Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session

	Original		Updated		Corrected		Supplemental				
LRB	Number	05-1581/1		Intro	duction Num	ber S	B-39				
Subject State assistance for school transportation biodiesel purchases											
	No State Fisc Indeterminate Increase I Appropria Decrease Appropria	e Existing tions Existing	Rever Decre Rever	ase Existing	to ab		- May be possible n agency's budget □ No s				
Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts 5. Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Cities Counties Others School WTCS Districts											
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS											
Agend	y/Prepared	Ву	1	Authorized \$	Signature		Date				
DOA/ Mary Massey (608) 267-2099 M:				Martha Kerne	2/11/2005						

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOA 2/11/2005

LRB Number	05-1581/1	Introduction Number	SB-39	Estimate Type	Original		
Subject							
State assistance for school transportation biodiesel purchases							

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

If enacted, this bill would require DOA to apply for federal funds to cover the increased costs to school districts of bio-diesel as compared to petroleum diesel. Currently the primary federal funds available are through the EPA's Clean School Bus USA program. On a national basis, \$7.5 million has been allocated in 2005 for this program. Future grant funding is unknown. Grants are on a competitive basis with approximately 20 grants issued each year. Grants include both retrofits of existing vehicles as well as fuel subsidies. The minimum match (state/local) is 5%, though grant applications with higher than minimum match are awarded additional points in the grant ranking process.

DOA estimates that the initial grant application process to EPA and the work associated with administering the grant and making sub-awards to implement the program would require 4 to 8 weeks of staff effort the first year (\$4,800 to \$9,600) and approximately 3 to 4 weeks in subsequent years (\$3,600 to \$4,800). The assumption is that existing staff will be used. Each year, an additional \$500 would be required for travel and supplies associated with this program. DOA notes that of the 20 grants awarded only two were strictly for bio-diesel (\$21,406 to Littleton Public Schools in Colorado for use in its fleet of 67 diesel buses and \$4,500 to Missoula, Montana for use in 8 diesel buses). The use of bio-diesel was also a part of two other larger grant awards (\$350,000 and \$250,000); however, the focus of these two awards was in making equipment modifications on the buses.

Local Fiscal Effects:

It is unknown whether any school district in the state is currently using bio-diesel fuel for school bus transportation. Furthermore it does not appear that existing bio-diesel programs are eligible for Clean School Bus USA grants. However, if other grant programs were identified, a school district that already uses bio-diesel could receive new revenue if the DOA receives appropriate federal funding. The additional revenue received by these districts is indeterminate.

If a school district begins to use bio-diesel fuel as a result of this bill and the DOA receives sufficient federal funding to reimburse each district's increased costs of using bio-diesel as compared to the cost of using petroleum diesel there would minimal fiscal effect. Each school district could be required to initially pay the additional costs of purchasing bio-diesel and could be reimbursed by the state.

If a school district begins to use bio-diesel fuel as a result of this bill and the DOA receives no or insufficient federal funding to reimburse each district's increased costs of using bio-diesel, each participating school district's costs would increase by an indeterminate amount.

Furthermore, the bill would redirect funds currently appropriated for state school transportation aids for the purposes of matching federal aids received by DOA in the minimum amount required to obtain full federal financial participation. If DOA expended transportation aids for the purpose of matching federal aids, each school district not participating in the bio-diesel program would have their transportation aid reduced.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2005 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

Original Dpo	dated Corrected	Supplemental	
LRB Number 05-1581/1	Introduction Numbe	r SB-39	
Subject			
State assistance for school transporta	ition biodiesel purchases		
	cts for State and/or Local Government	(do not include in	
annualized fiscal effect):		(
\$4,800 to \$9,600 for start-up program	costs.		
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fiscal	Impact on funds from:	
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs	
A. State Costs by Category			
State Operations - Salaries and Frir	nges \$4,000		
(FTE Position Changes)			
State Operations - Other Costs	500		
Local Assistance			
Aids to Individuals or Organizations			
TOTAL State Costs by Categor	у \$4,500	\$	
B. State Costs by Source of Funds	:		
GPR			
FED	4,500	in Design of the Section of the Sect	
PRO/PRS		·	
SEG/SEG-S			
III. State Revenues - Complete this revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrea	only when proposal will increase or de ise in license fee, ets.)	crease state	
	Increased Rev	Décreased Rev	
GPR Taxes	\$	\$	
GPR Earned			
FED			
PRO/PRS			
SEG/SEG-S			
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$	
NET A	ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT		
	<u>State</u>	Local	
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$4,500	\$	
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$	\$	
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date	
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