

The chief clerk makes the following entries under the above date.

INTRODUCTION OF RESOLUTIONS

Senate Joint Resolution 8

Relating to abolishing the offices of lieutenant governor, secretary of state and state treasurer (first consideration).

By Senators Te Winkle, Ulichny, Roshell and Burke; cosponsored by Representatives Notestein, Linton and Radtke.

Read first time and referred to committee on Housing, Government Operations and Cultural Affairs.

Senate Joint Resolution 9

Relating to state income tax credits or refunds for property or sales taxes due in this state (2nd consideration).

By Senators Chvala, Feingold, Czarnecki, Kincaid, Risser, Lee, Strohl and Moen; cosponsored by Representatives Black, Bell, Holperin, Travis, Musser, Plache, Van Dreel, Medinger, Young, Fortis, Notestein, Krug, Holschbach, Huber, Bock, Robson, Johnsrud, Zweck, Hubler, Potter, Hamilton, Wineke, Gruszynski, Roberts, Carpenter, Underheim, Walling and Barca.

To committee on Aging, Banking, Commercial Credit and Taxation.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

Read first time and referred:

Senate Bill 8

Relating to investment of a small estate of a minor or incompetent.

By Senators Moen, Roshell, Van Sistine, Davis and Risser; cosponsored by Representatives Krug, Bolle, Hasenohrl, Zeuske, Goetsch, Brandemuehl, Radtke, Stower and Prosser.

To committee on Judiciary and Consumer Affairs.

Senate Bill 9

Relating to the calculation of property taxes accrued on farmland for the homestead credit.

By Senators Moen, Andrea, Te Winkle, Lasee, Kreul, Shoemaker, Van Sistine, Stitt, Weeden and Chilsen; cosponsored by Representatives Bolle, Zweck, Hasenohrl, Musser, Vanderperren, Zeuske, Goetsch, Ladwig, Vergeront, Tregoning, Brandemuehl, Hamilton, Radtke, Medinger, Robson, Barca and Lewis.

To committee on Aging, Banking, Commercial Credit and Taxation.

Senate Bill 10

Relating to liability for damages to rental private passenger vehicles and providing a penalty.

By Senators Plewa, Risser, Van Sistine, Rude, Te Winkle, Kreul, Lee, Cowles, Kincaid, Chilsen, Helbach

and Burke; cosponsored by Representatives Young, Black, Tesmer, Goetsch, Barrett, Ladwig, Bell, Musser, Grobschmidt, Underheim, M. Coggs, Schultz, Roberts, Schneiders, Krug, Notestein, Panzer, Fortis, Lewis and Bolle, by request of Attorney General Donald Hanaway and Commissioner of Insurance Robert Haase.

To committee on Labor, Business, Insurance, Veterans' and Military Affairs.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS

State of Wisconsin

University of Wisconsin System

January 6, 1989

To the Honorable, the Senate:

The Nursing Education Study Committee was established by the University of Wisconsin System and the Vocational, Technical and Adult Education Board in response to the passage of 1987 Wisconsin Act 341. Under the provisions of this act, the Committee was:

to study a system of orderly transfer of academic credit for an individual transferring from an associate degree in nursing program or from a registered nurse diploma program to a bachelor's degree in nursing program and to study methods of fostering greater articulation between associate degree and bachelor's degree programs.

The Act further specified that the Committee should report its findings and recommendations to the Speaker of the Assembly and the President of the Senate by January 15, 1989. The Committee completed its work at the end of December, 1988. A copy of its report and recommendations are enclosed.

The report identifies two areas of difficulty in nursing education mobility: (a) evaluation and transfer of credits and relationships between associate degree and baccalaureate programs and, (b) provision of information about opportunities for nursing education mobility. In order to address these difficulties, the Committee developed six recommendations. The first recommendation is that the Governor establish a Nursing Education Coordinating Council to monitor implementation of the other five recommendations. Recommendations 2, 3, 4 and 5 focus on addressing difficulties in evaluation and transfer of credits and relationships between ADN and BSN programs, while Recommendation 6 is designed to address problems in providing information about nursing education mobility. We believe that the Committee has developed reasonable recommendations to address the difficulties identified in the report, and we hope that the Governor will immediately appoint the Coordinating Council to implement these recommendations.

Sincerely,
KENNETH A. SHAW
President
University of Wisconsin System

ROBERT P. SORENSEN
State Director
Wisconsin Board of Vocational,
Technical and Adult Education

State of Wisconsin
Legislative Audit Bureau

January 17, 1989

To the Honorable the Legislature

We have completed an analysis of future physician supply in the state and its relationship to enrollment and funding at the State's two medical schools, the Medical College of Wisconsin and the Medical School of the University of Wisconsin-Madison. As requested by the Joint Audit Committee, we examined current and future physician supply requirements, the extent of public subsidization of medical education, and enrollment at the medical schools.

We found no agreement or consensus in the health care community over how future physician supply will compare with need in the year 2000. One study which estimates future need based on existing use patterns, modified for population changes, projects a modest surplus of physicians. Of two studies which estimate need based on theoretical models, one projects a major surplus and the other projects a significant shortage. Despite these disagreements over total physician supply statewide, there does seem to be agreement that there are and will continue to be shortages of some physician specialties in some geographic regions.

We also found that while Wisconsin Schools graduate approximately the same number of physicians annually as are added to the state physician pool, most Wisconsin-educated physicians leave the state to practice elsewhere. Only 36 percent of physicians practicing in Wisconsin received their undergraduate medical training in Wisconsin, and 44 percent received their graduate, or residency, training in the state. However, because immigration of physicians is essentially equal to out-migration, the extent to which Wisconsin subsidizes the education was subsidized by other states practicing in Wisconsin.

Our report also found that direct state support accounts for less than 20 percent of either school's budget. However, income received either directly or indirectly from all public sources, including local, state and federal governments, accounts for the majority of revenue at the UW-Medical School and nearly one-half of the revenue at the Medical College of Wisconsin.

We appreciate the courtesy and cooperation extended to us by the Medical College of Wisconsin, the UW-Medical School, and the Department of Health and Social Services. The responses of the Medical College and the UW-Medical School are Appendices II and III.

Sincerely,
Dale Cattanach
State Auditor
State of Wisconsin
Wisconsin Housing and
Economic Development Authority

January 10, 1989

To the Honorable the Legislature

I am pleased to transmit to you the following report:
**AGRICULTURAL LOAN PROGRAM MONTHLY
REPORT**

I would appreciate your including this letter in the Journal for the information of the membership. Additional copies of this report are available upon request from the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA), 1 South Pinckney, Suite 500, or by calling (608) 266-7884.

Sincerely,
RICHARD J. LONGABAUGH
Executive Director

SENATE CLEARINGHOUSE ORDERS

Senate Clearinghouse Rule 88-90

Relating to minimum standards for property surveys.
Submitted by Department of Regulation and Licensing.

Report received from agency, January 12, 1989.

Referred to committee on Housing, Government Operations and Cultural Affairs, January 18, 1989.