Fiscal Estimate - 2019 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental				
LRB Number 19-1198/1	Introduction Number	SB-009				
Description penalties for offenses related to operating a vehicle while intoxicated and providing a penalty						
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Reven	ase Existing absorb within	Management 2				
2. Decrease Costs 4. Decrea	ssive Mandatory Towns	d ⊠Village ⊠ Cities				
Fund Sources Affected	Affected Ch. 20	• • •				
GPR FED PRO PRS	SEG SEGS 20.455 (2)(Lm) a	nd 20.455 (2)(Lp)				
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date				
DOJ/ Michelle Gauger (608) 267-6714	Michelle Gauger (608) 267-6714 4/9/20					

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOJ 4/9/2019

LRB Number 19-1198/1	Introduction Number SB-	D09 Estimate Type	Original			
Description						
penalties for offenses related to operating a vehicle while intoxicated and providing a penalty						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under current law, a first offense for operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated (OWI) is a civil violation subject to a forfeiture of \$150-\$300. This bill makes first offense OWI a misdemeanor punishable by a fine up to \$500, imprisonment for up to 30 days, or both.

Current law requires the submission of DNA specimens from individuals convicted of misdemeanors, which includes all adults and a subset of juveniles, to be added to the State Crime Laboratory DNA Reference Databank. Current law imposes a DNA Surcharge of \$200 on individuals convicted of misdemeanors with the revenues directed to the Department of Justice to fund the DNA Databank, DNA evidence testing, and the collection of DNA specimens by law enforcement agencies and other state agencies. Under current law, law enforcement agencies are reimbursed \$10 per DNA specimen that is collected and submitted to the State Crime Laboratories for the DNA Databank if the individual's specimen is not already included in the DNA Databank.

This bill will increase the number of DNA specimens submitted to the State Crime Laboratories related to misdemeanor convictions and the number of individuals subject to the DNA Surcharge. According to Department of Transportation records, there were 14,313 convictions for first offense OWI and 4,607 convictions for second offense OWI in calendar year (CY) 2017.

Law enforcement agencies are instructed to review Wisconsin criminal history information to determine whether the convicted individual's DNA is on file in the DNA Databank. If no DNA is on file, the law enforcement agency must complete a DNA Submission form including the subject's fingerprints and collect and submit the DNA specimen to the State Crime Laboratories. The State Crime Laboratories will review and confirm the fingerprints, determine whether the DNA specimen is on file or needs to be tested and added to the DNA Databank, and will retain the DNA specimen for future reference.

In CY 2018, the State Crime Laboratories received 29,900 reference DNA specimens to be added to the DNA Databank. It is not known how many of the individuals convicted of first offense OWI have had previous criminal convictions but the estimate assumes the receipt of approximately 14,000 additional misdemeanor specimens per year, which is a 47% increase in annual submissions. It is believed that the number of DNA specimens submitted for second offense OWI will eventually decrease as the percentage of individuals convicted of second offense OWI with a previous criminal conviction increases following the passage of this bill. The timing and scope of this reduction is unknown and impact is likely to be several years in the future. The estimate includes \$140,000 in annual costs for payments to law enforcement agencies to cover the costs of collecting and submitting DNA specimens to the State Crime Laboratories.

The State Crime Laboratories will require an additional 3.0 full-time equivalent (FTE) positions in the Automated Fingerprint Identification System (AFIS) Unit to process and validate fingerprints submitted on an additional 14,000 DNA Submission forms. The AFIS unit will also incur \$2,500 in one-time costs for the purchase of an additional AFIS terminal and ongoing costs of \$1.38 per form for materials and supplies related to processing each DNA Submission form and adding a set of fingerprints into the AFIS system.

The State Crime Laboratories will require 3.0 FTE positions in the DNA Databank Unit to process, test and store an additional 14,000 DNA reference specimens. The DNA Databank Unit will also incur \$10,000 in one-time equipment costs and ongoing costs of \$8.58 for each additional DNA specimen collection kit and \$10.37 for materials and supplies related to each DNA specimen tested.

In total, the department estimates the State Crime Laboratories will require 6.0 FTE positions, \$12,500 in one-

time funding and \$845,600 in annual ongoing funding process the additional DNA specimens.

Under this bill, the \$200 DNA Surcharge would be imposed on approximately 14,000 additional individuals convicted of misdemeanors. It is difficult to estimate the amount of the imposed surcharge that will be collected and when it will be collected. A recent study issued by the Wisconsin Director of State Courts Office found that 43% of the total legal financial obligations related to criminal traffic convictions, including fines and surcharges, were paid within 3 years and that 21% of the legal financial obligations related to misdemeanor convictions were paid within 3 years. Based on these percentages, the additional DNA Surcharge revenue will total between \$588,000 - \$1,200,000 per year after three years. The department believes that the increase in DNA Surcharge revenues should eventually be sufficient to support the increase in Crime Laboratory testing and processing costs related to the submission of DNA specimens from individuals convicted of misdemeanor OWI.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2019 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

○ Original ○ Original	Updated	Corrected	Supplemental		
LRB Number 19-11	98/1	Introduction Numb	er SB-009		
Description					
penalties for offenses related					
I. One-time Costs or Reventannualized fiscal effect):	ue Impacts for State	e and/or Local Government	(do not include in		
allitualizeu liscai ellecty.					
\$12,500 in one-time costs for		ory computer equipment and	an Automated Fingerprint		
Information System (AFIS) te	rminai.	1			
II. Annualized Costs:		Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:			
		Increased Costs	Decreased Costs		
A. State Costs by Category		#204.700l	· ·		
State Operations - Salaries	and Fringes	\$391,700	\$		
(FTE Position Changes)		(6.0 FTE)			
State Operations - Other C	osts	313,900			
Local Assistance		140,000			
Aids to Individuals or Orga		0045.000	<u> </u>		
TOTAL State Costs by	Category	\$845,600	\$		
B. State Costs by Source o	f Funds				
GPR					
FED					
PRO/PRS		845,600			
SEG/SEG-S					
		proposal will increase or de	crease state revenues		
(e.g., tax increase, decreas	e in license tee, ets.	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev		
TODD Towns					
GPR Taxes		\$	\$		
GPR Earned	449.7				
FED	**************************************	845,600			
PRO/PRS		645,000			
SEG/SEG-S		\$94E 600	\$		
TOTAL State Revenue		\$845,600 IZED FISCAL IMPACT	P		
	NETANNUALI	State	Local		
NET CHANCE IN COCTS		\$845,600	\$140,000		
NET CHANGE IN COSTS		\$845,600	\$140,000		
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE		φο40,000	φ 140,000		
Agency/Prepared By	T _A	uthorized Signature	Date		
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