#### **Report From Agency**



State of Wisconsin \ Department of Commerce

# RULES IN FINAL DRAFT FORM

Rule No.: Chapters Comm 62 and 81 to 84

Relating to: Wisconsin Uniform Plumbing Code

and Commercial Building Code

**Clearinghouse Rule No.:** 08-055

The Department of Commerce proposes an order to:

amend ss. Comm 62.2900 (1), Comm 81.01 (5), Comm 81.01 (79), Comm 81.01 (115), (120) and (147), Comm 81.01 (156), Comm 81.01 (163), Comm 81.01 (189), Comm 81.01 (204), Comm 81.01 (234), Comm 81.01 (269) and (288), Comm 81.20 (1), Tables Comm 81.20–1 to 81.20–9, Tables Comm 81.20–11 to 81.20–13, Comm 82.20 (1) (c) (intro.), (4) (b) 2, and (13) (e), Tables Comm Comm 82.20-1 line 7 and 82.20-2 line 6 and Footnote a, Comm 82.21 Title, Comm 82.21 (1) (intro.), Comm 82.30 (3), Table Comm 82.30–1, Comm Table 82.30–3, Comm 82.30 (6) (a) 2. and (b) 1. and 2., Comm 82.30 (10) (a) 1., Comm 82.31 (4) (a), Comm 82.31 (10) (c), (13) 1. e., (14) (g) 2. and (17) (a) 1. e., Comm 82.31 (17) (b) 1. and 3. a., Comm 82.33 (9) (c) 1. a. and b., Comm 82.33 (9) (f) 1., Comm 82.34 (3) (a) 1., Comm 82.34 (5) (intro.) and (a), Table Comm 82.35, Comm 82.35 (3) (b) 2. a. and b., (c) 2. a. and b. and (d) 2. b. and c., Comm 82.35 (5) (a) 1., Comm 82.36 (4) (b) 3. and (8) (a) 4., Comm 82.36 (3) (b) 3., Table Comm 82.38–1 lines 10 to 17 and Footnote g and j, Table Comm 82.40–1 and 82.40–2, Comm 82.40 (3) (b) 1. b. and (d) 3., Comm 82.40 (5) (c) and (6) (a), Comm 82.40 (7) (d) 1. b., Comm 82.40 (8) (j), Table Comm 82.41–1, Table Comm 82.41–2, Comm 82.41 (4) (c) 1. a., (f), (i) and (n) and (5) (a), (e) 2. and (f) (intro.), Comm 82.50 (3) (b) 5., Comm 82.51, Table Comm 82.70–1 lines 2 and 10 and Footnote e, Table Comm 84.11, Comm 84.20 (3) (b) 2. to 8., Comm 84.20 (5) (b) 1. c., (n) 1. a. and b., (o) 1. a. and 2. b. and (p) 2. c., Tables Comm 84.30–2, 84.30–5 and 84.30–6, Comm 84.30 (4) (e) 2., Comm 82.40 (8) (b) 2, Tables Comm 84.30–7, 84.30–8 and 84.30–10 and Comm 84.40 (2) (a) 2., (4) (b), (6) (a), (8) (c), (9) (b) and (10) (b);

repeal ss. Comm 81.01 (2), Comm 81.01 (199e), Comm 81.01 ((209e) and (209m), Comm 81.01 (252e) and (258), Table Comm 81.20–10, Comm 82.21 (2), Table Comm 82.21–1, Comm 82.30 (6) (a) 2. and (b) 5., 82.31 (17) (a) 1. f., Comm 82.33 (9) (c) 1. c., Table Comm 84.10 line 8, Comm 84.30 (1) (f) Note, Comm 84.30 (4) (f) and (g) and Comm 84.40 (12) and (16);

create ss. Comm 62.2902 (1) (a) 5., Comm 81.01 (79m), Comm 81.01 (82e) and (108e), Comm 81.01 (231m), Comm 82.22, Table Comm 82.22–1, Comm 82.30 (11) (h) 1. g., Comm 82.32 (4) (b) 2. c., Comm 82.33 (8) (d) 6. and 7., Comm 82.34 (5) (c) 7., Table Comm 82.40–3e, Comm 82.40 (8) (b) 8., Comm 82.40 (8) (d) 3. b., Comm 82.41 (3) (b) 4. e. and Comm 84.30 (5) (c) 20.;

repeal and recreate ss. Comm 81.01 (80), Comm 81.01 (152), (153) and (154), Comm 81.01 (163), Comm 81.01 (203), Comm 81.01 (204m), Comm 82.21 (b) 1. b., Comm 82.30 (4) (b), Comm 82.30 (6) (b) 4. and 5., Comm 82.31 (5) and (6), Comm 82.30 (11) (e) 2. and 3., Comm 82.30 (11) (f) 2., Table Comm 82.30–2, Comm 82.31 (5), Comm 82.33 (7) (a), Comm 82.34 (4) (b) 2., Comm 82.34 (14) (a) 2., Comm 82.35 (3) (a), Comm 82.36 (11), Comm 82.40 (3) (e), Comm 82.40 (8) (e) 2. and Comm 84.20 (5) (o) 3.;

renumber and amend ss. Tables Comm 81.20-10m and Comm 84.40 (14) to (19); and renumber ss. Comm 82.21 (1) (d), Comm 82.21 (3), Comm 82.30 (4) (c) to (e), Comm 82.30 (6) (a) 1., 82.30 (11) (h) 1. g. to i., Comm 82.40 (8) (d) e., Comm 84.30 (4) (h) and (i) and Comm 84.40 (13) to (19) relating to the design, installation or construction, inspection and maintenance of plumbing.

\*

#### ANALYSIS OF PROPOSED RULES

#### 1. Statutes Interpreted.

Sections 101.02 and 145.02, Stats.

#### 2. Statutory Authority.

Sections 101.02 and 145.02, Stats.

#### 3. Related Statute or Rule.

- Section 145.13, Stats
- Chapters Comm 60 to 66, Commercial Building Code
- Chapters 20 to 25, Uniform Dwelling Code
- Chapters 81 to 87, Uniform Plumbing Code

#### 4. Explanation of Agency Authority.

Sections 101.02 and 145.02 Stats., grant the Department of Commerce general authority for protecting the health, safety and welfare of the public by establishing reasonable and effective safety standards for the design, installation or construction, inspection and maintenance of plumbing. In accordance with s.145.13, Stats., the Department is also responsible for safeguarding the waters of the state.

#### 5. Summary of Proposed Rules.

The proposed revisions to Chapters Comm 81 to 84 clarify existing rules and bring the state Uniform Plumbing Code up to date with current technology and nationally recognized standards. The proposed rules contain a number of modifications to the technical requirements within these standards, reorganization of current requirements and editorial changes.

The proposed change in Chapter Comm 62 would limit the installation of waterless toilets and waterless antiseptic cleansing provisions where used in lieu of water-based toilets and cleansing provisions.

The following is a summary of the major proposed changes to Chapters Comm 81 to 84:

a. Allow the recycling of wastewater discharged from water closets and urinals. [Comm 82.34 (3) (a) 1.]

- b. Create code language to recognize alternate standards that have been used by the department. (e.g. Pressurized sewer systems and water treatment device sizing). [Comm 82.30 (11) (f) 2. and Comm 82.40, Table 82.40-3e]
- c. Expand the requirement for demand regeneration controls for water treatment devices to devices that discharge to municipal sewers. [Comm 82.40 (8) (j)]
- d. Use the term "manufactured home" in place of the term "mobile home" in numerous places as referenced in s.101.91 (2), Stats. [Comm 81.01 (152), (153), and (154) and Comm 82.51]
- e. Change the calculation of the load factor on drain piping so it reflects national model plumbing code requirements. [Comm 82.30 (3)]
- f. Modify the triggers for the installation of stack vents serving drain stacks from two to five or more branch intervals. [Comm 82.31 (4)(a) and 82.31 (5)]
- g. Expand and describe more fully the grease and oil treatment requirements for restaurants. [Comm 82.34 (5)]
- h. Modify the requirements for secondary roof drains so they more closely follow national standards. [Comm 82.36 (11)]
- i. Upgrade the requirements for water conserving fixtures to more closely correspond to national standards. [Comm 84.20 (3)(b)2.]

#### 6. Summary of, and Comparison with, Existing or Proposed Federal Regulations.

There are several existing federal regulations that relate to the design, installation or construction, inspection and maintenance and repair of plumbing. Some of these regulations require compliance with the 2006 editions of the International Plumbing Code (IPC), a national model code developed by the International Code Council (ICC), and the Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC), a national model code developed by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials.

An Internet-based search of the *United States Code* (USC) found the following existing federal rules that impact plumbing. The Wisconsin Uniform Plumbing Code reflects the requirements currently contained in these federal laws.

Assembly Bill No. 1953, Chapter 853 – The Lead Solder, Pipe and Flux Law expands Section 116875 of the Health and Safety Code as contained in USC Title 42, Chapter 6A, Subchapter XII, Part B, Section 300g-6 relating to lead plumbing to include any pipe or plumbing fitting, or fixture intended to convey or dispense water for human consumption. The law, which becomes effective January 1, 2010, passed both the Assembly and the Senate in 2006 and also revises the term "lead free."

- USC Title 42, Chapter 6A, Subchapter XII, Part F, Section 300j-24 Lead contamination in school drinking water outlines the testing protocol for lead contamination in drinking water from coolers and other sources at educational agencies, private nonprofit elementary or secondary schools and day care centers. The law became effective in 1999. Currently, legislation is being proposed that would amend this section of the Safe Drinking Water Act.
- USC Title 33, Chapter 26, Subchapter IV, Section 1342 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) established Phase I of the storm water program in 1990. Nine years later, Phase II of the program was signed into law and requires smaller communities to develop and implement a comprehensive storm water management program.

An Internet-based search of the 2005 through 2008 issues of the *Federal Register* found a proposed rule about plumbing connections to manufactured homes published April 26, 2005 in Vol. 70, No. 79. Comments and an analysis have been received and the final rule will become effective October. 20, 2008.

#### 7. Comparison with Rules in Adjacent States.

An Internet-based search of the four adjacent states found the following:

- The Illinois Department of Public Health administers a state-written uniform plumbing code with exceptions for cities that existed prior to Illinois statehood.
- The Iowa Department of Public Health administers the Iowa Uniform Plumbing Code that adopts the 2000 edition of the national UPC with amendments.
- The Michigan Department of Consumer and Industry Services, Bureau of Construction Codes developed the 2003 Michigan Plumbing Code that became effective December 31, 2003. Based on the IPC, the code includes state amendments.
- The Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Building Codes and Standards Division, administers the Minnesota Plumbing Code, a state written uniform code that was revised August 25, 2003.

#### 8. Summary of Factual Data and Analytical Methodologies.

The methodology for updating the Wisconsin Uniform Plumbing Code, chapters Comm 81 to 84 has been a review and assessment of the latest editions of the national technical standards that serve as the basis for Wisconsin code. Staff prepared a comprehensive comparison of the changes in the 2006 editions of the IPC and the national UPC to what currently is adopted in chapters Comm 81 to 84. The department's review and assessment process involved the

participation of the Plumbing Advisory Code Council. The members of that Council represent the many stakeholders involved in the plumbing industry including designers, inspectors, labor and building contractors. (A listing of the Plumbing Advisory Code Council is provided at the end of this analysis.)

The department believes the national model codes reflect current societal values with respect to safeguarding people and property from hazards arising from the use of plumbing.

### 9. Analysis and Supporting Documents Used to Determine Effect on Small Business or in Preparation of Economic Impact Report.

The department used the Plumbing Advisory Code Council to gather and analyze information on potential impacts in complying with both the technical and administrative requirements of the codes. Many small businesses belong to the industry associations that sit on the advisory council. A responsibility of council members is to bring forth concerns that their respective organizations may have with the requirements including economic impact.

In addition to posting rule development and council activities on the department's web site, the department offers an Email subscription service that is available to all small businesses. This service provides Email notification of council meetings, meeting, agendas and council meeting progress reports so small businesses can follow proposed code changes.

#### 10. Effect on Small Business.

The department believes the rules will not increase the effect on small businesses from what the current rules impose on them. An economic impact report is not required pursuant to s. 227.137, Stats

#### 11. Agency Contact Person.

Lynita Docken, Program Manager, lynita.docken@wisconsin.gov, (608) 785-9349.

#### 12. Public Hearing Comments.

A public hearing has been scheduled for July 8, 2008. The hearing record on this proposed rulemaking will remain open until July 18, 2008, to permit submittal of written comments from persons who are unable to attend the hearing or who wish to supplement testimony offered at the hearing. Written comments should be submitted to Lynita Docken at the Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 2689, Madison, WI 53701-2689, or Email at lynita.docken@wisconsin.gov.

#### **Council Members and Representatives**

The proposed rules have been developed with the assistance of the Plumbing Advisory Code Council. The members of that citizen advisory council are as follows:

<u>Name</u> <u>Representing</u>

Art Biesek League of Wisconsin Municipalities
Thomas Boehnen American Society of Plumbing Engineers

Patrick Casey Plumbers' Local 75

Hallet Jenkins Milwaukee City Department of Neighborhood Services

Gary Kowalke Wisconsin Association of Plumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors

Jeff Kuhn Plumbing and Mechanical Contractors of SE Wisconsin

Rudolf Petrowitsch American Society of Sanitary Engineering

Gene Shumann Designer

David Viola Plumbing Manufacturers Institute

Joseph Zoulek Wisconsin Association of Plumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors

- SECTION 1. Comm 62.2900 (1) is amended to read:
- **Comm 62.2900 (1)** PLUMBING FIXTURE ALTERNATIVES. (a) *Water closets.* 1. Systems or devices recognized under eh. Comm 91 ss. Comm 91.10 and 91.11 may be substituted for water closets required under IBC chapter 29.
- 2. Privies recognized under ch. Comm 91 may be substituted for water closets required under IBC chapter 29 in any of the following situations:
- a. A building accommodating a seasonal occupancy when occupancy of the building does not extend for more than 3 of the 4 seasons.
- b. A building accommodating a school or a assembly that is operated by and for members of a bona fide religious denomination in accordance with the teachings and beliefs of the denomination.
  - c. As approved by the department.
- 3. Portable restrooms recognized under ch. Comm 91 may be substituted for water closets required under IBC chapter 29 for buildings accommodating events or temporary occupancies not exceeding 12 consecutive days or as approved by the department.
- (b) *Lavatories*. Waterless antiseptic cleansing provisions may be substituted for lavatories required under IBC chapter 29 where systems or devices under par. (a) 2. are substituted for water closets. Where water-based water closets or urinals are used, water-based lavatories shall be provided in numbers to accommodate the number of people served by the water closets and urinals.
- SECTION 2. Comm 62.2902 (1) (a) 5. is created to read:
- **Comm 62.2902 (1)** (a) 5. Service sinks may be omitted for any occupancy where privies have been substituted for water closets under s. Comm 62.2900 (1) (a) 2.
- SECTION 3. Comm 81.01 (5) is amended to read:
- **Comm 81.01 (5)** "Air-break" means a piping arrangement for a drain system where the wastes from a fixture, appliance, appurtenance or device discharge by means of indirect or local waste piping terminating in a receptor at a point below the flood level rim of the receptor and above the inlet—outlet of the trap serving the receptor.
- SECTION 4. Comm 81.01 (20), (67e) and (67m) are repealed.

#### SECTION 5. Comm 81.01 (79) is amended to read:

Comm 81.01 (79) "Double check backflow prevention assembly" means a type of cross connection control device assembly which is composed of 2 independently acting check valves internally force-loaded to a normally closed position, tightly closing shut-off valves located at each end of the assembly and fitted with test cocks. The terms "backflow preventer, double check valve type" or "DCV" have The term "double check valve backflow preventer" has the same meaning as double check backflow prevention assembly.

#### SECTION 6. Comm 81.01 (79m) is created to read:

Comm 81.01 (79m) "Double check fire protection backflow prevention assembly" means an assembly serving a fire protection system and consisting of two independently acting check valves, internally forced loaded to a normally closed position, two tightly closing shut-off valves, and properly located test cocks. The term "double check valve backflow preventer for fire protection systems" has the same meaning as double check fire protection backflow prevention assembly.

#### SECTION 7. Comm 81.01 (80) is repealed and created to read:

(80) "Double check detector fire protection backflow preventer—assembly" means an assembly serving a fire protection system and consisting of two independently acting check valves, internally forced loaded to a normally closed position, two tightly closing shut-off valves, and properly located test cocks which also includes a parallel flow meter to indicate leakage or unauthorized use of water downstream of the assembly.

#### SECTION 8. Comm 81.01 (82e) and (108e) are created to read:

- (82e) "Dual check backflow preventer wall hydrant-freeze resistant type" means a type of hose bibb that provides protection of the potable water supply from contamination due to backsiphonage or backpressure without damage to the device due to freezing, and is field testable to verify protection under the high hazard conditions present at a hose threaded outlet.
- (108e) "Freeze resistant sanitary yard hydrant" means a type of device serving as a hose bibb that has design features that minimize the risk of freezing, prevent groundwater contamination and provide backflow protection. The term "freeze resistant sanitary yard hydrant with backflow protection" has the same meaning as freeze resistant sanitary yard hydrant.

SECTION 9. Comm 81.01 (115), (120) and (147) are amended to read:

**Comm 81.01 (115)** "Hand-held shower" means a type of plumbing fixture that includes a eross connection control device, a hose and a hand-held discharge piece such as a shower head or spray connecting to a fixture fitting.

- (120) "High hazard" means a situation where the water supply system could be contaminated with a toxic <u>substance or</u> solution so as to-<u>alter the characteristics of the water making-make</u> the water unsuitable for the designated use.
- (147) "Low hazard" means a situation where the water supply system could be contaminated with a nontoxic <u>substance or</u> solution so as to <u>alter the characteristics of the water making</u> make-the water unsuitable for the designated use.

SECTION 10. Comm 81.01 (152), (153) and (154) are repealed and recreated to read:

Comm 81.01 (152) "Manufactured home" has the meaning specified under s. 101.91 (2), Stats.

**Note:** Section 101.91 (2), Stats. reads: "Manufactured home" means any of the following: (am) A structure that is designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation and that is certified by the federal department of housing and urban development as complying with the standards established under 42 USC 5401 to 5425.

- (c). A mobile home, unless a mobile home is specifically excluded under the applicable statute.
- (153) "Manufactured home drain connector" means the pipe that joins the drain piping for a manufactured home to the building sewer.
- (154) "Manufactured home community" has the meaning specified under s. 101.91 (5m), Stats.

**Note:** Section 101.91 (5m), Stats.reads: "Manufactured home community" means any plot or plots of ground upon which 3 or more manufactured homes that are occupied for dwelling or sleeping purposes are located. "Manufactured home community" does not include a farm where the occupants of the manufactured homes are the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of the farm owner or operator or where the occupants of the manufactured homes work on the farm.

#### SECTION 11. Comm 81.01 (156) is amended to read:

**Comm 81.01 (156)** "Multipurpose piping system" means a type of water distribution system conveying potable water to plumbing fixtures and appliances and automatic fire sprinklers with the intention of serving both domestic water needs and fire protection needs within an one or 2 family dwelling or manufactured dwelling.

SECTION 12. Comm 81.01 (163) is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 81.01 (163)** "Nontoxic" means a substance in the diluted form that meets one of the following requirements:

- (a) Is listed by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) as meeting the NSF evaluation criteria for nonfood compounds.
- (b) Is acceptable to the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Title 21 Section 175.300 of the Federal Regulation on Food Additives.
- (c) Is acceptable for contact with potable water or is deemed non-toxic by a third party certification that is acceptable to the department.
  - (d) Is deemed non-toxic by the department.

#### SECTION 13. Comm 81.01 (189) is amended to read:

Comm 81.01 (189) "Pressure vacuum breaker assembly" means a type of cross connection control—device assembly which consists of an independently operating internally loaded check valve and an independently operating loaded air inlet located on the discharge side of the check valve, a tightly closing shut-off valve located at each end of the assembly, and test cocks. The term "PVB pressure vacuum breaker" has the same meaning as pressure vacuum breaker assembly.

SECTION 14. Comm 81.01 (199e) is repealed.

#### SECTION 15. Comm 81.01 (203) is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 81.01 (203)** "Reduced pressure detector fire protection backflow prevention assembly" means a type of reduced pressure principle type backflow preventer serving a fire protection system and which includes a parallel flow meter to indicate leakage or unauthorized use of water downstream of the assembly.

#### SECTION 16. Comm 81.01 (204) is amended to read:

**Comm 81.01 (204)** "Reduced pressure principle backflow preventer" means a type of cross connection control device assembly which contains 2 independently acting check valves, separated by an intermediate chamber or zone in which there is a hydraulically operated means for venting to atmosphere, and includes 2 shut-off valves and 4 test cocks.

SECTION 17. Comm 81.01 (204m) is created to read:

Comm 81.01 (204m) "Reduced Pressure Fire Protection Principle Backflow Preventer" means an assembly serving a fire protection system and consisting of two independently-acting check valves, internally force loaded to a normally closed position, and separated by an intermediate chamber or zone in which there is an hydraulically operated relief means of venting to atmosphere, internally forced loaded to a normally open position. The term "reduced pressure principle backflow preventer for fire protection systems" has the same meaning as reduced pressure fire protection principle backflow preventer.

SECTION 18. Comm 81.01 (209e) and (209m) are repealed.

SECTION 19. Comm 81.01 (231m) is created to read:

Comm 81.01 (231m) "Spill Resistant Vacuum Breaker" means a cross connection control device consisting of one check valve force loaded closed, an air inlet force loaded open to atmosphere downstream of the check valve, two shutoff valves and two test cocks.

SECTION 20. Comm 81.01 (234) is amended to read:

Comm 81.01 (234) "Stack vent" means a vent extending from the top of a drain stack of at least two branch intervals. highest horizontal drain connected to a stack.

SECTION 21. Comm 81.01 (252e) and (258) are repealed.

SECTION 22. Comm 81.01 (269) and (288) are amended to read:

Comm 81.01 (269) "Vent stack" means a vertical vent pipe that provides air for a drain stack of  $\frac{5}{2}$  or more branch intervals.

Comm 81.01 (288) "Wet vent" means that portion of a vent pipe which that receives the discharge of wastes from other than water closets, urinals or other fixture which discharge like sewage or fecal matter other fixtures.

SECTION 23. Comm 81.20 (1) is amended to read:

**Comm 81.20** (1) (a) Pursuant to s. 227.21 (2), Stats., the attorney general and the revisor of statutes have has consented to the incorporation by reference of the standards listed in sub. (3).

(b) The codes and standards that are referenced in this chapter, and any additional codes and standards that are subsequently referenced in those codes and standards, shall apply to the prescribed extent of each such reference, except as modified by this chapter.

**Note:** Copies of the adopted standards are on file in the offices of the department, the secretary of state and the legislative reference bureau. Copies of the standards may be purchased through the respective organizations listed in Tables 81.20–1 to 81.20–13.

SECTION 24. Tables 81.20–1 to 81.20–9 are amended to read:

Table 81.20-1	
AHAM	Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers
	20 North Wacker Drive
	Chicago, Illinois 60606
	Phone: 202-872-5955
	Web page: www.aham.org
Standard Reference Number	Title
DW-1-922005	Household Electric Dishwashers

#### **Table 81.20-2**

ANSI	American National Standards Institute, Inc.
	1430 Broadway
	New York, New York 10018
	Phone: 212-642-4900
	Web page: www.ansi.org
Standard Reference	Title
Number	Tiuc
1. Z21.22 <del>a</del> -9099 (R 2004)	Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot
	Water Supply Systems
<del>2. Z21.61=83</del>	Gas-Fried Toilets
2. Z21.22a-2000	Relief Valves for Hot Water Supply Systems (Addenda 2000)
<del>3 Z124.1–95</del>	Plastic Bathtub Units
3. Z21.22b-2001	Relief Valves for Hot Water Supply Systems (Addenda 2001)
4. Z124. <u>1.</u> 2– <del>95</del> 2005	Plastic Shower Receptors and Shower Stalls
5. Z124. <del>3-95</del> 2005	Plastic Lavatories
6. Z124.4– <del>96</del> 2006	Plastic Water Closet Bowls and Tanks
7. Z124.6–97	Plastic Sinks
8. Z124.9– <del>94</del> 2004	Plastic Urinal Fixtures, Plastic Urinal, American National
	Standard for

ARI	Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute 1815 North Fort Myer Drive Arlington, Virginia 22209 Phone: 703-524-8800 Web page: www.ari.org
Standard Reference Number	Title
ARI-1010-94 <u>2002</u>	Self-Contained Mechanically-Refrigerated Drinking-Water Coolers

#### **Table 81.20–3e**

ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers
	345 East 47 <sup>th</sup> Street
	New York, New York 10017
	Phone: (800) THE-ASME 800-843-2763
	Web page: www.infocentral@asme.org
Standard Reference	Title
Number	Title
1. A112.1.2– <del>91 (R1998)</del> 2004	Air Gaps in Plumbing Systems (For Plumbing Fixtures and
	Water-Connected Receptors)
1e. A112.1.3-00	Air-gap Fittings for Use with Plumbing Fixtures, Appliances,
	and Appurtenances
2. A112.6.1M-97	Floor-Affixed Supports for Off-the-Floor Plumbing Fixtures for
( <u>R2002)</u>	Public Use
<u>2m. A112.6.3-2001</u>	Floor and Trench Drains
3. A112.14.1– <del>75 (R1998)</del> <u>03</u>	Backwater Valves
<u>(R2008)</u>	
4. A112.18.1 <del>M</del> - <del>96</del> <u>2005</u>	Plumbing Fixture Fittings Supply Fittings
5. A112.19.1M-94 (R 2000)	Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures
5m. A112.19.1M–1994	Errata November 1996 to Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures
<u>6. A112.19.1M–1994</u>	Supplement 1-2000 to Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures
7. A112.19.1M–1994	Supplement 2-1998 to Enameled Cast Iron Plumbing Fixtures
<del>6.</del> <u>8.</u> A112.19.2 <del>M</del> - <del>95</del> 2003	Vitreous China Plumbing Fixtures and Hydraulic Requirements
	for Water Closets and Urinals
<del>7.</del> <u>9.</u> A112.19.3 <del>M</del> - <del>87</del>	Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures (Designed for Residential
(R1996)2000 (R 2004)	Use)
10. A112.19.3–2002	Supplement 12002 to Stainless Steel Plumbing Fixtures
	(Designed for Residential Use)
<del>8.</del> <u>11.</u> A112.19.4–94 <u>(R</u>	Porcelain Enameled Formed Steel Plumbing Fixtures
<u>2004)</u>	

<del>9.</del> <u>12.</u> A112.19.5– <del>79</del>	Trim for Water-Closet Bowls, Tanks, and Urinals (Dimensional
<del>(R1998)</del> 2005	Standards)
<del>10. A112.19.6–95</del>	Hydraulic Performance Requirements for Water Closets and
	<del>Urinals</del>
<del>11. A112.21.1M=91</del>	Floor Drains
<del>12. A112.21.2M=83</del>	Roof Drains
13. B1.20.1–83 (R <del>1992</del>	Pipe Threads, General Purpose (Inch)
<u>2006</u> )	
14. B16.1– <del>89</del> 2005	Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings (Classes 25, 125,
	and 250)
15. B16.3- <del>92</del> 1998 (R 2006)	Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings (Classes 150 and 300)
16. B16.4– <del>92</del> 2006	Gray Iron Threaded Fittings (Classes 125 and 250)
17. B16.5 <del>a=98</del> 2003	Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings NPS ½ Through NPS 24 (and
	addenda)
18. B16.9- <del>93</del> 2003	Factory-Made Wrought Steel Buttwelding Fittings
19. B16.11– <del>96</del> <u>2005</u>	Forged Fittings, Socket – Welding and Threaded
20. B16.12-911998 (R 2006)	Cast Iron Threaded Drainage Fittings
21. B16.15-85 (R 1994)	Cast Bronze Threaded Fittings, Classes 125 and 250
22. B16.18- <del>84 (R 1994)</del>	Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings
2001 (R 2005)	
23. B16.22- <del>95</del> 2001 (R 2005)	Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder – Joint Pressure
	Fittings
24. B16.23- <del>92</del> 2002 (R2006)	Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings – DWV
25. B16.24– <del>91</del> 2001	Cast Copper Alloy Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Class 150,
	300, 400, 600, 900, 1500 and 2500
26. B16.26– <del>88</del> 2006	Cast Copper Alloy Fittings for Flared Copper Tubes
27. B16.28-94	Wrought Steel Buttwelding Short Radius Elbows and Returns
28. B16.29- <u>942001</u>	Wrought Copper and Wrought Copper Alloy Solder Joint
	Drainage Fittings – DWV
29. B16.42- <del>87 (R1997)</del>	Ductile Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings
1998 (R 2006)	
30. B16.45- <del>87 (R1997)</del>	Cast Iron Fittings for Sovent®□ Drainage Systems
1998 (R 2006)	
31.B36.19M- <del>85</del>	Stainless Steel Pipe
<del>(R1994)</del> 2004	-

ASSE	American Society of Sanitary Engineering
	P.O. Box 9712
	Bay Village, Ohio 4414
	Phone: 440-835-3040
	Web page: www.asse-plumbing.org
Standard Reference	TOTAL .
Number	Title
1. 1001- <del>90</del> 2002	Pipe Applied Atmospheric Type Vacuum Breakers
2. 1002– <del>86</del> 1999	Anti-siphon Fill Valves (Ballcocks) for Gravity Water Closet
<del></del>	Flush Tanks Ball Cocks
3. 1003- <del>95</del> 2001	Water Pressure Reducing Valves
4. 1004–19 <del>90</del>	Commercial Dishwashing Machines
5. 1005– <del>86</del>	Water Heater Drain Valves
<del>6.</del> 5. 1006–1989R	Residential Use (Household) Dishwashers
<del>7.</del> <del>6</del> . 1007– <del>92</del> 19 <del>8</del> 6	Home Laundry Equipment
8. 7. 1008-892006	Household Plumbing Aspects of Residential Food Waste
	Disposer Units
<del>9.</del> 8.1009– <del>90</del> 1990	Commercial Food Waste Grinder Units
<del>10.</del> 9.1010–9 <del>6</del> 2004	Water Hammer Arresters
<del>11.</del> 10. 1011– <del>95</del> 2004	Hose Connection Vacuum Breakers
<del>12</del> . 11. 1012– <del>93</del> 2002	Backflow Preventers Preventer with Intermediate Atmospheric
	Vent
<del>13.</del> <u>12.</u> 1013– <del>99</del> 2005	Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventer Preventers and
	Reduced Pressure Detector Fire Protection Principle Backflow
	Preventers
<del>14.</del> <u>13.</u> 1014– <del>90</del> 2005	Backflow Prevention Devices for Hand-Held Showers
<del>15.</del> <u>14.</u> 1015– <u>99</u> 2005	Double Check Backflow Prevention Assemblies and Double
	Check Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies
<del>15e.</del> 15. 1016– <del>96</del> 2005	Automatic Compensating Valves for Individual Showers and
<del>_</del>	Tub/Shower Combinations Thermostatic, Pressure Balancing,
	and Combination Pressure Balancing and Thermostatic Control
	Valves for Individual Fixture Fittings
15m. 1017–2003	Temperature Actuated Mixing Valves for Hot Water Distribution
	Systems
16. 1018– <u>88</u> 2001	Trap Seal Primer Valves <u>- Potable</u> , Water Supply Fed Supplied
17. 1019– <del>97</del> <u>2004</u>	Vacuum Breaker Wall Hydrants, Freeze Resistant Automatic
	Draining Type
18. 1020- <del>89</del> 2004	Pressure Vacuum Breaker Assembly
18m. 1021–2001	Drain Air Gaps for Domestic Dishwasher Applications
<del>18e.</del> <u>19.</u> 1022– <del>96</del> <u>2003</u>	Backflow Preventer for Carbonated Beverage Dispensing
	Equipment Machines
<del>19.</del> <u>20.</u> 1023– <del>79</del> <u>1979</u>	Hot Water Dispensers, Household Storage Type, Electrical
<del>20. 1025–78</del>	Diverters for Plumbing Faucets with Hose Spray, Anti Siphon
20.1025 76	Type, Residential Applications

<del>21.</del> 20. 1035– <del>95</del> 2002	Laboratory Faucet Backflow Preventers
<del>22.</del> 21. 1037– <del>90</del> 1990	Pressurized Flushing Devices (Flushometers) for Plumbing
	Fixtures
<del>23.</del> <u>22.</u> 1047– <del>99</del> 2005	Reduced Pressure Detector Fire Protection Backflow Preventer
<del></del>	Prevention Assemblies
<del>24.</del> 23. 1048– <del>99</del> 2005	Double Check Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention
<del></del>	Assemblies
- <u>24.</u> 1052– <u>942004</u>	Hose Connection Backflow Preventers
<u>24e. 1053–2005</u>	Dual Check Backflow Preventer Wall Hydrant Freeze Resistant
	Type
<del>25e.</del> 25. 1055– <del>97</del> 1997	Chemical Dispensing Systems
26. 1056– <del>95</del> 2001	Spill Resistant Back Siphonage Vacuum Breakers
26e. 1066– <del>97</del> <u>1997</u>	Individual Pressure Balancing In-Line Valves for Individual
	Fixture Fittings
27. 5013–2004 <sup>a</sup>	Minimum Performance Requirements for Testing Reduced
	Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers (RP) and Reduced
	Pressure Principle Fire Protection Backflow Preventers (RPF)
28. 5015–2004 <sup>a</sup>	Minimum Performance Requirements for Testing Double
	Check Backflow Prevention Assemblies (DC) and Double
	Check Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies (DCF)
29. 5020–2004 <sup>a</sup>	Minimum Performance Requirements for Testing a Pressure
	Vacuum Breaker Assembly
30. 5047–2004 <sup>a</sup>	Minimum Performance Requirements for Testing Reduced
	Pressure Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention
	Assemblies (RPDF)
31. 5048–2004 <sup>a</sup>	Minimum Performance Requirements for Testing Double
	Check Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention
	Assemblies (DCDF)
32. 5056–2004 <sup>a</sup>	Minimum Performance Requirements for Testing Spill
	Resistant Vacuum Breaker

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Standard is contained in the ASSE 5000 Series of standards.

1able 81.20-5	
	American Society for Testing and Materials
	100 Barr Harbor Drive
	West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428–2959
	Phone: (610) 832–9585
	Web page: www:astm.org
Standard Reference	

C4II D-f	The page Williams
Standard Reference	Title
Number	D' O IN I III D' IZ' O IIIII I
1. A53– <del>97</del> <u>02</u>	Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated Welded and
	Seamless, Standard Specification for
2. A74– <del>96</del> <u>06</u>	Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings, Standard Specification for
3. A123/A123M- <del>97a</del> <u>02</u>	Zinc (Hot-Galvanized) Coatings on Products, Specification for
4. A270– <del>95a</del> 03a	Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel Sanitary
	Tubing, Specification for
5. A377–95 03	Ductile- Iron Pressure Pipe, Standard Index of Specifications
	<del>for</del>
<del>6.</del> 5. A403/A403M- <del>97a</del> 07	Wrought Austenitic Stainless Steel Piping Fittings,
	Specification for
<del>7.</del> <u>6.</u> A450/A450M– <del>96</del> <u>04a</u>	Carbon, Ferritic Alloy, and Austenitic Alloy Steel Tubes
<del>7e.</del> <u>7.</u> A888– <u>98</u> 07a	Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm
	Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe Applications, Specifications for
8. B32– <del>96</del> <u>04</u>	Solder Metal
9. B42 <del>-9</del> <u>02<sup>E1</sup></u>	Pipe, Seamless Copper, Standard Sizes
10. B43– <del>96</del> <u>98</u>	Seamless Red Brass Pipe, Standard Sizes, Specification for
11. B88 <del>/B88M</del> - <del>96</del> 03	Water, Seamless, Copper Water Tube, Specification for
<u>11m. B88M–05</u>	Seamless Copper Water Tube (Metric), Specification for
12. B152/B152M- <del>97a</del>	Copper Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Rolled Bar, Specification for
06a	
13. B251/B251M- <del>97</del>	Tube, Wrought Seamless Copper and Copper
$02^{E1}$	
14. B302– <del>97</del> 02	Threadless Copper Pipe, Specification for
15. B306– <del>96</del> 02	Standard Specifications for Copper Drainage Tube (DWV),
	Standard Specifications for
<del>15s.</del> <u>15m.</u> B828– <del>98</del> 02	Making Capillary Joints by Soldering of Copper and Copper
	Alloy Tube and Fittings, Practice for
<del>17.</del> <u>16.</u> C14 <del>/C14M</del> – <del>95</del> 07	Nonreinforced Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe,
	Specification for
<u>17. C14M–9507</u>	Nonreinforced Concrete Sewer, Storm Drain, and Culvert Pipe
	(Metric), Specification for
18. C33– <del>9</del> 7 <u>03</u>	Concrete Aggregates, Specification for
19. C76– <del>98</del> <u>07</u>	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe,
	Reinforced Concrete Specification for
20. C76M– <del>97</del> <u>07</u>	Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Culvert-Sewer
	Pipe (Metric), Specifications for

21. C425– <del>97</del> <u>04</u>	Compression Joints for Vitrified Clay Pipe and Fittings for
	Vitrified Compression Joints, Specification for
22. C443 <del>/C443M=94</del> <u>07</u>	Specification for Joints for Circular Concrete Sewer and
	Culvert Pipe, Using Rubber Gaskets
22e. C443M-07	Specification for Joints for Circular Concrete Sewer and
	Culvert Pipe, Using Rubber Gaskets (Metric)
<del>22e.</del> 22m. C507/C507M- <del>95a</del>	Reinforced Concrete Elliptical Culvert, Storm Drain and
07	Sewer, (Metric) Specifications for
23. C564– <del>97</del> 03a	Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings,
23. C301 77 <u>03u</u>	Specification for
24 6700 0707	1
24. C700– <del>97</del> <u>07</u>	Vitrified Clay Pipe, Extra Strength, Standard Strength, and
	Perforated, Specification for
24e. C877/C877M- <del>94</del>	External Sealing Bands for Noncircular Concrete Sewer, Storm
$02^{\mathrm{E}}$	Drain, and Culvert Pipe, Manholes and Precast Box
	Sections, (Metric), Standard Specifications for
24h. C923– <del>98</del> 07	Resilient Connectors Between Reinforced Concrete Manhole
<u></u>	Structures, Pipes, and Laterals, Specification for
24m. C990/C990M- <del>96</del>	Joints for Concrete Pipe, Manholes, Precast Box Sections Using
06	Preformed Flexible Joint Sealants, Specifications for
24s. C1306– <del>95</del> 05a	Hydrostatic Pressure Resistance of a Liquid-Applied
	Waterproofing Membrane, Standard Test Method for
25. D1527– <del>96a</del> <u>99</u> (R 2005)	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS), Schedules 40 and 80
26. D1785– <del>96b</del> <u>06</u>	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40, 80 and
	120, Specification for
27. D2104– <del>96</del> 03	Standard Specifications for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe,
<del></del>	Schedule 40
28. D2235– <del>96a</del> 04	Standard Specifications for Solvent Cement for Acrylonitrile-
20. D2233 704 <u>0 1</u>	Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Plastic Pipe and Fittings
29. D2239– <del>96a</del> 03	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SIDR–PR) Based on Controlled
29. D2239 <del>90a</del> 03	
20 D2241 04105	Inside Diameter, Specification for
30. D2241– <del>96b</del> <u>05</u>	Standard Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic
	Pipe (SDR – Series)
31. D2282– <del>96a</del> 99 (R 2005)	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Plastic Pipe (SDR –
	PR), Specification for
32. D2321– <del>89</del> 05	Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and
<del>_</del>	Other Gravity-Flow Applications, Practice for
33. D2447– <del>95</del> 03	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80, Based on
55.52, 56 <u>66</u>	Outside Diameter, Specification for
34. D2464– <del>96a</del> 06	Threaded Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings,
34. D2404 <del>20a</del> 00	
25 D2466 0706	Schedule 80, Specification for
35. D2466– <del>97</del> <u>06</u>	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40,
	Specification for
36. D2467– <del>96a</del> <u>06</u>	Socket Type Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings,
	Schedule 80, Specification for
37. D2468–96a	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS), Plastic Pipe Fittings,
	Schedule 40, Specification for
	, <b>1</b>

38. D2564– <del>96a</del> 04 <sup>E1</sup>	Solvent Cements for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic
39. D2609– <del>97</del> <u>02</u>	Systems, Specification for Plastic Insert Fittings for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe,
40. D2657– <del>97</del> <u>07</u>	Specification for Heat Fusion Joining of Polyolefin Pipe and Fittings, Standard
41. D2661– <del>97a</del> 06	Practice of Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Schedule 40 Plastic
42. D2662–96a	Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Fittings, Specification for Polybutylene (PB) Plastic Pipe (SIDR-PR), Based on
43. D2665– <del>97a</del> <u>07</u>	Controlled Inside Diameter, Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent
46. D2680– <del>95a</del> <u>01</u>	Pipe and Fittings, Specification for Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) and Poly (Vinyl
47. D2683– <u>9804</u>	Chloride) (PVC) Composite Sewer Piping, Specification for Socket-Type Polyethylene Fittings for Outside Diameter-
48. D2729– <del>96a</del> <u>03</u>	Controlled Polyethylene Pipe and Tubing, Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings,
49. D2737– <del>96a</del> 03	Specification for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Tubing, Specification for
50. D2751– <del>96a</del> <u>05</u>	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Sewer Pipe and
51. D2774– <u>9404</u>	Fittings, Specification for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pressure Piping,
52. D2846/D2846M- <del>97</del> 06	Standard Practice for Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Hot– and
53. D2852–95	Cold-Water Distribution Systems, Specification for Styrene-Rubber (SR) Plastic Drain Pipe and Fittings,
	Specification for
54. D2855–96	Making Solvent-Cemented Joints with Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Fittings, Practice for
55. D3000–95a	Polybutylene (PB) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Outside Diameter, Specification for
<del>56.</del> <u>55.</u> D3034– <del>97</del> <u>06</u>	Type PSM Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
<del>57.</del> <u>56.</u> D3035– <u>9506</u>	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Controlled
<del>57s</del> . <u>57.</u> D3138– <u>9504</u>	Outside Diameter, Specification for Solvent Cements for Transition Joints Between Acrylonitrile- Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) and Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC)
58. D3139–96a	Non-Pressure Piping Components, Specifications for Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric
	Seals, Specification for
59. D3140–90	Flaring Polyolefin Pipe and Tubing, Practice for
60. D3212–96a <u>(R 2003)</u>	Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals, Specification for
61. D3261– <del>97</del> <u>03</u>	Butt Heat Fusion Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Fittings for
	Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe and Tubing, Specification for

62. D3309=96a(R_2002)	Polybutylene (PB) Plastic Hot and Cold Water Distribution Systems, Specification for
63. <u>62.</u> D3311–94 <u>06a</u>	Drain, Waste, and Vent (DWV) Plastic Fittings Patterns, Specification for
64 <u>. 63.</u> D4068– <u>96</u> 01	Chlorinated Polyethylene (CPE) Sheeting for Concealed Water-Containment Membrane, Standard Test Method for
65. <u>64.</u> D4491– <del>89</del> <u>99a (R</u> 2004)	Water Permeability of Geotextile by Permittivity, Standard Test Method for
<del>66.</del> <u>65.</u> D4533– <u>91</u> 04	Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles, Standard Test Method for
67. 66. D4632-91 (R 2003)	Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles, Standard Test Method for
68. <u>67.</u> D4751–87 <u>04</u>	Determining the Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile, Standard Test Method for
69. 68. D4833-88 <u>00<sup>E1</sup></u>	Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextile, Geomembranes, and Related Products, Standard Test Methods for
<del>70.</del> <u>69. </u> F402– <u>9305</u>	Safe Handling of Solvent Cements, Primers and Cleaners Used for Joining Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings, Practice for
<del>71.</del> <u>70.</u> F405– <del>97</del> <u>05</u>	Corrugated Polyethylene (PE) Tubing and Fittings, Specification for
<del>72.</del> <u>71.</u> F409– <del>97</del> <u>02</u>	Thermoplastic Accessible and Replaceable Plastic Tube and Tubular Fittings, Specification for
<del>73.</del> <u>72.</u> F437– <del>96a</del> <u>06</u>	Threaded Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80, Specification for
74 <u>. 73.</u> F438– <del>97</del> <u>04</u>	Socket-Type Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40, Specification for
<del>75. 74.</del> F439– <del>97</del> <u>06</u>	Socket-Type Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80, Specification for
<del>76.</del> <u>75.</u> F441/F441M– <del>97</del> <u>02</u>	Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80, Specification for
77. 76. F442/F442M-9799 (R 2005)	Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe (SDR–PR), Specification for
<del>78.</del> <u>77.</u> F477– <del>96a</del> <u>07</u>	Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe, Specification for
<del>78e.</del> <u>78.</u> F492– <del>95</del> <u>96</u>	Propylene and Polypropylene (PP) Plastic-Lined Ferrous Metal Pipe Fittings
79. F493– <del>97</del> <u>04</u>	Solvent Cements for Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
80. F628– <del>97a</del> <u>06<sup>E1</sup></u>	Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Schedule 40 Plastic Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe with a Cellular Core, Specification for
81. F656– <del>96a</del> <u>02</u>	Primers for Use in Solvent Cement Joints of Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings, Specification for
81e. F679– <u>95</u> <u>06a</u>	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Large-Diameter Plastic Gravity Sewer Pipe and Fittings

81m. F789–95a	Type PS-46 and Type PS-115 PVC Poly(Vinyl
	Chloride)(PVC)Plastic Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe and Fittings
81s. F794– <del>97</del> <u>03</u>	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Profile Gravity Sewer Pipe and
	Fittings Based on Controlled Inside Diameter
82. F810– <del>93</del> 07	Smoothwall Polyethylene (PE) Pipe for Use in Drainage and
<del>-</del>	Waste Disposal Absorption Fields, Specification for
83. <del>F845–96</del>	Plastic Insert Fittings for Polybutylene (PB) Tubing,
	Specification for
84. F876– <del>97</del> 06	Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing, Specification for
85. F877– <del>97a</del> 07	Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX) Plastic Hot- and Cold-Water
<del>_</del>	Distribution Systems, Specification for
86. F891– <del>97</del> 04	Coextruded Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Pipe With a
<del>-</del>	Cellular Core, Specification for
87. F949– <del>96a</del> 06a	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Corrugated Sewer Pipe With a
<del></del>	Smooth Interior and Fittings
88. F1281– <del>98</del> 07	Crosslinked Polyethylene / Aluminum / Crosslinked
<del></del>	Polyethylene (PEX-AL-PEX) Pressure Pipe
89. F1282– <del>97</del> 06	Polyethylene / Aluminum / Polyethylene (PE-AL-PE)
<del></del>	Composite Pressure Pipe
90. F1336– <del>93</del> 07	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Gasketed Sewer Fittings
91. F1807– <del>98A</del> 07	Metal Insert Fittings Utilizing a Copper Crimp Ring for SDR9
<del></del>	Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing
92. F1866– <del>98</del> 07	Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Schedule 40 Drainage and
<del></del>	DWV Fabricated Fittings, Specifications for

# AWS AS-8/-92-AWS.A5.8M Filler Metals for Brazing and Braze Welding, Specification for 2004

AWWA	American Wester Wester Aggresiation		
AWWA	American Water Works Association		
	Data Processing Department		
	6666 West Quincy Avenue		
	Denver, Colorado 80235		
	Phone: 303-794-7711		
C. L. I.D. G	Web page: www.awwa.org		
Standard Reference	Title		
Number			
1. C110 <del>/A21.10</del> -95 <u>03</u>	American National Standard for Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron		
	Fittings, 3 in. through 48 in., for Water and Other Liquids		
2. C111 <del>/A21.11</del> = <del>95</del> <u>07</u>	American National Standard for Rubber-Gasket Joints for		
	Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings		
3. C115 <del>/A21.15</del> -94 <u>05</u>	American National Standard for Flanged Ductile-Iron Pipe with		
	Ductile-Type Iron or Gray-Iron Pipe Threaded Flanges		
4.C151 <del>/A21.51</del> -96 <u>2002</u>	American National Standard for Ductile Iron, Centrifugally		
	Cast for Water Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast, for Water		
5. C153 <del>/A21.53</del> -94 <u>06</u>	American National Standard for Ductile-Iron Compact Fittings,		
	3 in. through 16 in., for Water and Other Liquids		
5e. C651– <del>92</del> <u>2005</u>	Water Mains, Disinfecting		
6. C700– <del>95</del> <u>02</u>	Cold Water Meters - Displacement Type with Bronze Main		
	Case (w/ 1991 Addendum)		
7. C701– <del>88</del> <u>07</u>	Cold Water Meters - Turbine Type for Customer Service		
8. C702– <del>92</del> <u>01</u>	Cold Water Meters – Compound Type		
9. C704– <del>92</del> <u>02</u>	Cold Water Meters – Propeller Type for Main Line		
	Applications		
10. C706–96 <u>(R 05)</u>	Cold Water Meters, Direct-Reading, Remote-Registration		
	Systems for		
11. C707– <del>82(R92)</del> <u>05</u>	Cold Water Meters, Encoder-Type, Remote-Registration		
	Systems for		
12. C708– <del>96</del> <u>05</u>	Cold Water Meters – Multi-Jet Type		
13. C710– <del>95</del> <u>2002</u>	Cold Water Meters, Displacement Type - Plastic Main Case		
	(w/1991 Addendum)		
14. C900- <del>89</del> 2007	American Standard for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure		
	Pipe,4 in. through 12 in, for Water Distribution (w/1992		
	Addendum) Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and		
	Fabricated Fittings 4-inch to 12-inch (100mm Through 300mm)		
	for Water Transmission and Distribution.		
<u>15. C901–02</u>	Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Tubing, ½ in (13mm)		
	Through 3 in (76mm) for Water Service		
<del>15.</del> <u>16.</u> C906– <del>90</del> <u>07</u>	Polyethylene Pressure Pipe and Fittings, 4 in. through 63 in., for		
	Water Distribution		

#### **Table 81.20-<u>7e</u>**

CAN/CSA	Canadian Standards Association		
	178 Rexdale Boulevard		
	Rexdale (Toronto), Ontario, Canada		
	M9W 1R3		
	Phone: 800-463-6727		
	Web page: www.csa.ca		
Standard Reference	Title		
Number			
1. B64– <del>94</del> .1.1–07	Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers		
<u>2. B64.1.2–07</u>	Pressure Vacuum Breakers		
3. B64.1.3–07	Spill Resistant Vacuum Breakers		
4. B64.2–07	Hose Connection Vacuum Breakers		
5. B64.2.2–07	Hose Connection Vacuum Breakers with Automatic Draining		
	<u>Feature</u>		
<u>6. B64.3–07</u>	Dual Check Valve Backflow Preventers with Atmospheric Port		
7. B64.3.1–07	Dual Check Valve Backflow Preventers with Atmospheric Port		
	<u>for Carbonators</u>		
8. B64.4–07	Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers		
<u>9. B64.4.1–07</u>	Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers for Fire		
	Protection Systems		
<u>10. B64.5–07</u>	Double Check Valve Backflow Preventers		
<u>11. B64.5.1–07</u>	Double Check Valve Backflow Preventers for Fire Protection		
	<u>Systems</u>		
<u>12. B64.7–07</u>	Laboratory Faucet Vacuum Breakers		
13. CSA B125.1–05	Plumbing Supply Fittings		
2. <u>14.</u> B125 <del>=93</del> .3 <u>-05</u>	Plumbing Fittings		
14e. B125.3–05	Plumbing Fittings – Update No. 1 November 2006		
14m. B125.3-05	Plumbing Fittings – Update No. 2 November 2007		
<del>3.</del> <u>15.</u> B137.9–98	Polyethylene / Aluminum / Polyethylene Composite Pressure		
	Pipe Systems		
4. <u>16.</u> B137.10–98	Crosslinked Polyethylene /Aluminum / Crosslinked		
	Polyethylene Composite Pressure Pipe Systems		
<del>5.</del> <u>17.</u> B181.1– <del>96</del> <u>06</u>	Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) Ddrain, Wwaste, and		
4 40 P404 6 5 55	Vvent Ppipe and Ppipe Ffittings		
<del>6.</del> <u>19.</u> B181.2– <del>96</del> <u>06</u>	Polyvinylchloride (PVC) and chlorinated polyvinylchloride		
_	(CPVC) dDrain, wWaste, and vVent pPipe and pPipe fFittings		

	Table 81.20-8		
CISPI	Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute		
	5959 Shallowford Road, Suite 419		
	Chattanooga, Tennessee 37421		
	Phone: 423-892-0137		
	Web page: www.cispi.org		
Standard Reference	Title		
Number	The		
1. 301– <del>97</del> <u>2005</u>	Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm		
	Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications, Standard		
	Specification for		
2. 310– <del>97</del> <u>04</u>	Coupling for Use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe		
	and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent		
	Piping Applications, Specification for		
	T 11 01 00 0		
	Table 81.20-9		
FMRC	Factory Mutual Research Corp.		
	1151 Boston–Providence Turnpike		
	Norwood, Massachusetts 02062		
	Phone: 800-320-6808		
	Web page: www.fmglobal.com		
Standard Reference	Title		
Number			
1680	Couplings used in Hubless Cast Iron Systems for Drain, Waste or		
	Vent, Sewer, Rainwater or Storm Drain Systems Above and		
	Below Ground, Industrial/Commercial and Residential, January		
	1989		

SECTION 25. Table 81.20–10 is repealed.

SECTION 26. Table 81.20-10m is renumbered Table 81.20-10 and amended to read:

		01	2	Λ 1	1 1
Tal	nie	ΧI		_	1 ()

NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	
	11 Tracy Drive	
	Avon, MA 02322–9908	
	Phone: 617-770-3000	
	Web page: www.nfpa.org	
Standard Reference	Title	
Number	Titte	
1. NFPA 13D-20 <del>02</del> 2007	Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One- and Two-Family	
	Dwellings and Manufactured Homes, Standard for the	
2. NFPA 24- <del>2002</del> 2007	Standard for the Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and	
	Their Appurtenances, Standard for the	

SECTION 27. Tables 81.20-11 to 81.20-13 are amended to read:

Table 81.20-11

NSF	NSF International
	789 Dixboro Road
	P.O. Box 130140
	Ann Arbor, Michigan 48113-0140
	Phone: (800) 673–6275
	Web page: www.nsf.org
Standard Reference	Title
Number	Titic
1. Standard 14-992007	Plastic_Piping Compounds and Related Materials Plastics Piping
	System Components and Related Materials
2. Standard 40-992005	Residential Wastewater Treatment Systems
3. Standard 41– <u>982005</u>	Non-Liquid Non-liquid Saturated Treatment Systems
3m. Standard 41-2005	Non-liquid Saturated Treatment Systems
Addendum 1	
4. Standard 44-982004	Residential Cation Exchange Water Softeners
5. Standard 51– <del>1997</del> <u>2007</u>	Food Equipment Materials
6. Standard 61-20012007	Drinking Water System Components Health Effects

Table 81.20-12

STI	Steel Tank Institute
	570 Oakwood Road
	Lake Zurich, Illinois 60047
	Phone:617-770-3000
	Web page: www.steeltank.com
Standard Reference Number	Title
STI-P3	External Corrosion Protection of Underground Steel Storage
	Tanks, Specifications and Manual for, 1996 edition
UL	Table 81.20–13 Underwriters Laboratories Inc. 333 Pfingsten Road Northbrook, Illinois 60062 Phone: 847-272-8800
	Web page: www.ul.com
Standard Reference Number	Title
1. Standard 58– <del>86</del> <u>1996</u>	Steel Underground Tanks for Flammable and Combustible Liquids – Ninth Edition
2. Standard 1746–89 <u>2007</u>	External Corrosion Protection Systems for Steel Underground Storage Tanks – Third Edition

SECTION 28. Comm 82.20 (1) (c) (intro.), (4) (b) 2. and (13) (e) are amended to read:

Comm 82.20 (1) (c) Cross connection control assembly registration. The initial installation of each reduced pressure principle backflow preventer, reduced pressure fire protection principle backflow preventer, back siphonage backflow spill resistant vacuum breaker, reduced pressure detector backflow prevention assembly or pressure vacuum breaker, shall meet all of the following:

- (4) (b) 2. Plans proposing the installation, creation or extension of private sanitary building sewer or a sanitary private interceptor main sewer which is to discharge to a municipal treatment facility shall:
- (13) (e) Upon permanent removal or replacement of any reduced pressure principle backflow preventer, reduced pressure fire protection principle backflow preventer, back siphonage backflow spill resistant vacuum breaker, reduced pressure detector backflow preventer, reduced pressure detector fire protection backflow prevention assembly, or pressure vacuum breaker, the owner shall notify the department in writing using a format acceptable to the department.

SECTION 29. Comm 82.20 Table 82.20–1 line 7 and Table 82.20–2 line 6. and footnote a are amended to read:

#### Table 82.20–1 (Partial Table) SUBMITTALS TO DEPARTMENT

#### **Type of Plumbing Installation**

7. For installation in health care and related facilities, <del>back siphonage backflow</del> spill resistant vacuum breaker.

## Table 82.20–2 (Partial Table)

#### SUBMITTALS TO DEPARTMENT OR AGENT MUNICIPALITY

#### Type of Plumbing Installation

- 6. Water supply systems and drain systems to be installed for mobile home parks manufactured home communities and campgrounds.<sup>c</sup>
- Water heaters, floor drains, storm inlets, roof drains and hose bibs are to be counted as plumbing fixtures. For a phased project such as a mall or office complex fixture count includes all proposed fixtures connected to a common building sanitary sewer, a common water service and all storm sewers serving the building.

SECTION 30. Comm 82.21, title is amended to read:

#### Comm 82.21 Testing and maintenance inspection.

SECTION 31. Comm 82.21 (1) (intro.) is amended to read:

**Comm 82.21** (1) TESTING OF PLUMBING SYSTEMS. Except as provided in par. (a), all new plumbing and all parts of existing systems which have been altered, extended or repaired shall be tested as specified in (d) sub. (2) to disclose leaks and defects before the plumbing is put into operation.

SECTION 32. Comm 82.21 (b) 1. b. is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 82.21** (1) (b) 1. b. Testing may be done without the presence of the inspector, if the master plumber responsible for the installation obtains the inspector's permission to provide a written test report in a format acceptable to the inspector.

**Note:** See the appendix for a sample affidavit form.

SECTION 33. Comm 82.21 (2) is repealed.

- SECTION 34. Comm 82.21 (1) (d) is renumbered 82.21 (2).
- SECTION 35. Comm 82.21 (3) is renumbered 82.22 (9).
- SECTION 36. Comm 82.21 Table 82.21–1 is repealed.
- SECTION 37. Comm 82.22 is created to read:
- **Comm 82.22 Maintenance and repairs.** (1) GENERAL. (a) All plumbing systems, both existing and new, and all parts thereof, shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition.
- (b) All devices or safeguards that are required by this chapter shall be maintained in good working order.
  - (c) The owner shall maintain plumbing systems.
- (2) EXISTING SYSTEMS. (a) Except as specified in par (b), any existing plumbing system may remain and maintenance continue if the maintenance is in accordance with the original system design and any of the following:
- 1. The plumbing system was installed in accordance with the code in effect at the time of installation.
  - 2. The plumbing system conforms to the present code.
- (b) When a hazard to life, health or property exists or is created by an existing system, that system shall be repaired or replaced.

Note: A cross connection is considered a health hazard by the department.

- (c) Existing sewers and water services may only be connected to new buildings when determined by examination and test to conform to the requirements of this chapter.
- (3) FIXTURES REPLACED. 1. When a fixture, appliance or section of pipe is replaced, the replacement fixture, appliance or pipe shall conform to the provisions of this chapter.
- 2. Where the existing drain or vent piping does not conform to the current provisions of this chapter, the department may require the new fixtures to be provided with deep seal traps.
- (4) PLUMBING REUSED. (a) 1. Except as provided in par. (b) plumbing materials, fixtures or devices removed and found to be in good condition may be reused if such reuse is approved by the department or a local plumbing inspector.
- 2. The owner of the building or facility in which the reused materials are to be installed shall provide written consent.

- (b) Water supply piping materials may only be reused when the intended use involves an equal or higher degree of hazard than the previous use as specified in Table 82.70–1.
- (5) REPAIRS. All repairs to fixtures, devices or piping shall be completed in conformance with the provisions of this chapter, except repair clamps or bands may be used for emergency situations.
- (6) DEMOLITION OF STRUCTURES. When a structure is demolished or removed, all sanitary sewer, storm sewer and water supply connections shall be sealed and plugged in a safe manner.
- (7) DEAD ENDS. If a dead end is created in the removal of any part of a drain system, all openings in the drain system shall be properly sealed.
- (8) TESTING OF CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL ASSEMBLIES.(a) The performance testing requirements of this subsection apply to all cross connection control assemblies regardless of date of installation.

**Note:** For further clarification see Table 82.22–1.

- (b) 1. A performance test shall be conducted for the assemblies listed in Table 82.22-1 at all of the following intervals:
  - a. At the time of installation.
  - b. Immediately after repairs or alterations to the assembly have occurred.
  - c. At least annually.
- 2. The performance test shall be conducted using the appropriate test standard for the assembly as specified in Table 82.22–1.
- 3. A cross connection assembly performance test shall be conducted by an individual registered by the department in accordance with s. Comm 5.99.
- 4. a. The results of the cross connection control assembly performance test shall be submitted as specified in Table 82.22–1 in a format prescribed by the department.
- b. As specified in Table 82.22–1, the results of the cross connection assembly performance test shall be submitted to the department and purveyor within 60 days of completion of the test.
- 5. The results of performance tests for the assemblies listed in Table 82.22–1 shall be made available upon request to the department, its agent or the local government unit.

Table 82.22–1
TESTING AND SUBMITTTING REQUIREMENTS FOR CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL ASSEMBLIES

ASSE Standard Name and Number	CAN/CSA Standard Name and Number	ASSE Test Standard Number and Test Required	Test Results to be Submitted to Department and Purveyor
Double Check Backflow Prevention Assemblies and Double Check Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies ASSE 1015	Double Check Valve Backflow Preventers and Double Check Valve Backflow Preventers For Fire Protection Systems CAN/CSA-B64.5.1	5015	No
Double Check Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies ASSE 1048		5048	No
Pressure Vacuum Breaker Assembly ASSE 1020	Pressure Vacuum Breakers CAN/CSA-B64.1.2	5020	Yes
Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers and Reduced Pressure Fire Protection Principle Backflow Preventers ASSE 1013	Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers and Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers For Fire Protection Systems CAN/CSA-B64.4	5013	Yes
Reduced Pressure Detector Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies ASSE 1047		5047	Yes
Spill Resistant Vacuum Breaker ASSE 1056	Spill Resistant Vacuum Breakers CAN/CSA B64.1.3	5056	Yes

SECTION 39. Comm 82.30 (3) is amended to read:

Comm 82.30 (3) LOAD ON DRAIN PIPING. (a) *Intermittent flow fixtures*. 1. <u>'Fixtures.'</u> The load factor on drain piping shall be computed in terms of drainage fixture unit values specified in Table 82.30–1 for the corresponding <u>listed</u> fixture—<u>listed</u>.

2. 'Devices.' Drainage fixtures unit values for intermittent flow fixtures—devices not listed in Table 82.30–1 shall be computed on the basis of one fixture unit equaling 7.5 gallons one gallon per minute of flow.

**Note:** Equipment with a timed discharge cycle(s) of 2 minutes or less may be considered as an intermittent flow device.

(b) Continuous flow devices. Drainage fixtures unit values for continuous or semicontinuous flow devices such as pumps, ejectors, air conditioning equipment or similar devices that discharge continuously shall be computed on the basis of one 2 fixture unit units for each 2 gallons one gallon per minute of flow-rate of discharge into the drain system.

SECTION 40. Comm 82.30 (4) (b) is repealed.

SECTION 41. Comm 82.30 (4) (c) to (e) is renumbered 82.30 (4) (b) to (d).

SECTION 42. Comm 82.30 Table 82.30-1 (partial) is amended to read:

TABLE 82.30–1 (Partial Table) DRAINAGE FIXTURE UNITS VALUES BY FIXTURE TYPE

Type of Fixture	Drainage Fixture Unit Value (dfu)	Trap Size Minimum Diameter (inches)
Automatic Clothes Washer:		
Self Service Laundry	<u>34</u>	<del>1 ½</del> <u>2</u>
Residential	<u>34</u>	<del>1 ½</del> <u>2</u>
Mobile home Manufactured home	11	NA

SECTION 43. Comm 82.30 Table 82.30–2 is repealed and recreated to read:

Table 82.30–2 HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DRAIN PIPING

	Maximum Number of Drainage Fixture Units That May Drain				
	Thro	hrough Any Portion of Horizontal and Vertical Drain Piping			
		Total Discharge		in Stacks of More Than	
		from Side	3 Branch	ı Intervals <sup>b</sup>	
		Connections into	Vertical Drain		
Pipe Diameter	Horizontal	One Branch	Piping of 3 Branch	Total Discharge	
(inches)	Drain Piping <sup>a</sup>	Interval	Intervals or Less <sup>b</sup>	through Any Portion	
1 1/4	1	1	2	2	
1 ½	3	2	4	8	
2	6	6	10	24	
3	20	20	48	72	
4	160	90	240	500	
5	360	200	540	1,100	
6	620	350	960	1,900	
8	1,400	600	2,200	3,600	
10	2,500	1,000	3,800	5,600	
12	3,900	1,500	6,000	8,400	
15	7,000	С	С	С	

Does not include building drains and building sewers.

SECTION 44. Comm 82.30 Table 82.30–3 (partial) is amended to read:

Table 82.30–3 (Partial Table) BUILDING DRAINS, BUILDING SUBDRAINS, BUILDING SEWERS AND PR IVATE INTERCEPTOR MAIN SEWERS<sup>a</sup>

Pipe diameter		C	Units Which May Dra rain, Building Sewer of Sewer	0		
(Inches)	Pitch (inch per foot)					
	¹/ <sub>16</sub>	1/8	1/4	1/2		
1 1/4	<u>NP</u> <sup>b</sup>	<u>NP</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>		
1 ½	<u>NP</u> <u>NP</u> <u>3</u> <u>3</u>					
2	NP <sup>b</sup>	NP	6	9		

SECTION 45. Comm 82.30 (6) (a) 1. is renumbered 82.30 (6) (a).

b Drain stacks may be reduced in size as the drainage load decreases to a minimum diameter of one half of the diameter required at the base of the stack, but not smaller than that required for a stack vent under s. Comm 82.31 (14) (a)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Sizing based on design criteria..

SECTION 46. Comm 82.30 (6) (a) 2. and (b) 1., 2. and 3. are amended to read:

**Comm 82.30** (6) (a) 2. Where a horizontal branch connects to a drain stack within 2 feet above or below an offset with a change of direction of 30 to 45° from the vertical and the offset is located below 2 or more 5 or more branch intervals below the top of the stack, the offset shall be vented in accordance with s. Comm 82.31 (5)(a).

**Comm 82.30** (6) (b) 1. That portion of the drain stack above the highest offset fitting shall be sized as for vertical drain piping in accordance with sub.(4).

- 2. That portion of the offset between and including the offset fittings and the stack below the offset shall be sized as horizontal building drain piping in accordance with sub. (4).
- 3. That portion of stack below the offset shall be not less than the size of the offset. and not less than the size required for vertical drain piping in accordance with sub. (4).

SECTION 47. Comm 82.30 (6) (b) 4. and 5. are repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 82.30** (6) (b) 4. Where an offset of more than 45° is located more than four branch intervals below the top of the drain stack, a horizontal branch may not connect within the offset or within 2 feet above or below such offset.

- 5. a. Except as exempted in b., where an offset in a drain stack with a change of more than 45° from vertical is located below 5 or more branch intervals, the offset shall be vented in accordance with 82.31 (5) (b).
- b. The vent required in a shall not be required where the drain stack, including the offset, is sized one pipe size larger than required for a building drain designed to serve as per (4) and the entire stack and offset are not less in cross sectional area than that required for a stack plus the area of a vent as required in 82.31 (5) (b).

SECTION 48. Comm 82.30 (10) (a) 1. is amended to read:

Comm 82.30 (10) (a) 1. 'General.' All sanitary building subdrains shall discharge into an approved, vented sump with an airtight cover. The sump shall be so located as to receive the sewage wastewater by gravity flow, and shall be located at least 25 feet from any water well or as otherwise approved by the department of natural resources.

SECTION 49. Comm 82.30 (11) (e) 2. and 3. are repealed and recreated to read:

**82.30** (11) (e) 2. 'Stable bottom.' Where the bottom of the trench can be maintained in a stable condition and free of water during the time of installation the building drain and the

building sewer shall be bedded and initially backfilled to comply with all the following requirements:

- a. Where the trench bottom does not contain stone larger than one inch in size or where bedrock is not encountered, the trench may be excavated to grade.
- b. Where stone larger than one inch size or when bedrock is encountered, the trench shall be excavated to a depth at least 3 inches below the grade elevation and shall be brought back to grade with a bedding of sand, gravel or crushed stone that shall be of a size that all the material shall pass a ¾-inch sieve.
- c. Bedding shall be sufficiently dry and hand or mechanically compacted to a minimum of 90 percent Standard Proctor Density.
- d. Initial backfill to a depth of 12 inches over the pipe shall be sand, crushed stone or excavated material which is neither corrosive nor organic in nature.
  - e. Initial backfill shall be of a size that passes a one-inch sieve.
- f. A concrete floor may be placed over a building drain having less than 12 inches of initial backfill.
  - g. Initial backfill shall be placed in increments not to exceed 6 inches in depth.
- h. Initial backfill shall be well tamped for the full width of the trench and length of the sewer.
- 3. 'Unstable bottom.' Where a mucky or unstable bottom is encountered in the trench, the required dry and stable foundation conditions shall be provided by providing one of the following options:
- a. Sheathing shall be driven and left in place to a depth of 48 inches below the trench bottom or to solid foundation to a lesser depth.
- b. Removal of wet and yielding material to a depth of 24 inches or to solid material and replacement of the unstable material with limestone screenings, pea gravel or equivalent material.
- c. Install a longitudinally reinforced concrete cradle the width of the trench and at least 3 inches thick.
- d. Install a longitudinally reinforced concrete slab the width of the trench and at least 3 inches thick.
  - e. Backfill and bedding shall comply with subd. 2. d. to h.

- SECTION 50. Comm 82.30 (11) (f) 2. is repealed and recreated to read:
- **Comm 82.30 (11)** (f) 2. 'Pressurized public sewer.' Where a forced building sewer discharges to a pressurized public sewer all of the following requirements shall apply:
- a. A curb stop shall be installed on the same property as close as possible to the connection to the common forced main sewer.
  - b. A check valve shall be installed in the pressurized building drain or building sewer.
  - c. An accessible quick disconnect shall be installed upstream of the check valve.
- SECTION 51. Comm 82.30 (11) (h) 1. g. to i. are renumbered 82.30 (11) (h) 1. h. to j.
- SECTION 52. Comm 82.30 (11) (h) 1. g. is created to read:
- **82.30** (11) (h) 1. g. Where tracer wire is more than 6 inches from the pipe, tracer wire insulation color shall comply with sub. 1. h.
- SECTION 53. Comm 82.31 (4) (a) is amended to read:
- Comm 82.31 (4) (a) Where required. Where individual vents, relief vents, or other branch vents are required, a  $\underline{A}$  vent stack and a stack vent shall be installed to serve all any drain stacks of  $\underline{2}$ -5 or more branch intervals.
- SECTION 54. Comm 82.31 (5) and (6) are repealed and recreated to read:
- **Comm 82.31 (5)** RELIEF AND YOKE VENTS FOR STACK OFFSETS. (a) *Vents serving offsets of 30 to 45° in drain stacks*. 1. Except as permitted in 2., where a horizontal branch connects to a drain stack within 2 feet above or below an offset with a change of direction of 30 to 45° from the vertical and the offset is located below 5 or more branch intervals, the offset shall be vented in accordance with (b) 1. to 3.
- 2. Where the drain stack and offset are sized as building drain as per Table 82.30–3, the vent serving the offset of 30 to 45° in a drain stack is not required.
- (b) Vents serving offsets of more than 45° in drain stacks. Offsets of more than 45° in drain stacks shall be vented where 5 or more branch intervals are located above the offset. The offset shall be vented by venting the upper and lower section of the stack.

- 1. *Upper section*. The upper section of the stack shall be vented as a separate stack with a vent stack connection installed in accordance with par. (4). The offset shall be considered the base of the stack.
- 2. Vent connection above offset. The vent stack shall connect with a wye pattern fitting above the stack offset and at or below the lowest drain branch above the offset.
- 3. Lower section. The lower section of the stack shall be vented by a yoke vent connecting below the offset above or at the next lower horizontal branch.
- a. Except as provided in b., the connection of the yoke vent to the drain stack shall be by means of a wye pattern fitting.
  - b. The yoke vent connection may be a vertical extension of the stack.
- c. The connection of the yoke vent to another vent shall not be less than 38 inches above the next higher floor level where plumbing fixtures are installed that discharge into the drain stack.
- (6) RELIEF VENTS FOR STACKS OF MORE THAN 10 BRANCH INTERVALS. (a) Drain stacks of more than 10 branch intervals shall be provided with a relief vent at each tenth interval installed.
- (b) The lower end of the relief vent required in (a) shall connect to the stack by use of a wye pattern fitting below the horizontal branch serving that floor.
- (c) The upper end of the relief vent required in (a) shall connect to the vent stack by means of a wye pattern fitting not less than 3 feet above the floor level with the highest fixtures.
- SECTION 55. Comm 82.31 (10) (c), (13) 1. e., (14) (g) 2. and (17) (a) 1. e. are amended to read:
- Comm 82.31 (10) (c) A horizontal drain served by a circuit vent shall <u>may</u> not diminish in size from the connection to the drain stack <u>most downstream fixture drain connection vented</u> by the circuit vented drain to the circuit vent connection. Where a relief vent is installed, the horizontal drain served by the circuit vent shall not diminish in size from the relief vent connection to the circuit vent connection.
  - (13) (a) 1. e. The higher fixture drain may not serve a water closet—or urinal.
- (14) (g) 2. 'Drain stacks.' A relief—vent serving an offset in a drain stack shall be sized as a stack vent in accordance with par. (a).
- (17) (a) 1.e. The drain stack and its attendant stack-vent shall be sized in accordance with Table 82.31–5.

SECTION 56. Comm 82.31(17) (a) 1. f. is repealed.

SECTION 57. Comm 82.31 (17) (b) 1. and 3. a. are amended to read:

- **Comm 82.31 (17)** (b) 1. A vent stack or drain stack at least 2" inches in diameter shall be connected upstream of any building drain branch or building subdrain branch.
- 3. a. That portion of the building drain or building subdrain between the connection of the building drain branch or building subdrain branch and the vent stack-or drain stack required in subd. 1. shall be at least one pipe size larger than the minimum size permitted in Table 82.30–3 based on the total drainage fixture unit load-, but not less than 3 inches.
- b. The vent stack or drain stack required in subd. 1. shall be at least one-half the diameter of that portion of the building drain or building subdrain which is vented by the vent or drain stack, but may not be less than 2<sup>2</sup> inches in diameter.
- c. A stack-vent serving a drain stack required in subd. 1, shall be at least one half the diameter of that portion of the building drain or building subdrain which is vented by the stack, system, but may not be less than 2" inches in diameter.
- SECTION 58. Comm 82.32 (4) (b) 2. c. is created to read:
- **82.32** (4) (b) 2. c. The minimum horizontal distance between the vertical centerline of the outlet from a floor-mounted water closet and a 3-inch double tee shall be 30 inches.
- SECTION 59. Comm 82.33 (7) (a) is repealed and recreated to read:
- **Comm 82.33 (7)** (a) Air-gap installation. The installation of an air gap shall conform to any of the following requirements:
  - 1. The distance of an air gap shall comply with one of the following:
- a. The distance of an air gap serving indirect waste piping one inch or less in diameter and a receptor shall be at least twice the diameter of the indirect waste piping.
- b. The distance of an air gap between indirect waste piping larger than one inch in diameter and a receptor shall not be less than 2 inches.
  - 2. The installation of all air-gap fittings shall comply with ASME A112.1.3.
- 3. The installation of a residential dishwashing machine manufactured air gap shall comply with ASSE 1021.

SECTION 60. Comm 82.33 (8) (d) 6. and 7. are created to read:

**Comm 82.33 (8)** (d) 6. The indirect or local waste piping serving a water heater temperature and pressure relief valve or water treatment device may discharge through the cover of a clear water sump so as not to adversely affect floats by means of a fixed air gap installed in accordance with subs. (7) (a) 2. and (8).

7. The indirect waste piping serving a dental mold grinder may discharge into the riser or a trap serving a laboratory sink that is provided with a plaster trap and is installed within 3 feet of the mold grinder.

SECTION 61. Comm 82.33 (9) (c) 1. a. and b. are amended to read:

**Comm 82.33 (9)** (c) 1 a. A standpipe receptor may not extend more than 36" inches nor less than 18" inches above the top of the trap weir centerline of the trap outlet.

b. A 1 ½ inch diameter standpipe receptor shall terminate at least 32" inches but not more than 48" inches above the floor on which the clothes washer is located.

SECTION 62. Comm 82.33 (9) (c) 1. c. is repealed.

SECTION 63. Comm 82.33 (9) (f) 1. is amended to read:

**Comm 82.33 (9)** (f) 1. All drains serving elevator pits shall discharge to the storm drain system as specified in s. Comm  $82.36 \frac{(3)(4)}{(4)}$ .

SECTION 64. Comm 82.34 (3) (a) 1. is amended to read:

**Comm 82.34 (3)** (a) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., wastewater discharged from water closets or urinals shall not be reused for drinking water—or treated for reuse.

SECTION 65. Comm 82.34 (4) (b) 2. is repealed and recreated to read:

**82.34** (4) (b) 2. a. Except as permitted in subd. 2. b., catch basins serving garages for one- and 2-family dwellings shall be designed and installed in accordance with par. (a) 2.

b. The minimum inside diameter of catch basins serving garages for one- and 2-family dwellings shall be 18 inches.

SECTION 66. Comm 82.34 (5) (intro.) and (a) are amended to read:

Comm 82.34 (5) GREASE INTERCEPTORS AND OIL TREATMENT. (a) All plumbing installations for occupancies, other than dwelling units, where grease, fats, oils or similar waste products of cooking or food are introduced into the drain system shall be provided with interceptors grease and oil treatment in accordance with this subsection. All drains and drain piping carrying oil, grease or fats shall be directed through one or more interceptors as specified in par. (a).

- (a) (b) General. 1. 'Public sewers.' All new, altered or remodeled plumbing systems which discharge to public sewers shall be provided with one or more exterior grease interceptors or one or more interior—grease interceptors.
- a. Where one or more exterior grease interceptors are provided all and only kitchen wastes shall be discharged to an exterior interceptor.
- b. Where Except as required in subd. 1. c. or d., where one or more interior grease interceptors are provided the wastes from a food waste grinder, or a sanitizing compartment of a sink or a rinse compartment of a sink or both, may bypass the interceptor or interceptors.
  - c. The wash compartment of a scullery sink shall discharge through a grease interceptor.
- <u>d. The pre-wash compartment not discharging through a garbage disposal shall discharge through a grease interceptor.</u>
- 2. 'Private onsite wastewater treatment systems.' All new, altered or remodeled plumbing systems, which discharge to private onsite wastewater treatment systems shall be provided with exterior grease interceptors.
- a. Except as provided in subd. 2. b., only kitchen and food wastes shall be discharged to an exterior grease interceptor.
- b. Where approved by the department For remodeling, when it is not practicable to separate kitchen and toilet wastes, combined kitchen wastes and toilet wastes may be discharged directly to a septic private onsite wastewater treatment component tank or tanks which conform to par. (b). The required capacity of a grease interceptor shall be added to the required septic tank capacity as specified in ch. Comm 83.
- c. For holding tank installations, the combined kitchen and toilet wastes may discharge directly to a holding tank where the location accepting the pumpage from the tank provides written acceptance of the combined waste to the department.
- 3. 'Existing installations.' The department may require the installation of either interior or exterior interceptors—any treatment device deemed necessary by the department for existing plumbing installations where the waterway of a drain system, sewer system or private onsite wastewater treatment system is reduced or filled due to congealed grease.

SECTION 67. Comm 82.34 (5) (c) 7. is created to read:

**Comm 82.34 (5)** (c) 7. A maximum of 12 inches of horizontal inlet pipe may be submerged.

SECTION 68. Comm 82.34 (14) (a) 2. is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 82.34 (14)** (a) 2. Dilution and neutralizing basins shall have the minimum retention capacities in accordance with one of the following requirements:

- a. The minimum retention capacity shall be as specified in Table 82.34.
- b. The minimum retention capacity shall be as per the manufacturer's specifications.
- c. The minimum retention capacity for a quantity exceeding 150 sinks or for special uses or installations shall be approved by the department.

SECTION 69. Comm 82.35 (3) (a) is repealed and recreated to read:

- **82.35** (3) (a) *Horizontal drains*. All gravity horizontal drains within or under a building shall be accessible through a cleanout in accordance with one of the following requirements:
- 1. The developed length of drain piping between cleanouts for above-ground piping may not exceed 75 feet.
- 2. The developed length of drain piping between cleanouts for below ground piping 2 inches or less in diameter may not exceed 40 feet.
- 3. The developed length of drain piping between cleanouts for below ground piping greater than 2 inches in diameter may not exceed 75 feet.

**Note:** See appendix for further explanatory material.

SECTION 70. Comm 82.35 Table 82.35 (partial) is amended to read:

Table 82.35 (Partial Table) CLEANOUT SIZES

Diameter of Pipe Served	Minimum Diameter of	Minimum Diameter of
By Cleanout (inches)	Cleanout Extension (inches)	Cleanout Opening (inches)
1 1/4	1 1/4	1 1/4
1 ½	1 ½	$\frac{1 \frac{1}{2}}{1 \frac{1}{4}}$

- SECTION 71. Comm 82.35 (3) (b) 2. a. and b., (c) 2. a. and b. and (d) 2. b. and c. are amended to read:
- Comm 82.35 (3) (b) 2. a. Every <u>horizontal</u> change in direction of <u>more than</u> 45° <u>degrees</u> or more where the change in direction is created within a distance of less than 10 feet;
  - b. Every change in pipe diameters where both connections are 8 inches or larger; and
- (c) 2. a. Every <u>horizontal</u> change in direction of <u>more than 45</u> degrees <u>or more where the</u> change in direction is created within a distance of less than 10 feet,
  - b. Every change in pipe diameter where both connections are 12 inches or larger, and
- (d) 2. b. Every <u>horizontal</u> change in direction of <u>more than 45</u> degrees <u>or more where the</u> change in direction is created within a distance of less than 10 feet,
  - c. Every change in pipe diameter where both connections are 6 inches or larger, and
- SECTION 72. Comm 82.35 (5) (a) 1. is amended to read:
- **Comm 82.35 (5)** (a) 1. All interior and exterior cleanouts where the vertical distance between the <del>centerline of the horizontal drain pipe being served and the top of the cleanout opening exceeds 18<sup>22</sup> inches in length, shall connect to the drain piping through a fitting as specified in Table 82.30–4.</del>
- SECTION 73. Comm 82.36 (4) (b) 3. and (8) (a) 4. are amended to read:
- Comm 82.36 (4) (b) 3. Stormwater gravity drains shall not be combined with clearwater drains prior to discharging to the storm building drain, unless the clearwater drains are protected by a check valve or backwater valve except where approved by the department.
- (8) (a) 4. <u>a.</u> 'Size'. Except as recommended by the pump manufacturer <u>permitted under subd. 4. b. or c.</u>the size of each sump shall be no smaller than 16" <u>inches</u> in diameter at the top, 14" <u>inches</u> in diameter at the bottom, and 22" <u>inches</u> in depth.
- b. The minimum sump diameter may be smaller than 16 inches when specified by the manufacturer for a combination sump and pump.
- c. A sump located in an elevator pit may have a width or diameter of not less than 12 inches and a depth of not less than 12 inches.

SECTION 74. Comm 82.36 (11) is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 82.36 (11)** SECONDARY ROOF DRAINS (a) *Sizing*. When secondary roof drain systems are installed the secondary system shall be sized and installed in accordance with the requirements in this section.

- (b) *Prohibited connection*. Secondary roof drain systems may not be connected to primary roof drain systems.
- (c) *Discharge*. All secondary roof drain systems shall discharge in accordance with Table 82.38–1.

SECTION 75. Comm 82.37 (3) (b) 3. is amended to read:

**Comm 82.37 (3)** (b) 3. A campsite water supply riser shall terminate no less than  $\frac{12^n}{18}$  inches above finished grade.

SECTION 76. Comm 82.38 Table 82.38-1 lines 10 to 17 and footnote g and j are amended to read:

Table 82.38-1 (Partial Table) ALLOWABLE DISCHARGE POINTS BY FIXTURE OR SPECIFIC USES

TEEOWIDEE DIS	Allowable Discharge Points					
Use or Fixture	POWTS <sup>a</sup>	Municipal Sanitary Sewer	Municipal Storm Sewer	Ground Surface	Combined Sanitary- Storm Sewer	Subsurface Dispersal <sup>i</sup>
10. Residential living unit air conditioner condensate	X	Xg	X <sup>c</sup>	<u>X</u> <sup>b</sup>	X	X
10. 11. Storm water, groundwater, fire sprinkler test discharge and clear water	X	X <sup>g</sup>	X <sup>c</sup>	$X^{\mathrm{b}}$	X	X
12. Secondary roof drain systems				$\underline{X^{j}}$		
11. 13. Swimming pool or wading pool – diatomaceous earth filter backwash	X	X			X	
12. 14. Swimming pool or wading pool – drain wastewater	X	X <sup>b</sup>	$X^{b,c}$	$X^{b,c}$	X <sup>b</sup>	X
13. 15. Swimming pool or wading pool – sand filter backwash	X	X <sup>b</sup>	$X^{b,c}$	$X^{b,c}$	X <sup>b</sup>	X
1416. Water heater temperature and pressure relief valve [see s. Comm 82.40 (5)]	X	X	X	$X^{\mathrm{b}}$	X	X
4517. Wastewater from water treatment device	X	X	X <sup>c</sup>	$X^{b,c}$	X	X
16. 18. Whirlpool backwash drain and wastewater	X	X	X <sup>c</sup>	$X^{b,c}$	X	
4719. Discharges not specifically listed above	Contact the department.					

Fifty gpd clearwater gallons per day.

Discharge separate from the primary system and where observable.

SECTION 77. Comm 82.40 Table 82.40–1 (partial) and Table 82.40–2 (partial) are amended to read:

#### Table 82.40-1 (Partial Table) WATER SUPPLY FIXTURE UNITS FOR NONPUBLIC USE FIXTURES

Type of Fixture <sup>a</sup>	Water Supply Fixture Units (wsfu)			
	Hot	Cold	Total	
Mobile Manufactured Home		15	15	

#### Table 82.40–2 (Partial Table) WATER SUPPLY FIXTURE UNITS FOR PUBLIC USE FIXTURES

	Water Supply Fixture Units			
Type of Fixture <sup>a</sup>	(wsfu)			
	Hot	Cold	Total	
Service sink	2.0	2.0	3.0	
Sinks:				
Bar and Fountain	1.5	1.5	2.0	
Barber and Shampoo	1.5	1.5	2.0	
Cup		0.5	0.5	
Flushing Rim		7.0	7.0	
Kitchen and Food Preparation	2.0	2.0	3.0	
per faucet				
Laboratory	1.0	1.0	1.5	
Service Sink	<u>2.0</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>	

SECTION 78. Comm 82.40 (3) (b) 1. b. and (d) 3. are amended to read:

**Comm 82.40** (3) (b) 1. b. Tempered water supplied to serve multiple lavatories, wash fountains and shower heads shall be provided by means of thermostatic temperature-actuated mixing valves that comply with ASSE 1017.

(d) 3. The installation of each reduced pressure principle backflow preventer, reduced pressure detector backflow preventer, pressure vacuum breaker assembly, and back siphonage backflow vacuum breaker reduced pressure principle backflow preventer, reduced pressure fire protection principle backflow preventer, reduced pressure detector fire protection backflow preventer, spill resistant vacuum breaker and pressure vacuum breaker shall display a department assigned identification number. The provisions of this subdivision shall take effect September 1, 2001.

SECTION 79. Comm 82.40 (3) (e) is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 82.40 (3)** (e) *Multipurpose piping system.* 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., a multipurpose piping system shall be designed and installed in accordance with this section and NFPA 13D.

**Note:** Pursuant to this subdivision and sub. (2), materials for multipurpose piping systems need to be acceptable under the NFPA 13D standard and s. Comm 84.30, Table 84.30–9.

- 2. a. Fire department connections are prohibited in a multipurpose piping system.
- b. Sections 7.6, 6.3(4), 8.1.3 and 8.6 of NFPA 13D do not apply in Wisconsin.
- c. A multipurpose piping system conforming with all sections of NFPA 13D shall add the following wording to the warning sign required in 6.3(5) of NFPA 13D: "The number and location of sprinklers in this system conform with NFPA 13D."
- d. A multipurpose piping system that does not conform with all sections of NFPA 13D shall add the following wording to the warning sign required in 6.3 (5) of NFPA 13D: "The number and location of sprinklers in this system does not conform with NFPA 13D."

SECTION 80. Comm 82.40 (5) (c) and (6) (a) are amended to read:

**Comm 82.40 (5) (c)** Water heaters. All water heaters and safety devices shall be designed and constructed in accordance with s. Comm 84.20 (5) (n) (p).

**(6)** (a) *Intermittent flow fixtures*. The load factor for intermittent flow fixtures on water supply piping shall be computed in terms of water supply fixture units as specified in Table 82.40–1 and 82.40–2 for the corresponding fixture and use. Water supply fixture units may be converted to gallons per minute in accordance with <u>Table-Tables</u> 82.40–3 or 82.40–3e.

# Table 82.40–3e CONVERSION OF WATER SUPPLY FIXTURE UNITS TO GALLONS PER MINUTE FOR WATER TREATMENT DEVICES<sup>a</sup> SERVING AN INDIVIDUAL DWELLING<sup>b</sup>

Water Supply Fixture Units (WSFUs)	Gallons Per Minute (GPM)
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	4.5
6	5
7	6
8	6.5
25	7
35	8
40	9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Treatment devices providing treatment for compliance with Table 82.70–1 shall use Table 82.40–2 for conversion.

#### SECTION 82. Comm 82.40 (7) (d) 1. b. is amended to read:

**Comm 82.40** (7) (d) 1. b. The flow pressure at the outlets of the fixture supplies serving one piece tank type water closets, pressure balance mixing valves, mobile manufactured homes, and thermostatic mixing valves shall be at least 20 psig.

#### SECTION 83. Comm 82.40 (8) (b) 2. is amended to read:

**Comm 82.40 (8)** (b) 2. Excepted as provided in subd. 3., exterior Exterior water supply piping shall be located at least 10 feet horizontally away from a <u>non-pressurized</u> POWTS treatment, holding or dispersal component.

#### SECTION 84. Comm 82.40 (8) (b) 8. is created to read:

**Comm 82.40 (8)** (b) 8. Except as provided in subd. 3., no private water main or water service may be installed within 15 feet of a pressurized sanitary sewer or POWTS pump discharge piping.

SECTION 85. Comm 82.40 (8) (d) 3. is renumbered 82.40 (8) (d) 3. a.

Table shall not be used for converting hose bibb, high flow fixture or hydrant wsfu.

SECTION 86. Comm 82.40 (8) (d) 3. b. is created to read:

**Comm 82.40 (8)** (d) 3. b. The minimum diameter of water distribution piping serving as a meter bypass shall be one nominal pipe size smaller than the meter. SECTION 87. Comm 82.40 (8) (e) 2. is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 82.40** (8) (e) 2. Stop- and waste-type control valves may not be installed underground except in the following situations:

- a. Fire hydrants intended for fire fighting.
- b. Two-inch and larger diameter hydrants serving municipal wastewater treatment plants.
- c. Emergency fixtures.

SECTION 88. Comm 82.40 (8) (j) is amended to read:

Comm 82.40 (8) (j) Water softeners. Ion exchange water softeners used primarily for water hardness reduction that, during regeneration, discharge a brine solution into a private onsite wastewater treatment system—shall be of a demand initiated regeneration type equipped with a water meter or a sensor unless the design of the private onsite wastewater a wastewater treatment system downstream of the water softener specifically documents the reduction of chlorides.

SECTION 89. Comm 82.41 Table 82.41–1 (partial), is amended to read:

### ACCEPTABLE CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL METHODS, DEVICES OR ASSEMBLIES FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS

Methods or Assemblies of Cross Connection Control (Standard)	Situations and Conditions							
			ressure				iphonage	
		Hazard		Hazard		Hazard	High Hazard	
	Contin-	Noncon-	Contin-	Noncon-	Contin-	Noncon-	Contin-	Noncon-
	uous	tinuous	uous tinuous		uous	tinuous	uous	tinuous
A tree o ambo mio	Pre	essure	Pres	sure	Pres	ssure	Pressure	
Atmospheric						X		X
Type Vacuum								
Breaker								
(CAN/CSA								
B64.1.1)								
Back Siphonage					X	X	X	X
Spill Resistant								
Vacuum Breaker								
(ASSE 1056 and								
CAN/CSA								
B64.1.3)								
Hose Connection	Xa	X	Xa	X	Xa	X	Xa	X
Type-Vacuum								
Breakers								
(CAN/CSA								
<del>B64.2.1</del> B64.2								
and B64.2.2)								
Pressure Type					X	X	X	X
Vacuum Breaker								
(CAN/CSA								
B64.1.2)								
Reduced	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Pressure								
Principle <del>Type</del>								
Backflow								
Preventer								
(CAN/CSA								
B64.4)								

SECTION 90. Comm 82.41 (3) (b) 4. e. is created to read:

**Comm 82.41 (3)** (b) 4. e, In the water supply piping connecting to the outlet of a fire hydrant for any purpose other than fire suppression.

SECTION 91. Comm 82.41 Table 82.41–2 (partial) is amended to read:

### Table 82.41–2 (Partial Table)

## ACCEPTABLE CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL METHODS, DEVICES OR ASSEMBLIES FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS

Methods or Assemblies of Cross Connection	
Control	Types of Application or Use
(Standard)	
Double Check Backflow Prevention Assemblies and	Automatic fire sprinkler systems and standpipe
double Check Fire Protection Backflow Prevention	systems
Assemblies	Water-based fire protection system
(ASSE 1015)	
Double Check Detector Assembly Fire Protection	Automatic fire sprinkler systems and standpipe
Backflow Preventer Prevention Assemblies	systems
(ASSE 1048)	Water-based fire protection system
Dual Check Backflow Preventer Wall Hydrant –	Hose threaded outlet connection
Freeze Resistant Type	
(ASE 1053)	

SECTION 92. Comm 82.41 (4) (c) 1. a., (f) (i), and (n)and (5) (a), (e) 2. and (f) (intro.) are amended to read:

**Comm 82.41 (4)** (c) 1. a. The use a of a hose connection backflow preventer, and <u>dual check backflow preventer wall hydrant-freeze resistant or</u> a hose connection vacuum breaker in a continuous pressure situation shall be limited to campgrounds and marinas.

- (f) A hand-held shower may not be employed in backpressure situations of more than 2-5 feet of water column.
- (i) A vacuum breaker wall hydrant, freeze resistant automatic draining type <u>or a freeze</u> <u>resistant sanitary yard hydrant</u>, may not be employed in backpressure situations of more than 10 feet of water column.
- (n) A back siphonage spill resistant vacuum breaker shall be installed so that the bottom of the device or the critical level mark on the device is at least 12" above all the following:
- (5) (a) An air gap air gap for cross connection control shall conform to ASME A112.1.2 or ASME A112.1.3.
- (e) 2. Cross connection control devices <u>or assemblies</u> shall be so located that any vent ports <u>of the devices shall be are provided</u> with an air gap <u>in accordance with par. (a) or ASME A112.1.3.</u> so as to comply with ASME A112.1.2 or ASME A112.1.3.

(f) The installation of a reduced pressure principle backflow preventer, a reduced pressure fire protection principle backflow preventer, a reduced pressure detector backflow preventer, a reduced pressure detector fire protection backflow prevention assembly, a double check backflow prevention assembly, a double check detector assembly backflow preventer, a pressure vacuum breaker assembly and a back siphonage backflow spill resistant vacuum beaker shall conform to all of the following limitations:

#### SECTION 93. Comm 82.50 (3) (b) 5. is amended to read:

**Comm 82.50 (3)** (b) 5. Water provided to patient showers, therapeutic equipment and all types of baths shall be installed with control valves which automatically regulate the temperature of the water supply to the fixture fitting outlet within a temperature range of 110°F to 115°F. Such control valves shall automatically reduce flow to 0.5 gpm or less when the water supply to the fitting outlet exceeds 115°F or when loss of cold water pressure occurs.

#### SECTION 94. Comm 82.51 is amended to read:

Comm 82.51 <u>Mobile Manufactured</u> homes and <u>mobile home parks manufactured</u> home communities. (1) DRAIN SYSTEMS. Except as provided in pars. (a) and (b), the building sewers and private interceptor main sewers serving a <u>mobile manufactured</u> home or <u>mobile home park</u> manufactured home community shall comply with s. Comm 82.30.

- (a) The minimum slope of the aboveground building sewer shall be 1/8" inch per foot.
- (b) For mobile manufactured homes, the most upstream point of the building sewer shall be determined at the connection with the building drain installed by the manufactured home manufacturer prior to delivery.
- (c) The above ground building sewer shall be constructed of materials suitable for above ground drain and vent as specified in s. Comm 84.30 (2) (a).
- (2) WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS. (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and (c), the water services and private water mains for a mobile manufactured home or mobile home park manufactured home community shall comply with s. Comm 82.40.
- (b) The above ground water service shall be constructed of materials approved for water distribution as specified in s. Comm 84.30 (4) (e).
- (c) The curb stop serving an individual mobile manufactured home shall terminate outside the perimeter of the mobile manufactured home.
- (d) For mobile manufactured homes, the most downstream point of the water service shall be determined at the connection with the water distribution piping by the mobile manufactured home manufacturer prior to delivery.

- (3) MOBILE MANUFACTURED HOME CONNECTIONS. (a) Frost sleeves for plumbing serving a mobile manufactured home shall conform to all of the following:
- 1. Water service and building sewer connections shall be provided with frost sleeves extending to within 62 inches of the top of the below ground horizontal building sewer or water service, or to a depth at least 62 inches below the predicted depth of frost in accordance with Table 82.30–6.
  - 2. The frost sleeve shall terminate at least 2" inches above grade.
- 3. The sleeve shall be constructed of material approved for building drain or building sewer material as specified in s. Comm 84.30 (2).
- (b) Termination of the water service and building sewer shall conform to all of the following:
- 1. The <u>mobile manufactured</u> home water service for connection to the <u>mobile manufactured</u> home shall terminate a minimum of 6" <u>inches</u> above the surrounding finished grade.
- 2. The <u>mobile manufactured</u> home building sewer for connection to the <u>mobile manufactured</u> home shall terminate a minimum of 4" <u>inches</u> above the surrounding finished grade and may not terminate higher than the water service.
- (c) The <u>mobile manufactured</u> home water service and building sewer shall be capped or plugged when not connected to a <u>mobile manufactured</u> home.

Note: See Appendix A-82.51(3) for further explanatory material.

SECTION 95. Comm 82.70 Table 82.70–1 lines 2 and 10 and footnote e are amended to read:

#### Table 82.70–1 (Partial Table) PLUMBING TREATMENT STANDARDS

Intended Use	Plumbing Treatment Standards <sup>f</sup>
2. Personal hygiene, bathing and showering,	NR 811 and 812 approved sources.
<del>clothes washing</del> .	
10. Surface irrigation except food crops, vehicle	pH 6-9 <sup>b</sup>
washing, toilet and urinal flushing, clothes	$\leq 10 \text{ mg/L BOD}_5$
washing, air conditioning, soil compaction,	$\leq$ 5 mg/L TSS
dust control, washing aggregate and making	No detectable fecal coliform cfu/100mL
concrete <sup>a,c,e</sup>	$\geq 1$ mg/L and $\leq 10$ mg/L free chlorine residual <sup>b</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Applies to reuse not stormwater use.

SECTION 96. Comm 84.10, Table 84.10 line 8. is repealed.

#### SECTION 97. Comm 84.11, Table 84.11 is amended to read:

#### Table 84.11 DEVICE LISTINGS

Device	Referenced Standard
Atmospheric Type Vacuum Breakers	CAN/CSA B64.1.1
Back Siphonage Spill Resistant Vacuum Breakers	ASSE 1056
Backflow Preventers for Carbonated Beverage Dispensing	ASSE 1022
Equipment Machines	
Backflow Preventers Preventer with Intermediate Atmospheric	ASSE 1012
Vent	
Chemical Dispensing Systems	ASSE 1055
Double Check Backflow Prevention Assemblies and Double	ASSE 1015
<u>Check Fire Protection Backflow Prevention Assemblies</u>	
Double Check Detector Protection Backflow Prevention	ASSE 1048
Assemblies Assembly Preventers	
Double Check Valve Type Backflow Preventers	CAN/CSA B64.5
Dual Check Valve Type Backflow Preventers with Atmospheric	CAN/CSA B64.3
Port Backflow Preventers	
Backflow Prevention Devices for Hand-Held Hand Held	ASSE 1014
Showers	
Hose Connection Backflow Preventers	ASSE 1052
Hose Connection Type Vacuum Breakers	CAN/CSA B64.2
Hose Connection Vacuum Breakers	ASSE 1011
Laboratory Faucet Backflow Preventers	ASSE 1035
Laboratory Faucet Type Vacuum Breakers	CAN/CSA B64.7
Pipe Applied Atmospheric Type Vacuum Breakers	ASSE 1001
Pressure <del>Type</del> Vacuum Breakers	CAN/CSA B64.1.2
Pressure Vacuum Breakers Breakers Assembly	ASSE 1020
Pressurized Flushing Devices (Flushometers) for Plumbing	ASSE 1037
Fixtures	
Reduced Pressure Detector Fire Protection, Backflow	ASSE 1047
Prevention Assemblies	
Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers and Reduced	ASSE 1013
Pressure Fire Protection Principle Backflow Preventers	
Reduced Pressure Principle Type Backflow Preventers	CAN/CSA B64.4
Anti-siphon Fill Valves (Ballcocks) for Gravity Water Closet	ASSE 1002
Flush Tank Ballcocks Tanks	
Vacuum Breaker Wall Hydrants, Freeze Resistant, Automatic	ASSE 1019
Draining Type	27077
Residential Cation Exchange Water Softeners	NSF 44

**History:** Cr. Register, July, 2000, No. 535, eff. 9-1-00; CR 02-002: am. Table Register April 2003 No. 568, eff. 5-1-03; CR 04-035: am. Table 84.11 Register November 2004 No. 587, eff. 12-1-04.

- SECTION 98. Comm 84.20 (3) (b) 2. to 8. are amended to read:
- **Comm 84.20** (3) (b) 2. 'Lavatory faucet.' a. The maximum discharge rate of lavatory faucets shall be 3 2.2 U.S. gallons per minute at an 80 a 60 psig flowing supply pressure.
- b. Lavatory faucets which that are of the self-closing metering type shall allow a maximum of one 0.25 U.S. gallon to flow through the faucet after the handle or actuator is released. per metering cycle at an 80 psig flowing supply pressure.
- 3. 'Shower heads.' The maximum discharge rate of shower heads shall be  $3 \underline{2.5}$  U.S. gallons per minute at an 80 psig flowing supply pressure.
- 4. 'Sink faucets.' The maximum discharge rate of sink faucets shall be  $\frac{3}{2.2}$  U.S. gallons per minute at 80 psig flowing supply pressure.
- 5. 'Urinals.' Urinals shall function properly with a maximum of 1.5 one U.S. gallons gallon per flush per fixture use at static test pressures of 20 psig and 80 psig. at an 80 psig flowing supply pressure.
- 6. 'Urinal flushing devices.' The flushing cycle for urinal flushing devices shall discharge a maximum of 1.5 one U.S. gallons gallon per flush per fixture use at static test pressure of 20 psig and 80 psig.
- 7. 'Water closets.' Water closets shall function properly with a maximum of  $4\underline{1.6}$  U.S. gallons per flush over the range of static test pressure specified in Table 84.20.
- 8. 'Water closet flushing devices.' The flushing cycle for water closet flushing devices shall discharge a maximum of 4 1.6 U.S. gallons over the range of static test pressures specified in Table 84.20.
- SECTION 99. Comm 84.20 (5) (b) 1. c., (n) 1. a. and b., (o) 1. a. and 2. b. and (p) 2. c. are amended to read:

#### Comm 84.20 (5) (b) 1. c. Plastic bathtubs shall conform to ANSI-Z124.1 ANSI Z124.1.2.

- (n) 1. a. Vitreous china urinals shall conform to ASME A112.19.2M-and A112.19.6.
- b. Plastic urinals shall conform to ANSI Z124.9 and ASME A112.19.6.
- (o) 1. a. Vitreous china water closets shall conform to ASME A112.19.2M-and A112.19.6.
- 2. b. Hinged, closed-front seats, without covers, which are encased with a continuous plastic sleeve capable of providing a clean surface for every user., and for which a specific material approval under s. Comm 61.60 has been issued.

(p) 2. c. A drain valve shall be installed at the lowest point of each water heater and hot water storage tank. Drain valves shall conform to ASSE 1005.

SECTION 100. Comm 84.20 (5) (o) 3. is repealed and recreated to read:

**Comm 84.20 (5) (o) 3.** a. Water closets provided in day care centers, individual living units or sleeping units of residential occupancies may be of a round-bowl type with a hinged, closed front seat with or without a cover.

b. Water closets provided in prisons or correctional institutions may be of a round-bowl type, with or without a seat or cover.

SECTION 101. Comm 84.30 (1) (f) note is repealed.

SECTION 102. Comm 84.30 (5) (c) 20. is created to read:

Comm 84.30 (5) (c) 20. Dual check backflow preventers in freeze resistant types of wall hydrants shall conform to ASSE 1053.

SECTION 103. Comm 84.30 Table 84.30–2 (partial), 84.30–5 (partial) and 84/30–6 (partial) are amended to read:

Table 84.30–2 (Partial Table) UNDERGROUND DRAIN AND VENT PIPE AND TUBING

Material	Standard
Concrete	ASTM C14:ASTM C76
Vitrified clay	ASTM C700

#### Table 84.30–5 (Partial Table) PRESSURIZED DRAIN PIPE AND TUBING AND SERVICE SUCTION LINES

Material	Standard
Ductile iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/A21.15
	AWWA C151/A21.51 AWWA C115;
	<u>AWWA C151</u>
Stainless steel	ASME B36.19M; ASTM <del>A270</del> <u>A269</u> ;
	<u>A312/A312M</u> ; ASTM A450; <u>A778;</u>
	AWWA C220
Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and	AWWA C901–02
Tubing, ½ in through 3 in	

#### Table 84.30–6 (Partial Table) STORM BUILDING SEWER PIPE AND TUBING

Material	Standard
Vitrified clay	ASTM C700

SECTION 104. Comm 84.30 (4) (e) 2. is amended to read:

**Comm 84.30 (4)** (e) 2. Cold water distribution pipe installed underground shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 84.30–7 or 84.30–8 and shall have a minimum working pressure of 150 psig at 73.4°F.

SECTION 105. Comm 84.30 (4) (f) and (g) are repealed.

SECTION 106. Comm 84.30 (4) (h) and (i) are renumbered 84.30 (4) (f) and (g).

SECTION 107. Comm 84.30 Table 84.30–7 (partial), Table 84.30–8 (partial) and Table 84.30–10 (partial) are amended to read:

# Table 84.30–7 (Partial Table) PIPE AND TUBING FOR WATER SERVICES AND PRIVATE WATER MAINS

Material	Standard
Ductile iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/A21.15 AWWA C151/A21.51
	AWWA C115; AWWA C151
Polybutylene (PB)*	ASTM D2662; ASTM D2666; ASTM D3000; ASTM D3309
Polyethylene (PE) <sup>a</sup>	<u>AWWA C901–02</u>

#### Table 84.30–8 (Partial Table) WATER DISTRIBUTION PIPE AND TUBING

Material	Standard
Cast iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/A21.15
Ductile iron	ASTM A377; AWWA C115/A21.15 AWWA
	C151/A21.51 AWWA C115; AWWA C151
Polybutylene (PB) <sup>a</sup>	ASTM D3309

#### Table 84.30–10 (Partial Table) PIPE FITTINGS

Material	Standard
Ductile iron and gray iron	ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 ANSI/AWWA
	C153/A21.53 AWWA C110; AWWA C153; ANSI
	B16.42
Polybutylene (PB) <sup>e</sup>	ASTM D3309; MSS SP 103

SECTION 108. Comm 84.40 (2) (a) 2., (4) (b), (6) (a), (8) (c), (9) (b) and (10) (b) are amended to read:

**Comm 84.40 (2)** (a) 2. 'Water supply systems.' Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression-type joints for water supply systems which use a flexible elastomeric seal shall conform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.

- (4) (b) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.
- (6) (a) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on type joints which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.
- (8) (c) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.
- (9) (b) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems shall conform to AWWA C111/A21.11. Lead tipped gaskets may not be used.
- (10) (b) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.

SECTION 109. Comm 84.40 (12) and (16) are repealed.

SECTION 110. Comm 84.40 (13) to (19) are renumbered 84.40 (12) to (18) and as renumbered 84.40 (12) (c), (14) (a) 2. and (15) (a) are amended to read:

**Comm 84.40 (12)** (c) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.

- (14) (a) 2. 'Water supply systems.' Mechanical push-on joints and mechanical compression type joints for water supply systems which use flexible elastomeric seals shall eonform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.
- (15) (a) *Mechanical joints*. Mechanical joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Mechanical push-on type joints which use flexible elastomeric seals shall conform to ASTM D3139 be suitable for potable water.

**END** 

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE**

Pursuant to s. 227.22 (2)(intro.), Stats., these rules shall take effect on the first day of the month following the publication in the Wisconsin Administrative Register.