

Fiscal Estimate - 2017 Session

Original Updated Corrected Supplemental

LRB Number 17-4661/1	Introduction Number SB-550
-----------------------------	-----------------------------------

Description
the age at which a person is subject to juvenile court jurisdiction and making appropriations

Fiscal Effect

State:

- No State Fiscal Effect
- Indeterminate
 - Increase Existing Appropriations
 - Decrease Existing Appropriations
 - Create New Appropriations
- Increase Existing Revenues
- Decrease Existing Revenues
- Increase Costs - May be possible to absorb within agency's budget
 - Yes
 - No
- Decrease Costs

Local:

- No Local Government Costs
- Indeterminate
 - 1. Increase Costs
 - Permissive Mandatory
 - 2. Decrease Costs
 - Permissive Mandatory
 - 3. Increase Revenue
 - Permissive Mandatory
 - 4. Decrease Revenue
 - Permissive Mandatory

5. Types of Local Government Units Affected

- Towns Village Cities
- Counties Others
- School Districts WTCS Districts

Fund Sources Affected	Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations
<input type="checkbox"/> GPR <input type="checkbox"/> FED <input type="checkbox"/> PRO <input type="checkbox"/> PRS <input type="checkbox"/> SEG <input type="checkbox"/> SEGS	

Agency/Prepared By DPI/ Grant Huber (608) 266-2003	Authorized Signature Erin Fath (608) 266-2804	Date 11/28/2017
--	---	---------------------------

Fiscal Estimate Narratives

DPI 11/28/2017

LRB Number	17-4661/1	Introduction Number	SB-550	Estimate Type	Original
Description the age at which a person is subject to juvenile court jurisdiction and making appropriations					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill raises from 17 to 18 the age at which a person who is alleged to have violated a criminal law is subject to the procedures specified in the Criminal Procedure Code and, on conviction, to sentencing under the Criminal Code if the person has not been charged with committing certain violent offenses and has not, after previously being convicted of a crime or adjudicated delinquent, been charged with a crime.

The bill raises from 17 to 18 the age at which a person who is alleged to have violated a civil law or municipal ordinance is subject to the jurisdiction and procedures of the circuit court or, if applicable, the municipal court if the person has not been alleged, in a complaint or citation filed with the court, to have violated a civil law or municipal ordinance after previously being convicted of a crime or adjudicated delinquent.

The bill appropriates \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2018-19 to the Department of Children and Families (DCF) to reimburse counties for the cost of providing juvenile delinquency-related services to 17-year-olds and requires DCF to work with county departments to develop a plan to distribute the funds.

Increasing the age a person is subject to Wisconsin's Criminal Code from 17 to 18 is not anticipated to impact schools/districts or the Department. Funding appropriated under this bill is specifically directed to the DCF to reimburse counties for potential costs as a result of implementing this legislation.

Local: None- This bill is not anticipated to have a fiscal impact on schools/districts.

State: None- This bill is not anticipated to have a fiscal impact on the Department.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications