STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION DOA-2049 (R03/2012)

requirements.

DIVISION OF EXECUTIVE BUDGET AND FINANCE 101 EAST WILSON STREET, 10TH FLOOR P.O. BOX 7864 MADISON, WI 53707-7864 FAX: (608) 267-0372

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES Fiscal Estimate & Economic Impact Analysis

1. Type of Estimate and Analysis ☑ Original ☐ Updated ☐ Corrected		
Administrative Rule Chapter, Title and Number Ch. NR 115, Wisconsin's Shoreland Protection Program		
3. Subject Modify the rule relating to the impervious surface limits, nonconforming structure provisions, vegetation standards and administrative procedures to reduce the administrative burden on counties.		
4. Fund Sources Affected ☐ GPR ☐ FED ☐ PRO ☐ PRS ☐ SEG ☐ SEG-S	5. Chapter 20, Stats. Appropriations Affected	
☐ Indeterminate ☐ Decrease Existing Revenues	☐ Increase Costs☐ Could Absorb Within Agency's Budget☐ Decrease Cost	
	ic Businesses/Sectors Utility Rate Payers Businesses (if checked, complete Attachment A)	
8. Would Implementation and Compliance Costs Be Greater Than \$20 million? ☐ Yes ☐ No		
9. Policy Problem Addressed by the Rule The modifications to Wisconsin's minimum shoreland zoning standards (NR 115) in 2009, generated some concerns for counties that certain provisions are difficult to implement or are administratively burdensome. The current proposal is to clarify and modify certain sections of the code to reduce the implementation concerns and administrative burden on counties. See Attachment Part I for a more detailed explanation.		
10. Summary of the businesses, business sectors, associations representing business, local governmental units, and individuals that may be affected by the proposed rule that were contacted for comments. Groups likely to be impacted or interested in the proposed rule include local governments, businesses located along the waterfront, builders, contractors, landscapers, building centers, nurseries, and garden centers and particular property owners within the shoreland zone. Recreational users of lakes and rivers may experience some negative impacts from the proposed rule if there is a decline in water quality, fish and wildlife habitat or natural scenic beauty due to increased impervious surface limits for highly developed shorelines and lateral expansion of nonconforming structures.		
11. Identify the local governmental units that participated in the development of this EIA. No local governments have participated in the development of this draft EIA. However, the department will solicit comments from local governments on this draft EIA and will send a notice to the Wisconsin County Code Administrators, Wisconsin Counties Association, Wisconsin Towns Association and the League of Municipalities.		
12. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Specific Businesses, Business Sectors, Public Utility Rate Payers, Local Governmental Units and the State's Economy as a Whole (Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred) See Attachment Part II		
13. Benefits of Implementing the Rule and Alternative(s) to Implementing the Rule The primary benefit of these proposed rule revisions is to ease the administrative burden on counties and provide more flexibility for properties that are either highly developed and/or have nonconforming principal structures. The proposed rule revisions will also establish clear and consistent regulatory requirements associated with vegetative management		

standards and reporting requirements. The proposed rules establish more flexibility and clarify the minimum

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An alternative to promulgation of these proposed rule revisions is to retain the current rule language, but this would not address the concerns that have been raised and would not alleviate concerns about the number of variance applications counties will receive from property owners wishing to expand above the maximum impervious surface limit or those who wish to expand their nonconforming structure within the setback. While the current rule attempted to reduce the administrative burden on counties and reduce the number of variances that property owners would need to expand nonconforming structures, the proposed rule would provide more flexibility for counties. The Department does not believe that there is an alternative method to achieve the rule intent, yet address the concerns that have been expressed.

believe that there is an alternative method to define ve the rule linear, yet address the concerns that have been expressed.		
14. Long Range Implications of Implementing the Rule		
See Attachment- Part III		
15. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Federal Government		
There are no specific existing or proposed federal regulation that are intended to address the activities regulated by the		
shoreland zoning program or the proposed rule modifications.		
16. Compare With Approaches Being Used by Neighboring States (Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Minnesota)		
See Attachment- Part IV		
17. Contact Name	18. Contact Phone Number	
Russ Rasmussen	608-267-7651	

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ATTACHMENT A

1. Summary of Rule's Economic and Fiscal Impact on Small Businesses (Separately for each Small Business Sector, Include Implementation and Compliance Costs Expected to be Incurred) Wisconsin's shoreland protection standards, under NR 115, Wis. Adm. Code, do not distinguish or contain different standards for businesses within the shoreland zone. Therefore, small businesses are not directly regulated or impacted by the proposed rule unless the business is located within the shoreland zone, then it must meet the same requirements as any other property owner in the shoreland zone. If a business is located in the shoreland zone and the structure is nonconforming or the property exceeds the impervious surface limits, the business may keep what they have and repair or maintain those structures. Given that a primary purpose of the proposed revisions is to ease the administrative burden on counties, some businesses including builders, contractors, building centers, landscapers, nurseries and garden centers may experience some indirect positive economic impacts. 2. Summary of the data sources used to measure the Rule's impact on Small Businesses 3. Did the agency consider the following methods to reduce the impact of the Rule on Small Businesses? ☐ Less Stringent Compliance or Reporting Requirements ☐ Less Stringent Schedules or Deadlines for Compliance or Reporting ☐ Consolidation or Simplification of Reporting Requirements ☐ Establishment of performance standards in lieu of Design or Operational Standards ☐ Exemption of Small Businesses from some or all requirements ☐ Other, describe: 4. Describe the methods incorporated into the Rule that will reduce its impact on Small Businesses 5. Describe the Rule's Enforcement Provisions 6. Did the Agency prepare a Cost Benefit Analysis (if Yes, attach to form) ☐ Yes ☑ No