## Fiscal Estimate - 2019 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental		
LRB Number 19-0757/1	Introduction Number S	SB-334		
Description requirements for colleges when service member students are called into active duty				
Fiscal Effect				
AppropriationsReven	ase Existing absorb within ag	□No		
- Lander	ssive Mandatory Towns ase Revenue Counties	Government  Village Cities Others WTCS Districts		
Fund Sources Affected  Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS				
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date		
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives UWS 8/20/2019

LRB Number 19-0757/1	Introduction Number SB-334	Estimate Type	Original	
Description				
requirements for colleges when service member students are called into active duty				

## Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This proposed bill affords the protections that current law provides to students called into active military service for any period, not just for 30 days or more. The bill also expands these protections to students at all private institutions, not only nonprofit institutions, and provides these students with the option, instead of receiving an incomplete and completing courses later, to obtain reimbursement of tuition and fees paid for courses from which the student had to withdraw and of prorated room and board. The bill also requires schools and colleges, under specified circumstances, to ensure that students called into active military service are provided a reasonable opportunity to complete final projects and final examinations.

A few of the UW-System schools are already providing the protections outlined in this bill. This bill would clarify language for the entire UW-System.

A fiscal estimate for this bill is indeterminate due to the variable nature of deployment activity. The level of deployment activity in any given year is difficult to estimate as the reasons for deployment (i.e. armed conflicts, natural disasters, weather emergencies, trainings, etc.) are not predictable and can vary significantly from year to year.

Given the elimination of the minimum 30 day deployment restriction and the inclusion of private institutions, it could be assumed that there may be increased activity related to the proposed legislation.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications