - 5) The air leakage must be less than 0.5 cfm/ft² of skylight;
- 6) The maximum area of the skylight will depend on the visible light transmittance and whether shading is provided for the skylight.

	Table A63.12					
M	Aaximum Percent S	Skylight	Area			

Visible Light	Light	Light Range of Lighting Power (W/ft ²)				
Transmission (VLT)	Level (fc)	<1.00	1.01- 1.50	1.51- 2.00	2.01- 2.50	>2.50
.075	30	2.3	3.4	4.5	5.6	5.6
	50	2.5	4.0	5.5	7.0	7.0
	70	2.8	4.6	6.4	8.2	8.2
.050	30	3.6	5.1	6.6	8.1	8.1
	50	3.9	6.0	8.1	10.2	10.2
	70	4.2	6.9	9.6	12.3	12.3

The maximum allowable skylight area may be increased by 50 percent if shading devices are installed that block more than 50 percent of the solar gain during the peak cooling design condition. If this credit is taken, calculations on data must be prepared that show that solar gains are reduced by 50 percent. Exterior shading devices such as fixed louvers on opaque parapet walls will qualify if all direct solar radiation is eliminated during the peak design condition. Integral, interior or movable exterior shading devices will qualify if they cut the shading coefficient in half when closed.

This summary is provided for general information only. For exact compliance criteria, see the ASHRAE 90.1 Standard.

A63.15 (3)(b) Heat Capacity (HC) of an assembly is the amount of heat necessary to raise the temperature of all the components of a unit area in the assembly one degree F. It is calculated as the sum of the average thickness times the density times the specific heat for each component, and is expressed in Btu per square foot per degree F.

Heat capacity describes the thermal mass of an assembly. It is used in the prescriptive envelope requirements for walls and floors, where the U-value criterion is tied to the heat capacity of the assembly.

For a single layer, homogeneous wall or floor, such as poured concrete walls with no applied finish materials, heat capacity can be calculated by multiplying the weight of the wall (pounds per square foot) times the specific heat. For instance, a 6-inch concrete wall (specific heat = $0.20 \text{ Btu/lb}^{\circ}\text{F}$) with a weight of 70 pounds per square foot would have an HC of 70 x 0.20 or 14 Btu/sf°F. The wall weight is calculated from the density (pounds per square foot); density divided by 12 and multiplied by the thickness (inches) gives the wall weight (pounds per square foot).

For assemblies made up of many layers, HC may be calculated separately for each layer and summed.

The following Table A63.15-1 lists the thermal properties of typical, thermally massive construction materials.

The heat capacity of unit masonry walls, such as those made of concrete block or brick, are too complicated to calculate by this method. Tables A63.15-2 and A63.15-3 include HC calculated for a large variety of masonry wall assemblies. These tables also give the U-value (U) and the total R-value (Rt) for the wall, including interior and exterior air films.

A63.15-1 Thermal Mass Properties

	Conductivity		
	Btu. in	Density	Specific Heat
Matter	hr.sf.°F	(lbs/cf)	(Btu/lb°F)
Adobe	0.33	120	0.20
Heavy Concrete	0.98	140	0.20
Lightweight Concrete	0.36	85	0.20
Gypsum	0.09	50	0.26
Masonry Veneer	0.62	127	0.20
Masonry Infill	0.44	120	0.20
Concrete Masonry Unit	0.59	105	0.20
Grouted Concrete Masonry	1.00	134	0.20
Unit			
Stucco	0.47	105	0.20
Tile in Mortar	0.67	120	0.20
Solid Wood (fir)	0.07	32	0.33
From: ASHRAE Handbook of	Fundamentals, Table	4, Chapter 22	

Table A63.15-2 Properties of Hollow Unit Masonry Walls

			Masonry	vvaus	
			Core Treatment		
	Thickness/Material Type				ith Ungrouted Cells
			Solid Grout	Empty	Insulated
12"	LW CMU	U	0.51	0.43	0.30
		R,	2.0	2.3	3.3
		HC	23.0	14.8	14.8
	MW CMU	U	0.54	0.46	0.33
	1	Rt	1.9	2.2	3.0
		HC	23.9	15.6	15.6
1	NW CMU	U	0.57	0.49	0.36
		Rt	1.8	2.0	2.8
		HC	24.8	16.5	16.5
10"	LW CMU	U	0.55	0.46	0.34
		R_t	1.8	2.2	2.9
		HC	18.9	12.6	12.6
1	MW CMU	U	0.59	0.49	0.37
		R_{t}	1.7	2.1	2.7
		HC	19.7	13.4	13.4
	NW CMU	U	0.62	0.52	0.41
		\mathbf{R}_{t}	1.6	1.9	2.4
		HC	20.5	14.2	14.2
8"	LW CMU	U	0.62	0.50	0.37
		R_t	1.6	2.0	2.7
		HC	15.1	9.9	9.9
	MW CMU	U	0.65	0.53	0.41
		R_t	1.5	1.9	2.4
		HC	15.7	10.5	10.5
	NW CMU	U	0.69	0.56	0.44
		R _t	1.4	1.8	2.3
		HC	16.3	11.1	11.1
	Clay Unit	U	0.57	0.47	0.39
		R _t	1.8	2.1	2.6
		HC	15.1	11.4	11.4
6"	LW CMU	U	0.68	0.54	0.44
		R_t	1.5	1.9	2.3
		HC	10.9	7.9	7.9
	MW CMU	U	0.72	0.58	0.48
		R _t	1.4	1.7	2.1
		HC	11.4	8.4	8.4
	NW CMU	U	0.76	0.61	0.52
		R _t	1.3	1.6	1.9
		HC	11.9	8.9	8.9
	ClayUnit	U	0.65	0.52	0.45
		Rt	1.5	1.9	2.2
	<u></u>	HC	11.1	8.6	8.6

Notes:

LW CMU is a Light Weight Concrete Masonry Unit per ASTM C 90, calculated at 105 PCF density.

MW CMU is a Medium Weight concrete Masonry Unit per ASTM C 90, calculated at 115 PCF density.

NW CMU is a Normal Weight Concrete Masonry Unit per ASTM C 90, calculated at 125 PCF density.

Clay Unit is a hollow clay unit per ASTM C 652, calculated at 130 PCF density.

Values include thermal resistance of interior air film (R = 0.68) and exterior air film (R = 0.17).

Calculations based on Energy Calculations and Data, CMACN, 1986.

Grouted Cells at 32" x 48" in partly grouted walls

[Source: Berkeley Solar Group; Concrete Masonry Association of California and Nevada (CMACN).]

Table A63.15-3	Properties	of Solid	Unit
Masonry and	Solid Cond	crete Wa	ills

		1		-		,					
Тур	e	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LW CMU	U	na	0.71	0.64	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
4	Rt	na	1.4	1.6	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
	HC	na	7.00	8.75	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
MW CMU		na	0.76	0.70	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
	R_t	na	1.3	1.4	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
	HC	na	7.67	9.58	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
NW CMU	U	0.89	0.82	0.76	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
	Rt	1.1	1.2	1.3	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
	HC	6.25	8.33	10.42	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
ClayUnit	U	0.80	0.72	0.66	na	na	па	na	na	na	na
	R _t	1.3	1.4	1.5	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
1.	HC	6:30	8.40	10.43	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Concrete	U	0.96	0.91	0.86	0.82	0.78	0.74	0.71	0.68	0.65	0.63
	R_t	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6
	HC	7.20	9.60	12.00	14.40	16.80	19.20	21.60	24.00	26.40	28.80
	110	1.20	9.00	12.00	14.40	10.80	19.20	21.00	24.00	26.40	28.80

Notes:

LW CMU is a Light Weight Concrete Masonry Unit per ASTM C 90 or 55, calculated at 105 PCF density.

MW CMU is a Medium Weight concrete Masonry Unit per ASTM C 90 or 55, calculated at 115 PCF density.

NW CMU is a Normal Weight Concrete Masonry Unit per ASTM C 90 or 55, calculated at 125 PCF density.

Clay Brick is a clay unit per ASTM C 62, calculated at 130 PCF density.

Concrete is structural poured or precast concrete, calculated at 144 PCF density.

Calculations based on Energy Calculations and Data, CMACN, 1986.

Values include thermal resistance of interior air film (R = 0.68) and exterior air film (R = 0.17).

[Source: Berkeley Solar Group; Concrete Masonry Association of California and Nevada (CMACN).]

Default U-Values for Wood and Steel Swinging Doors Btu/(h-ft²-°F) - Part I

Nominal Thickness (Inches)	Description	No. Storm Door	Wood Storm Door ^c	Metal Storm Door ^d
Wood Doors a,b				
1 3/8	Panel door with 7/16" panelse	0.57	0.33	0.37
1 3/8	Hollow-core flush door	0.47	0.30	0.32
1 3/8	Solid-core flush door	0.39	0.26	0.28
1 3/4	Panel door with 7/16" panelse	0.54	0.32	0.36
1 3/4	Hollow-core flush door	0.46	0.29	0.32
1 3/4	Panel door with 1 1/8" panelse	0.39	0.26	0.28
1 3/4	Solid-core flush door	0.33	0.25	0.28
2 1/4	Solid-core flush door	0.27	0.29	0.21
Steel Doors ^b				
1 3/4	Fiberglass or mineral wool core with steel stiffeners, no thermal break ^f	0.60	na	na
1 3/4	Paper honeycomb core without thermal break ^f	0.56	na	na
1 3/4	Solid urethane foam core without thermal break ^f	0.40	na	na
1 3/4	Solid fire-rated mineral fiberboard core without thermal break ^f	0.38	na	na
1 3/4	Polystyrene core without thermal break (18 gage commercial steel) ^f	0.38	na	na
1 3/4	Polyurethane core without thermal break (18 gage commercial steel) ^f	0.29	na	na na
1 3/4	Polyurethane core without thermal break (24 gage commercial steel) ^f	0.29	na	na
1 3/4	Polyurethane core with thermal break and perimeter (24 gage commercial steel) ^f	0.20	na	na
1 3/4	Solid urethane foam core with thermal break ^a	0.19	0.16	0.17

Note: All U-Values for exterior doors in this table are for doors with no glazing, except for the storm doors which are in addition to the main exterior door. Any glazing area in exterior doors shall be included with the appropriate glass type and analyzed as fenestration. Interpolation and moderate extrapolation are permitted for door thicknesses other than those specified. In order to take credit for a thermal break, the door must have a thermal break in both the door slab and the frame.

Default U-Values for Sliding and Roll-Up Doors Btu/h-ft²-°F) - Part II

Door Description	Overall U-Factor
Uninsulated, single-layer	1.15
Nominal 2" thick with 1 3/4" polyurethane foam core and vinyl thermal breaks and section joint seals	0.14
Nominal 3" thick with 2 7/8" expanded polystyrene core and continuous vinyl extrusion to form a thermal break and weather-tight seal along section joint	0.12
Other doors	Use value from most similar swinging door above

Note: See s. ILHR 51.06 for thermal barrier requirements for foam plastic insulation.

A63.20 Tables A63.20-1 through 10 specify the ASHRAE 90.1-1989 efficiency standards for equipment <u>not</u> covered by federal efficiency standards, but are covered by s. ILHR 63.20.

^a Values are based on a nominal 32" by 80" door size with no glazing.

b U-values include the thermal resistance of air films. Outside air conditions: 15 mph wind speed, 0°F air temperature; inside air conditions: natural convection, 70°F air temperature.

^c Values for wood storm door are for approximately 50% glass area.

d Values for metal storm door are for any percent glass area.

e 55% panel area.

f ASTM C 236 hotbox data on a nominal 3' x 7' door size with no glazing.

Table A63.20-1

Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance, Unitary Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps --Air-Cooled, Electrically Operated, <135,000 Btu/h Cooling Capacity-Except Packaged Terminal and Room Air Conditioners

Reference		Sub-Category & Rating Condition		Minimum
Standards*	Category		(Outdoor Temp. °F)	Performance**
ARI 210-81	≤65,000 Btu/h		Standard Rating (95°F db)	
ARI 240-81 ARI 210/240-84	Cooling Capacity Cooling Mode	3ø	Split System & Single Package Integrated Part Load Value (80°F db)	9.5 EER
			Split System & Single Package	8.5 IPLV
and the second	≥65,000 <135,000 Btu/h	Allø	Standard Rating (95°F db)	8.9 EER
	Cooling Mode	Integrated Part Load Value (80°F db)		8.3 IPLV
	<65,000 Btu/h	1	Split System & Single Package	
	Cooling Capacity	3ø	High Temp. Rating (47°F db/43°F wb)	3.0 COP
	Heating Mode		Low Temp. Rating (17°F db/15°F wb)	2.0 COP
	≥65,000 <135,000 Btu/h		Split System & Single Package	
	Cooling Capacity	All ø	High Temp. Rating (47°F db/43°F wb)	3.0 COP
	Heating Mode		Low Temp. Rating (17°F db/15°F wb)	2.0 COP

^{*} For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

Table A63.20-2

Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance Unitary Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps --Evaporatively Cooled, Electrically Operated, Cooling Mode <135,000 Btu/h Cooling Capacity-Except Packaged Terminal and Room Air Conditioners

Reference		Rating Co	Rating Condition °F	
Standards*	Category	Indoor Temp.	Outdoor Temp.	Performance**
ARI 210-81	≤65,000 Btu/h	Standar	rd Rating	e santajt en jeda
190 200 AND 180 Cooling Capacity	80°F db/67°F wb	95°F db/75°F wb	9.3 EER	
	<65,000 Btu/h	Integrated Part Load V	alue (80°F db/67°F wb)	8.5 IPLV
ARI 210/240-84	≥65,000 <135,000 Btu/h	Standard Rating		
	plouten e in lean a den v	80°F db/67°F wb	95°F db/75°F wb	10.5 EER
CTI 201 (86)	≥65,000 <135,000 Btu/h	Integrated Part Load V	alue (80°F db/67°F wb)	9.7 IPLV

^{*} For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

^{**} COP = Coefficient of Performance, EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio, ILPV = Integrated Part Load Value. See reference documents for detailed definitions.

^{**} EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio, ILPV = Integrated Part Load Value. See reference documents for detailed definitions.

Table A63.20-3 Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance, Water-Cooled Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps --Cooling Mode <135,000 Btu/h Cooling Capacity, Electrically Operated

Reference		Rating Condition 5	'F	Minimum
Standards*	Category	Indoor Air E	Entering Water	Performance**
Water-Source	<65,000 Btu/h	Standard Rating		
Heat Pumps	Cooling Capacity	80°F db/67°F wb	85	9.3 EER
		Low Temperature Ra	ting	
ARI 320-86	·	80°F db/67°F wb	75	10.2 EER
CTI 201 (86)	≥65,000 <135,000 Btu/h	Standard Rating		
	Cooling Capacity	80°F db/67°F wb	85	10.5 EER
Groundwater	<135,000 Btu/h	Standard Rating		
Cooled	la de la companya de		70	11.0 EER
Heat Pumps	Cooling Capacity	Low Temperature Ra	ting	*
ARI 325-85		1 2 2	50	11.5 EER
Water-Cooled	<65,000 Btu/h	Standard Rating		
Unitary		80°F db/67°F wb	85	9.3 EER
Air Conditioners	Cooling Capacity	Integrated Part Load V	⁷ alue	
ARI 210-81			75	8.3 IPLV
ARI 210/240-84	≥65,000 <135,000 Btu/h	Standard Rating		
CTI 201 (86)	Cooling Capacity	80°F db/67°F wb	85	10.5 EER

^{*} For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

Table A63.20-4 Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance, Packaged Terminal Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps --Air-Cooled, Electrically Operated^a

Reference	Category	Sub-Category & Rating Condition	Efficiency	Minimum
Standards	TACs & PTAC H.P.'s	(Outdoor Temp.)	Rating	Performance ^b
ARI 310-87	Cooling Mode	Standard Rating (95°F db)	EER	10.0 - (0.16 x
				Cap./1000)
and the second of		Low Temp. Rating (82°F db)	EER	12.2 - (0.20 x
	and the second			Cap./1000)
ARI 380-87	Heating Mode	Standard Rating (47°F db/43°F wb)	COP	2.9 - (0.026 x
				Cap./1000)

^a For multicapacity equipment, the minimum performance shall apply to each capacity step provided. Multicapacity refers to manufacturer published ratings for more than one capacity mode allowed by the product's controls.

^{**} EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio, ILPV = Integrated Part Load Value. See reference documents for detailed definitions.

b Cap. means the rated cooling capacity of the product in Btu/h in accordance with the cited ARI Standard. If the unit's capacity is less than 7000 Btu/h, use 7000 Btu/h in the calculation. If the unit's capacity is greater than 15,000 Btu/h, use 15,000 Btu/h in the calculation. COP = Coefficient of Performance, EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio. See reference documents for detailed definitions.

^c For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

Table A63.20-5 Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance, Water-Source and Groundwater-Source Heat Pumps --Electrically Operated, <135,000 Btu/h Cooling Capacity

Reference Standards ^c	Rating Condition °F°	Minimum Performance ^d
Water-Source		
Heat Pumps ARI 320-86 CTI 201-(86)	Standard Rating 70°F Entering Water ^b	3.8 COP
Groundwater-Source Heat Pumps	High Temperature Rating 70°F Entering Water ^b	3.4 COP
ARI 325-85	Low Temperature Rating 50°F Entering Water ^b	3.0 COP

^a Air entering indoor section 70°F db/60°F wb (max.)

Table A63.20-6 Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance, Large Unitary Air Conditioners and Heat Pumps-Electrically Operated, >135,000 Btu/h Cooling Capacity

Category	Efficiency Rating ^d	Minimum Performance			
Reference Standards ^c					
Air Conditioners ^a	EER	≤760,000 Btu/h: 8.5	>760,000 Btu/h: 8.2		
Air Cooled ARI 360-86	IPLV	7.	5		
Air Conditioners ^a	EER	9.	б		
Water/Evaporatively Cooled ARI 360-86 CTI 201-86	IPLV	9.0			
Heat Pumps ^a	EER	<760,000 Btu/h: 8.5	≥760,000 Btu/h: 8.2		
Air Cooled-Cooling	IPLV	7.	5		
Air Cooled-Heating	COP (47°F)	2.9	9		
ARI 340-86	COP (17°F)	2.9	0		
Condensing Units ^b	EER	9.9	9		
Air Cooled ARI 365-87	IPLV	11.	0		
Condensing Units ^b	EER	12.	9		
Water/Evaporatively Cooled ARI 365-87 CTI 201-86	IPLV	12.	9		

b Water flow rate per manufacturer's specifications.

^c For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

d COP = Coefficient of Performance. See reference documents for detailed definitions.

Table A63.20-7
Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance,
Water Chilling Packages, Water and Air Cooled, Electrically Operated

A Control of the Cont	The state of the s	ニー あいまいきた デカス	
		Minimum	
Category	Efficiency Rating ^c	Performance	
Water-Cooled			
≥300 Tons	СОР	5.2ª	
	IPLV	5.3ª	
≥150 Tons <300 Tons	COP	4.2	
	IPLV	4.5	
<150 Tons	COP	3.8	
	IPLV	3.9	
Air-Cooled With Condenser			
≥150 Tons	COP	2.5	
	IPLV	2.5	
<150 Tons	COP	2.7	
	IPLV	2.8	
Condenserless, Air-Cooled		The construction of the control of t	
All Capacities	COP	3.1	
	IPLV	3.2	
	≥300 Tons ≥150 Tons <300 Tons <150 Tons Air-Cooled With Condenser ≥150 Tons <150 Tons Condenserless, Air-Cooled	Water-Cooled ≥300 Tons COP ≥150 Tons <300 Tons	

^a Where R-22, or CFC refrigerants with ozone depletion factors less than or equal to those for R-22 is used, these requirements are reduced to 4.7 COP and 4.8 IPLV.

^a For units that have a heating section, deduct 0.2 from all required EERs and IPLVs.

^b Condensing unit requirements are based on single-number ratings defined in paragraph 5.1.3.2 of ARI Standard 365.

^c For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

d COP = Coefficient of Performance, EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio, ILPV = Integrated Part Load Value. See reference documents for detailed definitions.

b For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

^c COP = Coefficient of Performance, EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio, ILPV = Integrated Part Load Value. See reference documents for detailed definitions.

Table A63.20-8 Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance, Gas- and Oil-Fired Boilers

Reference ^b	Category	Rating Condition ^a	Minimum Performance ^c
ANSI Z21.13-87 H.I. Htg. Boiler Std. 86	Gas-Fired ≥300,000 Btu/h	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _c 80%
ASME PTC 4.1-64 U.L. 795-73		Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _c 80%
U.L. 726-75 H.I. Htg. Boiler Std. 86	Oil-Fired ≥300,000 Btu/h	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _c 83%
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _c 83%
H.I. Htg. Boiler Std. 86 ASME PTC 4.1-64	Oil-Fired (Residual)	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _c 83%
ing in the second of the secon	≥300,000 Btu/h	Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _c 83%

a Provided and allowed by the controls.

Table A63.20-9 Standard Rating Conditions and Minimum Performance, Warm Air Furnaces and Combination Warm Air Furnaces/Air Conditioning Units

Reference ^b	Category	Rating Condition ^a	Minimum Performance ^c	
ANSI Z21.47-83	Gas-Fired ≥225,000 Btu/h	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _t 80%	
And the second s		Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E, 78%	
U.L. 727-86	Oil-Fired ^d ≥225000 Btu/h	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E, 81%	
jang salah salah salah		Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E, 81%	

^a Provided and allowed by the controls.

b For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

^cE_c = Combustion efficiency, 100%-flue losses.

b For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

^cE_t = Thermal efficiency, 100%-flue losses. See referenced document for detailed definition.

Table A63.20-10
Warm Air Duct Furnaces and Unit Heaters

Reference ^b	Category	Rating Condition ^a	Minimum Performance ^c		
ANSI Z83.9-86	Duct Furnaces Gas-Fired	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _t 78%		
		Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E, 75%		
ANSI Z83.8-55	Unit Heaters Gas-Fired	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E, 78%		
		Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _t 74%		
U.L. 731-88	Unit Heaters Oil-Fired	Max. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _t 81%		
		Min. Rated Capacity Steady-State	E _t 81%		

a Provided and allowed by the controls.

b For detailed references, see ASHRAE Standard 90.1.

^CE_t = Thermal efficiency, 100%-flue losses. See reference document for detailed definition.

Equipment efficiencies for the following appliances are established under federal Department of Energy rules 10 cfr Part 430 - Energy Conservation Program for Consumer Products and are not contained in this code:

Central air conditioners other than packaged terminal air conditioners which are powered by single phase electric current, air cooled, rated below 65,000 Btu per hour, not contained within the same cabinet as a furnace, the rated capacity of which is above 225,000 Btu per hour, and is a heat pump or a cooling unit only.

Furnaces which utilize only single-phase electric current, or single-phase electric current or DC current in conjunction with natural gas, propane, or home heating oil, and which comply with the following:

- (a) Are designed to be the principal heating sources for the living space of a residence;
- (b) Are not contained within the same cabinet with a central air conditioner whose rated cooling capacity is above 65,000 Btu per hour;
- (c) Are electric central furnaces, electric boilers, forced-air central furnaces; gravity central furnaces, or low pressure steam or hot water boilers, and
- (d) Have a heat input rate of less than 300,000 Btu per hour for electric boilers and low pressure steam or hot water boilers and less than 225,000 Btu per hour for forced-air central furnaces, gravity central furnaces, and electric central furnaces, and electric central furnaces.

Heat pumps other then packaged terminal heat pumps which consist of one or more assemblies, powered by single-phase electric current, rated below 65,000 Btu per hour, utilizing an indoor conditioning coil, compressor, and refrigerant-to-outdoor air heat exchanger to provide air heating, and may also provide air cooling, dehumidifying, humidifying circulating, and air cleaning.

Direct heating equipment which is self-contained, and provides heat directly to the space proximate to the heater by gravity or fan circulation without duct connections.

The Department of Energy rules, section 430.31, requires the following efficiencies for heating and cooling equipment and water heaters.

Table A63.20-11 Room Air Conditioners

	Product Class	Energy Efficiency
		Ratio
1.	Without reverse cycle and with louvered sides less than 6,000 Btu	8.0
2.	Without reverse cycle and with louvered sides 6,000 to 7,999 Btu	8.5
3.	Without reverse cycle and with louvered sides 8,000 to 13,999 Btu	9.0
4.	Without reverse cycle and with louvered sides 14,000 to 19,999 Btu	8.8
5.	Without reverse cycle and with louvered sides 20,000 and more Btu	8.2
6.	Without reverse cycle and without louvered sides less than 6,000 Btu	8.0
7.	Without reverse cycle and without louvered sides 6,000 to 7,999 Btu	8.5
8.	Without reverse cycle and without louvered sides 8,000 to 13,999 Btu	8.5
9.	Without reverse cycle and without louvered sides 14,000 to 19,999 Btu	8.5
10.	Without reverse cycle and without louvered sides 20,000 and more Btu	8.2
11.	With reverse cycle and with louvered sides	8.5
12.	With reverse cycle and without louvered sides	8.0

Table A63.20-12 Central Air Conditioners and Central Heat Pumps

Product Class	Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio	Heating Seasonal Performance Factor	
1. Split systems	10.0	6.8	
Single package systems	9.7	6.6	

Table A63.20-13 Water Heaters

Product Class	Energy Factor
Gas water heater	0.62-(.0019 x rated storage volume in gallons)
2. Oil water heater	0.59-(.0019 x rated storage volume in gallons)
3. Electric water heater	0.93-(.00132 x rated volume storage in gallons)

Note: Rated storage volume = the water storage capacity of a water heater, in gallons, as specified by the manufacturer.

Table A63.20-14 Furnaces

·	Product Class	AFUE ¹ (percent)
1.	Furnaces (excluding classes noted below) (percent)	78
2.	Mobile home furnaces (percent)	75
3.	Small furnaces (other than furnaces designed solely for installation in mobile homes) having an input rate of less than 45,000 Btu/hr	3454 1
	(A) Weatherized (outdoor)	78
:	(B) Nonweatherized (indoor)	78
4.	Boilers (excluding gas steam) (percent)	80
5.	Gas steam boilers (percent)	75

¹ Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency, as determined in s. 430.22 (n)(2) of the DOE rules.

Table A63.20-15 **Direct Heating Equipment**

	Product Class	Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency (percent)
1.	Gas wall fan type up to 42,000 Btu/hour	73
2.	Gas wall fan type over 42,000 Btu/hour	74
3.	Gas wall gravity type up to 10,000 Btu/hour	59
4.	Gas wall gravity type over 10,000 Btu/hour up to 12,000 Btu/hour	60 %
5.	Gas wall gravity type over 12,000 Btu/hour up to 15,000 Btu/hour	61 824 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 - 1848 -
6.	Gas wall gravity type over 15,000 Btu/hour up to 19,000 Btu/hour	x n = 1, m y = 1,1 62 = 1, x x = 1, x
7 .	Gas wall gravity type over 19,000 Btu/hour up to 27,000 Btu/hour	63 (a)
8.	Gas wall gravity type over 27,000 Btu/hour up to 46,000 Btu/hour	64
9.	Gas wall gravity type over 46,000 Btu/hour	65
10.	Gas floor up to 37,000 Btu/hour	56
11.	Gas floor over 37,000 Btu/hour	57
12.	Gas room up to 18,000 Btu/hour	57
13.	Gas room over 18,000 Btu/hour up to 20,000 Btu/hour	58
14.	Gas room over 20,000 Btu/hour up to 27,000 Btu/hour	63
15.	Gas room over 27,000 Btu/hour up to 46,000 Btu/hour	64
16.	Gas room over 46,000 Btu/hour	65

ILHR 50-64 Appendix A

all Table 63.29-A should be "-1"

A63.29 ALTERNATIVE HVAC PIPING INSULATION TYPES. Insulation thicknesses in Table 63.29-A are based on insulation with thermal conductives within the range listed in Table 63.29-A for each fluid operating temperature range, rated in accordance with ASTM C335-84 at the mean temperature listed in the table. For insulation that has a conductivity outside the range shown in Table 63.29-A for the applicable fluid operating temperature range at the mean rating temperature shown (when rounded to the nearest 0.01 Btu in./(h °F ft²)), the minimum thicknesses shall be determined in accordance with the equation given below:

$$T = PR[(1 + t/PR)^{K/k} - 1]$$

where:

T = minimum insulation thickness for material with conductivity K, in.

PR = pipe actual outside radius, in.

t = insulation thickness from Table 63.31-A in.

K = conductivity of alternate material at the mean rating temperature indicated inTable 63.31-A for the applicable fluid temperature range, Btu in./(h ft² °F)

k = the lower value of the conductivity range listed in Table 63.31-A for the applicable fluid temperature range, Btu in./(h ft² °F)

Table A63.45-1

Typical Lighting Power for Magnetically Ballasted Fluorescent Lamp-Ballast Systems (watts)

	4 L	amps	3 L	amps	3 L	amps	2 L	amps	
	2 B	2 Ballasts		allasts	s Tandem-Wired Ballasts		i E	1 Ballast	
	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed	
Standard Magnetic Ene	rgy Saving Bal	lasts							
31-watt FB31T8			105	97	104	96	69	64	
32-watt F32T8	140	129	106	98	105	97	70	65	
34-watt F40T12/ES	144	137	112	107	108	103	72	68	
40-watt F40T12	176	160	134	121	129	117	88	80	
40-watt FB40T12			134	121	129	117	86	78	
40-watt F40T5 Twin Tube	е		130	120			86	79	
60-watt F96T12/ES Slimi	ine						123		
75-watt F96T12 Slimline							158		
95-watt F96T12/High Out	tput/ES						199		
110-watt F96T12/High O	utput/ES						237		

Notes: Data listed are for standard energy efficient magnetic ballasts.

Values listed for 3-lamp systems with 2 magnetic ballasts have 1 single-lamp ballast and 1 double-lamp ballast.

Table A63.45-2

Typical Lighting Power for Electronically Ballasted Rapid-Start Fluorescent Lamp-Ballast Systems

Lamp/Ballast	4 Lamps 1 Ballast		3 Lamps 1 Ballast		2 L	amps	1 Lamp	
Combination					1 Ballast		l Ballast	
The second secon	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed
265 mA T-8 Lamps								
17-watt F17T8					34	33	16	15
25-watt F25T8			66	63	46	44	23	22
32-watt F32T8	120	116	90	87	61	59	31	30
40-watt F40T8			108		73	71	39	
T-12 and T-10 Lamps								
25-watt F30T12/ES			77		49	47	27	25
30-watt F30T12			87		59	57	32	30
34-watt F40T12/ES	117		90	87	62	60	31	30
40-watt F40T10			109	106	73	71	39	38
40-watt F40T12	140		106	103	72	70	38	36
40-watt FB40T12			100	93	67	62		
85-watt F72T12 High Output					164		82	
95-watt F96T12/HO/ES					170			
110-watt F96T12/HO					201			
Twin Tube Biax Lamps		-						
36-watt FT36T5 Twin Tube			106		72		37	
39-watt FT39T5 Twin Tube			104		70		37	
40-watt FT40T5 Twin Tube				69	67		37	
50-watt FT50T5 Twin Tube			125		106		54	

Notes: Data listed represents averages of rapid-start products available in 1994 from established manufacturers of electronic ballasts.

Actual input wattages for these system may be tuned by using specific products and will differ from these values.

Systems shown have minimum 0.85 ballast factor.

Table A63.45-3

Typical Lighting Power for Electronically Ballasted Instant-Start Fluorescent Lamp-Ballast

Systems (watts)

			Syste	IIIS (Walls)				
Lamp/Ballast	4 Lamps 1 Ballast		3 Lamps 1 Ballast		2 Lamps 1 Ballast		l Lamp l Ballast	
Combination								
	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed	ANSI	Enclosed
265 mA T-8 Lamps								. : :
17-watt F17T8	62	60	50	49	34	32	18	17
25-watt F25T8	. 87	. 85	68	67	48	46	28	27
31-watt FB31T8			88	79	61	55	31	30
32-watt F32T8	110	104	89	88	61	57	33	31
36-watt F36T8	150		112		78			
55-watt F96T8					110			
T-12 Slimline Lamps	-							
55-watt F72T12					109		4 - 1	
60-watt F96T12 Slimline/ES			`		110		72	
75-watt F96T12 Slimline					135		85	
Twin Tube Biax Lamps								
39-watt FT39T5					64		42	
40-watt FT40T5			103		72		43	
55-watt FT55T5 Twin Tube						115		. <u> </u>

Notes: Data listed represents averages of rapid-start products available in 1994 from established manufacturers of electronic ballasts.

Actual input wattages for these system may be tuned by using specific products and will differ from these values.

Systems shown have minimum 0.85 ballast factor.

Table A63.45-4

Typical Lighting Power for Electronically Ballasted Low-Wattage Reduced-Output

Fluorescent Lamp. Reliest Systems (watts)

	FR	uorescent .	Lamp-Ba	anast Syst	ems (wau	is)		1 - 1
Lamp/Ballast	4 Lamps 1 Ballast		3 Lamps 1 Ballast		2 Lamps 1 Ballast		1 Lamp 1 Ballast	
Combination								
	ANSI	Ballast	ANSI	Ballast	ANSI	Ballast	ANSI	Ballast
	Watts	Factor	Watts	Factor	Watts	Factor	Watts	Factor
17-watt F17T8	54(RS)	0.77			27(RS)	077	14(RS)	0.77
25-watt F25T8	80(IS)	0.82			41(RS)	0.77	21(RS)	0.77
	79(RS)	077		*				
32-watt F32T8	99(IS)	0.79	79(IS)	0.82	54(IS)	0.82	28(RS)	0.77
	101(RS)	0.77	78(RS)	0.75	55(RS)	0.79		
34-watt F40T12/ES	117	0.83	85	0.83	61	0.83	. 31	0.82
39-watt F39T5 Twin Tube			73(IS)	0.63	52(IS)	0.64		
40-watt F40T5 Twin Tube					60(RS)	0.7		
40-watt F40T8			69(IS)	0.8	66(IS)	0.82		
The second of th					69(RS)	0.80		
40-watt F40T12			85	0	61	0.73	57	
40-watt F40T10					72	0.84	37	0.84
59-watt F96T8					105	0.83		
85-watt F72T12/HO					160	0.80		
110-watt F96T12				1 1 1 1		190	0.8	

Notes: All systems with ballast factor of <0.85

RS = rapid start operation

IS = instant start operation

Ballast factor listed is typical for the average input wattage given for all available products. Note that reducing the ballast factor decreases light output in addition to reducing input wattage.

Table 63.45-5

27-watt Quad Tube

Lamp Type	Ballast Type	Ballast Type			ts
5-watt Twin Tube	Reactor preheat			9	
7-watt Twin Tube	Reactor preheat			11	
9-watt Twin Tube	Reactor preheat			. 13	
13-watt Twin Tube	Reactor preheat			17	
9-watt Quad Tube	Reactor preheat			13	
13-watt Quad Tube	Reactor preheat			17	
10-watt Quad Tube	Autotransformer preheat	* 4		16	
	Reactor preheat		11.00	13	
3-watt Quad Tube	Autotransformer preheat			18	
	Reactor preheat		* .	16	
5-watt Quad Tube	Reactor preheat			20	15
8-watt Quad Tube	Autotransformer preheat			25	
	Reactor preheat			22	
18-20-watt Twin Tube	370 mA preheat or rapid start			22	
8-watt Twin Tube	270 MA rapid start			23	
	265 mA electronic IS			17	
20-watt Quad Tube	Reactor preheat			27	
24-27-watt Twin Tube	340 mA rapid start			32	
	265 mA electronic IS			21	
6-watt Quad Tube	Autotransformer preheat			37	
	Reactor preheat HPF		*	33	
	Electronic HPF			23	

Reactor preheat

Table A63.45-6

Typical Lighting Power for High-Intensity Discharge Lamps

Lamp Watts	Ballast Watts	Fixture Input Watts
Mercury Vapor Lamps		
75	15	90
100	18	118
175	25	200
250	35	285
400	50	450
1,000	75	1,075
Metal Halide Lamps		
32	6	38
50	13	63
70	18	88
100	25	125
175	35	210
250	42	292
400	55	455
1,000	70	1,070
High Pressure Sodium Lamps		
35	8	43
50	13	63
70	18	88
100	30	130
150	38	188
250	50	300
400	65	465
1,000	90	1,090

Notes: Source: Pacific Gas & Electric

Figures listed represent average values taken from Osram-Sylvania, Philips, and General Electric lamp catalogs.

Next page is numbered 387

A-64.20. EQUIPMENT RATINGS AND SAFETY CONTROLS. dards for the testing and installation of heating and venti-The department recognizes the following reference stan-

- (1) American National Standards Institute, Inc., 1430 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10018:
 - (a) GAS WATER HEATERS, Vol. I, ANSI Z21.10.1
 - (b) GAS WATER HEATERS, Vol. III, ANSI Z21.10.3
 - (c) GAS-FIRED ROOM HEATERS, Vol. I, ANSI Z21.11.1;
 - (d) GAS-FIRED LOW PRESSURE STEAM AND HOT WATER BOILERS, ANSI Z21.13;
 - (e) GAS UNIT HEATERS, ANSI Z21.16;
 - (f) DOMESTIC GAS CONVERSION BURNERS, ANSI Z21.17;
 - (g) GAS APPLIANCE PRESSURE REGULATORS, ANSI Z21.18;
 - (h) AUTOMATIC GAS IGNITION SYSTEMS AND COMPONENTS, ANSI Z21.20;
 - (i) AUTOMATIC GAS VALVES, ANSI Z21.21;
 - (j) RELIEF VALVES AND AUTOMATIC GAS SHUTOFF DEVICES FOR HOT WATER SYSTEMS, ANSI Z21.22:
 - (k) GAS APPLIANCE THERMOSTATS, ANSI Z21.23;
 - (1) GAS-FIRED DUCT FURNACES, ANSI Z21.34;
 - (m) GAS FILTERS ON APPLIANCES, ANSI Z21.35;
 - (n) GAS-FIRED GRAVITY AND FAN TYPE DIRECT VENT WALL FURNACES, ANSI Z21.44:
 - (o) GAS-FIRED GRAVITY AND FORCED AIR CENTRAL FURNACES, ANSI Z21.47;
 - (p) GAS-FIRED GRAVITY AND FAN TYPE FLOOR FURNACES, ANSI Z21.48;
 - (q) GAS-FIRED GRAVITY AND FAN TYPE VENTED WALL FURNACES, ANSI Z21.49;
 - (r) VENTED DECORATIVE GAS APPLIANCES, ANSI Z21.50;
 - (s) GAS-FIRED SINGLE FIREBOX BOILERS, ANSI Z21.52;
 - (t) GAS-FIRED HIGH PRESSURE STEAM AND HOT WATER BOILERS (Inputs not over 400,000 Btu/hour), ANSI Z21.59;
 - (u) DECORATIVE GAS APPLIANCES FOR INSTALLATION IN VENTED FIREPLACES, ANSI Z21.60;
 - (v) DIRECT VENT CENTRAL FURNACES, ANSI Z21.64;
 - (w) DIRECT GAS-FIRED MAKE-UP AIR HEATERS, ANSI Z83.4:
 - (x) GAS-FIRED HEAVY DUTY FORCED AIR HEATERS, ANSI Z83.5;
 - (y) GAS-FIRED INFRARED HEATERS, ANSI Z83.6;
 - (z) GAS UNIT HEATERS, ANSI Z83.8;
 - (aa) GAS-FIRED DUCT FURNACES, ANSI Z83.9;
 - (bb) DIRECT GAS-FIRED DOOR HEATERS, ANSI 283.17; and
 - (cc) DIRECT GAS-FIRED INDUSTRIAL AIR HEATERS, ANSI Z83.18.
- (2) Canadian Standards Association, Certification Division, Rexdale, Ontario Canada, M9W IR3;
 - (a) Solid-Fuel Fired Appliances for Residential Use, CSAB 366M.
- (3) Energy Testing Laboratory of Maine, South Maine Vocational Technical Institute, South Portland, Maine 04106.
 - (a) Testing for Safety Requirements and Test Procedures for Solid-Fuel Burning Central Heating Appliances and Combination Oil- and Solid-Fuel Burning Central Heating Appliances, ETLM Standard #78-1.
- (4) International Conference of Building Officials, Inc., 5360 South Workman Mill Road, Whittier, California 90601:
 (a) Research Committee Acceptance Criteria for Fireplace Heat Exchangers.
- (5) Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., 333 Pfingsten Road, Northbrook, Illinois 60062:
 - (a) CHIMNEYS, FACTORY-BUILT, RESIDENTIAL TYPE AND BUILDING HEATING APPLIANCES, UL 103;
 - (b) FACTORY BUILT FIREPLACES, UL 127;
 - (c) OIL BURNERS, UL 296;
 - (d) CONTROLS, PRIMARY SAFETY FOR GAS- AND OIL-FIRED APPLIANCES, UL 372;
 - (e) SOLID-FUEL FIRED CENTRAL FURNACES, UL 391;
 - (f) GAS VENTS, UL 441;
 - (g) HEATING APPLIANCES, ELECTRIC, UL 499;
 - (h) HEAT PUMPS, UL 559;
 - (i) TYPE L LOW-TEMPERATURE VENTING SYSTEMS, UL 641;
 - (j) OIL-FIRED BOILER ASSEMBLIES, UL 726;
 - (k) OIL-FIRED CENTRAL FURNACES, UL 727;
 - (1) OIL-FIRED FLOOR FURNACES, UL 729;
 - (m) OIL-FIRED WALL FURNACES, UL 730;
 - (n) OIL-FIRED UNIT HEATERS, UL 731;
 - (o) HEATERS, AIR AND DIRECT-FIRED HEATERS, OIL-FIRED, UL 733;
 - (p) FIREPLACE STOVES, UL 737;
 - (q) COMMERCIAL-INDUSTRIAL GAS HEATING EQUIPMENT (Inputs over 400,000 Btu/hour), UL 795;

WISCONSIN ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

ILHR 50-64 Appendix A

- (r) HEATERS, ELECTRIC, FOR USE IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS; Class I, Groups A, B, C and D, and Class II, Groups E, F and G, UL 823;
- (s) ELECTRIC BOILERS, UL 834;
- (t) HEATERS, ELECTRIC DRY BATH, UL 875;
- (u) FAN COIL UNITS AND ROOM FAN HEATER UNITS, UL 883;
- (v) OIL-BURNING STOVES, UL 896;

- (w) HEATERS, ELECTRIC AIR, UL 1025;
 (x) HEATING EQUIPMENT, ELECTRIC BASEBOARD, UL 1042;
 (y) HEATING EQUIPMENT, ELECTRIC CENTRAL AIR, UL 1096; and
- (z) ROOM HEATERS, SOLID-FUEL TYPE, UL 1482.

Note: The table on the following page is a tabular summary of UL 296 and UL 795.

TABULAR	SUMMARY	UL	STANDARD	296	AND	UL	STANDARD	793

		OIL BURNE	RS UL 296		COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL GAS UL 795 Mechanical Draft Burners				
numarrow (numumn Tunuma	3 GPH	7 GPH	20 GPH		5.5	i			
FUNCTION/BURNER INPUTS	400,000 Btu	1 million Btu	3 million Btu	Over 20 GPH	Over 400,000	Over 2,500,000	Over 5,000,000	0ver	ATM Draft
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or less	or less	or less	3 million Btu	to 2,500,000	to 5,000,000	to 12,500,000	12,500,000	
Prepurge timing					ų	4	4	4	90 sec ³
Air changes			.; ⊶⊷		4	4	4	4	
Interlock Controls (Recycle)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Proven combustion air	8	8	8	. 8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Valve seal overtravel 9						Optional	Yes	Yes	13
Low gas pressure						Yes 20	Yes 20	Yes 20	13
High gas pressure		I		77 6		Yes 20	Yes 20	Yes 20	13
Low fire start	11	11	. 11	11	11	11	11	11	13
High limit (press. or temp.)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes 13
Low water cutoff	Boilers 21	Boilers 21	Boilers ²¹	Boilers ²¹	Boilers	Boilers	Boilers	Boilers	12
Pilot - Intermittent	Optional	Optional	Optional	"	Optional	Optional	Optional	Optional	
Pilot - Interrupted	19	19	19	Yes ⁵	Optional	Optional ²	Optional ²	Optional ²	2, 10
Direct spark ignition	Yes	Yes	Yes	5					
System & sequence approved		1				* ·			
safety control	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Approved safety shutoff						- 14	14	Yes ¹⁴	Yes13, 14
valves (SSOV)	IN	BURNER	DESIGN	·	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁴		Yes 13
No vent valve		18	18				<u></u>	Yes	1
Pilot valve	18	1	I	Yes	Yes ⁵	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Proved pilot	Optional 17	Optional	Optional 17	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes 10 sec	Yes 10 sec	Yes 13
Trial for pilot	1	2 17	1 7'	15 sec	15 sec 15 sec ²²	10 sec 10 sec	10 sec	10 sec	13
Trial for main flame	90 sec ² ,17	30 sec ² , 17	15 sec ² , 17	10/30 sec ⁷	4		4 sec max	2 sec max	13
Flame failure response time	90 sec ¹⁷	4 sec max 16,17	4 sec max 15,17	4 sec max 23	4 sec max	4 sec max	1 sec max	1 sec max	13
Valve closing time (max.)	17	17	17		5 sec max	1 sec max Yes ²	Yes ²	Yes ²	2, 10
Supervise main flame	1.5 87 6	1 "	1	Yes	Lockout or	les	les	169	'
Action on flame failure	Recycle		1	Lockout or	recycle ⁶	Lockout	Lockout	Lockout	13
	optional ¹	01 0001	01000 0000	recycle Close SSOV	Close SSOV	Close SSOV	Close SSOV	Close SSOV	13
Action on limit open	Close SSOV	Close SSOV	Close SSOV	CTORE 220A	01096 990A	01036 9904	01036 0004	01000 0001	}

See following page for footnotes.

FOOTNOTES TO TABULAR SUMMARY UL STANDARD 296 AND UL STANDARD 795:

SSOV=Safety shutoff valve.

¹May relight if ignition is re-energized within 0.8 sec. See 15 and 16.

²Where intermittent pilot is desired, it is allowable to switch from pilot detector to main flame detector if main flame detector responds to main flame only.

³Without shutters, no prepurge required.

⁴Options (whichever is chosen, a minimum of 4 air changes must be provided):

30 sec at high fire rate; OR

60 sec at 1/2 high fire rate; OR

90 sec at 1/2 high fire rate.

⁵With 2-stage lightoff, direct ignition is permitted if first stage is 20 gph or less (requirements for 20 gph or less apply). Pilot is required if igniting more than 20 gph.

⁶Lockout on interrupted pilot applications; recycle on intermittent pilot applications.

⁷10 sec for distillate fuel (No. 1 or No. 2); 30 sec for residual fuel (No. 4, 5, 6).

 8 Conventional type pressure burner — none needed. Needed for applications with combustion air supply separate from oil supply.

⁹Valve seal overtravel switch can be wired into either the start circuit or pre-ignition interlock circuit (if provided).

¹⁰Interrupted pilot over 2.5 million Btuh if modulating or high/low firing rate. Otherwise over 5 million Btuh.

¹¹If low fire start is not proved, UL will test for smooth lightoff at high fire.

¹²Intermittent up to 5 million Btuh unless firing rate control is over 2,500,000 Btuh.

¹³Requirements same as mechanical draft burners.

¹⁴See Table 1 at end of footnotes for main gas valves.

¹⁵Up to 15 sec is permitted if intermittent ignition is employed, or if the ignition system is re-energized in not more than 0.8 sec after flame is extinguished.

¹⁶Up to 30 sec is permitted if intermittent ignition is employed, or if the ignition system is re-energized in not more than 0.8 sec after flame is extinguished.

¹⁷If proved pilot igniter is used, timings for over 20 gal flame safeguard control may be applied.

¹⁸Required for electrically ignited, gas-piloted systems.

¹⁹Interrupted pilot may be required if using flame safeguard control with a proved pilot. Otherwise, interrupted pilot is optional.

²⁰Safety shutdown by this limit can be accomplished either by manual reset limits or in the programmer limit circuit.

²¹Required on boilers fired by oil burners — not a requirement of UL 296.

²²If intermittent pilot is used, no main burner flame establishing period is required.

²³If a separate oil valve is used, it must close within 5 sec max when de-energized.

TABLE 1 — AUTOMATIC MAIN GAS SAFETY SHUTOFF VALVES (SSOV) FOR MECHANICAL OR ATMOSPHERIC BURNERS — UL 795 REQUIREMENTS, EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 1974

	400,000 to 2,500,000 BTUH	Over 2,500,000 to 5,000,000 BTUH	Over 5,000,000 to 12,500,000 BTUH	Over 12,500,000 BTUH
Main Valve Requirement	One valve rated for safety shutoff services (SSOV). Closing time 5 sec.	Two SSOV's in series, or one SSOV of the type incorporating a valve seal overtravel interlock. Closing time 1 sec max.	Two SSOV's in series, one of which incorporates a valve seal overtravel interlock. Closing time 1 sec max.	Two SSOV's in series, one of which incorporates a valve seal overtravel interlock. When fuel gas has specific gravity of less than 1.0, include a N.0. % inch or larger electrically operated valve in a vent line between the two SSOV's.