CR 89-167

A STEWNET

## **RULES CERTIFICATE**

STATE OF WISCONSIN ) ) SS	
DEPT. OF INDUSTRY, ) LABOR & HUMAN RELATIONS)	MAR 2 0 1990 G: 13 Revisor of Statutes Bureau
TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COMM	E, GREETINGS:, Secretary of the Department of
Industry, Labor and Human Relations, and	
of said department, do hereby certify the ch. ILHR 56, Subchapter IV, Life-safety (Subject approved and adopted by this department.  I further certify that said copy has on file in this department and that the the whole of such original.	schools requirements for existing were duly  on $3/19/90$ (Date) as been compared by me with the original
	IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the department at 4:00 p.m. in the city of Madison, this letter day of March A.D. 19 90.  Secretary

5-1-90

## ORDER OF ADOPTION

RECEIVED

MAR 201990

Revisor of Statutes Bureau

Pursuant to authority vested in the Department of Indus	stry, Labor and
Human Relations by section(s) $101.02(15)(a)$ and $101.12(6)(b)$	)
Stats., the Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations	X creates;
amends; repeals and recreates; repeals and adopt	s rules of Wisconsin
Administrative Code chapter (s):	
ch. ILHR 56 Subchapter IV Life-safety Requirements for (Number) (Title	Existing Schools
The attached rules shall take effect on the first day	of the month following
publication in the Wisconsin Administrative Register purs	uant to section
227.22, Stats.	
Adopted at Madison, W	isconsin, this
date: 3_19_9 c	)
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTR RELATIONS	~
Sec	retary



# RULES in FINAL DRAFT FORM

Kule:	ch.	ILHR	56,	Subchapt	ter IV			
Relatin	g t	to:	Lif	e-Safety	Requirements	for	Existing Schools	
Clearin	gh	OU:	se	Rul	e No.:		89-167	

#### RULE ANALYSIS

In accordance with section 101.12 (6)(a), Stats., the Department is required to inspect all public schools constructed prior to January 1, 1950, and in accordance with section 101.12 (6)(b), Stats., the Department is required to develop life-safety plans for these public schools.

In the fall of 1988, the Department inspected all schools constructed prior to January 1, 1930 and evaluated these buildings for the purpose of improving the life-safety condition of these schools. On July 31, 1989 an emergency rule was adopted by the Department to codify the life-safety improvements cited during the inspection of the pre-1930 schools and to establish deadlines for completion of the improvements for these schools.

On September 6, 1989, the Department issued an emergency rule to establish the timeline for the Department to perform the inspections on schools constructed between January 1, 1930 and January 1, 1950, and to establish minimum life-safety plans for these public schools.

The purpose of these proposed rules is to codify the Department's enforcement and inspection program of existing schools constructed prior to January 1, 1950 and to establish minimum requirements to improve the life-safety condition of all public schools constructed prior to January 1, 1950.

The proposed rules contain the following requirements:

- 1. Evaluation procedures to analyze schools constructed prior to January 1, 1950 for compliance with the life-safety requirements. The evaluation procedures require the use of a special form.
- 2. Evaluation completion dates.
- 3. Plan submittal and plan approval requirements.
- 4. Procedures for developing an alternate life-safety plan.
- 5. Minimum life-safety standards including the following requirements:
  - a. Maximum capacities
  - b. Exiting
  - c. Stairway handrails and guardrails
  - d. Exit signs
  - e. Corridors
  - f. Fire detection, protection and suppression
  - g. Construction separation walls
  - h. Isolation of hazards
  - i. Structural analysis
  - j. Electrical
  - k. Alternatives to stairway enclosures.

Following public hearings, the Department decided to combine both emergency rules into a single rule.

The proposed rule was developed in consultation with the Department's advisory committee on Aging Schools.

The membership of the Aging School Committee is as follows:

Ron Allen, Milwaukee Public Schools
Dan Anderson, Fire Inspectors Association
Harold C. Balch, P.E., Engineer
Dave Birch, School Building Officials
Chris Dodge, Building Inspectors Association
Jim Gabriel, AIA, Architect
Larry Huber, Fire Chiefs Association
Bill Jordahl, Governor's Office
Richard W. Magnuson, School Administrators Association
Mike Corry, DILHR
Paul Ormson, Wisconsin Education Association
Richard Peterson, Department of Public Instruction
John Schnurr, School Board Association
Jerald Slack, Department of Administration
Robert Tevik, City or Municipal Member

dm:2505g

SECTION 1. Chapter ILHR 56, Subchapter IV is created to read:

#### Subchapter IV Life-Safety Requirements for Existing Schools

<u>ILHR 56.50 SCOPE</u>. The provisions of this subchapter shall apply to all existing buildings and portions of buildings constructed prior to January 1, 1950 which are publicly owned or leased as schools and primarily used for instructional purposes for students up to and including grade 12.

<u>ILHR 56.51 PURPOSE</u>. The purpose of this subchapter is to incorporate modern safety requirements in all existing schools constructed prior to January 1, 1950 to improve the life-safety of the occupants in these buildings.

#### ILHR 56.52 DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

- (1) "Funding is in place" means approval to fund through board approval, annual meeting approval, referendum or similar term.
- (2) "Life-safety plan" means the individual plan developed for a school to improve the life-safety of the school.
- (3) "Life-safety standards" means standards promulgated by and used by the department to evaluate the condition of existing schools.
  - (4) "Light-panel frames" means any glazed openings.
- (5) "Special department inspection program" means inspections performed by the department to evaluate existing schools in accordance with life-safety standards and to establish an individual life-safety plan for each school.
- (6) "Transfer grille" means an opening in a wall or door which permits air to flow from one space to another.
- (7) "Written determination" means a decision by the department after reviewing plans and specifications or other information.
- <u>ILHR 56.53 SCHOOLS CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO 1930</u>. Schools constructed prior to 1930 shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) PRE-1930 SCHOOLS INSPECTED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 1989. (a) <u>Codes and standards</u>. The recommendations specified in the individual life-safety plan for the pre-1930 schools inspected prior to January 1, 1989, shall comply with the standards specified in ss. ILHR 56.63 to 56.66.
- (b) <u>Compliance dates</u>. 1. Pre-1930 schools inspected prior to January 1, 1989, shall implement on or before August 1, 1990, the recommendations of the written life-safety plan developed by the department through the special department inspection program.

2. The August 1, 1990, compliance date may be extended to those schools where an extension of time for compliance as specified in s. ILHR 56.56 has been granted in writing by the department.

Note: The department issued an emergency rule on pre-1930 schools on July 31, 1989, requiring code violations to be corrected by September 1, 1989, and a written implementation plan on the life-safety plan to be submitted to the department by December 1, 1989. Pre-1930 schools inspected prior to January 1, 1989, were evaluated using the inspection form SBD-8013.

- (2) PRE-1930 SCHOOLS INSPECTED AFTER JANUARY 1, 1989. (a) <u>Codes and standards</u>. Any pre-1930 school inspected after January 1, 1989, shall be evaluated in accordance with ss. ILHR 56.63 to 56.66.
- (b) <u>Compliance dates</u>. Individual compliance dates to implement the life-safety plan shall be established by the department for each school.
- ILHR 56.54 SCHOOLS CONSTRUCTED BETWEEN JANUARY 1, 1930, AND JANUARY 1, 1950. Schools constructed between January 1, 1930, and January 1, 1950, shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) CODES AND STANDARDS. The life-safety standards specified in ss. ILHR 56.63 to 56.66 shall be used to evaluate schools constructed between January 1, 1930, and January 1, 1950.
- (2) COMPLIANCE DATES. All violations identified through the special department inspection program shall be corrected by September 1, 1991, unless an extension of time for compliance as specified in s. ILHR 56.56 has been granted by the department.

ILHR 56.56 EXTENSION OF TIME FOR COMPLIANCE. A school district may request in writing an extension of time to comply with any code violation or the life-safety plan. Extensions may be granted in accordance with one or more of the following:

- (1) CONSTRUCTION PROBLEMS. The department may grant a reasonable extension of time in order to permit a school district to:
  - (a) Prepare plans for construction and issue bids for construction;
- (b) Complete construction that has been delayed due to availability of materials, weather conditions, or other construction-related problems;
- (c) Implement interim approved safety measures to protect the building occupants during the time of extension; or
  - (d) Obtain written approval of an alternate life-safety plan.
- (2) FUNDING PROBLEMS. (a) A school district may request a one year extension if the school district is unable to implement the life-safety plan due to inadequate funding.

- (b) Requests for extensions indicating the school district is unable to correct the code violations or implement the life-safety plan due to inadequate funds shall be submitted to the department with:
- 1. A written statement obtained from the department of public instruction stating that the school district is unable to borrow money or to use the school's operating reserve to implement the required life-safety standards:
- 2. A copy of a written plan submitted to the department of public instruction on how the school district will obtain the funds to complete the life-safety plan; and
- 3. An alternate life-safety plan identifying the interim measures that will be provided to protect the building occupants. The alternate life-safety plan shall be prepared by a registered engineer or architect.
- (3) EXTENSION TO BUILD NEW SCHOOL OR MAJOR REMODELING. A school district may request an extension of time to comply with the life-safety plan if a school district has approval to construct a new school or additions, or to do major remodeling in the existing building.
- (a) The following criteria shall be submitted to the department for a written determination on the request for extension:
- 1. Written notification and commitment that the funding is in place and that a new school or addition will be constructed or the existing school will undergo major remodeling; and
- 2. An alternate life-safety plan identifying the interim measures that will be provided to protect the building occupants. The alternate life-safety plan shall be prepared by a registered engineer or architect.
- (b) Plans and specifications for any new construction, addition or major remodeling shall be submitted in accordance with s. ILHR 50.12.
- (c) The department may grant a two year extension to complete the new construction or remodeling. The department may grant an extension longer than two years where the school district provides documentation from the architect or engineer and the contractor that the construction will take longer than two years.
- ILHR 56.57 FAILURE TO COMPLY. If the department determines that the rules or any extensions to comply with the rules have not been complied with, the department will notify the state superintendent of public instruction to review the matter under s. 115.33, Stats.
- ILHR 56.58 LIFE-SAFETY EVALUATION PROCEDURES. A life-safety evaluation shall be conducted for each existing school in accordance with the following:
- (1) QUALIFICATIONS OF EVALUATOR. The initial and follow-up inspection for the life-safety evaluation shall be performed by the department or a

registered architect or engineer. School districts utilizing registered architects or engineers to perform the life-safety evaluation shall notify the department in writing.

- (2) STANDARDS FOR EVALUATION. All life-safety evaluations shall be performed using the standards specified in ss. ILHR 56.63 to 56.66.
- (3) LIFE-SAFETY EVALUATION FORM. The life-safety evaluation shall be conducted using the life-safety evaluation form which is based on ss. ILHR 56.63 to 56.66.

Note: Life-safety evaluation form (SBD-8259) is available from the Safety and Buildings Division, P.O. Box 7969, Madison, Wisconsin 53707.

- (a) <u>Procedures</u>. Each school building shall be evaluated to determine compliance with the requirements specified in ss. ILHR 56.63 to 56.66, using the life-safety evaluation form as follows:
- 1. 'Complies.' If the building complies, the evaluator shall check the "complies" column.
- 2. 'Does not comply.' If the building does not comply, the evaluator shall check the "does not comply" column.
- 3. 'Comments.' The evaluator shall specify how the building may be brought into compliance, or if other alternatives approved by the department have been utilized.
- 4. 'Not applicable.' If a code section does not apply, write 'NA' in each column.
- (b) <u>Filing of life-safety evaluation form</u>. After completing the inspection and evaluation, the evaluator shall sign and date the life-safety evaluation form and submit the evaluation form to the department. Where a building does not comply with a specific item, the department shall issue written orders on these items and send notification to the school district.

Note: The evaluations for schools constructed between January 1, 1930, and January 1, 1950, were completed on January 1, 1990.

- (4) INTERIM NOTIFICATION. On or before August 1, 1990, each school district having schools requiring compliance with life-safety plans shall notify the department in writing of what steps have been or will be taken to implement the life-safety standards.
- (5) CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE. Upon determination of compliance, the department shall certify in writing that the school complies with the life-safety standards. A copy of the reinspection report certificate shall be sent to the school district and the department of public instruction.

<u>ILHR 56.59 PLAN OF SCHOOL</u>. (1) FLOOR PLAN. The school district shall be responsible for preparing a floor plan of each school. The floor plan shall include:

- (a) The size and use of all rooms;
- (b) Location of all exit doors, exit lights, exit passageways and stairways;
  - (c) Location of toilet facilities; and
  - (d) Location of fire alarm horns and pull-stations.
- (2) DATES OF CONSTRUCTION. The plan shall show the construction dates of the building and any additions.

ILHR 56.60 PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. Plans and specifications shall be submitted to the department in accordance with s. ILHR 50.12 for any new construction, additions, changing location of exits, structural alterations, or major alterations. A completion statement shall be filed in accordance with s. ILHR 50.10.

ILHR 56.61 APPROVAL OF ALTERNATE LIFE-SAFETY PLAN. (1) TYPES OF ALTERNATIVES. (a) Alternatives to smoke enclosures and smoke cut-offs. Where the building configuration does not permit the installation of physical barriers to separate the stairway from the classroom and corridor areas, other alternatives approved by the department may be used. The alternatives may consist of providing a combination of the following items and shall be approved by the department:

- 1. Additional smoke detectors complying with NFPA 72E;
- 2. Smoke ventilation systems;
- 3. Fire suppression systems complying with s. ILHR 51.23; or other fire suppression systems not specified in s. ILHR 51.23, when approved by the local fire department;
- 4. Standard exits in addition to the required exits to reduce the required travel distance; or
  - 5. Other alternatives providing an equivalency to the rule.

- (b) Other alternatives. Alternatives to any other life-safety standard may be used, if an equivalency to the life-safety standard is provided and is approved by the department.
- (2) PLAN APPROVAL. (a) <u>Plan submission</u>. Any alternative to a life-safety requirement shall be submitted to the department as a "Preliminary Design Consultation-Aging Schools" prior to preparing final plans and specifications to implement the life-safety plan.
- (b) <u>Notification</u>. The department shall make a written determination on the alternate life-safety plan and return it to the school district.
- <u>ILHR 56.62 RE-EVALUATION</u>. Re-evaluations for all public schools shall be performed every 5 years. This inspection shall be coordinated with the department of pulic instruction's standard audit inspection. The re-evaluation may be performed by the department or a registered architect or engineer.
- <u>ILHR 56.63 LIFE-SAFETY STANDARDS</u>. Each existing school building as specified in this subchapter shall be surveyed and evaluated in accordance with the following minimum life-safety standards:
- (1) MAXIMUM CAPACITIES. The maximum capacities for classrooms and spaces shall be determined in accordance with the following:
- (a) Maximum capacities for auditoriums or gymnasiums shall comply with s. ILHR 56.02 for the class of construction requirements.
- (b) Classrooms and other instructional spaces shall comply with the maximum capacities specified in s. ILHR 56.07.
- (2) EXITING. The minimum exiting requirements shall be determined in accordance with the following:
- (a) <u>Number of exits</u>. The total number of exits from each floor level and each building shall be determined on the basis of total aggregate exit width and distances to exit. Each building and each floor level shall be provided with at least 2 exits located as remote from each other as practical.
- (b) <u>Type of exits</u>. At least 2 exits from each floor level shall lead directly to grade through standard exit doors, stairs, interior enclosed stairs, smokeproof stairtowers, fire-rated exit corridors, passageways or ramps. One-half of the remaining exits may be horizontal exits or fire escapes. Fire escapes shall be limited to buildings not more than 2 stories in height except that existing fire escapes may remain.
- 1. 'Standard exit doors'. Standard exit doors shall be a minimum of 3'-0" in width.
- 2. 'Exit stairs'. All new constructed stairs shall conform to the requirements of s. ILHR 51.16, except that the stairs shall have a uniform rise of not more than 7 1/2 inches, measured from tread to tread, and a uniform tread of not less than 10 inches, measured from nosing to nosing of

tread. Handrails shall be provided on both sides. An outside weather-treated wood stairway may be used as a second exit from a building not more than 2 stories in height.

- 3. 'Enclosure of interior stairways'. All exit stairways shall be enclosed in accordance with s. ILHR 56.06 (2) (c) or separated from the classroom and corridor area with a stairway smoke-enclosure having a one-hour rating as specified in s. ILHR 56.68.
- 4. 'Fire-rated exit corridors'. All rated exit corridors required to satisfy limitations on exit distance shall be of not less than one-hour fire-resistive construction, unless the fire-resistive ratings indicated in Table 51.03-A for required exit corridor enclosures are more restrictive.
- 5. 'Exit ramps'. The minimum width of exit ramps shall be determined in accordance with the requirements of s. ILHR 56.07. The minimum width shall be not less than 3 feet 8 inches. Exit ramps, other than those required for the physically disabled, shall have a slope not exceeding 1:8. Ramp slopes exceeding 1:12 shall be provided with handrails. Ramps shall be provided with a slip-resistant finish.
- 6. 'Fire escapes'. Fire escapes shall be constructed in accordance with the requirements of s. ILHR 51.20.
- (c) <u>Travel distance</u>. 1. 'Non-sprinklered.' Travel distance to an exterior exit door, a required fire-resistive rated exit corridor, interior enclosed stairs, smokeproof stair tower, horizontal exit, or fire escape, from any point in a building accessible to the public, may not exceed 150 feet.
- 2. 'Sprinklered.' Where an approved automatic fire sprinkler system is provided throughout the building, an increase in the travel distance specified in subd. 1 to 200 feet will be permitted.
- (d) <u>Location of exits</u>. 1. 'Distribution'. All exits shall be distributed to provide the best possible means of egress. The exits shall be located so that in case any exit is blocked at any point some other exit is accessible through public passageways at all times.
- 2. 'Auditoriums and gymnasiums'. Exits serving auditoriums and gymnasiums which have a capacity exceeding 600 persons shall comply with s. ILHR 56.06 (3) (c).
- (e) <u>Classroom exiting</u>. 1. 'Classrooms with 50 or less persons'. At least one exit is required from a classroom or other instructional spaces with a capacity of 50 persons or less, and the exit door shall be 3'-0" wide and may swing into the classroom.
- 2. 'Classrooms with 51-100 persons'. At least 2 exits are required from classrooms or other instructional spaces with a capacity of 51-100 persons, and the exit doors shall be 3'-0" wide and shall swing toward the means of egress.

- 3. 'Classrooms with greater than 100 persons'. At least 2 exits shall be provided from all classrooms or other instructional spaces having a capacity of more than 100 persons. The exits shall discharge directly to grade or to a public passageway which permits 2 directions of travel to the exterior. The exit width shall comply with s. ILHR 56.06 and the doors shall swing toward the means of egress.
- (f) <u>Exit width</u>. The total required exit width shall be provided in accordance with s. ILHR 56.07.
- (g) <u>Storage under stairs</u>. 1. 'Combustible construction'. Stairways constructed of combustible materials may not have any type of material or equipment stored under the stairs.
- 2. 'Noncombustible construction'. Stairways constructed of noncombustible material having a 2-hour fire-rating may have storage under the stairways. All openings shall be protected with fire-rated door assemblies as specified in s. ILHR 51.047. A smoke detector shall be provided in each storage room under a stairway and the smoke detector shall activate an alarm audible in a normally occupied area or shall activate the building fire alarm.
- (3) STAIRWAY HANDRAILS AND GUARDRAILS. Stairway handrails and guardrails shall be provided in accordance with the following:
- (a) <u>Handrails</u>. Handrails shall be not less than 30 inches nor more than 34 inches above the nosing of the treads on stairways or above the surface of ramps, as specified in s. ILHR 51.161.
- (b) <u>Guardrails</u>. Guardrails shall be provided on the open side of elevated platforms, landings, walks, balconies and mezzanines which are more than 24 inches in height. Guardrails shall not be less than 42 inches in height.
- (4) EXIT SIGNS. Exit signs shall be provided in accordance with the following:
- (a) Illuminated exit signs shall identify all required exits, as specified in s. ILHR 56.06.
- (b) Directional exit signs shall be located to direct occupants to the exits.
- (5) CORRIDORS. (a) <u>Corridor width</u>. All public corridors and passageways shall have an unobstructed width of at least 4 feet.
- (b) <u>Dead-end corridors</u>. 1. Locked security gates and doors may not be placed so as to block required exit passageways or create dead-end corridors.
- 2. At least two directions of egress shall be provided from every room. Any room may be permitted one direction of egress provided the door setback from two directions of egress is not greater than the corridor width. The total number of persons beyond the two directions of egress may not exceed 50.

- (6) FIRE DETECTION, PROTECTION AND SUPPRESSION. The manual fire alarm system, basement fire protection and portable fire extinguishers shall comply with the following:
- (a) <u>Manual fire alarm system</u>. At least one fire alarm pull station shall be provided at each exit on each floor to activate the building fire alarm system. The manual fire alarm system shall be audible throughout the floor level.
- (b) <u>Basement protection</u>. All basement corridors shall be protected with an automatic smoke detection system.
- (c) <u>Portable fire extinguishers</u>. Portable fire extinguishers shall be located every 75 feet, or there shall be no more than 11,250 square feet per extinguisher as specified in NFPA 10. The extinguishers shall be charged or filled.
- (7) CONSTRUCTION SEPARATION WALL. (a) <u>Openings used as standard exits</u>. If the opening in a construction separation wall is a required exit, the opening shall be provided with exit doors complying with s. ILHR 51.15 and the doors shall have a 3/4-hour fire-rating as specified in s. ILHR 51.047.
- (b) Existing rolling or sliding fire-doors. Existing rolling or sliding fire-rated doors held open by a fusible link may remain as is, except a separate smoke detector shall be placed at these door locations. The smoke detector shall not be connected with the rolling or sliding fire-rated doors.
- (8) ISOLATION OF HAZARDS. (a) <u>Rating of enclosures</u>. All fuel-fired heating boilers and furnaces, power boilers, fuel rooms, breeching, storage vaults for paints, oils and similar hazards, fuel-fired kilns and dryers, and other similar hazards shall be enclosed with the following:
- 1. The enclosures located in one-story buildings shall be protected with 2-hour fire-rated construction or equivalent.
- 2. The enclosures located in buildings greater than one-story in height shall be protected with 4-hour fire-rated construction or equivalent.
- (b) <u>Protection of openings</u>. All openings in these enclosures shall be protected with self-closing doors as specified in s. ILHR 51.047.
- (9) MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT. The heating and ventilating equipment shall comply with the following:
- (a) Outside combustion air shall be provided as specified in s. ILHR 64.09.
- (b) Air handling units servicing more than one floor level shall be provided with a smoke detection system capable of detecting products of combustion in the ductwork and a means of shutting down the system or stopping the flow of air upon activation of smoke detectors in the ducts. The smoke detectors shall comply with the following:

- 1. Smoke detectors approved for duct installation shall be installed at a suitable location in:
- a. The main supply duct on the downstream side of the filters to automatically stop the fan; and
- b. The return air stream, prior to exhausting from the building or being diluted by outside air, to automatically exhaust the smoke-laden return air or to stop the fan. The smoke detector may be omitted in the return air stream in systems of less than 15,000 cubic feet per minute.
- 2. Smoke detectors shall be installed in accordance with NFPA 72E. Activation of smoke detectors shall sound an alarm audible in a normally occupied area of the building or shall activate the building fire alarm system.
- (10) STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS. A structural analysis will be required if any visible defects are found in:
  - (a) Columns;
  - (b) Beams and framing;
  - (c) Floor system;
  - (d) Roof deck and supports;
  - (e) Exterior walls; or
  - (f) Foundation walls.
- (11) ELECTRICAL. The electrical systems shall be inspected in accordance with the following:
  - (a) Conductors shall be protected against physical damage.
  - (b) Working space in front of equipment shall be kept clear.
  - (c) Proper overcurrent protection shall be provided.
  - (d) Flexible cords shall be properly used.

ILHR 56.64 STAIRWAY SMOKE-ENCLOSURE. (1) WHERE REQUIRED. (a) Where stairway smoke-enclosures are required, they shall be installed to separate all open stairways from all other areas of the building in order to limit the spread of smoke and fumes into the stairways. Stairways leading to open balconies or mezzanines may remain open.

- (b) Where it is impossible to construct a one-hour fire-rated stairway smoke-enclosure to separate the open stairway, the department will consider:
  - 1. Stairway smoke cut-offs as specified in s. ILHR 56.65; or
  - 2. Horizontal separations as specified in s. ILHR 56.66.

- (2) CONSTRUCTION. (a) <u>Smoke-enclosure wall</u>. The wall of the stairway smoke-enclosure shall extend vertically from the finished floor to the underside of a floor/ceiling deck or ceiling/roof deck and extend horizontally from wall-to-wall.
- (b) Rating of smoke-enclosure wall. The stairway smoke-enclosure wall which is located in a building classified as type 1, 2 or 3 construction in accordance with s. ILHR 51.03 (1) to (3) shall be constructed of at least 1-hour noncombustible elements. The stairway smoke-enclosure wall which is located in a building classified as type 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 in accordance with s. ILHR 51.03 (4) to (8) shall be constructed of material having at least a 1-hour fire-resistive rating.
- (c) New and replacement door assemblies in a smoke-enclosure wall. 1. New and replacement door assemblies in a stairway smoke-enclosure wall shall have a 3/4-hour fire-rating and be self-closing. The frame, hardware, hinges, lock sets and closers shall be listed for use with fire-rated doors by U.L., Factory Mutual or other approved testing laboratories.
- 2. A fire-rated door shall be self-closing and shall remain closed at all times, unless the door is equipped with an automatic self-closing device activated by products of combustion other than heat, or a self-closing device activated by the building fire alarm system.
- (d) Existing doors and frames located in openings in smoke-enclosure walls. Any framed opening in an existing wall of a stairway shall be equipped with at least a 3/4-hour rated door and the hardware specified in par. (c). Existing doors, frames and light-panel frames located in the existing stairway enclosure walls may remain as is, provided:
  - 1. The door is solid wood core;
  - 2. The door is equipped with self-closing and latching devices;
- 3. Any transfer grille located in the door is eliminated and the opening is filled with solid wood that is at least as thick as the door;
  - 4. Any glazing in the door is wired glass;
  - 5. Any glazed transom above the door is wired glass; and
  - 6. The existing frame is metal or solid wood at least 3/4-inch thick.
- (e) <u>Platform</u>. The stairway smoke-enclosure shall be constructed to provide a platform between the smoke-enclosure and the stairs. The platform shall be at least as wide as the stairway, measured at a right angle to the direction of travel. Every platform shall have a length of at least 3 feet, measured in the direction of travel. The swing of the exit doors may not block the required exit passageway.
- (f) <u>Penetrations</u>. Any opening around a duct, pipe, conduit or wiring penetrating through a stairway smoke-enclosure wall shall be filled solidly with draft stopping material in accordance with s. ILHR 53.63 (1).

- (3) SMOKE DETECTION. (a) Where a stairway smoke-enclosure does not provide direct exiting to grade, the passageway connecting the stairway smoke-enclosure to the exterior exit shall be protected with smoke detectors. The detectors shall be located in accordance with NFPA 72E.
- (b) The smoke detectors shall activate alarms audible in a normally occupied area of the building or shall activate the building fire alarm system.

ILHR 56.65 STAIRWAY SMOKE CUT-OFFS. (1) WHERE REQUIRED. Where stairway smoke cut-offs are required, they shall be constructed at all open stairways at the basement level and all other floor levels other than the first or ground floor.

- (2) CONSTRUCTION. The construction of the stairway smoke cut-off shall comply with s. ILHR 56.64 (2).
- (3) SMOKE DETECTION. (a) Where stairway smoke cut-offs are provided, at least one smoke detector shall be placed at the head of the open stairway at the uppermost floor level. Additional smoke detectors shall be placed throughout the open corridor leading to the stairway. The smoke detectors shall be located in accordance with NFPA 72E.
- (b) The smoke detectors shall activate alarms audible in a normally occupied area of the building or shall activate the building fire alarm system.

ILHR 56.66 HORIZONTAL SEPARATIONS. (1) WHERE REQUIRED. Horizontal separations may be used to subdivide a floor into at least 2 smoke compartments, provided the building is classified as Type 6 metal frame unprotected construction in accordance with s. ILHR 51.03 (6) or better construction with noncombustible floors and stairways. Horizontal separations may be used as horizontal exits.

(2) CONSTRUCTION. Horizontal separations shall have at least a one-hour fire-resistive rating. Openings in the horizontal separations shall be protected with door or window assemblies having a 3/4-hour fire-resistive rating.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE

Pursuant to s. 227.22 (2) (intro.), Stats., these rules shall take effect on the first day of the month following publication in the Wisconsin Administrative Register.

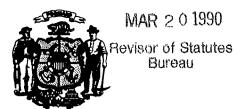
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# SUMMARY OF FINAL REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY ANALYSIS

### Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations

CLEARINGHOUSE RULE NO. 89-167
RULE NO. ch. ILHR 56, Subchapter IV
RELATING TO: Life-safety Requirements for Existing Schools
Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis Summary
Section 101.12(6), Stats., requires the Department to establish rules regarding life-safety measures in all existing public schools constructed prior to January 1, 1950. The proposed rules of Clearinghouse Rule No. 89-138 and 89-167 are the minimum life-safety requirements that will provide a level of safety in older schools comparable to that of schools constructed under the current code. There is no direct impact on small businesses.
Summary of Comments of Legislative Standing Committees
Assembly Committee Labor
Senate Committee Labor, Business, Veterans, Insurance and Military Affairs
X No comments received.
Summary of comments:

Tommy G. Thompson Governor Gerald Whitburn Secretary



Mailing Address: 201 E. Washington Avenue Post Office Box 7946 Madison, WI 53707-7946 Telephone (608) 266-7552

# State of Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations

March 20, 1990

Gary Poulson Assistant Revisor of Statutes Suite 702 30 West Mifflin Street Madison, Wisconsin 53703 Douglas LaFollette Secretary of State 10th Floor 30 West Mifflin Street Madison, Wisconsin 53703

Dear Messrs. Poulson and LaFollette:

#### TRANSMITTAL OF RULE ADOPTION

CLEARINGHOUS	E RULE NO89-167	
RULE NO. ch.	ILHR 56, Subchapter IV	
RELATING TO: _	Life-safety requirements for Existing Schools	

Pursuant to section 227.20, Stats., agencies are required to file a certified copy of every rule adopted by the agency with the offices of the Secretary of State and the Revisor of Statutes.

At this time, the following material is being submitted to you:

- 1. Order of Adoption.
- 2. Rules Certificate Form.
- 3. Rules in Final Draft Form.

Pursuant to section 227.114, Stats., a summary of the final regulatory flexibility analysis is also included.

Respectfully submitted,

Gerald Whitburn

Secretary