Fiscal Estimate - 2013 Session

Original Dpdated	Corrected Suppl	emental				
LRB Number 13-2568/2	Introduction Number AB-05	18				
Description Awards for the victims of crimes and making an appropriation						
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Reve	ease Existing to absorb within agenc	pe possible y's budget \[\int No				
Permissive Mandatory Perm 2. Decrease Costs 4. Decre	5. Types of Local Government Units Affer Towns Villag Counties Other School WTC Districts District	e 🔲 Cities rs S				
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS 20.455(5)(b)						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date				
DOJ/ Mark Rinehart (608) 264-9463	Mark Rinehart (608) 264-9463	1/9/2014				

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOJ 1/9/2014

LRB Number 13-2568/2	Introduction Number	AB-0518	Estimate Type	Original		
Description						
Awards for the victims of crimes and making an appropriation						

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The Department of Justice Office of Crime Victim Services administers Wisconsin's Crime Victim Compensation (CVC) program, pursuant to Chapter 949 of the state statutes. The CVC program compensates certain victims, and dependents of certain victims who die, for the costs of medical treatment (including mental health treatment), lost wages, funeral/burial expenses, and replacement costs of clothing or bedding held for evidentiary purposes resulting from the crime. The maximum compensation award for any one injury or death is \$40,000, plus another \$2,000 for burial expenses. The CVC program is a "payer of last resort", meaning it only covers expenses remaining after all other payment sources, such as insurance, worker's compensation, unemployment compensation, etc., have been exhausted. The statute mandates compensation for all qualifying economic losses incurred up to the maximum.

Generally, in order to qualify for a compensation award, a victim must report an eligible crime to the police within 5 days of its occurrence and must make an application to the program within 1 year after the crime. For several sex related crimes, Assembly Bill 518 extends the application period from 1 year to any time during which the crime may be prosecuted. The sex related crimes covered by AB 518 range from Class A misdemeanors to Class A felonies. A misdemeanor may be prosecuted within 3 years of the act. Some Class A felonies, including ss. 948.02 & 948.025 which are covered by AB 518, may be commenced at any time. Other felonies, including ss. 948.05, 948.051, & 948.06 which are covered by AB 518, may be commenced until the victim reaches the age of 45.

The department assumes that extending the application period for several sex related crimes will result in an annual increase in the number of qualifying applicants and in an annual increase in the total amount of compensation awards. However, the department is not aware of a reliable way to accurately predict how many more qualifying applications it will receive or the amount of reimbursement it may pay out to those victims under the provisions of AB 518. The bill does increase DOJ's appropriation for awards to victims of crime by \$50,000/year.

If enacted, the changes under the bill relating to creating and determining long-term and differing application periods will increase the costs associated with administering the crime victim compensation program. The bill does not provide resources for this purpose. If the increase in administrative costs is significant, DOJ will need additional resources dedicated for this purpose.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications