Fiscal Estimate - 2007 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected Supple	emental			
LRB Number 07-3734/2	Introduction Number SB-534	į.			
Description Expungement of misdemeanors					
Fiscal Effect					
Appropriations Reversible Decrease Existing Decrease Existing Reversible Decrease Existing Reversible Decrease Existing Decrease Costs Reversible De	ease Existing enues rease Existing enues To absorb within agency Enues Enues	y's budget No No sted Cities			
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS					
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date			
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOC 4/11/2008

LRB Number 07-3734/2	Introduction Number	SB-534	Estimate Type	Original
Description				
Expungement of misdemeanors				

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Current law provides the court discretion at the time of sentencing to order that an offender's record be expunged, if the offender is under the age of 21 when the crime was committed, the crime is a misdemeanor offense, and the offender successfully completes the sentencing requirements. Once the offender completes the sentencing requirements, a certificate is issued by the department or the county jail or house of correction expunging the offender's record.

This legislation removes the age limit for expungement on misdemeanor offenses, unless the misdemeanor conviction was the result of a plea agreement for certain felony charges. The bill allows the court to enter an expungement order at anytime during or after the sentence. However, expungement cannot occur within the first 2 years after the person's misdemeanor conviction and a person will only be eligible for expungement once during his or her lifetime. Once expungement is completed a copy of the expunged record will only be available to the defendant and his or her attorney.

The court currently notifies the Department of expungement by mailing a copy of the expunged case to the Department. The Department anticipates that any increased costs associated with this legislation for additional record keeping will be minimal and can be absorbed by the agency. It is also expected that county iails would incur a small increase in workload.

In FY07, the courts placed 7,086 offenders age 21 or older on probation for a first time misdemeanor conviction. The Department cannot determine if the misdemeanor conviction for these sentences was the result of a plea agreement, and thus cannot determine the number of additional offenders eligible for expundement. Therefore a fiscal impact cannot be estimated.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications