Fiscal Estimate - 2019 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected	Supplemental				
LRB Number 19-1006/1	Introduction Number	AB-0017				
Description mandatory period of confinement for homicide by intoxicated use of a vehicle and providing a penalty						
Fiscal Effect						
AppropriationsReven	ase Existing absorb within	and the second second				
2. Decrease Costs 4. Decrea	5. Types of Loca Units Affected Units Affected Towns Counties School Districts					
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date				
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOJ 3/20/2019

LRB Number 19-1006/1	Introduction Number	AB-0017	Estimate Type	Original	
Description					
mandatory period of confinement for homicide by intoxicated use of a vehicle and providing a penalty					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill increases the minimum period of incarceration for a person convicted of homicide by intoxicated use of a vehicle to five years, and creates an exception if the decedent was a passenger in the person's vehicle. Under current law, homicide by intoxicated use of a vehicle is either a Class D or Class C felony, depending on the criminal history of the offender, punishable by imprisonment of up to 25 years or up to 40 years respectively.

The Criminal Appeals Unit in the Department of Justice represents the state in all felony appeals before the Wisconsin Court of Appeals, the Wisconsin Supreme Court and the United States Supreme Court. Any increases in mandatory penalties may result in an increase in the number of felony appeals. The magnitude of the Criminal Appeals Unit workload increase is indeterminate.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications