



## Fiscal Estimate Narratives

DFI 5/26/2011

LRB Number	11-1974/1	Introduction Number	SB-099	Estimate Type	Original
<b>Description</b> Interest rates on payday loans and loans by licensed lenders					

### Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill makes changes to the requirements for lenders licensed under s. 138.14 and s. 138.09. For loans made under s. 138.14 (payday loans), it limits the annual percentage rate to 36%. It also expands the definition of a licensed lender under s. 138.09 to include lenders (who are not otherwise exempt) who make consumer loans exceeding \$5,000 and prohibits lenders from charging an annual percentage rate of interest greater than 36% on closed end loans.

There are currently 474 licensed payday lenders licensed under s. 138.14. These lenders typically make loans well above 36%. Additionally, there are an estimated 500 lenders licensed under s. 138.09 that have been identified as making shorter term, higher interest rate loans. It is possible these 974 licensees will either discontinue operations, operate illegally without a license, or change their business model to make loans that fall outside of the requirements of s. 138.09 or s. 138.14 (open end credit, for example).

Estimated revenue reduction:

974 x \$500 annual renewal = \$487,000

New licensees not licensed = \$25,000

Total estimated reduction in revenue = \$512,000

Costs associated with these lenders would not measurably be affected as the Department would still need to maintain a reasonable level of complaint resolution and enforcement activity.

### Long-Range Fiscal Implications