

LRB or Bill No./Adm. Rule No.

DWD 40

Amendment No. if Applicable

FISCAL ESTIMATE
DOA-2048 N(R03/97)

- ORIGINAL UPDATED
 CORRECTED SUPPLEMENTAL

Subject
Establishment of birth cost orders based on child support guidelines

Fiscal Effect

State: No State Fiscal Effect

Check columns below only if bill makes a direct appropriation or affects a sum sufficient appropriation.

Increase Costs - May be possible to Absorb Within Agency's Budget Yes No

- Increase Existing Appropriation Increase Existing Revenues
 Decrease Existing Appropriation Decrease Existing Revenues
 Create New Appropriation

Decrease Costs

Local:

1. Increase Costs

Permissive Mandatory

2. Decrease Costs

Permissive Mandatory

3. Increase Revenues

Permissive Mandatory

4. Decrease Revenues

Permissive Mandatory

5. Types of Local Governmental Units Affected:

Towns Villages Cities

Counties Others _____

School Districts WTCS Districts

Fund Sources Affected

- GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEG-S

Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The rule allows Wisconsin to continue to collect birth cost judgments owed to the state through federal income tax refund offset. If the department failed to enact this rule to comply with OCSE requirements, the state and county child support agencies would likely experience a decrease in revenue. In calendar year 2007, the child support program collected \$11,481,000 in birth costs through federal income tax refund offset. Of the nearly \$11.5 million collected, approximately \$6.62 million was returned to the federal government to reimburse Medicaid costs, \$1.72 million was used by county child support agency programs to benefit children in the state, and the remaining \$3.14 million was returned to the state Medicaid program.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Continuation of current revenue.

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