

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES
Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

1. Type of Estimate and Analysis

Original Updated Corrected

2. Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number

Cos 1- 11

3. Subject

Relating to cosmetology schooling, licensure, and practice requirements

4. Fund Sources Affected

GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEG-S

5. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected

6. Fiscal Effect of Implementing the Rule

No Fiscal Effect Increase Existing Revenues Increase Costs
 Indeterminate Decrease Existing Revenues Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget
 Decrease Cost

7. The Rule Will Impact the Following (Check All That Apply)

State's Economy Specific Businesses/Sectors
 Local Government Units Public Utility Rate Payers
 Small Businesses (if checked, complete Attachment A)

8. Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Be Greater Than \$20 million?

Yes No

9. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule

This proposed rule makes the changes necessitated by the passage of 2011 Wisconsin Act 190 to Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapters 1 to 11, which includes redefining the term manager to cosmetology manager and creating an inactive license classification. Other changes in the proposed rule include identifying the settings that are excluded from providing cosmetology services outside of a licensed cosmetology establishment, eliminating the requirement for a separate establishment license for electrologists, eliminating the training programs and continuing education required to perform delegated medical procedures, and clarifying the late renewal and reinstatement processes.

10. Summary of the businesses, business sectors, associations representing business, local governmental units, and individuals that may be affected by the proposed rule that were contacted for comments.

This proposed rule was posted on the Department of Safety and Professional Services website and on the Wisconsin government website for 14 business days to solicit comments from the public. No businesses, business sectors, associations representing business, local governmental units, or individuals contacted the department about the proposed rule during that time period

11. Identify the local governmental units that participated in the development of this EIA.

None. This rule does not affect local government units.

12. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

This rule will have no economic or fiscal impact on specific business, business sectors, public utility rate payers, local gov or the state's economy as a whole.

13. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule

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The benefit is to bring the administrative code in line with the statutory changes in 2011 WI Act 190 and to provide greater clarity for applicants and credential holders.

14. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule

The benefit is to bring the administrative code in line with the statutory changes in 2011 WI Act 190 and to provide greater clarity for applicants and credential holders.

15. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government

None

16. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)

Illinois: Cosmetology managers are not licensed in Illinois. Licensed cosmetologists, cosmetology teachers, or cosmetology clinic teachers may elect to place their license on inactive status. 225 ILCS410/3-7.1. Once a cosmetologist, cosmetology teacher or cosmetology clinic teacher's license is in an inactive status, the licensee may not practice in Illinois. Unlike the Wisconsin provision which allows a licensee to work if the work is minimal. Wis. Stats. § 454.06 (8m) (d).

Iowa: Iowa does not license cosmetology managers but there are provisions regarding inactive license classification. "A licensee who fails to renew the license by the end of the grace period has an inactive license. A licensee whose license is inactive continues to hold the privilege of licensure in Iowa, but may not practice cosmetology arts and sciences in Iowa until the license is reactivated." 645 IAC 60.8(6).

Michigan: Michigan does not issue a license for cosmetology managers and does not have an inactive licensure classification.

Minnesota: Similar to Wisconsin, Minnesota regulates salon managers. Minn. Stat. § 155A.23. Minnesota also allows for an inactive license for applicants who have ceased all practice of cosmetology. An inactive license does not allow a licensee to engage in the practice of cosmetology. Minn. R. 2105.0200

17. Contact Name

Katie Paff

18. Contact Phone Number

608-261-4472

This document can be made available in alternate formats to individuals with disabilities upon request.

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ATTACHMENT A

1. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Small Businesses (Separately for each Small Business Sector, Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred)

2. Summary of the data sources used to measure the Rule's impact on Small Businesses

3. Did the agency consider the following methods to reduce the impact of the Rule on Small Businesses?

- Less Stringent Compliance or Reporting Requirements
- Less Stringent Schedules or Deadlines for Compliance or Reporting
- Consolidation or Simplification of Reporting Requirements
- Establishment of performance standards in lieu of Design or Operational Standards
- Exemption of Small Businesses from some or all requirements
- Other, describe:

4. Describe the methods incorporated into the Rule that will reduce its impact on Small Businesses

5. Describe the Rule's Enforcement Provisions

6. Did the Agency prepare a Cost Benefit Analysis (if Yes, attach to form)

- Yes No
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